

THE
ST. ANDREWS STANDARD.
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
AT SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK BY
GEO. N. SMITH.

TERMS.
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ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Each repetition of do. 1s
First insertion of all over 12 lines 3d per line,
Each repetition over 12 lines 1d per line
Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

From the Royal Gazette, Sept. 27.



BY AUTHORITY.

Rules and regulations to be observed by persons
desirous of purchasing Crown Lands
or Timber.

All application to be made by petition, ad-
dressed to his Excellency the Lieutenant Go-
vernor, in the annexed forms.

Land Petition from A.
Timber do. do. B.
Land Petition (not for settlement) C; and
which are to be filled in the Crown Land
Office.

The Commissioner of Crown Lands will
prepare lists for all such Petitions received
by him, on or before the 24th of every month,
or oftener if necessary, to be laid before the
Lieutenant Governor in Council, on the first
day of every month, (not being Sunday), and
the answers to the same, are to be published
in the first Royal Gazette after the Petitions
have been decided on.

Any Petitions presented after the 24th of
any month will not be inserted in the list,
for the first following Council, but must lay
over till the second Council.

The whole amount of duty on Timber and
Lumber, and of purchase money, must be
paid within thirty days after the answer shall
have been published in the Gazette, with
the exception of Squatters who purchase by
instalments; in which cases, the first instal-
ment must be paid within the same period af-
ter the answer shall have been published.

All applications which may be complied
with, will be forfeited if the payments are
not made within the time required.

Land Petition A. for land for immediate set-
tlement.

To His Excellency Major General Sir John
Harvey, K. C. H. and C. B., Lieutenant
Governor and Commander in Chief of the
Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.
The Petition of
of the Parish of
in the County of
humbly sheweth,

That he is a British subject, born in
and does not own any land,
that he wishes to obtain by purchase a tract
of land for immediate settlement, contain-
ing
acres, and situate as follows:

The said land is at present in a wilderness
state, no improvements having been made
thereon (or as the case may be), and he re-
quests that he may be allowed to purchase it
at
per acre, payable
and if so allowed, he is prepared to, and will
sell to himself upon, and improve the same
forthwith, and confirm in all respects with
the regulations for granting of land.

And as in duty bound will ever pray.

Timber Petition B.

To His Excellency Major General Sir John
Harvey, K. C. H. and C. B., Lieutenant
Governor and Commander in Chief of the
Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.
The Petition of
of the Parish of
in the County of
humbly sheweth,

That he is a British subject, and prays for
a license to cut and carry away
from vacant Crown lands situate as follows:

The mark he intends using to distinguish
the timber now applied for is
and he pledges himself to conform to the re-
gulations to be observed by Persons obtaining
license for Timber or Lumber.

And as in duty bound will ever pray.

Land Petition C. (not for immediate settle-
ment.)

To His Excellency Major General Sir John
Harvey, K. C. H. and C. B., Lieutenant
Governor and Commander in Chief of the
Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.
The Petition of
humbly sheweth
That he is a British subject, and that he
is desirous of purchasing
acres
of land, situate as follows:

All applications from squatters must con-
tain a full statement of the improvements
they have made, the time they have been lo-
cated on the land applied for, and the other
circumstances upon which they found their
claim, and such applications must be verified
by the affidavit of the party applying, accom-
panied by a certificate from some neighbour-
ing Justice of the Peace, or other person of
respectability.

Crown Lands Office, Sept. 27, 1837.

The undermentioned tracts of Crown Land
will be offered at Public Auction at this of-
fice, on Monday the 6th of November, at 11
o'clock in the forenoon.

Lot 15, first tier, Dipper Harbour, County
of Charlotte, 100 acres. Upset price, 3s per
acre.

SAINT ANDREWS STANDARD, NEW-BRUNSWICK.

Volume 4.

SAINT ANDREWS, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1837.

Number 41.

MONTHLY ALMANAC									
1837.	First week	Second week	Third week	Fourth week	1838.	First week	Second week	Third week	Fourth week
Sunday	1	8	15	22	1	8	15	22	29
Monday	2	9	16	23	2	9	16	23	30
Tuesday	3	10	17	24	3	10	17	24	31
Wednesday	4	11	18	25	4	11	18	25	
Thursday	5	12	19	26	5	12	19	26	
Friday	6	13	20	27	6	13	20	27	
Saturday	7	14	21	28	7	14	21	28	
MOON'S PHASES									
SUN	MOON	High Water	MOON'S		SUN	MOON	High Water	MOON'S	
R & S	R & S	R & S	PHASES		R & S	R & S	R & S	PHASES	
2	5 21 7	7 43	0 10	New	2	5 21 7	7 43	0 10	New
3	5 28 7	9 14	2 40	First 7	3	5 28 7	9 14	2 40	First 7
4	5 33 7	10 00	7 10	Full 14	4	5 33 7	10 00	7 10	Full 14
5	5 37 7	10 55	11 15	Last 21	5	5 37 7	10 55	11 15	Last 21
6	5 42 7	11 48	5 11	New 28	6	5 42 7	11 48	5 11	New 28
7	5 47 7	12 39	11 80	Old 4	7	5 47 7	12 39	11 80	Old 4
8	5 52 7	1 29	11 80	Old 11	8	5 52 7	1 29	11 80	Old 11
9	5 57 7	2 19	11 80	Old 18	9	5 57 7	2 19	11 80	Old 18

