

ST. JOHN STAR.

VOL. 5, NO. 141.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1905.

SIX PAGES.

ONE CENT

**Square Head Cap SCREWS,**  
3-4 to 3 Inches Long, by  
3-8 to 1-8 Inch.

**IRON SET SCREWS,**  
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**Hexagon Head Cap Screws,**  
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Every Waltham Watch is fully guaranteed.  
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**ANOTHER SNAP IN FURS**

**GREY LAMB COLLARS,**  
ALL PRICES REDUCED.

15.00 Capelines	... \$12.00.
12.00 Capelines	... 8.75.
9.00 Capelines	... 7.00.
8.00 Collars	... 6.00.
6.00 Collars	... 4.50.
5.00 Collars	... 4.00.

**F. S. THOMAS,** 555 Main Street,  
North End.

**GREAT BRITAIN**  
Took Square Grip With Russia in Defence  
of Her Coal Trade.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—A parliamentary  
White Paper issued today gives the  
correspondence between Great Britain  
and Russia relating to contraband of  
war between February 12, 1904, and  
October 24. It covers generally every-  
thing already known and shows the  
firm attitude of the Foreign Secretary,  
Lord Lansdowne, in dealing with Rus-  
sia's contentions.

The paper is chiefly interesting in  
showing the acuteness of the contro-  
versy at one period. Lord Lansdowne in  
a despatch to Sir Charles Hardinge,  
British Ambassador at St. Petersburg,  
on August 10, describes the situation  
arising from Russia's "unprecedented  
attitude" with reference to contraband  
as one of the utmost gravity and said  
that unless this condition of things was  
ended without delay Great Britain  
would be constrained to take such pre-  
cautions as she thought desirable to  
protect her commerce.

**3 CLOTHING BARGAINS 3**

We are putting three lines of suits on the Bargain Tables for Saturday,  
\*will pay you to secure one of them.

**BOYS' 2-PIECE SUITS,** formerly \$1.85 to \$4.50, now 98c., \$1.69 and \$1.98

**BOYS' 3-PIECE SUITS,** formerly \$4.00 to \$6.00, now \$2.49, \$3.49 and \$4.49.

**MEN'S SUITS,** formerly \$6 to \$12, now \$3.95, \$5.99 and \$6.98.

ALL OVERCOATS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

**J. N. HARVEY,** Men's and Boys' Clothier  
199 and 201 Union St.

**GRAND DUKE SERGIUS**  
**ASSASSINATED**

**Blown to Pieces While Driving Through the  
Streets—He Was Known as Russia's Evil  
Genius and Was Condemned to Death Last  
December by the Nihilists.**

LONDON, Feb. 17.—A despatch to  
Reuters from St. Petersburg says a  
telephone message has been received  
there from Moscow announcing that an  
explosion has occurred at the Krem-  
lin, when Grand Duke Sergius has been  
killed, and that it is rumored that the  
Grand Duke was killed. The des-  
patch adds that no confirmation of the  
report has been obtained and that the  
population of Moscow is greatly excited.  
According to another report a bomb  
was thrown beneath Grand Duke Ser-  
gius' carriage and the latter with the  
grand duke was blown to pieces.

(The Grand Duke Sergius, uncle of  
the Russian Emperor and formerly gov-  
ernor general of Moscow, is understood  
to have been condemned to death by  
the revolutionary party in December  
last. The government generalship of  
Moscow was abolished early in the year  
and the Grand Duke according to des-  
patches from Moscow, January 4, kept  
closely to the well guarded Nikolski  
palace on the outskirts of Moscow, re-  
taining his position of commander-in-  
chief of the military district. Later in



GRAND DUKE SERGIUS.

