POOR DOCUMENT

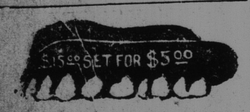
MC 2034

Toilet Soap.

Every one uses SOAP and we carry nearly every make desirable. If you are troubled with eczema, pimples, or rough skin, buy a medicated soap. All at reasonable prices.

Watch our window display.

Royal Pharmacy,
47 KING STREET.



BEST SET TEETH, $5.00.

OUR POPULAR PRICES:

Gold Filling	From $1.00
Silver Filling	50c.
Porcelain Filling	75c.
Gold Crown	$3.00 and $5.00
Full Sets Teeth as above	$5.00
Teeth Repaired, while you wait	50c.
Extracting, absolutely painless	25c.
Examination	FREE
Extracting when teeth are ordered.	

We give a written contract to do your work satisfactorily and keep it in repair free of charge for ten years.

Guarantee Dental Rooms,
DR. F. H. DICKIE,
16 Charlotte Street. Proprietor.

PULP MILL FOR SALE.

Property and works of The St. John Sulphite Pulp Company, Limited (in liquidation), situate at Mispec, Saint John County, New Brunswick.

The Mill Property of the Company comprises over three hundred acres. Works are situate on the Mispec River, a quarter of a mile from the sea and six miles by water from the City of Saint John. The wharf accommodation is ample. Works are new and substantially built of pressed brick, fitted with modern and up to date appliances, including electric plant, and are capable of producing two hundred tons of pulp per week. There is room in the present building for additional plant, which when installed would double the output. The mill dam is substantially built of stone and is about fifty feet high. The water is taken to the turbine wheels in an iron flume five feet in diameter, which gives ample supply for driving machinery and pulp making.

Tenders for purchase of above described property will be received by the undersigned up to October first, 1904, the highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Further information will be supplied on application.

EZEKIEL B. KETCHUM,
JOSEPH A. LIKELY,
Liquidators.

St. John, N. B., July 27th, 1904. 1072

Broad Cove Coal,

$7.00 a Chaldron.
Delivered. Tel. 1638.

E. RILEY, - 254 City Road

TO ARRIVE!

By Donaldson line steamship "Orthia," Scotch Hard Coal. Parties wanting this coal please leave orders early with

CITY FUEL CO.,
77 Smythe Street.
Telephone, 1,021.

Scotch Anthracite Landing.

In all sizes. Delivered in bags or in bulk at the lowest prices. Also Triple X American Lehigh Coal of the highest quality.

GIBBON & CO., 6½ Charlotte St.,
Smythe St. and Marsh St.

COAL.

HAMILTON ELL—Scotch Soft Coal. One of the best soft coals mined for general house use.

ANTHRACITE SCOTCH COAL in bags, to arrive next steamer.

UNION COAL COMPANY,
Tel. 250. 53 Smythe Street.

NEBEDEGA,

If you have Stomach, Kidney or Urinary Disorders drink NEBEDEGA Mineral Spring Water. At Druggists and from GEO. F. SIMONSON.

Dr. RYAN,
36 Sydney Street
Hours 2 to 5.

GLASSES carefully fitted at low cost. May return them if not satisfactory.

YORKSHIRE BAR.

Ale and Porter, 4c. per glass or tankard

Highest Award Colonial and Indian Exhibit., London, England, 1886.
J. RHEA. 20 Mill Street.

Important Change in Sailings.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CO'Y.
(INTERNATIONAL DIVISION.)

Time Table in Effect August 8, 1904.

STEAMERS LEAVE ST. JOHN.

MONDAY—St. Croix, 8 a. m., Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston.
WEDNESDAY—Calvin Austin, 8 a. m., Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston.
FRIDAY—St. Croix, 8 a. m., Eastport, Lubec, direct to Boston.
SATURDAY—Calvin Austin, 6.30 p. m., Boston direct.

