THE HERALD.

VOL. VI., NO. 7. FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 1895. $1.00 PER YEAR.

Board of Works Jan 1 93

HOTELS.

QUEEN HOTEL,

Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

THIS HOTEL has been REFITTED AND PAINTED IN THE MOST ATTRACTIVE STYLE. AN ELEGANT GENTLEMEN'S PARLOR, OFFICE, and BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED DINING ROOM on Ground Floor: PERFECT VENTILATION and SEWERAGE throughout; LARGE and AIRY BEDROOMS; COMMODIOUS BATH ROOMS and CLOSETS on each floor; and is capable of accommodating ONE HUNDRED GUESTS.

It is rapidly growing in popular favor, and is to-day one of the LEADING, as well as the MOST COMFORTABLE HOTELS IN THE DOMINION.

The Table is always supplied with every delicacy available. The Cooking is highly commended, and the Staff of Attendants are ever ready to oblige.

There are two of the largest and most conveniently fitted up SAMPLE ROOMS in Canada, having street entrances and also connecting with Hotel Office.

HORSES and CARRIAGES of every style are to be had at the LIVERY STABLE of the Proprietor, immediately adjacent to the Hotel.

The "QUEEN" is centrally located, directly opposite the Steamboat Landing, and within a minute's walk of the Parliament Buildings, County Registrar's Office and Cathedral.

☞ A FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP IN CONNECTION.

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Attorney-at-Law,

SOLICITOR and CONVEYANCER

Offices: Carleton St., East Side,

Directly opp. Dr. Coulthard's office.

Accounts Collected and Loans Negotiated.

WILLIAM WILSON.

H. B. RAINSFORD,

Barrister, Attorney-at-Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Clerk of the Peace and Division Registrar, Real Estate Agent, Loans Negotiated.

Office: Lower flat of County Court House. Adjoining the office of the Registrar of deeds.

Fredericton Nov. 16th, 1891.

GEO. L. WILSON,

Barrister, Notary Public, etc.

Office next door below J. J. Weddall's Queen St. Fredericton, N. B.

March 4, 1893.

WESLEY VANWART,

Barrister.

Office: Queen Street,

OPPOSITE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Fredericton May 6th, 1893.

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DENTIST,

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Near Queen Hotel.

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DR. R. McLEARN.

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Corner Queen and Regent Sts.

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Fredericton, May 6th 1893.

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12 dozen Sheet Iron Oven Pans
25 " Lumberman's Tin plates
25 " one pint Tin Cups
2 " Large Coffee Pots for camp use
2 " Tornado Oil Cans, 5 gallons each
12 " Tin Oil Cans, 1, 2, 3 and 5 gallons
3 " Enamelled Lined Scotch Bowls
6 " " " Stove Boilers, No's. 8 and 9.
3 " Enamelled Lined Spiders
2 cases Granite Iron Ware, assorted
6 Parafine Oil Tanks, 60 gallons each
1 case Patent Flour Sifters.

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6.00 A. M.—Week days for St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, and points North; Bangor, Portland, Boston, and points West and South.

6.05 A. M.—Week days for Woodstock and points North, via Gibson.

10.55 A. M.—Week days for Fredericton Junction, St. John and points east.

3.20 P. M.—Week days for Fredericton Junction and St. John, Vanceboro, Montreal and the West, via the Short Line.

ARRIVING IN FREDERICTON FROM

St. John, etc., 10.10 a. m., 6.15 p. m.
Bangor, Montreal, etc., 1.30, p. m.
Woodstock and North, via Gibson branch, 5.45 p. m.
St. John, St. Stephen, etc., 6.15 p. m.

D. McNICOLL, *Gen. Pass. Agent*, MONTREAL.
C. E. McPHERSON, *Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent*, ST. JOHN, N. B.

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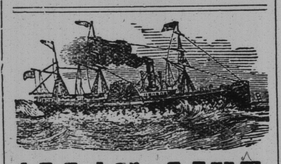

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7 Feb....LAURENTIAN	2 M'ch
21 " ....NUMIDIAN	16 "
7 Mch....MONGOLIAN	30 "

Cabin passage, $50 and upwards; Second Cabin, $30; Return, $55; Steerage, $15. Round trip tickets at reduced rates.

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1—4.

