NOVA SCOTIA NEWS

HALIFAX, June 17.—A circular addressed to the president of the Halifax Board of Trade, from the customs department, Ottawa, was sent round to the leading people in the tea importing business in this city today. It is dated Ottawa, June 15th, and states that a meeting of the board of customs is to be held in Ottawa on June 21st to discuss a question of making new tea standards. The tea merchants of Halifax are asked to send a representative to be present at the meeting, prepared to express his views. Nothing was done about the matter today, and if a representative is to go to Ottawa for Tuesday action will have to be promptly taken.

Thomas A., the three year old son of T. A. Mosher of this city, was scalded so severely yesterday afternoon that he died this morning. Mr. Mosher was scalding meat in a large tub of boiling water back of his shop. He had gone to the shop when he heard a scream. He rushed out and found his child in the tub. He grabbed him, lifted him out and carried him to the house. He had been scalded from the shoulders to his ankles, and the body presented a horrible sight, with its scalded flesh. It appears the child fell backwards in the water, his head and feet resting on the top of the tub, while the body sank in the boiling water. After the accident the child lived twenty-two hours, until 5 o'clock this morning.

A new society was formed today at the suggestion of Mayor Stephen. John F. Stairs was appointed president. It will be called the Public Improvement Association, and its object is to secure more taste in building, better laying out of new streets, and the enforcement of city ordinances regarding streets.

I. C. R. Engineer Mackenzie arrived in the city tonight and consulted with the committee regarding the proposed elevator. B. Russell, M. P., says there will be no further difficulties in the way of Halifax in securing it.

E. T. Moseley, Q. C., of Sydney, C. B., died at one o'clock today of inflammation. The deceased was born in 1846 and was educated in the Free Church Academy and at Dalhousie College. He was admitted a barrister and attorney in 1867, when he removed to Sydney. He was elected to the Nova Scotia legislature from Cape Breton in 1874. In 1879 he was elected speaker of the legislature, which position he held until the defeat of the conservative government in 1882.

John Logan of Pictou, head of the well known Logan tannery at Pictou, died today. His company failed in 1884, with heavy losses. Mr. Logan's life insurance, amounting to one hundred thousand dollars, was assigned to the creditors, who ever since have been paying over $3,000 premium annually. Now they get the big policy.

WESTPORT, N. S., June 16.—Fishing business is fair and herring quite plentiful in deep water. This will prove a great advantage, as bait heretofore had to be obtained from St. John. During the last month the steamer Westport brought 50,000 each trip.

The str. Westport has received a coat of paint, giving her a beautiful appearance.

Sch. J. E. Collins is loading dry fish for Yarmouth.

Capt. Albert Coggins is still very sick.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 19.—The export of canned lobsters from Halifax up to date this year is 40,800 cases. At the corresponding time last year the export was 33,470 cases. Notwithstanding this, good authorities hold that the total pack this season will be short, compared with last year.

The death is announced of William Miller of London, head of the wholesale dry goods firm of Murdoch's Nephews. The head office is in London, with branches in New York and Halifax. Mr. Miller was reputed to be worth ten million dollars. The business was started by the late William Murdoch, uncle of the deceased. Robert Miller, the other member of the firm, survives. It is understood the business will be continued under the present management.

P. E. I. METHODISTS.

CHARLOTTETOWN, June 17.—Charlottetown annual district synod of the Methodist church opened at Lower Montague on Tuesday last, the Rev. G. M. Campbell, chairman, presiding. All the ministers of the district were present except the Rev. W. J. Kirby, who was excused to attend a funeral in Charlottetown. Jacob Heaney was examined as a probationer and passed on to conference. All the ministers were found blameless in life and doctrine; one supernumerary, viz., Rev. D. H. Lodge, was recommended to be continued in that relationship, and a letter of sympathy was ordered to be sent to him in his continued and trying illness.

The afternoon session was attended by seven laymen in addition to the clergy. The finances were very favorable, showing an increase in the missionary fund of over $100 on the year. The educational fund also showed an increase, and the sustentation fund a small decrease. The church property report gave a large increase in value over the last quadrennial reports. There was a decrease of about 70 in membership owing to a more accurate counting of the roll There was also a small decrease in young people's societies. The following were elected on the conference committees:

Stationing committee—Rev. Henry Penna.

Sunday school committee—Rev. W. J. Howard and H. Smith.