STEAMERS LEAVE BOSTON.

MONDAY—Calvin Austin, 9 a. m., Portland, Eastport, Lubec and St. John. WEDNESDAY—St. Croix, 9 a. m., Portland, Eastport, Lubec and St. John. FRIDAY—Calvin Austin, 9 a. m., direct to Eastport, Lubec and St. John. SATURDAY—St. Croix, 6.30 p. m., direct to St. John.

W. G. LEE, Agent. St. John, N. B.

Then he turned on his store the light of newspaper advertising and let the people know he was in business and why. He kept them in the dark no longer.

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY (Ltd.), at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at $3.00 a year.

TELEPHONES:—
BUSINESS OFFICE, 25.
EDITORIAL and NEWS DEPT., 1127.

ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPT. 5, 1904.

The average daily circulation of the Star for August was 6,081.

THE GREAT ISSUE.

Notwithstanding Liberal efforts to keep the railway question out of sight, that, and no other, will be the leading issue upon which the people of Canada will cast their votes at the next election. Other matters concerning the tariff, the management of the militia, Liberal extravagances and broken pledges, party records, etc., will influence them to a certain extent, but the one great question they will be asked to decide by their ballots is: Which do you choose, "a government owned railway, or a railway owned government?"

And it is hard to see how any patriotic Canadian can hesitate in his choosing. If the decision he will be asked to make were on the abstract question of public vs. private ownership of public utilities, there might be room for argument. But he is confronted by no such question.

Both parties propose that the government shall build a new transcontinental.

The Liberal idea is to pay a company for building one half of it, to have the people build the other half and when all is completed to hand the whole thing over to the company to make what profit it pleases out of it at the taxpayers' expense.

Conservatives, on the other hand, contend that since a transcontinental road is needed and since the country must pay some hundred millions of dollars for its building, the country should hold on to it, and operate in the people's interest what is sure to be a paying proposition so that all Canadians, not only a few wealthy ones, may share in the profits.

Is it any wonder that the Liberal papers and Liberal speakers dodge the discussion of an alternative like that? Is it any wonder that their silence on the railway question is only broken by sneers at Conservative sincerity, or vague eulogies of the government's policy, or blatant declarations that Canadian sentiment is not in favor of public ownership? What else could they say?

In view of the results attending public operation of railways wherever it has been tried—the Belgian state-owned railways pay over $11,000,000 annually, beside reducing passenger and freight rates 40 per cent; the state railways of India, New Zealand and Australia show large surpluses on far cheaper rates than the company roads provided—those who hold that private wealth should control and profit by such utilities are being rapidly confined to the capitalists and their subsidized supporters. In every civilized country the tendency is growing to retain under the control of the people such utilities as exist for the service of the people. It remains for the Canadian Liberal government to not only declare itself in opposition to this tendency, but to leap to the opposite and absurd extreme and stand as the first advocates of a policy which would invest the people's own money in a public utility for the profit of a privileged few.

CARRYING OUT THE PROGRAMME

It appears to be settled that the Grand Trunk company is to buy the Canada Atlantic, which will give the company the shortest possible route from Georgian Bay to Montreal and Portland, the summer and winter ports of the Grand Trunk. When the Canada Atlantic has been acquired, when the government has constructed the Grand Trunk Pacific from Winnipeg east to Abittibi, they will be able to turn the traffic of the west to their own systems and carry it to their own ports.

The Grand Trunk management and the Grand Trunk Pacific promoters have not troubled themselves with the portion of the proposed railway east of the longitude of Toronto. They have urged on the surveys of the portion of the road which can be made tributary to their route to Portland. The part in Quebec and New Brunswick has not engaged their attention.

In the last deal the company secured a change which will allow a part of the eastern section to be operated by the company before the other part is completed. The part which is to be taken over leads to Portland. The portion that need not be completed, and need not be worked if it is completed, leads to St. John and Halifax. —Sun.