January however, it was announced  
that the Grand Duke had sought re-  
fuge in one of the palaces of the  
Kremlin. He has been classed as the  
most reactionary member of the im-  
perial family, as the head of what is  
referred to as the war party and has  
been stigmatized by the Liberals as  
Russia's evil genius. The Grand Duke  
was born in 1857, and was married in  
1884 to Princess Elizabeth of Hesse-  
Darmstadt. They have no children.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Another despatch  
to the Reuters Telegram from St. Pet-  
ersburg says that a later telephone  
message from Moscow states that the  
Grand Duke Sergius was assassinated  
when driving towards the Kremlin and  
near the court of justice. His carriage  
was followed by another vehicle, con-  
taining two men. A bomb was thrown  
beneath the Grand Duke's carriage.  
There was a violent explosion, the car-  
riage was shattered and the Grand  
Duke was killed. The assassins were  
arrested. One of them was wounded  
dangerously. Several students have  
been taken into custody.

**DEFENDANT'S STORY.**

**Harry Turner Took the Stand  
This Morning**

**And Denied All Complicity in the Alleged  
Conspiracy Against the Alphabetical  
Greek.**

Harry M. Turner, defendant in the  
case brought against him by the Greek  
Anatolios Papageorgiou, took the  
stand this morning and denied all  
complicity in the alleged conspiracy  
against the Greek litigant and the two  
Assyrians Louis Corey and George  
Morey.

The defence was opened yesterday  
afternoon by District Attorney Dyer,  
who contended that the defendant, Turner,  
could be justified as to his alleged con-  
duct in this case by the laws of the  
United States. As to Serafic, the dis-  
trict attorney stated he was a United  
States inspector, but the defendant  
Turner was in no way responsible for  
his acts. Serafic might be to blame,  
but he worked independently of Turn-  
er. He had been unable to procure the  
attendance of Serafic. The man could  
not be compelled to appear in Canada,  
since he was in the States at beyond  
the reach of the process of this court.

The witnesses examined yesterday  
afternoon were: Arthur Chapman, at-  
torney-at-law, of Portland, Me., who  
identified United States laws; Dr. T. D.  
Walker, who told of examining the  
plaintiff and finding him suffering with  
trachoma; Dr. James Barclay, of Mon-  
real, whose testimony was similar to  
Dr. Walker's; E. J. Wallace, formerly  
U. S. immigration inspector at Mon-  
real, who swore that the plaintiff was  
not to enter the United States at that  
point; and Chas. E. Miller, a U. S. im-  
migration official here, who swore that  
the plaintiff had been warned by Turn-  
er not to enter the United States.

At the opening of court this morning  
Mr. Currey offered in evidence certified  
copies of the proceedings before Wm.  
M. Bradley, U. S. commissioner at  
Portland, at whose court Corey and  
Morey were tried for smuggling Papage-  
orgiou into the United States.

He said his home was at Shepherd's  
Town, West Virginia. He knew the  
plaintiff both by his name of Anatolios  
Papageorgiou and by the name of George  
Constantine. He knew the two  
witnesses Louis Corey and George  
Morey. Morey used to supply infor-  
mation to him about immigrants passing  
through. All immigrants were passed  
upon by a board of inquiry, of which  
defendant was a member. The plain-  
tiff Papageorgiou came before the  
board of inquiry and was questioned.  
Plaintiff then gave the name of George  
Constantine, through an interpreter.  
Dr. Walker examined the plaintiff and  
pronounced him a sufferer with  
trachoma. The board refused him  
as an immigrant. Some time later the  
plaintiff came to witness and asked to  
be re-examined, but witness advised  
him to wait until he was cured. Sub-

**JAY COOK DEAD.**

**Philadelphia Financier Who Had a World  
Wide Reputation.**

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 17.—Jay  
Cooke, whose fame as a financier is  
world wide, died tonight at the home  
of his son-in-law, Charles D. Barney,  
at Ogontz, a suburb of this city. Mr.  
Cooke was eighty-three years  
old. He had been complaining of de-  
bility, the result of old age, for sev-  
eral years. His condition was not con-  
sidered serious, however, and his death  
tonight came rather suddenly. Last  
Monday he entertained as his guests  
120 young ladies attending the  
Ogontz school and their friends. On  
that occasion he appeared to be in  
good spirits and was the last to leave  
the reception room.

