

refused to vote on any question. After the speech of the Hon. Joseph Howe, the latter resolution passed by a unanimous vote of the 155 American Delegates. The words in italics were inserted for the purpose of making it acceptable to the opponents of reciprocity, who, otherwise would have brought forward a counter resolution. It is of course very uncertain what course the Washington government will pursue in reference to this question. There were quite a number of members of Congress, judges, and the prominent men in the country present in the Convention.

The American Consul at Montreal made statements respecting the feeling he believed existed in that city in favor of annexation, which have brought on him a well merited castigation from all quarters.

NEWS SUMMARY.

Numerous questions and some of them of very difficult solution, are pressing themselves upon the attention of the Cabinet at Washington. First and most important is the status of the freed negroes of the south—amounting probably to about four millions—are to occupy under the reconstruction of the Union. There will, of course, be a strong repugnance throughout the Southern States to admit their late slaves to an equal participation of all the rights of freedom, and to the exercise of a suffrage which would at once place them upon a perfect equality. In this feeling a very large portion of the North and Middle States are likely to concur. The High Federalists are, we believe, pressing the measure with determination, as one plainly implied in the very terms of emancipation. As all the States included in the rebellion will resume their elective privileges, with the exception of such individuals whose property shall be confiscated and their persons excepted in the general amnesty, the future deliberations of Congress will, we should fear, not be very harmonious. A bitter feeling of discontent and animosity, as stated in some of the northern papers, prevails throughout the South. This, of course, was to be expected, and is what will tax the wisdom and prudence of the ablest counsellors of the nation to deal with. A good deal of rioting and disturbance has occurred in some places among the disbanded soldiery. The great remedy for this evil, however, will be the immense tracts of unoccupied territory in the West, which is more than sufficient to absorb the vast floating population which the war has thrown upon the country.

The Great Eastern must be, according to latest accounts, in the midst of her mission of laying the great Atlantic Cable, we shall daily look forward with no small interest to hear of her success.

By telegram we learn that the steamer City of New York arrived off Cape Race on Monday last, with English news to the 20th ult. It appears that the government was thus far fully sustained by the elections, the Liberals are said to have gained an increase of twenty seats.

By previous arrivals we learn that the city of Antwerp is to become a permanent station for American war vessels.

The Mercantile Bank of New York has obtained in the Queen's Bench a verdict for £26,793 sterling against Charles Windsor, who lately absconded.

The Bank of France lost 22½ million francs in specie during the week.

The Swiss Federal Council had received notice of the recall of Mr. Förg, the American Minister, and substitution of Mr. Harrington.

M. Levin, Ambassador from Maximilian, arrived at Southampton on the 15th, whence he will embark for Mexico.

Notices, &c.

Pine Grove, Wilmet, July, 1865.

DEAR EDITOR,

Please to allow the following a place in your columns, and oblige yours truly,

W. H. PORTER.

As Secretary of the Western Home Missionary Board, I regret that any want of explicitness on my part should have led to misapprehension concerning the position of one of our Missionaries and the Board. Nevertheless, I am no less happy by a correction of my error to remove any false impression that may have arisen. A letter from Bro. Richan has just come to hand stating the circumstance alluded to, which, if he will pardon me for publishing, will at the same time justify my apology and explain.

I publish the letter, because it presents the circumstances better than I can. I publish it in full, in order to prevent any possible misapprehension that might arise concerning it.

Barrington, July 17th, 1865.
DEAR BRO. PORTER,
I regret to say that the notice of my appointment as a Missionary to Pubnico, &c., has given rise to

much misunderstanding and dissatisfaction. Bro. Shiels and some of his people seem to be under the impression that it was done to supplant him. I am accused of misrepresentation before the Board, and the Board of arbitrary interference with him. Now, for the satisfaction of all parties I have to request that you will make an explanation of the matter in the C. Messenger, and in order to aid your memory, I will relate as nearly as I can remember what transpired at the Board. Some enquiry was made by one of the brethren with reference to the Pubnico church, which had not been reported for two years. In reply to this, I said that Bro. Shiels had been laboring in that region for some time past, that his family were still in Pubnico, but that he was absent on a mission in Lunenburg County. I was asked if he intended to remove from Pubnico. I said that I could not tell positively what his intentions were, but from what he had said to me and others, I inferred that that was his intention. I was asked if I would accept a mission to Pubnico and Wood's Harbor. I said that I would not while Bro. Shiels was on the ground. I was then asked if I would go in case he removed away: to which I replied that I would have no objection. With this proviso, I was appointed. Now, Bro. P., do not rely upon my statement of the case, because I may be in error. If you do not distinctly remember these things, please consult other brethren who were present. If I evinced any disposition to supplant Bro. S., let the public know it, but if not, endeavor to satisfy them on this point, and you will thus relieve me of much embarrassment, justify the proceedings of the Board, and perhaps remove false impressions from the minds of the people.

