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VOL. 2. NO. 135.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1902.

ONE CENT.

RAT TRAPS.



The Sure Catch Traps

Do what their name implies—catch the rat or mouse every time. They cannot get away from it.

Sure Catch Rat Traps, 10c. Each.
" Mouse " 5c. "

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited.

THE KNIFE USED FREELY

In the prices of Boys' Clothing.

- Boys' Vestee Suits, formerly \$4.50, 4.75 and 5.00. all reduced to **\$3.75**
- Boys' Vestee Suits, formerly \$3.50, 3.75 and 4.00. all reduced to **\$3.00**
- Boys' Vestee Suits, formerly \$2.50, 2.75 and 3.00. all reduced to **\$2.00**

All lines of Boys' and Men's Clothing reduced accordingly. Store open evenings till 8 o'clock.

J. N. HARVEY, 199 UNION STREET, Opera House Block.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE OF CHINA TEA SETS.

1 Tea Set at \$18.00 reduced to \$7.00	1 Tea Set at \$7.50 reduced to \$4.00
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W. H. HAYWARD, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93 PRINCESS STREET.

Birch and Ash Pungs,

Also a few second-hand Sleighs cheap

JAMES A. KELLY'S, 640 to 644 Main Street, North End.

HAVE YOU

A House For Sale

Or To Let?

Advertise it in

THE STAR.

STEAMSHIP SERVICE.

It is announced that the Leyland and Dominion lines have come to an agreement by which the Dominion line will operate a freight and passenger service from Montreal while the Leyland line will sail a similar service from Quebec. The Dominion line will withdraw its passenger ships from Portland during the summer and run a weekly freight service to Liverpool from here all the year round. The Leyland line it is anticipated will put on a passenger service from Portland as well as freight ships. All of the details of this plan have not yet been announced but the above is said to be substantially the agreement which has been arrived at.

TORONTO, Feb. 13.—Mrs. Cohen of Philadelphia was arrested last night, charged with assisting her husband to defraud wholesale firm out of \$20,000, proceeds of goods supplied his store. When searched today, \$2,000 in U. S. bills were found in her stocking, and \$400 in diamonds concealed in her skirt.

C. B. Laechler, manager of the International assembly line at Boston, and for years local agent in St. John, was in the city yesterday. He was warmly welcomed by a host of friends.

NEW MEXICO

To Be Rid of a Band of Bandits and Murderers.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 14.—Pursuant to instructions from Governor Otero of New Mexico, the sheriffs of Cuadalupe, Union, Lincoln and Chaves counties are organizing posses of picked men to hunt down the members of the Juan Buggrave band of bandits which recently terrorized that region. This means that a war of extermination will be waged against the outlaws and exciting times are expected in that part of New Mexico to which the outlaws have retreated. They are said to be in the fastnesses of the wild Capitan mountains. The governor addressed a strong letter to the officers of the four companies mentioned, urging them to "end the reign of terror" in the isolated settlements of eastern New Mexico, caused by the murdering and pillaging outlaws, and promising them that he will recommend to the next legislature that rewards be given those who are instrumental in capturing and convicting the brigands.

AMERICAN WOMEN

Recognise the Power of the Press in Aiding Their Work.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Before the National American Woman Suffrage association met today the delegates gathered in informal conference for the purpose of discussing press work. Mrs. Eltona M. Babcock, president. She announced that as different portions of the United States needed different remedies and as the south was "a fertile field," the time would be allotted to hearing delegates from the southern states.

Mrs. Young of South Carolina said that she found newspaper work the greatest factor in the dissemination of equal rights ideas. As a member of her state press association she declared she had never had any opposition in the association, on account of being a woman editor, except from one man who had insisted that it would ruin any press association to have woman members.

Mrs. Funk of Maryland said her experience had been that when articles were properly prepared the newspapers accepted them.

A suggestion from Mrs. De Merritt of Maine was favorably received. Her idea was to have the newspapers adopt a "woman's column," devoted to woman suffrage.

CANT AFFORD THE EXPENSE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Liberty's torch is to be put out. The lofty light in the hand of the bronze goddess standing on Bedloe Island, in upper New York bay, that has been allowed to grow steadily dimmer since Bartholdi gave the magnificent statue to the United States, is to be permanently extinguished. Sentiment, it is said, which has kept the beacon burning all these years, can no longer keep it alight, and now the government will snuff it for all time.