**MAY BE SENT BACK.**

The following taken from a Maine pa-  
per relates to a St. John man:  
William E. Maloney, an aged British  
soldier, who for nearly a year past,  
has been a charge on the town of Mar-  
ton, was taken to Vancouver by Ban-  
gor, Monday, by United States im-  
migration inspector Peter Miller, where  
a board of special inquiry will deter-  
mine Mr. Maloney's right to remain in  
this country. Nearly a year ago the  
aged man walked into Dennyville  
when the cold was severe and on his  
arrival it was found that his feet were  
frozen. He was taken care of and  
kindly treated by the strangers into  
whose hands he had fallen, and has  
since resided in that vicinity. It is  
said that Maloney had a ticket from  
St. John to Vancouver on his arrival at  
the border, but instead of continuing  
from that point, he walked to St.  
Stephen and thence to Dennyville, a  
distance of over 50 miles, arriving at  
the latter place in the condition before  
stated. He will in all probability be  
sent back to St. John or which ever  
point in the provinces he started from  
last year.

**POLICE COURT.**

In the police court this morning, Wm.  
Lansaan, arrested for drunkenness,  
was remanded. Frank Keenan, who  
was taken to the central station for  
safe keeping is held till his friends will  
take the responsibility of looking af-  
ter him. Early last evening he kicked  
up quite a disturbance on Sydney  
street.

John Bent and Edward Riley, who  
were arrested Wednesday night for  
drunkenness and on suspicion of hav-  
ing been in the Labatt's agency and  
taking from there several bottles of  
ale, were before the court this morn-  
ing for a few minutes and were reman-  
ded till tomorrow morning at eleven  
o'clock. The evidence of Mr. Beresford  
Labatt's agent here, was taken. He  
said that Bent had strict orders not  
to take anybody into the premises af-  
ter business hours and not to go there  
himself unless severe weather made it  
necessary for him to attend the fur-  
nace.

Bent started to cross-examine witness  
and then to tell his side of the story,  
when he was stopped, being informed  
that any statement he had to make  
would be heard later under oath.

**CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 17.—The  
Hazel Kirk Coal Mine and the Hazel  
Kirk Gas Coal Company, owned by F.  
M. Kirk, of Cleveland, have been sold  
to Kuhn Bros., of Pittsburg, for it is  
said, the sum of \$1,000,000.**

**GRAVE CHARGES**

**Against Gen. Kuropatkin, by  
Gen. Gripenberg,**

**Create an Intense Sensation in Russian  
Military Circles—Turned Victory  
Into Defeat.**

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 17.—Gen-  
eral Guppenberg has returned from  
Manchuria and has a serious com-  
plaint to make against General Kuro-  
patkin. He says:

"I am glad to give an account of the  
battle of my army, the telegrams I  
have been sent from the truth. Kuro-  
patkin, of course, authorized the  
advance, but he imposed the condition  
that it should not go beyond Heikou-  
tai and Sandepas. My plan was to cap-  
ture Heikoutai and then outflank Sande-  
pas. From the first army corps be-  
fore Heikoutai, I detached a brigade,  
which occupied Heikoutai January 25.  
The Japanese cut in from the south  
and the brigade came under a cross-  
fire, but held out until I got another  
brigade to cover its retreat. The Jap-  
anese were now concentrating on their  
left. During the evening of January 25  
I and my army were ordered under no  
circumstances to fall back from our  
positions.

The next morning my whole front  
was engaged, the troops being disposed  
as follows: On the extreme right the  
first corps, then the first rifle corps,  
and the fifth division of the second corps,  
which had just arrived from Russia.  
Altogether I had 62 battalions. The  
enemy had twice as many. The battle  
of January 26 was continued until the  
evening. We did not surrender an inch  
of ground. My left flank, which was  
clearing the road to Sandepas being  
weak, I asked the commander-in-chief  
who had sixty battalions available, for  
reinforcements. He declined to send  
any, apparently taking the Japanese  
demonstration at the centre as being  
a general advance. Nevertheless I de-  
cided to storm Heikoutai the next day.  
All the surrounding villages were al-  
ready in our hands.