Yours very truly,
W. H. PORTER.

The above, I am happy to say, as far as my own recollection serves me, were in substance the exact statements preliminary to the appointment of Bro. Richan by the Board. But as the matter seemed to affect at the same time the people of Pubnico, Brethren Richan and Shiels, and the Board, I have taken the trouble to refer the letter to Bro. Willard G. Parker, Chairman of the Board, and I am happy to say that his recollections of the matter perfectly coincide with Bro. Richan's statement and my own.

With these explanations and apology, hoping to be more explicit in the future in noticing the appointments of the Board,

I remain yours truly,
W. H. PORTER,
Sec. of the Board.

Received for Foreign Missions.

1865.	Rachel Downing, New Amherst	\$1 00
July 2.	Rev. Samuel Thompson	1 00
	A Friend, Amherst	0 50
	John Bigelow, Pigwash	1 00
	Mrs. John Bigelow, do.	1 00
8.	1st Digby Church	5 00
11.	Central Association, (besides the next item)	178 65
	Windsor Church, to support Ma-O-Sa in School	25 00
	Cape Canoe Church, to support a native preacher	60 00
	From a Friend	20 00
21.	Eastern N. S. Baptist Association	264 74
	This sum includes from—	
	Truro Church, to support Moung Yan Gih	50 00
	Amherst Church, for Mission School	10 00
	for native preachers	42 00
	Antigonish Church, for Mission School	8 00
	Mira Bay, C. B. for Bro. Bixby, of Shan Mission	20 00

HALLOW, TOPPING, Secretary.
Tremont, Aylesford, July 22nd, 1865.

Going to the Convention.

Members and Delegates to the Convention at Berwick, on the 19th Inst., will be allowed to go and return on the railroad for one fare. On going the fare must be paid as usual. A certificate of attendance, signed by the President, will be required on returning, which must be given to the Ticket Master at Windsor, who will in return give a free ticket. We learn from the Visitor that the proprietors of the Hatheway steamers have kindly consented to allow all persons attending our Convention at Cornwallis, to pass over their lines both ways for one fare. Persons wishing to enjoy this advantage can pay their fare, and then procure a certificate of attendance at the meeting from the Moderator or President, which will answer the same as a free ticket, with which to return.

Persons coming to the Convention in Berwick are referred to either of the following brethren:—T. H. Parker, James Morse, Berwick; William Skinner, Weston; John Lyons, Waterville; Sydney Shaw, Annapolis R. ad.; Henry Skinner, Westford; Andrew Chipman, Pleasant Valley; Edward Parker, Somerset; and A. A. Pineo, Cambridge. These brethren will direct persons to places where they may be entertained. The places where these brethren live are adjacent to Berwick. These brethren may be found at their homes before the meeting on Saturday. They will also attend at the close of the meetings to provide for persons who are not already entertained.

B. M. SAUNDERS.

ERRATUM.—In the Rev. Mr. Munro's Oration, on page 245 of our present issue, 3rd column, 11th line, after "knew them well," read "did a few things and did them well," &c.

Letters Received.

Rev. Jas. Reid, W. F. Cutten, Esq., Rev. Dr. Tupper, \$5.84. J. Shaw, F. W. Jones, 1 sub. R. McCulloch, 1 sub. J. M. Parker, Esq., J. A. Black, Rev. R. S. Morton.

General Intelligence.

Domestic.

VALUE OF HALIFAX—Assessed, rateable value of Real Estate and Personal Property in the City of Halifax:	
Ward 1.	\$712,604
2.	510,415
3.	728,226
4.	580,915
5.	655,952
6.	227,435
Banks and Companies	635,681
Total	\$4,062,183

The above is taken from the assessment books submitted to the City Council last week.

OUR MILITIA.—The Halifax Regiment are shortly to be called out for their Annual drill. The Halifax drill room is to be considerably enlarged by bringing it forward to Spring Garden Road.

The Express states that Colonel Lawrie has presented to the Rifle Association, a plated tea service, to be competed for by married officers and sergeants of the militia, and volunteers; and thinks that the good effect of this gift has already shown itself by a gallant Captain of the—going to take to himself a wife next week, so that he may be enabled to become a competitor.