Sustentation fund committee—Rev. R. Opie, L. E. Prowse.

Nominating committee—Rev. J. S. Allen, T. Moore.

Missionary committee—L. L. Beer.

Children's fund—Rev. J. W. McConnell.

The laymen elected to attend the conference in Charlottetown are: L. L. Beer, L. E. Prowse, Henry Smith, W. E. Dawson, Col. F. S. Moore, Theo. Moore, all of this city, and William Boyle, Cornwall; John Brundy, Winsloe; S. F. Drake, Pownal; D. Ross, Montague; Peter Music, Vernon River.

Resolutions on the million dollar scheme, the plebiscite, and votes of thanks were also passed. The annual district for 1899 will be held at Little York.

The secretaries of district were Rev. J. A. Ives, A. D. McLeod and Theo. Moore.

The synod adjourned after a very harmonious and successful session to meet in Charlottetown on Tuesday next.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Methodism in Prince Edward Island dates back to 1782. In that year Rev. Wm. Black visited the Island and found one Methodist there, Mr. Benjamin Chappell, whose family has ever since been identified with the church in church and whose grandson, the Rev. Benjamin Chappell, was some years ago pastor of the Queen Square and Portland Street churches in St. John, and is now a missionary of the Methodist Episcopal church in Japan. Mr. Black was treated courteously, but his first visit made no great impression upon the public mind, but he was more successful later on, and visits by himself and others continued to be made until 1807, when the Rev. James Bulpitt was placed in charge of the little flock. Since then the following ministers have been stationed there, with the date of the appointment:

1807—Rev. James Bulpitt.
1815—Rev. John Kick.
1817—Rev. J. B. Strong.
1818—Rev. Wm. Fishpool.
1819—Rev. Robert Alder.
1821—Rev. Stephen Bamford.
1823—Rev. Wm. Burt.
1826—Rev. Henry Pope, Sr.
1828—Rev. Wm. Temple.
1829—Rev. Matthew Richey.
1830—Rev. Wm. Macdonald.
1831—Rev. Stephen Bamford.
1833—Rev. William Dawson.
1834—Rev. J. P. Hetherington.
1836—Rev. Richard Knight.
1839—Rev. William Smith.
1843—Rev. J. B. Strong.
1846—Rev. Wm. Webb.
1847—Rev. Chas. Dewolfe, A. M.
1848—Rev. E. Botterell.
1850—Rev. Fred Smallwood.
1852—Rev. Ephraim Evans, D. D.
1854—Rev. John McMurray.
1857—Rev. Ingham Sutcliffe.
1860—Rev. Henry Daniel.
1862—Rev. John Brewster.
1864—Rev. M. Richey, D. D.
1867—Rev. Henry Pope, Jr.
1870—Rev. G. S. Milligan, A. M.
1871—Rev. Jas. Taylor.
1873—Rev. D. D. Currie.
1876—Rev. John Lathern.
1879—Rev. H. P. Cowperthwaite, A.M.
1882—Rev. J. Burwash, A. M.
1885—Rev. Job Shenton.
1888—Rev. John Read.
1891—Rev. W. W. Brewer.
1894—Rev. G. M. Campbell.

The assistant ministers have been:

1845—Rev. John Prince.
1847—Rev. Wm. McCarty.
1849—Rev. H. Pope, Jr.
1851—Rev. J. R. Narraway, A. M.
1853—Rev. Thos. Gaetz.
1854—Rev. T M. Albrighton.
1858—Rev. Wm. Ryan.
1859—Rev. W. W. Perkins.
1861—Rev. Rich. Pratt.
1862—Rev. W. C. Brown.
1863—Rev. Edwin Evans.
1864—Rev. T. D. Hart.
1864—Rev. H. Sprague, A. B.
1866—Rev. Jabez A. Rogers.
1871—Rev. Robert McArthur.
1873—Rev. Wm. Penna.
1874—Rev. R. S. Crisp.
1876—Rev. Wm. Fielder.
1877—Rev. George Steel.
1879—Rev. G. M. Campbell.
1880—Rev. Wm. Tippett.
1882—Rev. J. W. Wadman.

