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Weekly Herald.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 23.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Boston *Herald* says that business is steadily improving in Boston.

It is reported that the Dominion Parliament will not meet until the latter part of March.

Notwithstanding all that has been said by some of the American newspapers regarding the non-payment of the Fishery Award, it was paid on Thursday last.

Messrs. Burpee and Weldon have filed a petition in the court at Fredericton to disqualify Acalus L. Palmer, Esq., from being a candidate for St. John County.

A Grand Rally will be held under the auspices of the N. B. Union, in St. Patrick's hall, Carleton, next Wednesday evening. The meeting will be addressed by several prominent speakers.

By the recent elections, says the Boston *Pilot*, the Democrats find themselves in control of both houses of Congress for the first time since the first Congress, which sat in President Buchanan's time.

The New York Court of Appeals has decided that under the Civic Act of the State, the owners of premises in which liquor is sold can be held accountable for any injury done by the person who drinks the liquor.

Two women in Scotsville, Ind., were addicted to talking scandalously about their neighbors. There were thirty to forty exceedingly cowardly and brutal men in the same place. The men took the women from their home at night, bared their shoulders and whipped them with hickory rod, until the blood ran.

It is reported that Bishop Gillooly, the newly appointed Apostolic Delegate to America is not inclined to accept the numerous responsibilites imposed upon him by the Holy See. His advanced years and the multifarious duties which would devolve upon him in his assigned position are said to be the reasons alleged by him in his remonstration.

A Roman correspondent says: His Holiness, who continues in excellent health, has held his usual audiences during the week, and numerous foreigners have had the honor of presentation. On Tuesday, the alumni of the *Vigna Pia* were admitted to audience in the Vatican Gardens, and the Holy Father, who seemed much pleased with the recitations of the students, made them a paternal address and dismissed them with his blessing.

At a meeting of the Civic Board of Charlottetown, the Mayor stated that the sum of $3,000 for the salaries of officials and other bills was overdue, and that there was no money to pay these liabilities. As a means of getting over the difficulty the services of the City Treasurer were dispensed with and the teller of the Merchant's Bank appointed in his place at a salary of $25. Happy Charlottetown, to get out of your Civic financial embarrassment so easily.

It is announced in another column that R. F. Quigley, Esq., will lecture in St. Malachi's Hall, on to-morrow evening, under the auspices of that very popular and most excellent institution, the Father Mathew Association. This is the first of a series of lectures to be given under the auspices of the Association during the winter, and the members are to be congratulated on having secured the services of so able and talented a gentleman to open their course. The subject of the lecture is: "Character—Sustained by Religion—the Sheet Anchor of Temperance Reform." As all are invited, we hope to see a large attendance.

In a lecture on the Irish Famine, delivered in Montreal, recently, by the Rev. Father Graham, a very able and eloquent priest, he referred to the question of Protection thus: "Free Trade has been England's most powerful weapon, by which she has driven competition to the wall, but this could only be the case as long as she held the supremacy of commerce in her hands. To-day her Free Trade advocates miss the tremendous cheer which greeted their theories a few years since. The gigantic American power is an irresistible argument the other way. Let it be generally understood: No young or poor nation can afford Free Trade, while there are mighty capitalists in the market. It will simply result in a realization of the ... of the brass pot and the clay pipkin. ... do not protect their own work ... rich monopolist will step in and ... at their own doors. Thus ... Free Trade won't be simply ... did nt know; so th... and the little l...

... d, 15,- ... weden, 5,390; ... ungary, 4, 504; France, ... y, 4,131; Scotland, 3,502; far- ... Iceland sent 108. Of the total, 1,510 were professional men and women. Of these, 51 were actors; 80 were artists; 17 were authors; 319 were clergymen: 13 were editors; one gave his business as that of an inventor; one said he was a "statesman;" 25 were lawyers; 91 were doctors; 393 were musicians. There were 16,532 skilled mechanics; 26,556 laborers; 14,842 were farmers; 36 auctioneers; 24 bankers; 25 barkeepers; 26 said they were "capitalists," and had no business; one said he was "gentleman;" 70 were chimney sweeps; one was a magician, and there were 170 Sisters of Charity.