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Hall Caine, Seward W. Hopkins, Paul Kemble, Effie Adelaide Rowlands, Elizabeth Olmis, Mary Lowe Dickinson, Amy Randolph, Hon. Henry L. Dawes, Mary Kyle Dallas, Prof. W. W. Kennedy, William Elliot Griffis, D. D., Lieut. Frederick Schwatka, Oscar Wilde, W. Thompson and others.

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In all The Leading Brands, such as

Ogilvie's Hungarian,
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Thames,
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Joy of Home, etc.,

At prices to suit the times

—ALSO ON HAND,—

Canadian Oats, Bran and Middlings.

—JUST RECEIVED—

Sugar Cured Hams, and Bacon.

G. T. WHELPLEY,

310 Queen Street.

JANUARY, 1895.

Anderson & Walker,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Drop in and see our Goods.

Ask Prices.

PER S. S. SARNIA,

VIA HALIFAX.

Just Received:

3 ton Cable Chain, assorted sizes.
3 Blacksmiths' Bellows, Reversible pipes.
3 Heavy Solid box Blacksmiths' vices.
3 Wrights' best quality anvils.
1 Cask Best Norway Iron Trace Chain.

And for sale by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

BY RAIL!

30 KEGS Wire Nails and Spikes, 275 gross Wood Screws, 12 boxes Window Glass, 10 coils Shingle tie, 25 bundles Cast Steel, 1 cask Sheet Zinc, 3 boxes tin. Just to hand.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

WORRY

that's what kills a man.

It Wearies the Brain.
Weakens the Nerves.
Impairs the Digestive Organs.

HAWKER'S

Nerve and Stomach

TONIC

Is a certain invigorator for the victim of worry, overstrain of mind or body, or EXCESSES of any nature. It restores Nervous Energy, relieves Brain fatigue, aids Digestion, restores lost Appetite, promotes sound, refreshing Sleep, and is a perfect Blood and Flesh Builder.

All Druggists sell it. 50c. a Bottle. Six for $2.50
Mf'd. only by Hawker Medicine Co. Ltd. St. John, N.B

W. E. SEERY,

Merchant Tailor,

Has Just Received a splendid new stock of

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

—COMPRISING—

Fall Overcoating,

Suitings,

and Trouserings,

Which he is prepared to MAKE UP in the

LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES

AT MODERATE PRICES.

W. E. SEERY,

WILMOT'S AVE.

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A Farm,
A Garden,
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A Home in the City or Village or Country
Or Expecting to Have One,

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PAY YOU WELL.

To secure the Invaluable Help, the Best Information, the thousands of Plain, Practible, Useful Hints and Suggestions give in the

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All prepared by thoroughly Experienced, Intelligent men, who know well what they talk and write about.

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R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Sole Agents, F'ton, N. B.

A Pointer.

ONLY a few days more to the season of Cheerfulness when all mankind forget the strife of business and try to make others happy and be happy themselves. This is the time of merry-making, of giving and of receiving. What will you give the loved ones, the wife, the mother, sister or friend, as a remembrance, to make for them a season of rejoicing—a Merry Christmas? Have you thought of it? For usefulness, for comfort and for enjoyment there is nothing like a good, keen cutting Carving Knife, a pair of good Scissors, or a good Cooking Range, Clothes Wringer or Carpet Sweeper.

Call on

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

JOHN F. SANSOM and Robert S. Sansom, of Stanley, in the County of York, Lumber Manufacturers, doing business under the name and style of J. E. & R. S. Sansom, have this day assigned their estate and effects to me, the undersigned, in trust for the benefit of their creditors. The trust deed is at my office, Queen Street, Fredericton, for inspection and signature. By the terms of said deed, persons wishing to participate, must execute the same within ninety days from the date thereof. Fredericton, July 5th, 1894.

FRANK I. MORRISON,
Trustee Estate of
J. E. & R. S. Sansom

F'ton, July 21, 1894.

Apple Pearers.

Just Received by Rail:

16 BOXES Apple Pearers, Improved Kind, does the business right every time, for sale low by the dozen.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

HOOKED BY A MOOSE.

Narrow Escape of a Maine Guide from Death.