Powal was set off as a separate circuit in 1855, Little York and Cornwall in 1858, Souris in 1874, and Upper Prince Street, now Grace church, in 1883. The ministers of the latter have been Revs. S. H. Rice, W. H. Harrison, W. W. Brewer, C. W. Hamilton, G. C. P. Palmer and W. J. Kirby. There are now 19 circuits on the Island, with 11 ministers and a membership last year of 3,535, and a Methodist population of about 15,000

The conference that opens on the 21st inst., will be the eighth, the respective dates being 1859-1863, 1869, 1874, 1879, 1887, and 1892, and the presiding officers were the Revs. M. Richey, Chas. Dewolfe, Henry Daniel, J. McMurray, H. Pope, H. McKeown and Job Shenton. The last named is the only one now in active service, Dr. Pope is on the retired list and the others have all passed away.

The conference which opens on the afternoon of the 21st inst. will deal with matters of a purely ministerial character, and will sit with closed doors. The members of the conference are by synods as follows:

St. John synod—Revs. R. W. Weddall, A.B., John Read, Henry Pope, D.D., Job Shenton, George Steel, Wm. Penna, H. J. Clarke, James Crisp, W. B. Tennant, G. W. Fisher, Robert Wilson, Ph.D., C. W. Hamilton, A. Lucas, F. W. H. Pickles, Thomas Pierce, D. B. Bayley, A.B., Thos. Stebbings, Wm. Tweedie, Jas. A. Duke, Edwin Evans, D.D., L. J. Wason, J. S. Gregg, A. D. McCully, B.D.

Fredericton synod—Rev. J. J. Teasdale, G. B. Payson, J. J. Colter, S.T.B., H. T. Marr, A.B., W. W. Brewer, E. C. Turner, Edward Bell, R. W. Clements, Wm. Wass, Joseph Parkins, I. N. Parker, N. McLaughlin.

Woodstock synod—Revs. D. Chapman, D.D., H. Harrison, A.B., W. H. Spargo, E. Slackford, J. F. Estey, A. E. Lepage, George A. Sellar.

Miramichi synod—Revs. G. M. Young, J. A. Clarke, A.M., George Harrison, Frank Frizzle, Wm. Lawson, Chas. H. Manaton, Wm. E. Johnson, A.B., Wm. Harrison, Wm. A. Thompson.

Sackville synod—Revs. Samuel Howard, B.D., F. W. Harrison, C. Stewart, D.D., Chas. H. Paisley, A.M., Ralph Brecken, D.D., Silas James, Edmund Ramsey, W. W. Lodge, R. S. Crisp, John Prince, S. T. Teed, W. C. Matthews, W. B. Thomas, Charles Comben, John B. Gough, Thos. Allen, H. R. Baker, A.M., Joseph Pascoe, J. K. King, J. B. Young.

St. Stephen synod—Revs. Thos. Marshall, S. H. Rice, John C. Berrie, Isaac Howie, M. R. Knight, A.M., B. H. Balderson, A.B., S. A. Bayley.

Charlottetown synod—Revs. G. M. Campbell, D. H. Lodge, G. F. Dawson, M.A., Richard Opie, John S. Allen, A. D. McLeod, W. J. Howard, B.D., J. W. McConnell, B.A., Henry Penna, J. A. Ives, W. J. Kirby.

Summerside synod—Revs. A. C. Bell, S.T.B., G. P. Palmer, Thos. Hicks, F. A. Wightman, Henry Pierce, A.B., W. R. Pepper, John Goldsmith, A. E. Chapman, A.B.

Rev. Joseph Sellar has been transferred to the Nova Scotia conference, and Rev. T. J. Deinstadt to the conference of N. B. and P. E. Island.

CHIGNECTO MARINE RAILWAY.

The Shareholders Are Still Paying Taxes and Have Not Lost All Hope.