News of the contemplated extinguishment of the torch has been received here in the form of a notice to mariners, sent out by the lighthouse board of the treasury department at Washington. It is said that on or about March 1, 1902, the light will be discontinued.

Lack of congressional appropriation is said to be the cause for discontinuing the light.

SMUGGLING CHINESE.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wn., Feb. 14.—The smuggling of Chinese from British Columbia continues and a number have been recently landed on the numerous islands between here and the British possessions. The approach of the fishing season has caused a revival of Chinese smuggling, and according to reports received here, they are being brought over in sloops, sailing from the British side at night, and if the sloops fail to reach their destination before daylight they run into some cove where they remain until dark, when they continue to their destination. The revenue cutter Grant has sailed for the purpose of assisting the two revenue launches, Scout and Guard, to stop the smuggling of Chinese.

FATAL STREET FIGHT.

RICHMOND, Ky., Feb. 14.—A sensational battle occurred in the streets here between Jim Estill, Leslie Estill and Shelton Chambers, as the result of which Leslie Estill and Chambers will probably die. Chambers was twice wounded in the body. Leslie Estill received three of the bullets from Chambers' revolver, and Jim Estill came out of the fight without a scratch. The men were drinking and quarrelled about a trivial matter. Revolvers were drawn and fifteen shots were fired in the fusillade.

SMALLPOX RAGING.

DESMOINES, Iowa, Feb. 14.—The city council of Des Moines has decided to close all churches and theatres and to prohibit all public gatherings until the smallpox epidemic shall have abated. The decision will put a stop to a bitter congressional campaign which is raging in this district between Judge Prouty and Congressman Hull, as well as the municipal campaign.

POTTERY COMBINE.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 14.—The Crown Pottery Co. of Evansville, has been incorporated with a capital of \$400,000. The company is a consolidation of all the potteries of East Liverpool, Ohio, including the plants at Evansville, Ind. and Peoria, Ills.

RECORD BROKEN.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—The aquatic record for 40 yards was broken at the sportsman's show last night by three-fifths of a second, William Tuttle of the Illinois naval militia covering the distance in 23 1/5 seconds, lowering the American record, which was held by Schaeffer of Philadelphia.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Eastern States and Northern New York—Fair and cold tonight; Saturday increasing cloudiness, fresh northwest winds.

TORONTO, Feb. 14.—Strong north and northwest winds, clear; Saturday strong northwesterly winds, fair and colder.

TRADE OF FRANCE.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—The imports of France for the month of January decreased 23,142,000 francs, and the exports for the same month increased 28,967,000 francs.

A PRETENDED MIRACLE.

Causes Great Excitement Among the French People in Montreal.

(Montreal Witness, 12th.)

Interest in the pretended miracle of the "Holy Face" continues to draw large numbers of curious and superstitious people to 313 Lalonde avenue, near Panet street. Mrs. Pelletier has got tired of the great crowds which have been visiting her humble dwelling since Saturday last, and yesterday guardians were placed at the entrance to the court leading to her apartments in rear of and over 313 Lalonde avenue, to keep out a portion of the visitors.

Yesterday only women were allowed in, men, even reporters, were refused admittance and had to content themselves with such information as they were able to obtain by questioning the women visitors.

One woman after spending some time viewing the picture from various standpoints, came away and declared she saw nothing strange. There was no miracle, no vision, no moving of eyes, no change of expression; it was simply a delusion—imagination, superstition.

Another, who was with her, saw a little more than she did. She seemed to see the eyes open once or twice, but admitted her conviction that the picture was an ordinary one and that the apparent change was an illusion due either to the tiring of the eyes after a fixed gaze, or to some peculiarity in the make-up of the picture.

The third woman interviewed by a Witness reporter was a woman of simple faith and unquestioning mind. She believed the picture was a supernatural one and the moving of the eyes was real and miraculous. She saw the eyes both shut and open. The color and the white of the eyes were very plainly seen at times and at other times the eyes were completely closed. There was no perceptible movement of the lids, but the best illustration of the opening and shutting of the eyes is the opening and closing of a doll's eyes. When standing upright the eyes are open; when laid down they suddenly close. In the picture, of course, the eyeballs appear to be covered by the lids. This is believed by many to be conclusive proof of the illusion theory.