BRITISH NEWS.

ARRIVAL IN ENGLAND OF THE KING AND
QUEEN OF THE BELGIANS.—On Tuesday last
their majesties, the King and Queen of the
Belgians, landed at Ramsgate, for the pur-
pose of paying a visit to her majesty, Queen
Victoria. Great preparations were made at
Ramsgate for the due reception of the royal
pair. Outside the harbor was stationed Mr.
Beaumont's beautiful schooner Wanderer, as
also Sir William Curtis's yacht Phantom be-
decked in a most tasteful manner with flags;
the harbor was also thickly spread with plea-
sure boats. The afternoon was most beau-
tiful, and the scene was altogether pictures-
que. Upon the pier was her royal highness
the Princess Sophia Matilda, the Duke of Wel-
lington, Gen. Sir George Nugent, Lord Lil-
lington, Gen. Sir William Curtis, Bart., Sir Henry
Seton, His Exc'y. the Belgian Ambassador
Lady Curtis and family, and the Lady Mayo-
ress. His Grace the Duke of Wellington
looked uncommonly well, and seemed much
pleased with the scene around. At five o'clock
the vessel containing their majesties and the
suite came in sight, and by 1-2 past she lay
alongside the pier. Double royal salutes from
the two yachts before named, saluted their
majesties, and also from the heights and town
amidst enthusiastic plaudits. The royal pair
landed, and were received by her royal high-
ness the Princess Sophia Matilda, the Duke
of Wellington, Lord Lilford, and Sir William
Curtis. The Queen looked exceedingly well,
and was attired in a particularly neat and
elegant dress. His majesty did not appear
very well. He is not a good sailor, and
the voyage might have been the cause. The
pier was literally thronged with spectators,
all anxious to obtain a view as the royal car-
riage passed on, in an open carriage, to the
Albion Hotel. An address was presented to
King Leopold, on behalf of the inhabitants of
Ramsgate, by Sir William Curtis, congrat-
ulating him on his arrival in England, with his
royal consort. His majesty said in reply—
"It is now 14 years ago since I visited Ram-
sgate to see my niece, who is now Queen of
England, and my sister the Duchess of Kent.
Gentlemen, I thank you for the very kind
reception which the Queen and myself have
this day received from you all." Their ma-
jesties dined at the Albion Hotel in compa-
ny with her royal highness the Princess So-
phia Matilda, the Duke of Wellington, Sir
William Curtis, and Lord Lilford, after which
they proceeded to Windsor.

FRANCHISE OF DEPUTIES.—The Cham-
ber of Deputies is composed of 459 deputies
elected by 459 electoral colleges, each electing
one deputy. Those colleges are composed of
the King, and in that town, in the electoral ar-
rondissement which he shall appoint, no discus-
sion is allowed. The college elects its president
and examiners, and the election commences.
A list of the electors being fixed up in the place
of the election, the president calls on the elect-
ors by name, and each receives from him a
piece of paper opened; on this piece of paper he
writes the name of the candidate he prefers,
folds it up, and gives it back to the president,
who puts it in a box placed by him for that
purpose. The boxes remain open for six hours,
and is closed at three o'clock in the evening;
when its contents are immediately examined.—
First the number of papers is compared with the
number of persons who have voted. Second,
number of papers is compared with the number
of the president, who calls out the name in-
scribed on it. The result is then made public
and the paper burnt. A deputy to be elected im-
mediately, must unite one-third of the total
number of votes inscribed in the college, and
one half of the votes taken in the place. If
the result, the bureau declares the two
candidates who have got the most votes, and the
one can then compete with them; the one
who on the next trial has the bare majority is
elected. A college is open for ten days; and eve-
ry matter of dispute that occurs is taken down
and submitted afterwards for decision to the
Chamber of Deputies.