The annual general meeting of the Chignecto Marine Transport Railway Company (Limited) was held on June 1st at the offices, Dashwood House, New Broad street, London, Thomas Wood presiding. The chairman stated that they had met to comply with the terms of the act of parliament, which required them to hold their annual meeting on the first Wednesday in June. They had no figures, however, or any other materials to place before the shareholders. All that they could say was that they were keeping the works in an efficient state of repair. They were pretty heavily taxed, and they had to send out money for school board rates and many other expenses. He concluded by proposing the re-election as directors of Thomas Wood, Colonel R. P. Mosley, A. D. Provand, M. P., A. R. Robertson and A. Serena. Colonel Church seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously. The adjourned meeting of bondholders and shareholders was held subsequently. Edward Bond, M. P., stated that it was upon his motion that the former meeting, which was held on the 19th ult., was adjourned until that day. It had been hoped that some information might reach them from Canada in the interval which it would be useful for the bondholders and shareholders to hear, and, as the general meeting of the company was to be held that day, it seemed a convenient opportunity for making any further declarations which might have to be made. Mr. Provand would, he believed, tell them that no further information had been received, and, therefore, he (the speaker) proposed a resolution adjourning the meeting again until further information was received from Canada. He regretted that they could do nothing further that day. Mr. Provand seconded the motion, and repeated that they had received no further information as yet from Canada. They knew, however, from telegrams he had himself received and also from the paragraph which had appeared in the newspapers, that the company's position was being seriously considered at the present time in Canada, and as soon as they received any answer of sufficient definiteness they would call another meeting and submit a statement. The motion was adopted and the proceedings then terminated.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

To the Editor of The Sun:

Sir—Will you kindly give me room for a sentence of explanation about a statement which has come from the general assembly in Montreal, to the effect that I had written that there was need to keep a watchful eye on the aggression of Roman Catholics in the matter of religion in public schools in New Brunswick. I need scarcely say that there is serious misinformation here, unintentional no doubt.

What I did was this: As a member of a standing committee of assembly I forwarded to the convener a statement of the action taken by the Church of England here on the subject of religion in public schools. I sent this as a member of a committee whose duty it is to note in the various provinces and forward information of the views and action of the different religious bodies with a view to securing agreement of opinion and uniformity of procedure.

Yours sincerely,

G. BRUCE.

UNITED STATES ORANGEMEN.

CHICAGO, June 17.—J. C. Hardenburg of Cleveland, Ohio, was elected supreme grand master of the Supreme Grand Orange Lodge of the United States at the close of the annual convention last night. The office of deputy supreme grand master went to F. C. Llyod of Manistee, Mich., and R. W. Johnson of New York was made supreme grand secretary. The annual reports of officers showed the order to have increased materially during the past year, 120 new lodges having been added. The organization now boasts of a membership of two hundred and twenty-five thousand.

CHEESE.

MONTREAL, June 16—Cheese is certainly in a curious position at present, and the conditions on the surface appear of a most contradictory character. On the one hand the cable has been steadily declining, while on the other prices appear to be gradually stiffening at country points. This was the case today, for instance, when the cable declined 6d to 34s 6d, whereas buyers tumbled over one another to get cheese at Brockville, and paid an ½c per pound more than they did last week. The inference to be drawn from this condition of affairs is that speculation and not legitimate demand is responsible for the strength on this side of the water. Business on spot today was quiet, what trading there was being confined solely to eastern makes. Deals that were put through ranged from 6⅝ to 6¾c, and in the case of a strictly gilt edge lot it is possible that even a fraction more might be paid. Most of the cable orders are for those eastern goods, as the limits received do not permit of any trading in western, which are nominal at 7⅝c, and based on today's purchases should be worth even more money tomorrow. Receipts continue exceptionally heavy, amounting to 16,851 packages today. Cheese sold at 7¼c in Brockville today and at 7⅛ to 7¼c in Barrie. Although 7¼ to 7⅜c has been paid in this market for fancy western cheese, it is stated that 7⅜c is the very outside that a few cable limits would admit of being paid. Although at the country boards in Ontario sales have been reported at 7 to 7⅛ and 7¼c, parties here say they are buying at the factories at less money. Finest eastern cheese has sold in this market at 6¾ to 7c, while quite a lot of under grades have changed hands at 6½ to 6¾c.

BURNE-JONES DEAD.

LONDON, June 17.—Sir Edward Cole Y. Burne-Jones, the painter, is dead. He was born in 1833. Some of his principal pictures are The Merciful Knight, The Chat D'Amour, The Days of Creation, King Copheuta, Venus' Mirror, The Enunciation, The Golden Stairs, and Merlin and Vivian. He was knighted in 1894.

NOT HIS MONEY'S WORTH.

(From Judge.)

Ringloski—Poor Grabstein! His was a sad death.

Cohenstein—Ad der theatre, vasn't it?

Ringolski—Yes, und pefore der show vas halluf ofer.

"What is your honest opinion concerning Americans?" inquired the interviewer. "Let me understand," returned the eminent Frenchman. "Are we speaking with references to the Cuban affair or the exposition of 1900?"—Washington Star.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

TROUT FISHING IN WESTERN NOVA SCOTIA.