The difference of opinion seem to exist in all classes of visitors; policemen, firemen, priests and workmen and women in all stations of life give varying versions of what they have seen on visiting the place.

It is apparent, however, that among the educated classes, artists and persons of intelligence and extensive reading the "miracle" pretension is not entertained but the "illusion" theory is very generally accepted. So far the church authorities do not appear to have issued any opinions or instructions, though many who have been reading the papers have looked for some explanation of the alleged phenomenon from that source.

OUR TRADE WITH EUROPE.

Premier Ross Suggests More Complete "Transportation Facilities—Trade Agencies in Many Countries—Grant For a "Sample Room" in London.

Premier Ross of Ontario, in making the announcement at A. E. Ames' dinner of the government's offer to give \$5,000 a year for five years for the opening of a "sample room" in London or some other place that might be agreed upon, referred at some length to general trade topics. He spoke of the importance of our system of transportation, and said that Canadians should not content themselves with simply improving internal transportation, but should endeavor so to perfect their system that at its extremity it would convey Canadian goods directly to the markets where they were to be consumed. A railway commission would correct the discriminations that existed here, and was very desirable in the interests of the exporter and the shipper.

Mr. Ross also expressed himself as interested in a preference for Canadian goods in the British market. This was, however, to be brought about through the press and the education of public opinion in England. But anything that could be done in Canada or in other colonies should be done steadily and perseveringly. He believed that before many years passed away the opinion of the British people would undergo a pretty radical change in regard to matters of trade. There was a very fine field there for men who had time to work at it. He also advocated the opening of trade agencies in Great Britain and the continent in order to instruct the people of Canada as to what classes of goods were most in demand, and also to direct them, as far as that was possible, with regard to the goods produced there which would be most acceptable to the Canadian people. Canada should in this respect be regarded as a large business concern, sending its agents abroad, on the same principle as large dealers in the city send their travellers throughout the province.

With such a superabundance of material capable of being made into all sorts of manufactured goods, there should be a concerted effort to increase our manufactures and find employment for our own people, and for those who might seek a home amongst us. If the home market was to be protected from the consequences of national overproduction, the only way to find relief is by the export of our surplus products, that the industrial population may not be less active or less intelligent.

GERMAN TARIFF.

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—The frequent differences of opinion which have occurred in the customs committee of the Reichstag culminated this morning, after several disturbing incidents, in an open split, and resignation of the chairman, Baron Von Carbohoff, one of the Agrarian leaders.

TERRIBLE DISASTER

On the Railway Near Altona, Pa., Today.

ALTONA, Pa., Feb. 14.—Three men killed, four probably fatally and two seriously injured, one freight train a complete wreck and another nearly so, are the results on the steep grade a few miles above the Horseshoe curve.

The list of victims are as follows: The dead—A. S. Grove, conductor of the forward train; U. B. Western, brakeman of the forward train; T. W. Cooney, brakeman of the forward train, has been fatally injured; M. M. Harkin, flagman of the forward train; B. W. Kinkaid, engineer of the forward train; J. W. Fluke, engineer of the rear train; Simon Frederick, brakeman of the rear train. The firemen of both engines, was unknown, seriously injured.

Control of the second section on an east bound freight train was lost soon after emerging from Galtsin tunnel, and two miles west of Allegrippa it crashed into the rear of the first section. Ten cars, the caboose and two engines were completely wrecked. Grove, Western and Cooney were in the caboose of the forward train. Their bodies were torn to pieces. Harkin was standing on the front platform of the caboose and the shock threw him far down over the mountain side. Engineer Fluke and his fireman jumped when they saw the train ahead of them. Fluke was found unconscious fifty feet away from the track.

All the injured men were taken to the Altona hospital, where Fluke died, and there is little hope of the recovery of Harkin Kinkaid and Frederick. The homes of the dead and injured were in Altona.

LUCKY PRINCE HENRY.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 14.—The Wilmington shops of the Pullman Palace Car company has today completed work on the handsome car "Idler," which will be used by Prince Henry of Prussia and his suite during their tour of the country. The "Idler" is a combination observation and state-room sleeper, and is one of the most palatial cars ever fitted out in the Wilmington shops. The interior decorations are of bronze and mahogany and all the rooms are lighted by electricity. The upholstery is of blue plush and brown tapestry and the curtains are of brown silk. Electric fans will cool the air in the different compartments.