The Russian confidence in the speed and endurance of their soldiers is apparently not shaken by the news that the Japs have caught up to them once or twice lately. It is gravely announced that Kuropatkin's plan of campaign is to lead the enemy on and tire him out.

"Poverty is a bully if you are afraid of her, or truckle to her;" but a wise use of the want ads. will often enable you to cut her acquaintance altogether.

BUCKWHEAT CAKES AND SASSIGE GRAVY.

(Written for the Star).

Of'n when we git to dreamin' o' the happy days o' yore,
When our lifeboat was a-floatin' out from boyhood's golden shore,
Treasures that were half forgotten come a-sailin' into sight,
Startin' all the soul to dancin' to the music o' delight;
An' there isn't one among 'em puts a yearnin' in the breast
Fur another joyous season in the sacred ol' home nest
Like them fragrant, smokin' jewels, diff'ent from the modern fake,
Buckwheat cakes an' sassige gravy, like our mother used to make!

Used to git up in the mornin' jes' agin the break o' day,
When the east was full o'color that'd take the breath away,
Hustle out an' git to chorin,' workin' up an appetite
That'd throw a streak o' glory into every luscious bite!
Take a wash in that tin basin on the bench out in the yard
Underneath the ol' mulberry by the hand of ages scarred,
Then sit down fornenst a banket — out o' sight an' no mistake—
Buckwheat cakes an' sassige gravy, sort our mother used to make!

Used to of'n stand an' watch her beat the batter in the crock,
"Comin', comin', comin', comin!" was the way she'd make it talk;
See her grease the smokin' griddle with a piece o' bacon skin,
Then pour on the brownish batter with a dipper made o' tin,
There 't'd lay with holes a-breakin' out like measles from the top.
Till she'd loosen it an' turn it with an ol' case knife, "kerflop!"
O, there ain't a modern angel top o' all the earth kin bake
Buckwheat cakes an' sassige gravy, like our mother used to make!

Eppycures may chin till doomsday o' the tony styles o' food,
Modern chefs may work on dishes that a god'd think was good.
Fancy printed menu programmes in the taverns an' cafays
May be full o' kitchen triumphs that'd win an angel's praise,
But if they should spread a banket that 'd make a god rejoice,
Side that ol' kitchen table an' 'd tell us take our choice
You would see no hesitation in our action, as we'd take
Buckwheat cakes an' sassige gravy, like our mother used to make!

—A. L. Parlee.

A STORY OF BARRETT'S BOYHOOD.

When the lately deceased English actor, Wilson Barrett, was a boy of 14 and working in a grain dealer's warehouse he often tried his hand at little dramas, and on his way home from the store at night he used to slip into the theatre and see the last part of whatever play was on. Then he would "shin up" the water pipe of his father's house and into his low bedroom and undress as quickly as possible so as not to awaken his parents, who, he knew, would not approve.

But this growing love for the stage became stronger and stronger in him. One night he saw Henry Neville, then the leading actor at the Olympic, in "Camilla's Husband." It was a very warm evening. Young Barrett sat in the galleries and then ran all the way home after the play. He took a chill which resulted in inflammation of the lungs and pleurisy, and for a long time he wavered between life and death.

During this illness the sum of sixteen shillings, which he had been saving up penny by penny, as a starting fund for entering the dramatic profession, and which he had always kept in his pocket by day and in a little canvas bag under his pillow at night, was discovered and paid to the doctor.

After his convalescence he went back to the grain dealer's, and shortly afterward to a large bankrupt printing office. Here he rose rapidly, receiving at the start fifteen shillings a week and as the hours of work were not so confining as with his former employer he found time to write his first completed drama, "Robin Hood."

He was now 15 years old, and with some other lads about the same age accomplished an extraordinary thing. He arranged an old shed in the back of a garden as a theatre with stage and scenery, and in lieu of gas or footlights devised a scheme of oil lamps, whose wicks could be turned up or down all at the same time by turning a wire. For the boxes a board was painted and cut out in the shape of curtains, so that a man standing outside looked from the stage as if seated in a regular theatre box.