By F. C. Whitman.

(From Land and Water.)

Down east in Nova Scotia trout fishing can be had from early May to late in September. The first month and the last are the best months to fish. In May a party has the chance of being first in the water. In September the fish are getting ready to spawn and from the first to the twentieth of the month they will be found in the runs between the lakes making their way up-stream, and, if good fortune should lead the fisherman to a spot where a running stream comes into still water or lakes, over a sandy bottom, it will take two men to fish, one to throw the fly and the other to take the fish off the hook. In early May the voracious midge is not prepared for visitors, but later in the month and in June the shade of Isaac Walton would lose blood. However, the druggist in Nova Scotia has a remedy, and its repeated application will spoil the sport of the flies, save appearances, and prevent very bad language.

It is hardly necessary for the tourist to ask for definite information. The fisherman need only look at any country map, select his stream and follow it up. If he is a novice, he will be satisfied with what he gets. If he brings experience, his own good judgment will lead him aright. Only do not depend on lake fishing, strike out for running water.

Through the middle of western Nova Scotia, and running east and west, is the divide between the Bay of Fundy and the Atlantic Ocean, and fifteen miles south of Annapolis town, at Milford, a canoe will be water-borne to the Atlantic at Liverpool. This trip gives over sixty miles straightaway lake and stream fishing and on branches east and west as many more miles.

A few miles east are the headwaters of the Port Medway and next the LaHave, both with quite as extensive fishing as the Liverpool river and larger trout. The headwaters of the Annapolis river and all the streams running into the main river afford good fishing, especially the upper waters of the Nictaux.

In every town in Nova Scotia the month of May causes a trout fever that nothing will alleviate with those who like the sport, but the swish of the flies through the air, that tremble on the water, the click of the reel, and, then, well, you want a frying pan, a sizzle, a smell of cooking trout, and satisfy your palate and the regions below. This will temporarily abate the fever, for a trout out of water and into the pan is worth a thousand that reach the cooking stove. If a tourist to Nova Scotia has a touch of this fever he will find in every town some one to sympathize with him. It is hardly necessary to ask what to bring. A rod and flies, a rubber mackintosh and blankets. Wear heavy flannel underclothing, woollen clothing, and old clothes. With two sets of each and old laced boots to match, getting wet or wading knee deep all day will do no harm if a change to dry things is made at once on returning to camp or hotel in the evening. Other things wanted can be found in Nova Scotia, that is, provisions, boats, canoes, and men to assist or go with you. Professional guides of Adirondack factotums are not always at hand. It is better to take the level of the people as you find them and I speak as a Nova Scotian; if it is not satisfactory it lies at the door of your own bad luck.

The usual length of a fishing trip to Nova Scotia is four to seven days, that is to say, a trip to the woods. Within reach of every town is a day's fishing and one pound trout can be had.

The following are trips in which the writer has participated: Sept. 10th, two hours' fishing, two rods, eight dozen three-fourths to one pound trout. Same time and place following year, three rods, twenty-five dozen. May, 1898, five days' trip, three days' fishing 11 a. m. to 3 p. m., each day, two rods, twenty-five dozen; and as many more trout could have been caught. One-half of these fish were one-pound trout. The largest weighed one and three-fourths pounds.

The trout in western Nova Scotia are not large, going occasionally to three pound fish, but they are gamey. They often jump clear of the water, taking the flies on the down turn to their native element. A one and one-half pound trout taken in heavy running water will give an experienced fisherman all the sport he wants, particularly if it is two at a time. For early spring and September fishing my choice of time of day to fish is 11 a. m. to two p. m. In summer months early in the morning as soon as the mist is off the water, and, resting through mid-day, begin the evening fishing after 4 p. m. Take things easy and enjoy life in the woods. Very good roads run in all directions and carriage hire is not expensive. By road, one can generally get within a mile or two of the fishing ground, out of sight perhaps of civilization, but in a country of clear skies, a land filled with running water and magnificent lakes, an atmosphere that carries with it always a touch of ozone and a smell of the sea. Today what Longfellow said of the Acadians is applicable in its fullest measure, "There the richest was poor and the poorest lived in abundance."

NOW DR. IRVING.

Sir Henry Delivers the Rede Lecture at Cambridge.