THE SANITARY CONDITION OF THE CITY.

We are gratified that the remarks which appeared in these columns some weeks ago, relating to the dangerous and disgraceful condition of certain localities in the City, have not been without effect. At the last term of the County Court, Judge Watters, acting on the suggestion of the Recorder, instructed the Grand Jury to take into consideration the sanitary condition of the City, and particularly that portion in Prince ward bordered by Courtenay Bay. The Grand Jury appointed a Committee of five gentlemen who have attended to the matter, and the result of their observations was given to the people in a report published in yesterday's *Telegraph*, and signed by the foreman of the Jury, Mr. J. C. Ferguson. The evident care bestowed on their labors by the gentlemen comprising the Committee, is deserving of great praise. It shows that at last an indignant public feeling is evoked that will not be allayed until our City is freed from the danger to which it is exposed by the existence of such localities. It is somewhat singular however, that while the particular nuisance to which the Grand Jury refer has existed for a number years, and while during all this time the gentleman who signs the report of the Committee was the Alderman of Prince ward, he never made an effort to bring the matter under the notice of the Common Council with a view of having it provide a remedy. Perhaps it is remorse for this neglect which has caused him to endeavor to make amends by the interest which he apparently has taken in his duties as a member of the Committee. We cannot understand why the Committee did dot farther extend its investigation; why it did not visit the other localities equally dangerous to which we alluded. Pond street and vicinity, the Southern portion of the Barrack Square and several other places along the Courtenay Bay Shore, are in as disgraceful condition as anything met with by the Committee and as needful of its attention. Now that this necessary agitation has began we hope it will continue until our City is purified and the disgrace incident to such an improper state of affairs removed.

THE "NEWS."

The *News* had a relapse last Monday and the symptoms of the distressing disease with which it is afflicted are becoming alarming. Since its editor entered politics we all know the *News* is subject to intermittent fever of the worst type. It has suffered acutely now and then, and has lately had a desperate attack of delirium. Those who understand the pitiable subject best, we mean its intimate friends, well know, judging from its recent transports, that it is not accountable for its acts. Cause of recent attack: Severe pressure on its nervous system, superinduced by great anxiety and disappointment, together with a severe strain mentally in a wonderful effort to tell the truth and yet sustain the political character of its editor for consistency, reliability and tenacity to principle. About a month ago it had just such a fit. In an evil moment for its nearest political friend it became censorious and in a haughty manner and angry tone indulged in lengthy, forcible remarks concerning the political immorality of certain local politicians, of whom it said ugly things and to whom it called hard names because of imputed inconsistency, change of sides, want of principle, etc., etc.

We suggested to the *News* that it was treading on dangerous ground, and remarked that it might be enlightened without much difficulty of just such described political treachery in the legislative career of the gentleman who occupies the editorial chair of the *News*. We admit this was applying its sound political code, its present high idea of political morality, its apparently great thought and regard for close tenacity to principle rather near home—too near we apprehend for the sweet composure of the representative editor of the *News*. We suggested a proper course to be pursued, which was not heeded. We asked certain questions and hoped after they were answered to prescribe some remedy for the diseased political editor. But the sick *News* being peevish and laboring under the false impression that nestling in our question there was malice, became terribly excited and enraged and called us impertinent, and asserted we were making an attack and assailing the feeble creature most unmercifully. We make allowance for the evasion, the prevarication, the anger, the political fever of our contemporary, but still hope he has strength and manliness enough left to answer correctly and without reservation the few queries we put to him again and again. The *News* says it ... and we believe it: indeed it ... signs of weakness and de... cy. We remark a peculiar feature in the conduct of the *News* though, that is in its loud and wordy reference to points we never touched upon, whilst it is silent as to our queries.