One of the last moose legally killed in Maine this season was a 1,200 pounder, with good sized antlers, brought down by Dr. Heber Bishop of Boston in the Moose river valley, about 20 miles from Jackman, Maine, the other day. The doctor had with him three guides, Andrew Douglas, Joe St. Ober, and John Sylvester. The last named had an exciting time with the big bull, and considers himself fortunate to have escaped with his life.

Douglas is one of the oldest guides in Maine. When Dr. Bishop reached Eustis last week, he offered to take the doctor to a moose yard made since the last snow storm. The whole party started on snow shoes for Spencer Lake, and on the way over killed a small caribou, which they cut up for meat. Six cow moose were started, but no attempt was made to shoot any of them. The men were well spread out on the watch for a yard, when Douglas started a big bull. He cried out for Sylvester, who was about ten yards away, to help him head the animal off and keep him in place till Dr. Bishop could come up and kill him. The snow was about two feet deep, with just crust enough to make progress slow and difficult.

The big bull was headed off time and again, till he fairly foamed with anger. Slyvester, who is an expert on snow shoes, and just a bit reckless, got a little too near, and the bull charged at him. He had a heavy pack on his back, and having no gun was obliged to run. He made for a big tree, but the bull overtook him before he reached it, caught the pack with his antlers, and sent Sylvester flying through the air as if he was a football. The pack was torn from its fastenings and trampled under the bull's hoofs. He charged again and struck at Sylvester just as the guide dodged behind a tree. As the bull passed the guide ran around the tree and away in another direction out of sight.

In the meantime, Douglass, who was also without a rifle, was yelling for Dr. Bishop to come up and shoot. His cries attracted the attention of the moose, who looked at him and made a movement as if to charge in his direction. Not caring to take chances, Douglass crawled under a blow down, and the moose started to trot away down the steep ridge just as the doctor and St. Ober arrived. A snap shot was taken at the bull and a trail of blood showed that he had been hit. All four men followed. In three quarters of an hour they came in sight of the moose, who was halting every now and then to lie down, a sure sign that he was hard hit. They followed him for five or six miles, till completely fagged the moose stopped, wheeled half round and waited for them to come up.

At a distance of from 30 to 50 yards the doctor drew on his neck with a 45-70, and the shot was a good one. The animal needed but to be bled after that.

At a logging camp they hired a team of horses, with which the moose was dragged out to a tote road, where they put him on a sled and dragged him to Jackman. There he wos bonded through to Boston and on January 10th members of the Megantic Fish and Game Club had a chance to see him whole at the annual dinner of the club in the hotel Vendome, Boston.

REV. DR. HOPPER DEAD.

Deceased was at one Time a Resident of Fredericton.

Rev. John Elisha Hopper, D. D., one of the most prominent Baptist divines of the maritime provinces, passed peacefully to his eternal rest on Saturday evening, at his residence in St. John. Dr. Hopper's health has been gradually failing for years and while it was well known that his tenure of life was uncertain, his end came most unexpectedly. Only a few moments before he breathed his last he was conversing cheerfully with his family.

Dr. Hopper was born at Coverdale, Westmorland county, on December 18th, 1841, and completed his academic studies at the Baptist seminary, Fredericton, and matriculated in Acadia college, Wolfville, taking its full course of study save that of the junior year, which he spent at Madison university, New York. He graduated A. B. in June, 1862. His theological studies were pursued in part under the direction of the Rev. Dr. Cramp of Acadia college, and in part at Regent's Park college, London, G. B. Dr. Hopper preached his first sermon 29th April, 1860, at Greenfield, Nova Scotia. In 1865, after completing his theological studies, he for a short time preached at Shediac, Petitcodiac and Sussex Vale. At the latter place the first regular services in connection with the Baptist denomination were held by him and resulted in the establishment of a small church. In the same year he accepted an invitation to become associate principal with Rev. Dr. Spurden of the Baptist seminary at Fredericton. In 1869 he resigned the principalship of the seminary and on the invitation of the Baptists of St. Stephen began the work of organizing a church there. In 1872 he accepted the pasturate of the first Baptist church, of Burlington, Iowa, and remained there six years.