LONDON, June 17.—The degree of LL.D. was conferred by Cambridge university on Wednesday upon Sir Henry Irving, who delivered his inaugural address as Rede lecturer at Cambridge, in which office he becomes the successor of John Ruskin, Matthew Arnold, Thomas Huxley and other eminent men of letters. Irving's subject was "The Theatre in Relation to the State." He argued that the theatre, being a means of spreading knowledge, its scope in respect of working upon the human children deserves encouragement by the state and municipalities.

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ONTARIO AND QUEBEC

A Liberal M. P. Gets Dominion Policemen Badly Battered.

Government Sent a Dozen Men to Subdue Five Hundred Strikers.

The Anglican Synod on Divorce—Lord Harris is No Longer Traffic Manager of the I. C. R.

OTTAWA, June 17.—The deputy postmaster general has about completed arrangements for decentralising the dead letter branch at Ottawa. The staff have been arranged for Ottawa, Toronto, Halifax, Montreal, Winnipeg and Victoria.

Of the three seats vacated Mr. Yoe, M. P., will get one in Prince Edward Island shortly, leaving a vacancy in Manitoba, caused by Mr. Sutherland's absence of two sessions, and one in Ontario, to be struggled for.

Hon. Mr. Blair has promised the railway employees' representatives to write General Manager Hayes not to put the new rules in force on the Grand Trunk till he returns from England. Hon. Mr. Blair left this afternoon.

Robert Cassells, registerar of the supreme court, died today.

MONTREAL, June 17.—Wm. Wainwright, assistant general manager of the Grank Trunk, speaking to your representative this morning, emphatically denied the report published that he was to be appointed to a responsible position on the Intercolonial. He stated that he was not in the field as a candidate for any position, and added that twenty-four years ago he was offered the position of general manager of the Intercolonial at Moncton, but he decided to remain with the Grand Trunk at that time, and certainly had no more intention now of asuming any government position than he had at that time. There is considerable, though suppressed, excitement in railway circles here as to the coming changes on the Intercolonial. It is impossible to get any of the Intercolonial men to express themselves as to the possible moves, but it is ascertained that all changes have been decided on and that the whole matter is in the hands of General Manager Pottinger, who has instructions as to what changes to make, and it is only remaining for him to promulgate them. Mr. Pottinger will arrive in Montreal this evening, no one knowing who may be the victims, hence the excitement.

J. G. Carter Troop, M. A., a graduate of Trinity University, Toronto, has been appointed lecturer in English literature at Chicago University. The appointment takes effect on July 1st next. Mr. Troop is a native of Nova Scotia, is well known in Halifax and St. John, where he resided some time ago. He is a brother of Rev. G. Osborne Troop, the well known Anglican clergyman of this city, and who was for many years stationed at St. John, N. B. Mr. Troop was at one time editor of the Toronto week, and has recently been connected with the editorial staff of the Montreal Star. He has travelled extensively.

When the C. P. R. opened their Australian steamship service Mr. Troop was commissioned by the company to "write it up," and was commissioned by the dominion government to report on the possibilities of trade between these colonies and Canada, and his literary work has been most favorably commented upon.

OTTAWA, June 19.—A squad of twelve dominion policemen returned from Rockland, twenty-five miles down the Ottawa river, last night, badly battered in a conflict with five hundred striking mill men. These are employes of Mr. Edward's, M. P. for Russell, who through influence with the government had the dominion policemen quiet the disturbance. The force could do nothing, however, against such odds, and left the strikers in charge of the mill premises. They had petitioned for fewer hours than eleven per day and were refused. Probably the militia will be called out.

TORONTO, June 19.—The Anglican synod yesterday passed a resolution condemning the marriage of divorced persons, and requesting the provincial synod to make a declaration on the subject.

MONTREAL, June 18.—The long expected crisis in the Intercolonial railway office in this city has arrived, and it can be stated with every degree of safety, without official authorization that A. H. Harris is no longer the general traffic manager of the road. Mr. Pottinger arrived from the east last night and had a conference with the local officials, which is said to have been somewhat lively in character, but nothing official can be obtained from any of the parties concerned today more than the fact that the departure of Mr. Harris, which has been anticipated for weeks, is now a settled fact.

Hon. Mr. Blair left for England this morning by the Parisian, and before sailing he left in the hands of Mr. Pottinger all the instructions covering the matter of the re-arrangement of the affairs of the road so far as Montreal is concerned. It is understood these will not be made public until Mr. Pottinger returns from Ottawa, for which place he left this morning at 10.30 by the Canada Atlantic. He is expected back on Monday or Tuesday.