We rebuked it for its silence and upbraided it because of its denial as regarded Mr. Willis's position during the days of the late local election and to his hasty assumption of leader of the party after all the elections were over. It taxes its readers sorely in more than a column of matter not to the point at all without manfully answering, if it could, our article of last Saturday.

It is no answer in this connection to tell us that we are silent about the York election, and that we deserve credit for "abstention" in other respects. The *News'* mode of dealing with the matter is merely begging the question. In the consideration of a question about consistency, etc., the *News* pretends to think that it is of no great moment why Mr. Willis opposed a Government to-day and was a member of the same Government to-morrow, and immediately after when it suited Mr. Willis, without the Government having changed its policy, he is discovered endeavoring to ingratiate himself with the opposition, which he had but so recently and shamefully deserted for a seat in the Executive. The *News* does not attempt to deny that Mr. Willis and Mr. Covert would have taken office in the Fraser and Wedderburn Government, but satisfied itself by saying we are maligiant and impertinent. But suppose we are, this is no answer to our question about the greed of those worthies for office and their present chagrin because Messrs. Hanington, Landry and Adams got the start of them. Now don't get so fractious Mr. *News*. Keep your temper; we are making no attack. The object of the *News* is to draw attention away from the point that stings. It is easier we admit to call us names than to deny what many believe to be true and what dame rumor has put forward as a fact. Does the simple, innocent *News* not know that it is reported currently of some of the angry, disappointed M. P. P.'s, that he or they have openly stated that when a reconstruction was being formed some of the members of the late house in opposition should have been consulted by Messrs. Wedderburn and Fraser? Might this be traced even to so pure, so unselfish, so patriotic, so high minded, so honorable a member of Her Majesty's Loyal Opposition, as Mr. Covert, the nominal leader of the late house, or to Mr. Willis, the would-be leader of the party after the late election?

The *News'* suggestion, as to our interviewing Mr. King, is merely quibbling. Its remark on reconstruction is worthy the *News*. Its asking "who upon earth is Hanington?" is childish. If the *News* does not know who he is, probably Mr. Willis could tell it. The *News* has a jumble about what is prevalent; about "differentation," "the immense dissimularity of Tweedledum & Tweedledee," the "impressment of Messrs. Adams and Landry," and a lot more of such balderdash that has no more to do with the question than have Messrs. Covert and Willis with the governing of this Province.

The *News* coolly says that we asked it to "publish private letters said to have been written by Mr. Willis." We asked nothing of the kind, and the *News*, although it says we did, knows full well we did not. This it would call the "cheekiest of cheek," and we submit that on any such matter the *News* is an excellent authority—few know more about the "cheekiest of cheek" than does the *News*. What we did ask was, if the "political circular," which Mr. Willis sent to the newly elected members, did not prove that he was acting as the leader of the party? This we believe Mr. Willis's circular when produced will show. We said also that it and some of the pointed, caustic answers Mr. Willis received, would be interesting political literature for the readers of the *News*. But we did not even ask the *News* to publish these. No, no. Nor is the *News* likely ever to make public some of the answers Mr. Willis got to his famous circular.

GERMANY AND THE VATICAN.

The publication of the Pope's letter to Cardinal Nina, his Secretary of State, caused great surprise in European diplomatic circles. Men asked why he delayed its publication so long, and what did he hope for by making it public at all. They imagine that he wished to draw attention to the fact that he was willing to come to terms with Germany; that he was the first to hold out his hand in the way of peace; and that if conciliation between the opposing and resisting powers did not come to pass, the fault was not his, but that of Prince Bismarck.