There were six members in young Barrett's company, and after several rehearsals tickets were issued to fifty or sixty friends and relatives of the actors. The play was a great success, and the amateur theatre was nightly crowded. The actors did the scene shifting. They purchased calico and stained and cut and stitched their own costumes, young Barrett doing all the devising, designing and literary work.

Their orchestra consisted of a violin, English concertina and flute. They wanted a drum; but, the orchestra being too small to accommodate the real article, the plan was hit on of covering a small square box with thick brown paper, kept taut by a spirit lamp. This was a fair drum if not hit too hard.

Every dollar is a servant—and should be kept busy; else the servants become the masters. Work for dollars can be found through the want ads. as readily as work for men.

TO THE WRONG ALTAR.

On a recent afternoon at Cape Town, when a bridegroom and wedding party were in the church waiting the arrival of the bride, the organ duly heralded her approach and the clergyman stepped forward to perform the ceremony. However, both bride and bridegroom showed a strange unwillingness to proceed, and finally the clergyman was made to understand that he was dealing with an odd pair. Somebody suggested that the bride had come to the wrong church, which proving to be the case, she found her way to another sacred edifice, where a disconsolate bridegroom was impatiently waiting. The other bride then arrived at the first church, and the couples were eventually rightly sorted.

LOCAL NEWS.

The U. N. B. engineers, in charge of Prof. E. Brydone Jack, will go into their annual camp on Sept. 14th, but whether at Stanley or Chatham has not been definitely settled.

Officer Merrick was called into John McCausland's house on Chapel street late on Saturday night to quell a disturbance he was making.

The meeting of the ladies' auxiliary of the Seamen's Mission which was to have taken place this afternoon, will, owing to the holiday, be postponed till Tuesday afternoon.

Policeman Perry was called into a house in Harrigan's alley on Saturday night to settle a quarrel between a colored man named Burns and his wife.

Services were resumed in the Unitarian Church yesterday, after the usual summer vacation of one month. Rev. Mr. Walker, the pastor, occupied the pulpit.

S. L. Gorbell returned on Saturday from a tour through Nova Scotia in the interests of the St. John exhibition. He reports that people over there are much interested in the exhibition and there will doubtless be a large number of persons come to it from that province.

H. H. Pickett received a telegram last evening announcing the death at Woodstock of the youngest son of his brother, D. Wetmore Pickett. Death was due to appendicitis. Mr. Pickett will go to Woodstock to attend the funeral, returning to St. John tomorrow night.

The unveiling of the memorial tablet to James Malcolm and George Usher in the Grand Bay church, which to have taken place yesterday, was postponed on account of the heavy rain. Rev. James Ross of Carleton, who was to have conducted the service, did not go up, and consequently the unveiling was postponed until next Sunday.

JAPAN'S SECOND BEST.

I made it my business to look beyond the army corps the Japanese were rushing to the front whilst I was in Japan. I went into the interior of the country as far as I could get in company with a fellow-journalist of great experience. I looked at the men from whom the Mikado will have to draw his fighting forces a year hence, when the grand fellows he now has in action are killed or worn out with wounds and marching; torn to pieces by the eternal strain of a long-continued struggle, shattered by the frightful horrors of a winter campaign. That they will die like heroes at the command of their ruler all the world knows; and when they are dead, or when they are stale and sore, they will have to be replaced. And I do not think that when she is tried to the uttermost Japan can from first to last, put more than five hundred thousand really high-class men into the field. There is a tremendous drop in the calibre of the class the fighters are coming from. Many generations of semi-slavery, of ill-breeding, of low diet, of wretched pay, and ceaseless work has thinned the coolie blood.—A. G. Hales, in London News.