There is a great deal of relief in local Intercolonial circles over what has transpired since Mr. Pottinger made known to them what the anticipated changes should amount to.

WHEAT IN SIGHT.

The wheat in sight, with comparisons, is as follows:

	June 13, 1898.	June 6, 1898.	June 14, 1897.
Visible supply U. S and Can.	19,632,000	22,587,000	22,686,000
On passage to U K	22,880,000	22,960,000	9,760,000
On passage to continent	23,280,000	23,920,000	7,680,000
Tl. in sight	65,792,000	69,467,000	40,126,000

Mrs. Murphy—Me daughter Julia is comin' out next season. Mrs. O'Domnell—Shure, Oi didn't know she wuz in jail. Whot wuz she sent up fur?

It is not our failures that ruin us, but our fear and tardiness in making new beginnings after failure.

Goton (to his wife)—Don't look out of the window so much, my dear. People who travel in first-class railway carriages are supposed to have seen everything already.

Tomkins—Hallo, Gibbs, how's your wife? Gibbs (a little deaf)—Yes. Very blustering and disagreeable this morning.

THE GREATEST Horse Remedy IN THE WORLD.

Every Horseman should try "Tuttle's Elixir."

Not simply guaranteed to cure in the advertisement, but backed up by a standing offer of $100 Reward for every failure. If it won't cure your horse of Colic, Curbs, Splints, Contracted and Knotted Cords, Shoe Boils when first started, and Gallons of all kinds, you will receive the above reward. Used and endorsed by Adams Express Co. Sample free for three 2-cent stamps to pay postage.

$5,000 Reward to the person who can prove this Testimonial bogus.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 8th, 1897.

Dr. S. A. Tuttle.

Dear Sir—I have much pleasure in recommending your Horse Elixir to all interested in horses. I have used it for several years and have found it to be all it is represented. I have used it on my running horses and also on my trotting Stallion "Special Blend," with the desired effect. It is undoubtedly a first-class article.

I remain, yours respectfully,
E. LEROI WILLIS,
Prop. Hotel Dufferin.

Puddington & Merritt, St John N. B.,
General Agents for Canada and the Provinces for Tuttle's Elixir and Veterinary Remedies.
55 CHARLOTTE STREET.

EQUITY SALE

THERE WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, at Chubb's Corner (so called), in the City of Saint John, and Province of New Brunswick, on FRIDAY, the NINETEENTH DAY OF AUGUST NEXT, at Eleven o'clock in the Forenoon, pursuant to the directions of a certain Decretal Order of the Supreme Court in Equity, made on the Twenty-seventh day of May, A. D. 1898, in a certain cause therein pending, wherein Charles Fawcett is Plaintiff and Mary Ellen Miller, James H. Miller, Junior, Margaret Osborn, Matilda Miller, John Miller, George Miller, Annie Miller, Josephine Miller and William B. Wallace are Defendants, with the approbation of the undersigned Referee, the mortgaged premises described in the Plaintiff's Bill and said Decretal Order, as follows:

"All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land and premises in the conveyance thereof from John Pettingell and wife to James Miller, duly registered in the office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for the City and County of Saint John aforesaid, in Book U, number (5) five of Records, pages 107, and described as situate lying and being in the said City of Saint John, at the corner of Germain street and Britain street in said City, known and distinguished on the map or plan of the said City of Saint John by the number twelve hundred and thirty-six (1236), having a frontage of one hundred feet on the west side of Germain street and forty feet on the north side of Brittain street aforesaid, and forming a parallelogram of one hundred feet by forty feet, be the same more or less," with the erections and improvements thereon, and the rights, members, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof, and of every part thereof, and also all the estate, right, title, interest, dower, right of dower, possession, property claim and demand at law or Equity of the said defendants or any of them, in to or out of the said lands or premises, and every part thereof.

For terms of sale and other particulars apply to Arthur C. Fairweather, Esquire, Plaintiff's Solicitor, Saint John, N. B.

Dated the Seventh day of June, A. D. 1898.

DANIEL MULLIN,
Referee in Equity.

ARTHUR C. FAIRWEATHER,
Plaintiff's Solicitor.

W. ALBERT LOCKHART, Auctioneer.