What About a Position

When you have completed your course? We do not guarantee positions, but we assist worthy students. Read the record of the 1901-02 Class at the

Maritime Business College
Halifax, N. S.

In attendance June 30, - - -	62
Not heard from since leaving, - -	34
Graduates in positions, - - -	34
Under-graduates in positions, - -	153
Average salary of 100 students (graduates and under-graduates) per month, -	$37.43
Applications annually for help, over -	250

Classes resume work September 2.
Free Calendar on application to

KAULBACH & SCHURMAN,
Chartered Accountants.

You May Need

Pain-Killer

For
Cuts
Burns
Bruises

Cramps
Diarrhoea
All Bowel
Complaints

It is a sure, safe and quick remedy.
There's only one PAIN-KILLER
PERRY DAVIS'
Two sizes, 25c. and 50c.

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Business College

Does Not Close

During the Summer Months. You may enter at any time. TEACHERS should take advantage of our Summer Session.

Year Book containing full particulars sent free to any address on application.

—ADDRESS—

W. J. OSBORNE, Principal.
Fredericton, N. B.

Joggins Coal

This FIRST CLASS COAL

can be purchased by the Cargo in ROUND RUN of MINE and SLACK sizes by communicating with P. W. McNAUGHTON, at 20 Orange St., St. John, or Joggins Mines, N. S.

We guarantee the quality to be of the best for steam purposes.

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USE THE GENUINE . .

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"THE UNIVERSAL PERFUME"
For the Handkerchief, Toilet and Bath.
. . . REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES!

FAVORABLY KNOWN SINCE 1826. BELLS.
HAVE FURNISHED $5,000 CHURCH, SCHOOL & OTHER
MENEELY & CO. PUREST, BEST & GENUINE
WEST TROY N.Y. BELL METAL

SHERIFF'S SALE.

There will be sold at Public Auction on Saturday, the thirtieth day of August, A. D. 1902, at twelve o'clock, noon, at Chubb's Corner (so called), in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, all the right, title and interest of William Chittick, in and to all that lot, piece and parcel of land described in the deed thereof to the said William Chittick from one Edward Thompson and wife as—"Situate in the Parish of Musquash, on the westerly side of the Dipper Harbor road, beginning at the big gravel hole, thence west, north and east to the said Dipper Harbor road, containing one acre, together with the buildings thereon." The same having been levied on and seized by me under our execution issued out of the Saint John County Court against the said William Chittick at the suit of James H. Gould.

Dated this twenty-second day of May, A. D. 1902.

ROBERT R. RITCHIE,
Sheriff of the City and County of St. John.

The Home

DEVILED SPAGHETTI.

Boil half a pound of spaghetti twenty minutes or until very soft; drain and chop it quite fine; put one tablespoonful of butter in a pan; when it melts add one teaspoonful of flour; stir until smooth and add one cupful of milk; stir until boiling; add the spaghetti, one teaspoonful of salt, half a teaspoonful of paprika and the yolks of two eggs; put into shells, sprinkle with buttered crumbs and brown in a quick oven.—Ex.

STEAMED TROUT.

Large trout are very good steamed. Remove the entrails; wipe with a wet cloth; season the inside with salt and pepper, wrap in a cloth and steam a trout weighing two pounds thirty minutes; lift carefully to a heated platter and serve with a sauce made with half a cup of butter in a bowl over hot water; stir until creamy; add to it two tablespoonfuls of freshly-grated horse radish, quarter of a teaspoonful of salt and the same of paprika and a little lemon juice.—Ex.

POTATO PUFFS.

To one cup of warm mashed potatoes add one tablespoonful of butter, one teaspoonful of salt, yolk of three eggs, half a pint of milk and one and one-half cupfuls of flour; beat thoroughly and add two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder and the well-beaten whites of the eggs; filled greased gem pans two-thirds full and bake in a quick oven twenty minutes.—Ex.

HORSE RADISH SAUCE.

To serve with cold meat; mix two tablespoonfuls of horse radish with one tablespoonful of vinegar; add a pinch of pepper and a pinch of salt; mix thoroughly and stir in carefully four tablespoonfuls of cream whipped stiff.—Ex.