CHILD SLEEP WALKER IS SERIOUSLY HURT.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 3. — Because of his habit of walking in his sleep, Robert W. Totten, aged nine, is in bed with several broken bones.

Robbie, slumbering in his bed on the second floor of his home, at No. 95 Warwick street, Roxbury, had one of his uncontrollable impulses to stroll about. Just how many times he walked around his room is not known, but he finally came to the open window and walked out into space. Then he woke up, jarred by his contact with the ground, thirty feet below. He fractured his collar bone and a rib on his right side, besides getting contusions.

HARVESTERS ALL GONE.

The harvesters who arrived here from P. E. Island Saturday morning at three o'clock, got away Sunday morning. They were given breakfast at six o'clock and at half-past eight the last train departed.

As soon as the train pulled out a small army of scrubbers, with brushes, soap and water, diligently cleansed every corner and nook in the building. A nauseating lot of rubbish was removed and now even if the station doesn't smell exactly sweet, it certainly is clean, and a certain amount of freshness has returned to the usually trim and neat depot.

LETTER WAS TOO LATE.

DETROIT, Sept. 3.—James B. Goulding, aged 65, committed suicide by hanging himself to a rafter in his rooms. Discouragement due to his inability to obtain employment is given as the cause. His landlady found that there was a letter for Goulding, and hastening to take it up to his room, she found the old man's body hanging dead. The letter was from his brother in London, Ont., and proffered financial assistance. It is known that Goulding had been waiting for this letter, and if he had received it sooner it is thought that he would not have committed suicide.

INJURED BRAKEMAN STILL LIVING.

SUSSEX, N. B., Sept. 4.—Charles Perkins, the victim of Thursday's accident in the yard at Norton, still lingers in a very precarious condition. On Saturday afternoon Doctors Burnett, McAllister and Murray amputated the injured foot at the ankle and also removed the fragments of bone which had been lying on the brain since the accident. The patient is now resting somewhat easier, but small hopes are entertained for his recovery.

The lack of advertising judgment is often responsible for lack of business success.—Advertising World.

SELF SUFFICIENT.

A distinguished comedian who tells stories very well was invited to a dinner and for a greater part of the evening entertained the company.

When he returned to the hotel, thoroughly tired, his wife said:

"Well, did you have a good time?"

"No, I can't say that I did. Indeed, if I had not been there I should have been bored."

"The mould of a man's fortune is in his own hands;" but the metal for the mould must often be heated by the little want ads.

In this Clearance Sale we are OFFERING THE GREATEST

SKIRT BARGAINS

We have ever seen, in

DRESS SKIRTS, WALKING SKIRTS and OUTING SKIRTS.

Ladies' New Waterproof Coats in ¾ and Full Length.

DOWLING BROTHERS,
96 and 101 King Street.

Extraordinary Reduction in Prices
TO CLEAR THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK OF

Shirt Waists

Prices Lower than ever--39c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 & $1.50

This is a final aggressive effort to clear them out, and they are going at from 50 per cent. to 75 per cent. off.

A Few Shirt Waist Suits AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

The balance of our stock of LADIES' COSTUMES will be sold at a sweeping reduction, $5.00, $7.50 and $10 for Costumes that were $15, $20 and $25.

DOWLING BROTHERS, 95 and 101 King Street

The Attractions of Our Stores Are Their Low Prices.

D. A. KENNEDY,
(Successor to WALTER SCOTT.)
32—36 King Square, St. John, N. B.

The Whole Stock to Be Sold at Nearly Half-Price.

NOW IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO BUY DRY GOODS AT MONEY SAVING PRICES.

Remember this is a genuine clearing sale. All our Dress Goods to go at wonderful reductions to clear. Just come in and see them. Ladies' Corsets at half price to clear them out at once, 35c., 45c., 60c. pair.

Hosiery for men, women and children, cheap.

ENGLAND'S UNDERFED CHILD.