THE SMUGGLER.—A few days since, at
Barriere de Nuely, near Paris, a very smart
dashing, handsome young lady attracted the
attention of all passengers, and of the exercise
officers, in particular, by the freedom of her
movements and the too decided elegance of her
shape. She was not attended by a serv-
ant, a circumstance rather remarkable for a
person of her apparent station, and she
strutted through the gates with an air of im-
portance, which did not fail to make a
due impression on the hearts and eyes of all
beholders. One of the officers, whose
duty has placed him beyond tender feelings
but who is extremely sensitive in matters of
business, a cunning old fox of a man of his time,
took it into his head to fancy all was not right,
and he made no scruple of running after the
young lady, and requesting she would return
to the Barriere. Mademoiselle was quite in-
dignant on the occasion, and positively refus-
ed to submit to such an insult. The officer
was equally determined that she should be
searched—and after a brief altercation, he
cut the matter short by beckoning to one of
his subalterns, by whom the enraged belle
was gently assisted to the interior of his office.
There she was presented to two women, whose
duty it is upon similar occasions to make the
most rigid examination of the person; by whom

notwithstanding the most bitter remonstrances,
she was conveyed to an inner room and
made subject to the usual process. This
proceeding is conducted in a very summary
manner. Delicacy is out of the question;
and where any strong case of suspicion was
excited, the whole of the garments are remov-
ed at once and the person exposed nearly in
a state of nature. So at least it is said; and
so it would appear that the researches in
question were conducted. Suddenly a pier-
cing cry is heard in the room where the ex-
amination is going on. The two women are
heard exclaiming in a furious manner. The
officers rush to the apartment, and there they
find the searchers clapping their hands, and
screaming in concert, while the young lady,
suddenly changed into a young man, stands
in the middle of the room with the same sim-
plicity of costume as Adam was in the garden
of Eden, with all the false pieces of female
form with which he had been fitted up lying
near him on the floor. The officers burst
into a roar of laughter, while the woman
rush out of the room, the young man calling
after them to finish the examination. The of-
ficers, however took that duty upon them-
selves, and one of them proceeded to search
among the scattered fragments of female at-
tire for evidence against the prisoner. His
investigation was soon rewarded, for it was
seen that the false bosom and hips of the
belle were made hollow, of Indian Rubber
cloth, and filled with spirits of wine. The
whole apparatus was worthy in form of the
Venus de Medicis. So admirable and grace-
ful an embossment would be the admiration
of the Tuilleries. The young man owned
that he had for some time carried on a pros-
perous trade—one day dressed as a peasant
girl, another as the daughter of a tradesman.
His vanity had prompted him this day to es-
say the role of a fine lady, and the deplorable
that so beneficial a commerce should be mar-
ried by his indiscretion.

POETRY.

COFFEE.
Fill the bowl—but not with wine,
Potent port, or fiery sherry;
For this milder cup of mine
Crush me Yemen's fragrant berry—
Ellen! Sally! Kate! & Sabina!
Jane! Lisette!—a string of pearls—
Gaily quaff your brimming chins,
Here's a toast—ya-hup, my girls,
"Heart-strings that will cure entwine"
Fill the bowl, but not with wine.

Fill the bowl—but not with wine;
Tipple—Cain muse or Teian
Never dreamed—be mine and thine;
Soft Pique—the juice of Catharine.
Gentle is the grape's deep cheer,
But the wine's wayward child;
Nectar this of meekest lustre—
This the cup that "draws me mild."
Deeply drink its stress me divine—
Fill the cup, but not with wine.

A Peerage against the consent of Minis-
ters has it is strongly remoured, been forced
upon them by the Queen. Her Majesty, it
is well known, is most affectionately at-
tached to Lady C. Jenkinson, and wished very
much to have her about her person; but as
Lady C. Jenkinson happened to be the Con-
servative daughter of the conservative Earl
of Liverpool, Her Majesty was told that she
could not have her; and the excuse was that
she was not of sufficient rank for the intend-
ed situation. The consequence is that it is
said to be Her Majesty's intention to create
Lady C. Jenkinson Baroness Hawkesbury.
This will be singularly gratifying to Her
Majesty and her noble father who has no
doubt to inherit his titles. By the way, Min-
isters must make haste with their peerages,
or they will be kicked out before they have
time to create any.

THE PHYSICIAN IN BLACKWOOD'S MAGA-
ZINE.—We believe that the author of those
interesting and powerful definitions in
Blackwood's Magazine—the Diary of a late
Physician—is Mr. Samuel Warren, an En-
glish Barrister, who spent some time in the
study of medicine, which he abandoned for
his present profession. Mr. Warren is the
son of the Methodist Clergyman who headed
the schism in the Wesleyan body a year or
two ago. The last chapter of the Diary,
which has throughout created the strongest
interest, and has been published separately,
appeared in Blackwood last month, with the
signature of S. W.

