

Lunenburg Co. to St. Margaret's Bay, where he remained until removed by death. Bro. H. professed faith in Christ, in the fall of 1822, and was baptized by the Rev. George Richardson. In taking this decided stand for his Divine Master, he was called to undergo many trials; and to suffer malicious persecutions from the enemies of the Cross of Christ. One evening while at meeting at a neighbour's house, all the windows in his house were broken through. So malicious were some of his neighbors, that they threw stones at the Rev. G. Richardson, while preaching in his house. Plots were often laid to maltreat him, but God enabled him to evade them and permitted him to see the standard of the Cross permanently planted by his hand. In the year 1823 a Baptist Church was organized at the Bay, by the Rev. G. Richardson of which he became a member and remained a pillar until called to join the church above. Bro. Hubley's house was ever a home for the servants of Christ. Esteeming them for their work's sake, he was ever ready to extend to them a brother's welcome. For some years prior to his death he was afflicted with rheumatism which prevented him from filling his place in the house of God, as he was wont to do when in health; but his confidence in the immutable promises of God remained unshaken to the last. Using his own words, "I am ready to go whenever God sees proper to call me." Although for some time his health had been failing, his death was sudden. A few days prior to his decease his disease assumed a reverse, when it became apparent to all that his dissolution was near. At 3 o'clock on Monday morning the 13th of Nov., he paid the last debt due to sin, and calmly entered into peace. Bro. H. leaves a widow, nine children, 73 grand children, and 28 great grand children. A solemn discourse was delivered on the day of his interment, to a large and attentive audience from 2 Tim. iv. 7, 8, by the Rev. R. Walker.—Com.

MRS. SUSAN MORRISON.

On the 5th of December, 1865, at Lower Granville, Mrs. Susan Morrison, widow of the late Archibald Morrison aged 68 years. The deceased was baptised nearly a quarter of a century ago by Rev. John Chase, and from that time until the close of her life she was enabled by divine grace to adorn her profession by a consistent christian deportment. In late years her health was very feeble, and she often suffered much. These sufferings were borne with becoming resignation to the divine will. During her last illness she was happy in her Saviour and manifested to her pastor and others, great willingness to depart and be with Christ, which is far better. She leaves a son, four daughters and a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn her departure.—Com.

The Annual Donation visit was made the Rev. Geo. A. Miles and family on Thursday Evening the 28th inst., at the Parsonage at Amherst. There was the usual large number of happy faces, and the usual liberal free will offerings. The presentation Address was made by W. H. Rogers Esq., who presented the purse containing gold, silver, and paper. The recipient replied in appropriate language, expressive of his appreciation of the generous donations and of the interest in his welfare thus made manifest.

Addresses were also given by the Rev. Thos. Todd of Sackville and the Rev. Mr. Blackador of Parsboro—the Rev. Wm. George offered the closing prayer.

Religious Intelligence.

TURKEY.—Notwithstanding recent persecutions, the experienced correspondent of "Evangelical Christendom" reports from Constantinople that there is now every prospect of more united and successful efforts for the evangelisation of that city. "All the Protestant congregations are now much larger than they have been in past years. Even the Mussulmans seem to be regaining the courage which was so effectually subdued by the persecutions of last year. They once more begin to visit the missionaries, and even to attend the religious services of the sabbath. The Government is still very watchful, and the past week has given evidence that the houses of the Christian Turks are constantly watched by spies, but there have been no acts of persecution like those of last year. In Asiatic Turkey the work is progressing at all points. A Protestant pastor has just been ordained over the flourishing church in Cesarea; and more than 700 persons were present at the religious services on the occasion. The well-known success of the Protestant movement in Aintab, Marash, Oorfa, and other places in that part of Turkey, is fully sustained, in spite of the death of several of the missionaries in that field; and a work of very similar character seems to be going on in Northern Asia Minor, south of Broosa, in towns like Marad Tchah, where within a year large Protestant communities have sprung up, and the people seem to be thoroughly in earnest, ready to help themselves, and to labour for their neighbours.