In April, 1878, Dr. Hopper having purchased a half interest in the Christian Visitor newspaper, published in St. John, returned to Canada. In 1879 he bought the other half of the paper, and enlarged the printing, publishing and book business, editing and publishing the Christian Visitor, Canadian Record, Youth's Visitor, Gem, and International Sunday School lessons. This business he carried on until he sold it out in 1885 and assumed the pastoral charge of the Brussels street Baptist church, with which he had close relations from 1880. In 1887 he resigned his pastorate and went to Philadelphia for his health, but not finding relief there he proceeded to Sacremento, California, where he was pastor of the First Baptist church till June, 1889, when he returned to this province to take charge of the seminary at St. Martins. In March, 1892, failing health compelled him to retire from that important chair.

THE PROGRESSIVE C. P. R.

How they Provide Passengers with News.

The following is an extract from an article written by an experienced transcontinental trotter and which appeared in the New YorkSun of Dec. 30, 1894: "I wish that some of our transcontinental lines would adopt a little wrinkle which I saw recently on the Canadian Pacific line. It was a mere trifle, but it illustrates the desirability of looking after little things when persons are making a long journey We were in the heart of the mountainous region and of course practically cut off from the world for two or three days. It was at a time when there was big news in the world. Soon after we stopped at a station the porter came round with several telegraph sheets fastened together and passed them from passenger to passenger. It was bulletin of the day's news telegraphed each morning from Montreal especially to the passengers on the thorough train. In a dozen items it gave all the important news in America, Europe and China. We heard the latest war news and knew the situation in Washington in national affairs. It was three days before we reached any large place with newspapers having a satisfactory news service, and you do not know much we enjoyed the little attention and forethought on the part of the company. I found that at the chief hotels, where passengers drop off for a day or two to enjoy the scenery, the same system was carried out. Of course, when one is travelling he wants to get away from newspapers to some extent, but he is always glad to know what is going on, and by this system he could get everything of importance in three minutes. I wish the American lines used the same care in looking afteir patrons. It wouldn't cost much and it would be worth as much as many of the luxuries with which they fairly burden their patrons."

BARN CELLARS.

There are two sides to the question, are barn cellars desirable? And it can only be answered correctly by carefully weighing the advantages and disadvantages, taking into account personal circumstances The principal advantage is that by means of a well constructed cellar all of the manure liquid, as well as solid, is saved and kept in good condition. And when we consider the hungry condition of our fields, and the hundreds of thousands of dollars paid for commercial fertilizers, we may well ask ourselves if this great saving does not outweigh all objections to barn cellars? An experience of many years fully satisfies me that a chord of manure from a well built cellar is worth thirty per cent more than the same kind of manure when thrown out under a roof, and twice as much as the same kind and amount when exposed to sun and rain.

The western method of hauling manure as fast as it accumulates is not practicable, and to me is not desirable. We must store manure somewhere several months in the year. During seven or eight months of the year a barn cellar may be utilized for hog pens, and where the stock is largely horses it is a good place for hogs, and they will greatly improve the quality. But if neat stock is mostly kept it is too moist and filthy for hogs, and they do not improve the manure.

The objections to cellars are cost, and the consequent rapid decay of the sills and floors of the barn. That they are injurious to the health of animals and to the hay stored in the barn are objections of no weight, for if they are properly constructed and the barn floors are as tight as they should be, no vapors will reach the animals nor the hay above. The cellar is entirely unfit for the storage of anything but manure. Wood decays very rapidly, and iron rusts and soon becomes worthless.

During winter the cellar should be tightly closed, or the floors will be too cold for the animals. And then they are not fit places for hogs or any other air breathing animals to live in.

Twenty cows kept in the barn through the winter, and nights through the summer, will produce fifty cords of manure, richly worth, as compared with commercial fertilizers, two hundred and fifty dollars. If we lose by not saving the liquids, and by evaporation, one half of this sum annually, we can well afford to build and keep in repair a good cellar under our cattle.

GOOD HORSES IN DEMAND.

Good horses are in demand at big prices in New York and all the eastern cities if they have size, style and knee action to suit the market. Their late horse show has developed a regular enthusiasm for high class horses.