Early January 27 the fiercest fighting  
occurred. We again held our own. The  
road to Sandepas, the Japanese point  
of concentration, was quite clear of the  
enemy. I therefore again appealed to  
the commander-in-chief for reinforce-  
ments. If he had listened to my en-  
treaties we would have riven the iron  
ring of 100,000 of the enemy. The Ja-  
panese force menaced by a strong  
force of Russian cavalry on the south  
and southwest evidently realized the  
danger of tackling us. In desperation,  
Jan. 28 they four times desperately  
assaulted our outer positions and were  
beaten off each time in such brilliant  
fashion that it does my heart good  
to remember the gallantry of my brave  
comrades.

I might easily have followed these  
repulses by a headlong offensive, but  
I was tied down by the commander-in-  
chief's orders and his refusal to send  
me reinforcements. How anxiously I  
awaited a reply on both subjects. Just  
think of what victory meant.

Complete victory was in our grasp.  
The loss of thousands of lives was not  
dreadful before such a result.

The reply of General Kuropatkin ar-  
rived at seven in the evening in the  
shape of an order to leave a small  
force in our positions and move up the  
army to his support in view of the ex-  
pected Japanese advance on the centre.  
How was it possible for the Japanese  
to attack the centre when all their  
available forces were diverted west?  
It is impossible to describe the im-  
pression produced upon me by the  
order. At first I was afraid to com-  
municate it to my victorious army, but  
there was nothing else to do.

We retreated during the night of  
January 29 with tears in our eyes and  
bitterness in our hearts.

It is then that I decided that my  
presence at the theatre of war was no  
longer possible and the next day I  
handed in a report to the commander-  
in-chief, demanding my relief.

Good Salt Pork, 8c. lb., \$14.50 by the  
barrel.

A 50c. pail of JAM for 35c.

GOOD BUTTER, 20c. a lb. retail;  
18c. a lb. by the tub.

A regular 40c. TEA for 25c. a lb.

ORANGES, from 11c. per doz. up.

—AT—

**The 2 Barkers, Ltd**  
100 PRINCES STREET.

**Boys' Suits**

Are here in abundance—  
all perfectly tailored—  
pleasing in style and of  
lasting good quality—  
points which count most in Boys' Clothes.

**Suits, \$2.50 to \$5.75 each**

**Pants, .45 to .90 pair**

**Men's Pants.**

Do you need Pants  
to work in, or to  
dress up in? We  
have all kinds here

**\$1.00 to \$2.75 pair.**

**SHARP & McMACKIN**

335 Main St., North End.

**THE WEATHER.**

Friday, Feb. 17, 1905.  
Highest temperature during the past  
24 hours, 28.  
Lowest temperature during the past  
24 hours, 10.  
Temperature at noon, 23.  
Forecast—Fresh to strong westerly  
winds; fair and moderately cold; light  
local snowfalls during Saturday.  
Synopsis—Moderately cold weather is  
indicated with fresh to strong breezes.

**FURS!**

We have a  
good assort-  
ment of  
FUR  
BOAS  
that we will  
sell at your  
own prices at  
**ANDERSON'S**  
17 Charlotte St.



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L. S. CANE ONLY.**  
Cane, Splint and Perforated.

**Duval's Umbrella Shop,  
17 Waterloo Street.**  
Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass  
and Putty.

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20 WATERLOO STREET.**  
Gramophones, Phonographs, Snap-  
shot Cameras, and Small Articles  
repaired on the premises.

**CLOCKS!**  
We always keep a full stock of  
CLOCKS of American and French  
manufacture, and can give you a Clock  
at a reasonable price.  
A large line of  
Bronzes, Opera Glasses, Canes  
Umbrellas, Etc.  
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Telephones, Annunciators  
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8 Bars Happy Home—good all round  
soap.  
6 Bars Comfort Soap. It is all right.  
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**CHAS. A. CLARK'S,**  
49 Charlotte St., Market Building.  
Telephone 803.

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TO LET.**  
From May 1st next, 233 Germain  
street, corner Pagan Place, containing  
12 rooms. All modern improvements.  
Can be seen Monday, Wednesday and  
Friday afternoons. For further par-  
ticulars inquire on the premises or W.  
S. POTTS, 3 North Market street.  
Telephone 231.