PROVINCIAL.

From the Saint John Courier.
We sometime since published the Petition
of the Chamber of Commerce to the Com-
missioners of His Majesty's Customs in Lou-
don, praying that Coasting Licences should
be issued to the small craft trading between
Ports of Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick,
Post of the Bay of Fundy. The latter
part of the petition we hear, has not been
complied with, nor, we have understood, were
the Chamber of Commerce sanguine that

such would at present be granted—but that
part of the request connected with the trade
between Ports of the Province, has been yield-
ed in the most ample manner, and Trans-
fers, and Cargo Books, are now issued to
all Coasters.—When we consider the Bay of
Fundy, and the growing coasting trade of the
Province, we look on this as one of the most
important and best changes which has hap-
pened for many years, and believe vast ad-
vantages will flow from it, not only to the
coasting and general trade, but also to the
Customs and to the Merchants. It is now
unnecessary for coasters to enter or clear at
the Customs, and the time which must in
this way, and in procuring certificates, be
saved to them, as also in preventing the de-
lay of their departure and discharging car-
goes every voyage till after entering or clear-
ing (even where our excessive tides only al-
low charges to be discharged, or vessels to
sail, at hours prior to such entry or clear-
ance) must be very great.

If we shall suppose only two hundred coas-
ters, (about three hundred is the number), to
be employed in the various trades between
all the New Brunswick ports in the Bay of
Fundy, and also that they save, on an av-
erage, only one day in six by this change,
(coasters say 1 in 4) still we have 200 craft
at, say 50s. each per day, which multiplied
by 45 days in each trading year of 9 months
gives \$22,500; though our opinion is that
the annual gain will be more extensive than
those figures denote,—besides the advantages
which must accrue from greater habits of in-
dustry being promoted, than ever were en-
gendered by the slothful and discouraging
system thus put an end to—we hope forever.

We think the opinion of the Mercantile
men of the Province is, that no part of the
Custom House duties have been more kindly
permeated, thus that towards coasters, espe-
cially when the ignorance of many of the
Masters, the great difficulties in regard to
tides, and the many short voyages are con-
sidered—and we rejoice that the interests of
the Province are thus likely to be promoted
while both the Customs and the Coasters
will be relieved from much and very unneces-
sary loss of time, and from great vexation
and trouble.

The Coasting Licences granted by the
Government to the small vessels of the United
States, have done more to encourage their
mercantile marine, than any other circum-
stance connected with their trade—for, as
a matter of course, whatever promotes the
cheapness of coasting freights, immediately
acts on foreign commerce by enabling the
export cargoes to be invoiced at cheaper
rates, and we doubt not, that the good effects
of this measure will be immediately felt here
and also that the numbers of our coasters will
be found to increase in no ordinary measure.

It were unjust from what we have heard
not to observe, how much is due to the Pro-
vincial Agent, Mr. Bliss, for his exertions in
forwarding the views of the Chamber of
Commerce in this matter.

THE NEW HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

County of York—Wilmot, Allen, Taylor
and Fisher.

St. John—Partelow, Simonds, Wilmot and
Jordan.

Charlotte—Wyer, Hill, Brown, & Thom-
son.

Westmorland—Palmer, Crane, Hanning-
ton and Wilson.

Northumberland—Rankin and Street.

Sunbury—Hayward & H. Partelow.

Kings—Freeze & N. Leod.

Queens—Johnston and Gilbert.

Kent—Weldon and M'Almon.

Gloucester—East and Stewart.

Carlton—Connell and Beardsley.

City of St. John—Barlow & Woodward.

Scrutines are demanded against the re-
turns of Kent, Charlotte, and Sunbury Coun-
ties.

We understand that GEORGE ROBERTS,
Esquire, Master of the Grammar School at
Gagetown, has been unanimously elected, by
the College Council, Head Master of the Col-
legiate Grammar School at Fredericton.

In the room of the late principal, the Rev. Geo.
COWELL, who has been appointed Chaplain
to Her Majesty's Forces at Quebec.

Mr. Roberts was proposed by His Excellency
THE CHANCELLOR, in a speech highly flatter-
ing and gratifying to the candidate; and
although some of the Members of the Coun-
cil entertained prepossessions towards other
individuals, on the score of personal friend-
ship, yet they nobly sacrificed all private feel-
ing to a laudable sense of public duty, by
unanimously agreeing to possess the great
esteem of their support. Such disinter-
ested actions in public officers are entitled
to public esteem; and if our collegiate and
other provincial institutions are always thus
managed with a single eye to the public good,
they cannot fail of popularity and usefulness,
and may bid defiance to the clamours of the
ignorant and narrow minded.—Observer.