"THE TABERNACLE."—A pleasant party assembled at the newly erected School House in the rear of the "Tabernacle," Brunswick Street, on Thursday evening last to inaugurate the opening of the edifice. (The Soiree was not for the purpose of paying off a debt on the building, as stated by a contemporary, the Church and addition having been built solely at the expense of a philanthropic gentleman of this city.) The room was tastefully decorated, and after a substantial repast had been partaken of, the company numbering nearly two hundred, adjourned to the Church, where brief addresses were delivered by Principal Ross, of Dalhousie College, J. W. Johnston Jr. Esq., Wm. Ackhurst Esq., and John Y. Payzant, Esq., the various speakers being introduced to the audience by the respected pastor, Rev. Mr. Joplin, who made some pleasing remarks. The meeting closed at ten o'clock and it may safely be said to have been the pleasantest affair of the kind which has taken place. —Acadian Recorder.

EDUCATIONAL.—We perceive by the Liverpool Transcript that T. H. Rand Esq., the Superintendent of Education, is in Queens County holding Teachers' Institutes; at South Brookfield on the 3rd and 4th Inst., and at Liverpool on the 7th and 8th. He was also to address public meetings as follows:—at Liverpool, July 28; Milton, 29; Port Medway, 31; Mill Village, August 1; Greenfield, 2; N. Brookfield 3; Caledonia, 4; Kempt, 5.

We have to acknowledge the receipt of a copy of the Education Act, with Regulations &c., adopted by the Council of Public Instruction.

The three men arrested on suspicion of having set fire to the colored people's meeting house have been discharged for want of sufficient evidence to commit them.

Mr. James Allen, son of Mr. Allen of Pictou, who went to Chill some time ago, as manager of the gas works at that place, has received a very lucrative appointment in Valparaiso as manager of the gas works in the latter city.

A proposal is made to extend the water pipes southward into Smith's fields.

We regret to hear that potato blight has made its appearance in some parts of the country.

SUPREME COURT.—Mr. Wallace is suspended from practicing in the Supreme Court. He intends appealing to the Privy Council of England.

FIRE AT PORT GEORGE, ANnapolis COUNTY.—We regret to learn that a destructive fire broke out in the morning of Wednesday last in the house of Mr. James Cropley. Seven buildings out of eight were consumed. Loss about £600, partially insured.

EXCURSION.—About sixty of the inmates of Mount Hope, the Provincial Asylum for the Insane, enjoyed an excursion to Windsor on Saturday last. They visited the grounds at Clifton, the Avon Bridge &c., &c., and returned in the evening, a steamer taking them home from Richmond. Many of them had never before been in a steamer, and to a larger number it was their first ride by railway. They were indebted to J. R. Handley Esq., for this excursion and were greatly delighted and grateful.

A number of Labradorers have recently arrived at Liverpool, N. S., with furs. They bring promising reports of the catch of fish in that quarter. —Colonist.

Canada.

It has been cold for a few days at some of the watering places on the Lower St. Lawrence, that the visitors have been glad to shelter themselves within the rays of a good fire. Singularly cold July weather has also been experienced in Upper Canada. —Montreal Telegraph.

An old Indian named Joseph Marie, died at Three Rivers, Canada, last week, at the age of 110 years.

The Montreal Witness says: "The business of this port has greatly diminished as compared with last year. The Custom house returns for six months show a falling off in dry goods to the extent of about \$1,800,000 and in hardware and iron of over \$400,000."

PARIS, C. W.—A fire broke out in the Commercial Hotel, on the morning of the 18th, which extended to several other hotels, the railway station and freight houses, destroying all. Loss \$25,000. Three women were burned to death.

SAB ACCIDENT.—The manager of the Montreal Telegraph Company's office at Chatham sent us the following yesterday:—"A young lad named Coull was mortally wounded yesterday evening at Bathurst, whilst engaged miking for riflemen practicing at target shooting. He died this morning at four o'clock. The ball entered the right breast near the shoulder, coming out behind the left shoulder. He was but sixteen years old." —St John Telegraph.

The steam troop-ship Himalaya arrived at Quebec on the 21st from Gibraltar, with the 4th Battalion of the P. C. O. Rifle Brigade, which is to be stationed at Point Levi, to assist in the erection of the fortifications there.

LOOK HERE!

J. B. FITCH'S GOLDEN OINTMENT

Cures all diseases of the SKIN, and is not only a cure, but a preventative from taking any humor that is contagious by rubbing a little of the Ointment on the hands when exposed.

The world is becoming astonished at the healing properties this Ointment possesses for curing Boils, Felons, Corns, Chilblains, Piles, Bruises, Burns, Blisters, &c.

Cogswell & Forsyth, 193 Hollis Street, Agents for Nova Scotia.
May 24. 1 yr.

GRAHAM'S PAIN ERADICATOR, AND MAGNETIC OIL!!

THE BEST REMEDY IN USE FOR THE FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS:

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Complaints, Felon or Whitlow, Broken Breasts, Abscesses, Sores, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Wounds, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, Hives, Diptheria, Influenza, Asthma or Phthisis, Cough, Colds, Pain in the Chest and Back, Ear-ache, Head-ache, &c. It quickly and effectually reduces inflammation and eradicates Pain and Humour.