DEVILED ALMONDS.

Blanch and slice the almonds; to one teaspoon of butter melted in the frying pan add one cup of almonds and stir until the nuts are a deep yellow; mix together one tablespoon of chutney, one tablespoonful of Worcestershire sauce, two tablespoonfuls of chopped pickles and a pinch of salt; pour this over the almonds and serve cold.—Ex.

VANILLA PUDDING.

Heat one cupful of milk; rub two level tablespoonfuls of corn starch and four level tablespoonfuls of flour in a little cold water; add, to the scalding milk and stir until very thick; then add the beaten yolks of four eggs and a pinch of salt; remove from the fire and add the whites of the eggs: fill small earthen cups, buttered, two-thirds full, stand them in a pan of hot water, and bake in a quick oven fifteen minutes; serve with vanilla sauce.—Ex.

VANILLA SAUCE.

Put one cup of water over the fire; rub two level tablespoonfuls of corn starch in a little cold water; stir it into the water when it is boiling; stir and let cook one minute; then add half a cup of sugar; pour while boiling over the well-beaten egg and one ounce of butter; add one teaspoonful of vanilla.—Ex.

CHOCOLATE PUDDING.

Soak one pint of bread crumbs in one pint of milk; stir in it three tablespoonfuls of cocoa; beat three eggs; add half a cupful of sugar and one pint of milk; pour it over the bread; bake in a pudding dish set in a pan of hot water one hour; serve with a sauce made with one cup of sugar, one tablespoon of corn starch and one cup of water; boil for ten minutes; add one tablespoonful of butter and half a teaspoonful of vanilla when a little cool. Ex.

CURRANT AND RASPBERRY ICE.

Press out the juice from one pint of raspberries and one quart of red currants add one pint of water and one and one-half pints of sugar; turn into the freezer, pack in salt and ice and freeze.—Ex.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

BREAKFAST.

Berries
Oatmeal and Cream.
Shirred Eggs with Bread Crumbs.
Browned Potatoes.
Blueberry and Other Muffins.
Coffee.

LUNCH.

Sliced Beef Loaf.
Watercress and Lettuce Salad.
White Bread.
Pineapple Meringue Tarts.
—Ex.

CARING FOR THE TEETH.

Without good teeth there cannot be good mastication. Without thorough mastication there cannot be perfect digestion, and poor health results. Hence the paramount importance of sound teeth. Clean teeth do not decay. The importance of a sound first set of teeth is as great to the child as to the adult. Children should be taught to use the tooth-brush early. Food left on the teeth ferments, and the acid formed produces decay. Decay leads in time to pain and total destruction of the tooth.

The substance of the following rules should, therefore, be impressed upon all children:

1. The teeth should be cleaned at least once daily.
2. The best time to clean the teeth is after the last meal.
3. A small tooth-brush with stiff bristles should be used, brushing up and down and across and inside and outside and in between the teeth.
4. A simple tooth powder of a little soap and some precipated chalk taken up on the brush may be used, if the teeth are dirty or stained.
5. It is a good practice to rinse the mouth out after every meal.
6. All rough usage of the teeth—such as cracking nuts, biting thread, etc.—should be avoided, but the proper use of the teeth in chewing is good for them.

When decay occurs, it should be attended to long before any pain results. It is stopping of a small cavity that is of the greatest service.—Motherhood.

Brown.—"Don't you think that music has charm to sooth the savage beast?"

Jones.—"Yes. That's why I have a brass band round my dog Pluto's neck."—Punch.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS.

Cure All the Ills of Little Babies and Big Children.

This medicine is good for all children, from the feeblest infant, whose life seems to hang by a thread, to the sturdy boy whose digestive apparatus occasionally gets out of order. There is no stomach or bowel trouble that Baby's Own Tablets will not speedily relieve and promptly cure, and do it in a natural way, as the medicine is guaranteed to contain no opiate or harmful drug. Experienced mothers everywhere praise Baby's Own Tablets above all medicines. Mrs. James A. Wilson, Wyoming, Ont., says:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for both my children, and consider them indispensible in any home where there are young children. One of my children was very fretful, and I always found the Tablets comforting, and a splendid regulator of the stomach and bowels. I think the Tablets have been the means of promoting many a sound night's rest for both myself and children."