From an Evangelical Lutheran journal entitled *L'Allegemeine Evangelicol Lutherische Kirchenzeitung*, we have some particulars of the interviews that occurred at Kissengen, between Prince Bismarck and the Papal Nuncia, Mgr. Masella. According to this journal the motive of the Chancellor's persecution was the weakening of the Catholic Church. Now, if the Chancellor turns on his steps it is not to please the Pope, but that, in case of a rupture with the liberals he may count upon the assistance of the Centre or Catholic Party in the Chambers of Deputies. The Nuncio took kindly to the proposals of Prince Bismarck. To assure himself on the political aspect of the question, he consulted a deputy of the Centre, who showed him the impossibility of conceding to anything which might transfer the political action of that party. The Nuncio next sought information from Rome. Cardinal Franchi died in the meanwhile, and therefore negotiations proceeded slowly. The impression that a *modus vivendi* was impossible in presence of the unvarying laws of the Church gradually took root; and it was made evident that a change in the politico-ecclesiastical legislation of the Empire was necessary. This prince Bismarck agreed to, on condition that the Roman Court should order the Centre to vote with the Government on all important questions. To this, Mgr. Masella returned a decided *No!* And for this reason the interviews up to the present time are unproductive of material results.

The *Germania*, the Catholic organ, wisely remarks that the interviews clearly show that the Pope has not, nor does he seek to have, any influence over the political conduct of Catholics. In this they must act according to their judgment. In religious matters they will always be submissive to the decisions of the Holy See, as is the duty of every Catholic; in political questions they are wholly independent, and have not and never will have occasion to repulse the so-called "influences of Rome." Thus one exeellent result from the interviews of Kissengen is made palpable to the world.—*Pilot.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

Eph Morris and Pat Luther are to row a ten mile race next year.

The reason girls cannot learn to swim is becsus—they cannot keep their mouths' shut.

A Lowell boy's clothing caught fire, and in his fright jumped into a cradle in which a baby lay. Both children were burned to death.

Some men will face a whole army, but when a fellow is carrying home a new coal scuttle under his arm to his wife, isn't it strange that he always takes the side streets.

"Full many a flour is born to rise unseen," said a West end lady, upon observing that the bread-dough had risen out of the baking-pan and spread over the kitchen floor.

Not a lady moved. Each one wondered if one of her rubbers had dropped off, but her mind was made up to wade in mud two feet deep beforo claiming that one. The street car conductor said it was a No. 8.

A queer case of fraud is on trial in England, where a professional runner has been arrested for personating another pedestrian, and thus securing admission to a race for ameteurs, winning a seven-guinea set of spoons.

At Allier, France, an old bridegroom, after the marriage ceremony, nearly thrashed a young man to death for shaking hands with the bride; then he stabbed her to death with a dagger, and next went to his wine cellar and shot himself.

A workingwoman says if the steady, industrious girls should stop marrying and supporting the fellows who stand on the street corners and smoke five cent cigars for a living, there would be ten tramps on the road where there is one now.

Two mounted constables were taking a thief to prison in Nevada. As they were going through some lonely woods the constables' horses fell to the ground, the cords of the hind legs having been cut by ambushed friends of the thief, and he escaped.

An amiable Milanese grocer of 47 summers, on his return home recently from his shop, found a letter from his young wife, in which she informed him that, as her parents had married her against her will to a man old enough to be her papa, and whom she could not therefore love, it had appeared best for her to run away with a lover. The grocer immediately went stark mad, and was sent to a lunatic asylum.

A British tourist has made an uproar in Rheims. One night about 8 o'clock, the town was alarmed by the tocsin, or big bell of the cathedral. The inhabitants rushed out of their houses expecting to find a revolution or a fire, but they were agreeably disappointed. The dreadful knell was merely the work of an English traveler, who having been locked up in the cathedral, thought the best way to get out would be to set the big bell going.

The Russian papers have lately contained reports about a band of robbers which have appeared lately in the district of Paulovsk, in southern Russia, and has spread terror through all the neighboring regions. It is said to be over 200 strong. The Captain is reported to be a peasant woman of singular beauty. who was previously connected with a gang of forgers of rouble-notes. The Russian Government is so desirous of procuring the arrest of this female chief that it has set a price of $11,250 upon her head.