The New York Telegram says that in one week over 100 Canadian horses have sold at a single mart in that city at an average price of $500—one four-in-hand team bringing $7,340. These animals, it must be borne in mind, were of only ordinary breeding. They did not owe their good prices and ready sale at all to fancy strains or great ancestry or their own records. They sold thus well simply because they were bred, mannered, dressed and fitted for instant use. Here is an object lesson of value for American farmers, says the Maine Farmer. They are in their horse breeding running to more thoroughbreds and trotters. Let them devote their attention rather to the development of practical, shapely, capable and gentle pleasure horses, suitable for carriage stock, for park purposes, for the ordinary highway. Let them produce the all-round gentleman's coach horse. There is an unlimited and constant demand for such horses, and it is the demand that sets the price. This is the reason why at the most unfavorable season of the year for horse sales, on the threshold of winter, these sensibly bred Canadian horses have brought such encouraging prices in New York.

THE BUSINESS CONCLUDED.

The York County Court concluded its business Saturday disposing of the following cases in addition to those noted in the HERALD last week:

In Horatio N. Grant v. Hammond Dow, an action of assumpsit on account, defendant's counsel, Chipman Hartley of Woodstock, moved for non-suit on the ground that no particulars had been served with writ of summons; Wesley Vanwart, Q. C., plaintiff's counsel, argued contra. It was finally agreed, Judge Steadman wishing time for consideration, that a verdict be entered for plaintiff for $20.50, amount claimed, with leave reserved to defendant to move for nonsuit on the ground stated.

John B. Gunter v John D. Bonness was an action to recover $24, money paid by plaintiff for defendant for accident insurance premium. Wesley Vanwart, Q. C., appeared for plaintiff, and defendant not appearing by himself or counsel, damages were assessed by the jury as claimed.

Geo. Frederick Ashford, the fiend who murdered his wife and infant child and attempted to murder another child, died Saturday evening in the Westminster, B. C., jail, thus escaping the gallows. Before his capture Ashford attempted suicide by shooting, and it was thought at the time he had suffered no serious injury. It was found later his skull was fractured. The man was unconscious for the last few days.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Events of Interest Provincial and General.

Woodstock's civic debt is $102,750.

Moncton talks of starting a hospital.

The bank of New Brunswick's net profits last year were $72.977.40.

Fred. W. Murray, of the well known St. John dry good's firm of Barnes and Murray, died Sunday.

Among those who are charged with "repeating" at the recent Winnipeg mayoralty election, being contested in the courts, are a well known lady and a minister.

A despatch from Montreal says the Canada rolling mills, Pillow, Hersey & Co., Abbott & Co., and the Ontario rolling mills have combined and put the base price of cut nails up 50 cents per keg.

Alexander Lawson, editor and proprietor of the Yarmouth, N. S., Herald, celebrated his eightieth birthday Tuesday. He founded the Herald sixty years ago and has run it continuously ever since.

At Moncton, early Monday morning, Arthur L. Campbell, aged twenty-four, son of John Campbell, of the I. C. R. offices, while in a fit of temporary insanity committed suicide by shooting himself in the region of the heart.

Miss Mary Anglin, daughter of Hon. T. W. Anglin, formerly of St. John, is a member of one of Mr. Charles Frohman's compunies, and gives promise of great success as an actress. The company with which she has been playing has lately been performing in Brooklyn.

James Paul, chief of the Micmac Indians of Nova Scotia, died last week at Indian reservation, Shubenacadie, in his 96th year. He was installed as chief by the late Archbishop Walsh, 35 years ago, and has since been recognized in that capacity by 2,500 Micmacs, scattered through the province.

At Oromocto, after the evening service on Sunday last, Mrs. Charles True of Lincoln, and Miss Lottie Lynn of Rosigornish, in behalf of his many friends on his field of labor, presented Rev. S. J. Perry with a handsome coon coat, costing $42, an otter cap worth $13.50, and a pair of overshoes as a token of their esteem.

A terriffic gale, accompanied by a heavy snow fall, prevailed throughout England, Saturday night. The drifts in some places were twelve feet deep. The mail carts were stopped and the drivers suffered terribly. The highways were blocked and railway traffic delayed. The telegraph lines were blown down in all directions.

The Antigonish Conservatives have nominated Jos. A. Chisholm, a Halifax lawyer, and brother-in-law of the late Sir John Thompson, to contest the county, and Ernest Gregory, son of C. C. Gregory, formerly of Fredericton, is offered the nomination for the local house to fill the seat vacated by Hon. Colin McIsaac, who is the Liberal candidate for Ottawa.