Children take these Tablets as readily as candy, and crushed to a powder, they can be given with absolute safety to the youngest, weakest infant. You may get the Tablets from any dealer in medicines, or post paid at 25 cents a box, by writing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y.

SOME PICTURES OF HEATHENISM.

BY W. T. ELMORE.

This afternoon we visited a Brahmin tank and saw one aspect of Hinduism. The tank is a small pond with walls of stone and earth, and looks much like a Nebraska fish pond. It is filled by the rains and is the water supply of the Brahmins, who are the highest caste in India.

As it had not rained since last October, we thought the water must be a little stale by this time. If any besides Brahmins get water here or so much as touch it the water is defiled and has to be purified with various ceremonies, and if so much as our shadow had fallen on the water as they carried it away they would have immediately poured it on the ground and returned for more, and if the water pot was of earthenware and not of brass it would have been dashed to pieces. One would expect that here of all places, with such precautions, pure water could be found, but here comes the distinction between ceremonial cleanliness and real cleanliness among the Hindus.

It was toward sunset this evening when we stood on the bank of the tank and from all directions with their large water pots on their heads the people came for the evening supply of water. The wind was blowing the falling dust of the village into the tank. The women waded knee-deep into the water and while their vessels floated idly on the surface they performed their evening ablutions. They washed their hands and faces and feet; they washed their teeth and squirted the water from their mouths into the tank again; they even washed their clothes in the water, and then after these very commendable acts, without moving from their places they would fill their water pots with the evening supply for drinking and cooking.

To be sure what the water was used for, we asked one woman, and she replied: *Tagulumu*, "We drink it." The water seemed almost as thick as that in the Missouri, and not such choice thickening either, and yet as we stood on the banks and our shadows stretched out over the plain they avoided our shadows as though they had been plague spots, fearing that the water on their heads might be polluted.

From the tank we went to visit a village of the lowest tribe in India. Its members are the aboriginal race, and the missionaries have not been able to get much hold on them yet. They live in miserable little huts, the largest of which was only about six feet square and four feet high. They profess to be fortune tellers, but practice begging and thieving. They were getting their evening meal. One man wearing a suit of clothes about as large as a child's pocket handkerchief, was stirring the food for his family over an open fire, and said his wife was away working. Another came out and stood before his hut with his two wives and numerous children, and seemed to think especial respect due him. I asked him if his wives ever quarreled, and he shook his head mournfully. In Telegu land a shake of the head is affirmative. Their food is rats and snakes and other similar things, with some cheap grain. They also eat carrion. Yet here, as with the Brahmins, if we had touched these charming articles they would not have eaten them. These people are said to have come from one of the higher castes and for this reason the Brahmins will allow one of these filthy, carrion-eating Yanadis, who will never take a bath unless Charon overturns them in the River Styx, to prepare their food, while if our shadow or the shadow of one of the lower castes falls upon it they would starve rather than eat it. Such are some of the features of Hindu consistency.—Standard.

Another Testimony

—TO THE MERITS OF—

GATES' MEDICINE!!

They cured when Hospital Treatment failed.
Black River, January 4, 1902.

Messrs. C. Gates, Son & Co.,
Middleton, N. S.

Dear Sirs.—Not long ago I had a severe sore on my leg, which became so troublesome that I was obliged to go to the hospital at St. John. After remaining some time, however, I left no better, notwithstanding the careful treatment there received. Your agent here, Mr. R. Power, then asked me to try GATES' MEDICINES. I began a course of your Bitters and Syrup to purify my blood, and made external applications of your NERVE OINTMENT and ACADIAN LINIMENT to the sore. When I had used 6 bottles of Syrup, 6 boxes of Ointment and 2 bottles of Liniment the soreness had entirely disappeared from my leg, which was completely healed except a very small spot. I feel very grateful for the wonderful cure thus effected, and I certainly think your medicines "can't be beat."

Yours truly,
JAMES SCRIBNER.

If you wish to have pure blood, which is the basis of good health, try GATES' MEDICINES. Sold everywhere.

Manufactured only by
C. GATES, SON & CO.,
Middleton, N. S.