A butcher complained to a lawyer that somebody's dog was in the habit of stealing meat from his cart, and asked what he should do about it. The lawyer replied: "Prosecute the owner of the dog, of course." "But," said the butcher, "it is your dog," "I will pay the bill," said the lawyer, bringing his hand down suddenly on the place where his pocketbook was supposed to be, "if you will tell how much the meat was worth." The butcher replied, "About $1." All right, rejoined the lawyer, "hand over $1 to me and we will be square. The advice which I gave to you in the beginning was worth $2!"

Passanente, the would-be assassin of King Humbert, manifested perfect unconcern and brutal self assurance while undergoing his preliminary examination. It was evident he calmly meditated the act and fully made up his mind to suffer the consequences. At one point in the examination when the magistrate expressed horror at the prisoner's deed, the latter said: "It seems to me you are getting too excited." On being asked if he had not observed that the people would have torn him to pieces but for the police, he replied: "People are fools—they always act that way." To the question as to whether he intended to kill the King or merely to wound him, he answered: "My intention was to finish him." He said he was neither an Internationalist nor Socialist; that he failed to satisfactorily account for the Internationalist work found in his possession.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Minister Welsh paid over to Her Majesty's Government the fisheries award by a draft for $5,500,000.

There seems still a lingering impression among speculators that Ameer may submit when he knows the British troops are actually in motion.

A terrible coal mine explosion occurred in Sullivan, Ind., Thursday. Thirteen men were killed out right, eight or ten wounded and many others suffered from suffication.

The London *Standard* announces that no reply to the British ultimatum has been received from the Ameer of Afghanistan, and orders have accordingly been sent to India for troops to advance.

A duel with pistols between Gambetta and De Fourtin was fought, Thursday, at Hautes Buayeres. They fought at thirty-five paces. Only one exchange of shots took place and neither party was hurt.

Burgulars entered the residence of Wm. Fanning, farmer, Dearborn, Mich., on Tuesday night, chloroformed the entire household, then robbed the premises. The inmates were discovered asleep during the day, and with difficulty were brought back to life.

The Russian organ *Le Nord*, in an article on the Afghan war, says the reports which will doubtless be propagated relative to complications between England and Russia may be characterized beforehand as false. All prospect of such eventually may be put out of the question with perfect assurance.

The following is the Pope's congratulatory telegram to Humbert: "Having heard of a deplorable attempt made against the life of your Majesty, I express to you my extreme concern and at the same time my congratulations that you have escaped this grave danger. I pray God for the preservation of your Majesty's health. Signed, Leo."

Brig "Ella B.," (Br.) McLean, from Liverpool, Sept. 28th, for Charlottetown, P. E. I., in ballast, capsized about 11th October in a hurricane, long. 26 W. The crew, eight in all, took to boats, where they remained without provision or water over three days till picked up by the bark "Victor" (Norwegian), bound from Gloucester, Eng., for Philadelphia. The crew saved nothing but the clothing they had on.

A Glasgow special says the Clyde shipbuilders, at their meeting just held, decided that unless the men now on a strike resume work forthwith they will lock-out all iron workers employed by them in the different shipbuilding yards. This will effect thousands of workmen, many of whom of late have only been gaining a precarious livelihood. The workmen at large stigmatise this step on the part of their employers as nothing more nor less than tyranny, which may lead to violence.

A Bombay despatch says the *Times of India* publishes a despatch from Thal, which announces the British troops occupied Fort Kapion without resistance, the Afghans retiring hurriedly the day before them. Fort Kapion is a station beyond the frontier line, opposite Thal, or Thul. Its abandonment or surrender was anticipated. The British force at Thul, which, it is believed, is designed to march to the head of Khurum Valley, drive out the Afghan force there and secure the highest point of the Pass, in readiness for further advance in the Spring, or for co-operation with the force operating against Jellalabad, through Kyber Pass, is under command of General Roberts. It consists of two brigades, the first under Col. Cobbe, comprising the 8th King's and 5th and 29th Punjaub native infantry regiments; the second under Col. Thelwell, comprising the second 21st Punjaubs and 5th Ghoorkas. Other regiments to be attached as they come up from Kohat. No resistance is expected until the upper end of the Khurum Valley reached. The native tribes in the valley profess good will towards the British.