It is equally efficacious on horses and cattle.

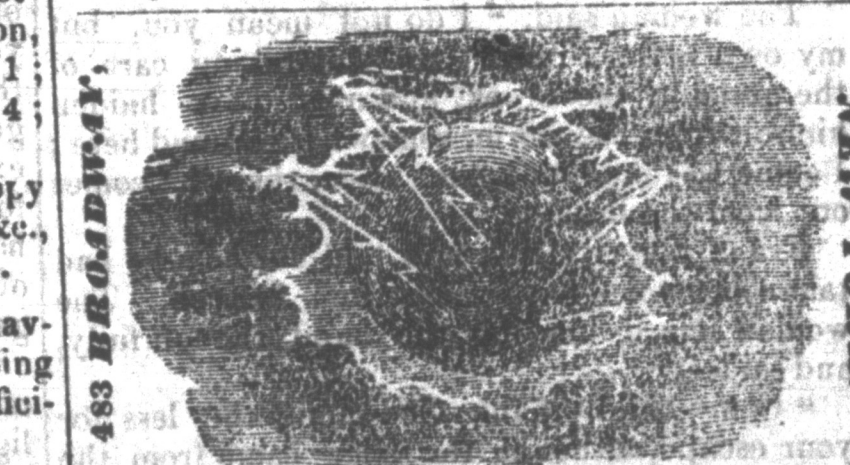
Prepared by Thomas Graham, CARLETON, ST. JOHN, N. B.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Right secured by Act of Assembly, N. S., May 18, 1864

For sale by Druggists and dealers in patent medicines. Cogswell & Forsyth, General Agents.

July 29. to 1865



DR. JEROME KIDDER'S FIRST PREMIUM VITALIZING, GENUINE SIX-CURRENT

ELECTRO-MEDICAL APPARATUS.

It is most perfect in its construction, and the simplest in its operation of any ever made. The HIGH-EST PREMIUM was awarded this machine at the late fair of the American Institute, also at the fair of the Franklin Institute, Syracuse, over all others in competition with it, and the same has been awarded it wherever it has been exhibited in competition. This machine is the one now used by the electricians of New York and elsewhere.

It is performing the most wonderful cures and has never been known to produce any unfavorable results—for this reason it should be in every family in the land.

CURES.

Mr. H. Lehmann, Croton Flour Mills, New York, had for eight years a swelling of the knee, which was called white swelling, and two out of three physicians who had been consulted had advised amputation. He suffered severely, and had to lose from five to six days in stormy weather. He was advised a trial of electricity, and he was cured by four applications of Dr. Jerome Kidder's Electro-Magnetic Machine.

Mrs. Wilber, Green Island, foot badly bruised, swollen, could not walk. A few minutes' application of the current reduced the swelling, and took the soreness away.

M. Colburn, New York, afflicted for twenty years with rheumatism. For three and a half years could not walk, came near losing the use of his leg from paralysis, was perfectly cured by the use of this apparatus.

"I would say that my wife has been fully cured of dyspepsia and general debility by the use of electricity from one of Dr. Jerome Kidder's machines."

"S. SEELY, 55 Pike Street."

Case in Bellevue Hospital; a German pianist, severely burned in both hands, outside nearly all destroyed, pain excessive, and nervous system much excited. One application removed the pain and quieted his system, and he was well in a few days.

James Sanders, Schenectady, N. Y., afflicted with severe dyspepsia, and was entirely cured by this machine.

A. Mallison, Pittsfield, Mass, case of severe paralysis, he was entirely restored by its use.

A. J. Steele, Chicago, Ill., severe case of stotia, right leg almost paralyzed. He says: "I heard of your machine, purchased one, and the result is a cure by my own use of it."

A. Roe, 27 Park Place, New York, suffered greatly from neuralgia rheumatism for five years, and could not walk; he could get no relief, and despaired of a cure till he used this apparatus, which cured him in one month.

February 13, 1865.

S. C. Mack, Skillman Street, near De Kalb Avenue, East Brooklyn, says: "Last summer I was afflicted with dyspepsia, could eat but very little, and suffered greatly from nervous debility; was very much emaciated; could not sleep nights; had cold sweats, succeeded by flashes of heat; my skin was a pale yellow. I had been under the treatment of four different physicians, and could get no relief whatever till I was advised by Dr. Palmer, of Brooklyn, to purchase one of your electro-magnetic machines as my only means of cure. I did so, and found great relief in a few applications. I continued its use, and in four or five weeks recovered my health by its means."

Machines of various sizes and prices, for portability, and for office and family use.

CAUTION.—We learn that there have been machines put forward with the name Kidder on them, which are not our machines. The genuine have on them our name in full, and also the patent label.

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