In every big town the children of the slums habitually go to school improperly fed. Many of them are not only imperfectly fed, but the food they do get is far too little in quantity. In the hard winter season, when the building trades are idle, many again go to school either with no food at all, or having only stayed their hunger in the morning with a crust of dry bread. In sharp, frosty weather it is a common experience for teachers in the elementary schools of the poorer parts of our great towns—I have myself often seen it—to find children suddenly seized with vomiting. This is not so much caused by the fact that the stomach is upset as that it has revolted against the effect of the cold upon its empty condition. And not only is this state of things true of the poorer parts of the big towns. It is true also of many of the agricultural villages. Let a visitor to a village elementary school look closely at the children. They are in many cases flabby and pale. They need more nourishing food. A breakfast of "teakettle broth," a bit of bread and margarine, a bit of bread and treacle, and some abominably poor tea—these form the three meals daily.—Dr. J. T. McNamara, M. P., in Nineteenth Century.

To cure headache in ten minutes use Kumfort Headache Powders, 10 cents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

CAN. PAC. WABASH RAILWAYS
Short Line
WILL TAKE YOU
Direct to the Main Gates of the
World's Fair

You will find a good hotel within the ground limits avoiding long tramps.
This Route will also give you an opportunity of seeing Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Niagara, Detroit and Chicago while going or returning.
See nearest Can. Pac. Ticket Agent,
W. H. C. MACKAY, St. John, N. B.,
or write to
C. B. FOSTER, D.P.A., C.P.R., ST. JOHN, N. B

W. H. BELL'S Bargain Piano Sale,
79 GERMAIN STREET.

$195 for $350 PIANO.

Morris upright in handsome case, 7 1-3 octaves, overstrung scale, three unisons, ivory keys, all latest improvements; has been in use less than one year.

Easy terms for payment if you wish.

$210 for $300 PIANO.

Palmer upright, new improved scale, with full metal plate, beautifully figured walnut case, double veneered, three unisons, patent repeating action, 7 1-3 octaves, slightly used, but can hardly be distinguished from new.

$125 for $400 PIANO.

Square Piano, by Bourne, Boston. This piano is in good condition, represents excellent value; case, action and tone, good. Terms $10 cash, balance $6 a month.

Pianos to rent by day, month, or longer. Terms at reasonable price.

W. H. BELL'S Music Store,
79 GERMAIN STREET.

School Boots
FOR THE CHILDREN.

We have opened a splendid assortment of Boys' and Girls' School Boots in Pebble, Grain, Calf and Kid, all sizes and styles. Bring or send the children here, we will fit them with the right kind and at the right price. These goods are all new---no old or shop worn goods at any price.

Sanborn's Shoe Store,
393 MAIN STREET, North End.

TAKE NOTICE.

Removal Sale Is Now Going On at E. Marcus's, No. 35 Dock Street.

I will remove to my new quarters, (No. 30 Dock St.) on or about the middle of Sept. My stock must be sold before moving, at any cost, so as to save expense.

Parlor Suites, regular price $30.00; sale price $19.75.

Bedroom Suites, regular price $15.00; sale price $10.50.

Lounges, regular price $6.50; sale price $4.15.

All our stock is reduced below cost for removal sale. Now is your golden opportunity—it may not occur again for a long time.

I have also a better line of all kin of furniture that will be sold below cost.

Goods sold on easy tems as usual.

E. MARCUS, 35 Dock Street.

PIANOS

At Special Prices During the Next 10 Days.

We have several great bargains in **Upright Pianos.** One but a few months in use, cost $350.00, WILL BE SOLD FOR **$225.00**. This piano is equal to any piano you could buy, even if you paid $450.00 for it. Also a very choice Upright, worth $300.00, will be sold for **$185.00** cash.

Square Pianos at $125.00.

C. Flood & Sons, Ltd.

ADVERTISE IN THE STAR.