FASHION NOTES.

Square trains will be popular for home toilettes this winter.

Linen collars edged with lace are worn with out-door costumes.

New ear-rings are in cube shapes, and all the new ear-rings are larger.

Silver fox and chinchilla will be the favourite furs for trimming this winter.

The latest fancy is to trim black silk dresses with bands of coloured velvet.

The shorter the shoulder seams, and the narrower the back forms, the more fashionable the garment.

Twisted silk cord is considered more stylish than the chenille varieties for edging hats and bonnets.

Capote-shaped bonnets, very small and compact, and without face trimming, are the leading style this fall.

The hair continues to be dressed closely to the heap, and much less false hair is worn than was fashionable a few years ago.

MARRIED.

At the Cathedral, on the 21st inst, by Rev. Father Flaherty, John Barry, of Town of Portland, to Cassie, eldest daughter of Timothy Downey, Esq., of this city.

DIED.

In this city, on the 15th inst., after a lingering illness, Margaret J., wife of George Collard.

In this city, on the evening of the 16th inst., Robert A. McClintock, son of the late James McClintock, teacher, aged 25 years.

In Carleton, on Tuesday, 19th inst., of diphtheria, Willie Herbert, aged 7 months and 10 days, only son of John and Eva Robson.

In this city, on the 1?th inst., after a lingering illness, Mrs. Mary E., aged 27 years, wife of John Cochran.

On the 19th inst., of lung fever, Margaret J., eldest daughter of the late Hugh Rennick, in the 24th year of her age.

At Moncton, on Wednesday morning, Margaret Ann, beloved wife of James W. Wallace and eldest daughter of J. D. Underhill, Esq., of this city, in the 22nd year of her age.

In Carleton, on Wednesday, 20th inst., Margaret, relict of the late Samuel Strange, Esq., in the 89th year of her age.

On Thursday morning, after a short illness of congestion of the lungs, Frederick William, son of Frederick and Annie Brock, aged 9 months.

At Carleton, on Thursday, 21st inst, Mary Teresa, child of Annie A. and Bart. J. Driscoll, aged 6 years and 5 months.

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he has on hand a large and well selected stock of

Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Gin, Cigars, &c.,

of the very best quality, which he will sell Wholesale and retail at reasonable prices.

SETPHEN POWER,

Post Office Notice.

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, 25th inst., Mails per the St. John and Maine Railway will close as follows:—

Morning Mail, for Fairville, Fredericton, St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Woodstock, etc., etc., and the United States, at 6.30. The Postal Car Bag will be open for Letters addressed to persons west of Grand Bay, until 7 o'clock.

Afternoon Mail for Fairville and Fredericton, at 3.30 o'clock.

Evening Mail for Bangor, Portland, Boston and New York, will close at 8.20 o'clock.

JOHN V. ELLIS, P. M.
P. O. St. John, Nov. 22, 1878. nov23 2i.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

RECEPTION OF THE

MARQUIS OF LORNE,

GOVERNOR GENERAL ELECT, and

H. R. H. PRINCESS LOUISE,

AT HALIFAX.

TO enable parties to be present at the reception of the Marquis of Lorne, Governor General elect, and H. R. H. Princess Louise, Excursion Tickets,

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will be issued at all Booking Stations to Halifax on the

22nd, 23rd, 25th and 26th November.

Tickets will be good to return up to and including the 27th instant.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Gen. Superintendent Gov't Railways.
Moncton, N. B., Nov. 16, 1878. nov23

The "Scientific American."

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NOTICE TO MARINERS.