Mrs. Hammell Moore left her home near Windsor Mills, Quebec, Monday morning, taking her babe of eighteen months along with her. Walking down to the swift flowing river she plunged in and both mother and child were drowned. The woman left a note on the table for her husband, who slept in another room, saying God had called her. Christian Science, it is said, had unbalanced her mind.

Bishop W. W. Duncan, of South Carolina, in opening the Florida Methodist Conferenence at Jacksonville, Florida, cautioned those of the 113 clericals and lay delegates who chewed tobacco not to expectorate on the floor or on the handsome new carpet which has recently been put down in the McTyreire Memorial church. He told them that if they must chew tobacco they should go outside or bring their own cuspidors.

Joseph E. Lunt, formerly of St. John, died in New York on Saturday, and his body was interred in St. John. Mr. Lunt was a son of the late Enoch Lunt, who established the express line of steamboats on the St. John river about 35 years ago, and he and his brother Reuben were associated with their father in this business. The deceased left St. John about 10 years ago. He was about 60 years of age.

Hardy Atkinson, clerk of the Gregory House at Tempe, Arizona, while endeavoring to secure W. C. Bascom, a miller at Pine Indian Reservation, who had suddenly gone insane, was shot in the temple by the maniac. Both eyes were destroyed and he will probably die. Bascom then took refuge in a small stable and refused to surrender. Twenty militiamen were detailed to capture him. When they approached Bascom appeared at the door of the stable and opened fire. The militia responded and the maniac fell mortally wounded. Bascom had long been a valued Government employee.

The Woodstock civic elections held Monday created considerable interest. W. S. Saunders, dry goods merchant, defeated Josiah R. Murphy, barrister, for mayor, 386 to 331. The councillors elected for the town at large are Arthur Bailey, whose wife was Miss McDiarmid of this city, W. B. Nicholson, James Carr, and Hugh Gallagher, Bailey leading the poll. The ward representatives are: Queens—John S. Leighton, jr., and R. B. Jones, defeating W. B. Taylor; Kings—H. N. Payson and John Sulton, defeating John Lindsay and W. L. Wyse; Wellington—Gilbert W. VanWart and Miles Moore by acclamation.

The death of Mrs. Thomas Foote, of Baltimore, Md., on the 12th inst., says the Halifax Herald, was a sad surprise to her many friends in this city. Mrs. Foote was the eldest daughter of the late Mr. Justice McCully, and her husband was for many years treasurer of the Intercolonial railway. Mrs. Foote had a large circle of acquaintances both in Baltimore and Halifax by whom she was universally respected and loved. During her residence in Baltimore she took a very active part in the work connected with her church and in works of charity. She leaves a husband and four children to mourn the loss of a devoted wife and mother. [The deceased lady was a sister of Rev. C. W. McCully, late vicar of the cathedral, Fredericton.]

THE DOMINION ACCOUNTS.

Extravagance Apparent on Every Hand.

The management of the finances of Canada for many years to come will require a strong and skilful hand, and the effort to put them on a sound basis by resolute measures ought to loyally supported by parliament and the nation. Instead of bidding for political support by promises of liberal expenditure, public men ought to impress upon the constituencies the truth that each can thrive only as the nation at large thrives, and that the prosperity of the nation is bound up with the reduction of expenditure to a point that will not involve burdensome taxation. The national debt, standing at the end of the last fiscal year at $246,183,000, is as large as it ought to be for some years to come, even if population shall grow much faster than it did during the last census decade. It involved last year an interest charge of $10,212,596, an increase $404,000 of the previous year, and other charges of $181,000. These are charges which can be reduced only by reducing the debt, and the deficit of next year bids fair to increase the debt to $250,000,000. All the more need for cutting down the other expenditures with a vigorous and unsparing hand. In the last financial year there is little evidence of effort to economize in regard to those expenditures to which a prudent man would naturally direct his efforts at retrenchment. A good test is the item of civil government, which comprises the ministerial salaries and, generally, the cost of running the administrative machinery at Ottawa. Last year the item amounted to $1,402,279, the largest figure that has been reached since confederation. In the last year of the Mackenzie administration it was only $823,000. Between the last mentioned period and Confederation, Prince Edward Island, Manitoba and the Northwest were added to the Dominion. Yet the increase was only $230,000; while between 1878 and the present time, when there has been no addition to territory and very little to population, the increase has been $479,000. The last two cabinet shuffles resulted in a considerable increase in the number of ministers whose salaries alone now amount to $100,000, and the natural tendency of an increase in the number of heads of departments is to augment expense all round.