KING'S COLLEGE, FREDERICTON
October 7, 1837.

At a meeting of the Collegiate Council this
day held, Dr. James Robb was appointed

Lecturer in Chemistry and Natural History;
and Mr. George Roberts, Senior Master of
the Collegiate School.

The Lecturer in Chemistry and Natural
History, will give three courses of Lectures
in the Academic year, commencing on the
first Tuesday in Michaelmas, Lent and Es-
ter Terms, respectively.

These Lectures will be delivered every
day in the week during Term, except Sun-
day and Monday; and will be regularly at-
tended by the Students of the College, to
whom an annual fee of one Pound will be
charged for the same.

The Lectures on Tuesday, Thursday and
Saturday will also be open to any person,
not on the Matriculation of the University, who
shall deposit in the hands of the Registrar a
fee of one Pound before the commencement
of each Term.

The Lectures for the present Term will
commence as soon as the necessary arrange-
ments can be made for the purpose, and a
complete Syllabus of the entire Collegiate
Course will be published before the begin-
ning of the next Term.

COUNTY OF KENT.—On Wednesday last
the Poll finally closed in the County of Kent
on which the numbers stood as follows:

Weldon	622
M'Almon	392
Layton	841

Majority for Mr. M'Almon over Mr. Layton
fifty one.

Mr. Layton, accompanied by several Free-
holders, then objected to the return for the
reasons stated in the following Protest.

I protest against the return of Mr. M'Al-
mon, on the following grounds, viz:

1st. That the Electors have not been per-
mitted to act with freedom, but have been
subjected to oppression from the threats of
several individuals, to whom they were in-
debted, or from whom they had expectations.

2nd. That bribery and pecuniary influence
used by persons desirous of securing the
election of Mr. M'Almon, to prevent electors
from voting for me, and to cause them to
vote for Mr. M'Almon, against their previ-
ously expressed wishes.

3rd. That a very large number of votes
polled during this election for Mr. M'Almon
are not legally qualified; and

Lastly: That a great number of persons
were brought to poll for Mr. M'Almon on
the first day of the election, in a state of in-
toxication, unable to recollect the names of the
Candidates until they were whispered in their
ears, by the friends of Mr. M'Almon.

I therefore demand of the Sheriff a scruti-
ny of the votes polled for David M'Almon Esq.
W. J. LAYTON.

Court House, Richibucto, Sept. 27, 1837.

We, the undersigned, Freeholders of the
County of Kent, do hereby demand a scruti-
ny of the votes polled for David M'Almon, Esq.

Jacob Kollock,
Peter M'Phelim,
George Brooks,
Francis M'Phelim,
Dominique Robicheaux,
Peter Hebert.

Court House, Richibucto, Sept. 27, 1837.

Whereupon the Sheriff stated his inability
to enter upon a scrutiny, and to conduct it to
a conclusion before the time would expire for
the return of the writ, but declared John W.
Weldon and David M'Almon, Esquires, duly
returned, subject to any future decision of
the House of Assembly.

JOHN YOUNG, Esq.—Our Obituary list of
this week contains the death of his highly in-
telligent individual. For about five minutes
his constitution has been giving way under
a disease of the intestines—he died at his re-
sidence of Willow-park on Friday evening
and his remains were followed to the tomb
on Tuesday by a numerous concourse of re-
spectable citizens. For about twenty years
Mr. Young has stood conspicuously before
this country as a public man, and we believe
his death will be very generally felt as a
public loss. Indeed he has left few men
behind him, combining so much varied and
valuable information, with the same power to
impart it either orally or through the press.

Under the anonymous signature of, Agricola,
he succeeded in arousing attention to the
dormant condition of our agriculture in 1818
toward the close of which year the Central
Board of Lord Baltimore, to whom was de-
voted the Volume of letters revised and
published in 1822. In 1825 Mr. Young was
returned to the Provincial Parliament, as Re-
presentative for the County of Sydney, and
has since taken a prominent share in the
business of that Assembly. This is not the
place nor the occasion for elaborate criticism
of his course as a Legislator—for nice bal-
ancings of praise and censure. We feel
that a fine intellect has gone down into the
tomb—that an acute and powerful writer—
logical and eloquent speaker, is lost to our
country where, as yet talent is not very abun-
dant and the general mind of which the deceased
did much to arouse and enlighten, and we
cannot shake off the feelings of sorrow and
regret occasioned by his loss.—Observer.