OWING to alterations necessary to connect the Machinery with the New Building, the Fog Alarm on Partridge Island will not be sounded on and after Monday, the 16th inst., until further notice.

St. John, Nov. 7, 1878.

J. H. HARDING,
nov9 Agent Marine and Fisheries.

NEW CLOTHS

Ex S. S. Hibernian Via Halifax.

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BLACK and BLUE PILOTS;
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NAVY BLUE VICTORIA SERGES;
NAVY BLUE WATERPROOF TWEEDS.

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H. & H. A. McCULLOUGH,
PRINCE WM. STREET.
nov16

Game Notice.

EXTRACTS FROM ACT 41 VIC. CHAP. 45, OF THE LEGISLATURE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

"NO PERSON NOT HAVING HIS DOMICILE IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK shall be entitled to hunt, take, kill, wound or destroy any Moose, Caribou, Deer, Mink, Otter, Fisher, Beaver, or other animal referred to herein, or to hunt, take, kill, wound or destroy any bird referred to herein, without first having obtained a License."

Such Licence "shall be in force for one year from the FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER in each year. The Fee to be paid therefor shall be Twenty Dollars

A Sporting License

may be obtained at the office of the Chief Commissioner, No. 1, Ritchie's Building, or at the office of the Provincial Secretary, Fredericton.

JAMES I. FELLOWS,
nov16 Chief Game Comoner.nissi

TOYS AND DOLLS!

WHOLESALE

MY CHRISTMAS STOCK for Wholesale is now complete in every line. Buyers will find my Stock the only complete one suitable for the trade, and at prices to suit the times.

Cases of Toys,

Varying in prices from $10 to $100. Each sent to any part of the Lower Provinces free of freight charges.

I have the Sole Agency for the Celebrated

BOSTON ROCKING HORSE
—AND—
HORSE ON WHEELS,
—ALSO FOR—
Boys' Sleds & Framers,

AND CAN SUPPLY THEM

AT FACTORY PRICES.

SAVE 20 PER CENT. AND BUY FROM

W. B. Della Torre,
First Store Past Hanington Bros.,
ON GERMAIN STREET.

N. B.—*REMEMBER THE ADDRESS.*
nov16

NOV. 16, 1878.

CHEAP FLANNELS FOR CASH ONLY.

NO DISCOUNT ALLOWED.

Over 16,000 yds. of GOOD, HEAVY, GREY FLANNEL

ONLY 16 CTS. PER YARD.

W. G. LAWTON,
nov16 Cor. King and Germain sts.

Post Office Notice.

MAILS for the United Kingdom will close at this office as follows:—
On FRIDAY, 22nd inst., at 4 p. m., via Rimouski.
On MONDAY, 25th inst, at 7 p. m., (via Halifax), and every alternate Monday.
On FRIDAY, 29th inst., at 7 p. m., (via Halifax), and every succeeding Friday.

JOHN V. ELLIS, P. M.
P.O. St. John, Nov. 19, 1878. nov23 3i.

SLEIGHS, PUNGS, AND SLEDS.

THE Subscribers will sell at their Factory, Main street, Portland,

15 Light Single Sleighs;
2 Double Sleighs;
13 Two Seated Pungs

of New Patterns, Painted and some Varnished Pungs.

Light Single Team Grocery Frame Sleds.

Also on hand a number of Second Hand Sleighs and Pungs in good order, which will be sold cheap. Now is the time to secure

DECIDED BARGAINS.

As we are offering this Stock cheaper than the same class of goods was ever before offered in this city, we are determined to sell everything in Sleighs, Pungs and Sleds at cost. Also,—Bent Stock, consisting of Shafts, and Rims, in White Wood, Hickory, and Ash Plank. PLUSHES OF ALL SHADES.

CALL EARLY.

KELLY & MURPHY.
nov16

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Me.

MAKE HENS LAY.

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist now travelling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose one teaspoonful to one pint food.

DIPHTHERIA!

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases in ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Dont delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Maine.