A FALSE REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 14.—In regard to the rumor that there would be a combine soon of the Wells Fargo, Adams, American and United States Express companies, Acting President Dudley V. Evans of the Wells Fargo company, when asked for a plain statement, said: "The thing is absurd. There may be such a plan somewhere, but I know nothing of it and have not heard of it."

DESTROYED BY EARTHQUAKE.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—A despatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg announces that the large town of Shamaka, Trans-Caucasia, has been destroyed by an earthquake. No details of the disaster have been received. There are two Shamakas in Trans-Caucasia, New Shamaka, 70 miles west of Baku and Old Shamaka, some distance from New Shamaka. Old Shamaka has about 25,000 inhabitants.

HEIRESS SOUGHT BY LAWYERS.

A Picture Taken When She Was a Little Girl is One of the Main Clues.

If any person can locate Miss Henrietta Murwell, who was born in 1881 or thereabouts, he can become the possessor of a reward of \$5,000, according to the information given out by a Toledo, O., detective agency, and a young lawyer there, who does not wish his name used in the case, for the reason that it might defeat the end endeavored to be arrived at.

"Tell us where that girl is today," said the young attorney, pointing his finger at the photograph of a child apparently nine or ten years of age, "and I will guarantee you the sum of \$5,000. This girl was born about 1881 in southern Michigan.

Her parents subsequently moved to Chicago, where her father was one night shortly after reaching the Windy City mysteriously murdered. The mother's grief was of short duration, for in less than six months she married a man named H. G. Jones. Here is where the career of the child begins to be lost.

"The stepfather took a dislike to the little girl. He was also very anxious to go to Philadelphia, which he claimed to be his former home. After some persuasion the mother consented to placing the little girl in a benevolent institution in Chicago. The couple then started for Philadelphia, but the wife died after they had lived in the east but a few weeks, and the man Jones disappeared.

"This little girl's grandfather was a well-to-do man in the east. Her father was his only son, who in a fit of pique over matrimonial matters, ran away and married the woman he loved, the girl's mother.

"His mother died a few years later and the old man never remarried. He died worth about \$100,000, principally in securities and cash. There was a will, in which he leaves his property to his next of kin, whoever they may be; no names are specified. If this child, who would be now a woman grown, is alive, it all belongs to her. If she is dead, then there are two brothers, and a sister of a brother of her father, second cousins of the child, and nephews, and a sister of the deceased, who are entitled to the estate."

ALL OF OUR MEN'S Winter Caps

ARE NOW 75c.

D. MAGEE'S SONS, 63 King Street.

Rubbers,

Rubber Boots, Overshoes.

We handle only one kind and they are the GRANBY'S—enough said.

— LOWEST PRICES —
OPEN EVERY EVENING.

W. A. SINCLAIR, 65 Brussels Street, St. John.

For

An

Up-to-Date

OVERCOAT

Or SUIT, Try

EDGECOMBE &

CHAISSON.

Their

Woollens

Are all of the

Newest Makes

And Mixtures.

104 KING STREET, Trinity Block.

CHURCH ORGAN FOR SALE.

A Mason & Hamlin pedal Church Organ, hand blown, walnut case, full toned. A splendid instrument for a medium-sized church. Will be sold at very low price.

Wm. Peters, 266 Union Street.

BARLEY BREE.

Your Taste is Correct

if tested by Barley Bree—the ideal whiskey by the verdict of all connoisseurs.

SOLD BY

JAMES RYAN, KING SQUARE.

CHAMPAGNES

Pommeroy, Mumms.

—FOR SALE LOW—

THOMAS L. BURKE, 25 Water St.

H. L. COATES, (Cor. Main and Harrison Streets, Opposite St. Luke's Church, N. E.)

CARPENTER, BUILDER and GENERAL JOBBER.

Special attention given to the placing of plate glass windows.

MADAME NORDICA

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 14.—Madame Lillian Nordica appeared in concert here before one of the largest audiences ever assembled at the Marquam theatre. She has recovered entirely from her recent illness, which made it necessary to cancel a number of dates in California, and she now expects to complete her tour of the northwest without interruption.

Peru holds the record as a mineral country. She has 2,500 mines, from which 79,900 workmen dig gold, silver, sulphur, coal, phosphates, quicksilver, borax, copper and lead.