The revenue from customs last year was $19,198,114, a decline of $756,000 from the receipts of the previous year, caused mainly by a falling off in imports. Yet the cost of collection was $921,039, an increase of $19,000 over the previous year, and the highest point that has been reached confederation. To say that it costs $921,039 to collect $19,198,000 is to underestimate the burden upon the country, for the passing of goods through the customs entails upon importers a large expense for clerical assistance. The income from excise was $8,381,989, the highest point yet reached, and the same may be said of the cost of collection, which was $484,949. But while the revenue from this source was only $14,000 more than in the previous year, the cost of collection showed an increase of $97,000, so that there was a net loss of $83,000. The postoffice cost $3,517,261, an increase of $96,000 over the previous year, and the largest figure since confederation.

DEATH CAME TO THREE.

It Almost Crazed the Surviving Mother, Who Will Die.

William R. Robinson, aged 79, who lived in a cottage at Flatbush, New York, lay dead there Monday. In a coffin by his side was the corpse of his daughter, Eugenie, aged 19. On Wednesday of last week another daughter, Mary, 25 years of age, was buried from the same room. The only surviving member of the family is the widow. She is ill in bed and in a wild delirium caused by the misfortunes that have come so suddenly upon her. The doctors say they do not believe she will live. Mary died from pneumonia. She was sick but a few days. Her father died on Saturday morning of heart disease, brought on, the doctors say, by the shock attendant on the death of Mary, who was his favorite child. At the time of his death Eugenie was in bed suffering from pneumonia. When she heard of her father's death she lapsed into unconsciousness. She was dead four hours afterwards. Through all these hardships Mrs. Robinson had born up bravely. Even after Eugenie died she held up. Father and daughter had been prepared for burial, and lay side by side in the parlor. The widow went in to look at them. The sight was more than she could stand. She fainted and was taken away. She has been delirious and at the point of death ever since.

USEFUL HOUSEHOLD RECIPES.

BAKED FISH.—Take a haddock weighing about three pounds. Boil it gently for an hour, and take out the bones, then put in a deep dish like a pudding dish, adding one quart of milk and one and one-half tablespoonfuls of flour, piece of butter size of an egg, one onion chopped fine, and season with salt and pepper. After turning this over the fish, sprinkle bread crumbs over the top and bake in a rather slow oven.

QUEEN PUDDING.—One quart of milk and one pint of grated bread crumbs, the yolks of four eggs, half a cupful of sugar and the grated rind of a lemon (this latter however, may be omitted if preferred). After baking, beat the whites of the eggs with a cupful of sugar and spread over the top, browning slightly in the oven.

SPONGE CAKE.—Three eggs, one cupful of sugar, three tablespoonfuls of cold water, two tablespoonfuls of cream tartar, one teaspoonful of soda of Arm and Hammer brand, which is of excellent leavening property, insuring light and delicious cookery, one cupful of flour and lemon flavoring.

POPOVERS.—Three cupfuls each of milk and flour, two well beaten eggs, and a grain of salt. Bake in cups, and serve with a nice sauce, or like muffins, with butter.

WHEN TO WHIP A HORSE.

No sensible man will ever whip a horse for being afraid. Whips are undoubtedly good things in their places. They come in well with a constitutionally lazy horse. They are very effective sometimes when horses are mischievous. A horse had a habit as soon as his bedding was put under him of scraping it all out behind him. He was watched and at every attempt a vigorous application of the whip to his rear was made. In two nights he was thoroughly broken of the trick. If the personal safety of the occupants of a vehicle is endangered through a horse backing or turning around use the whip vigorously; it will divert his attention. Never use the whip without warning, and never use it to cure a horse of fright; if you do between the whipping and the fear he will soon become unmanageable when he meets the object he dreads.

If you only knew what was in the air; health? Yes! but also colds, coughs, influenza and bronchitis for those of weak throat and lungs at this season of the year. Have a bottle of Hawker's balsam of tolu and wild cherry always on hand, It is a sure cure for all forms of throat and lung troubles.