INDIA.—The disruption of the Brahma Somaj of Calcutta has been followed by the formation of a society styling itself "The Brahma Mission." No member will be allowed to officiate who regards caste or keeps the sacred thread. We now learn that several Christian ladies were present at the opening of this Brahmica Somaj. The women were all intelligent, able to read, and wonderfully devout. An arrangement was made to meet with these women every Saturday, after their service, to talk with and instruct them. Of their own accord they asked many questions on subjects of the deepest interest.

The Rev. Mr. Hærnle, of Agra, reports favourably of the work in Northern India. Of the bazaar preaching he says:—"We met frequently with large and attentive congregations, and not seldom had interesting conversations and discussions on religious subjects. According to the places we visited, the majority of our hearers were either Mussulmans or Hindus. With the former we could not always avoid controversial subjects. The preaching to the Hindus is generally less interrupted by objections. We have, however, often to refute the errors of Pantheism and the new form of Deism which is spreading in Bengal, and finds adherents also in the North-west Provinces. We have met this year with less violent, sneering opposition than in former years: objections and inquiries were generally made with civility, and attacks with a certain reserve, which, in many cases, seemed a sign of their own weakness."

General Intelligence.

Domestic.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
27th Dec., 1865.

APPOINTMENTS:

To be Notaries and Tabellions Public: J. D. McNutt, T. D. Ruggles, William Walsh, Vincent J. Wallace.

To be Deputy Registrars of Marriages, Births, and Deaths—William J. McKay, Earlton, Colchester Co.; John McPherson, Gairlock, Pictou Co.; Alexander McDonald, Hopewell, Pictou Co.; William Smith, Lower Barney's River, Pictou Co.; Reuben McFarlane, Petite Riviere, Lunenburg Co.; George Turner, New Ross, Lunenburg Co.

Richmond Co.—To be Controller of Customs and Collector of Colonial Duties at Saint Peters—Maurice J. Kavanagh. To be School Commissioners—Very Rev. Dr. Cameron, Rev. Hubert Gerrior, Rev. H. Deslaurier.

Guyborough Co.—To be School Commissioners—Rev. M. Tomkins, Rev. J. B. Sargeant, Rev. F. Von Blork, James V. Purcell, Revenue Officer at Port Mulgrave—George B. Hadley.

Cape Breton Co.—To be Health Officer at Cow Bay and Little Glace Bay—Dr. Lewis Johnston.

Colchester Co.—To be a Commissioner for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, &c., William A. Fulmore.

PRESENTATION.—An interesting ceremony came off at Temperance Hall on Friday afternoon. The Ladies' Cup, won by Sergeant George A. Sanford, of the Halifax Volunteer Artillery, at the Rifle contest in October last, was publicly presented by the lady of the Hon. Chief Justice. A good number of the Volunteer Artillery and Scottish Rifles were present. On the platform were His Excellency General Williams, Gen. Doyle, Colonel Pryor, and a number of other gentlemen, and the Ladies composing the Committee of the Ladies' Prize Fund.

His Excellency General Williams made an excellent address on the rise of the Volunteer movement and the enthusiasm felt in sustaining it in Great Britain.

After the presentation, Gen. Doyle indulged in a humorous address to the recipient of the prize, and the volunteers generally. He remarked on the influence of the ladies in offering such a prize for competition, but thought it a circumstance which needed explanation that two bachelor Generals should be sitting together on the platform on such an occasion. He believed, however, that the Hero of Kara had thought on the smiles of his fair countrywomen when so bravely defending that fortress.

The Chief Justice made an eloquent speech and affirmed the unquestioned loyalty of his fellow-countrymen of Nova Scotia, and the absurdity of any annexation feeling existing here. Three cheers were given for the Queen, for Gen. Williams, Gen. Doyle, &c., and the winner was escorted home with the handsome and valuable piece of plate committed to his keeping. It is necessary that it should be won a second time before it becomes the sole property of the winner.

THE LUNENBURG ELECTION resulted in the choice of Abraham Hebb by 1332 votes against 646 for B. Zwicker.

We learn from the Pictou Standard that Mr. Alexander Sutherland was, on the 27th ult., drowned near Carriboe Island, owing to the ice breaking under his feet while he was passing to the mainland.

MELANCHOLY CASUALTIES AT MARGARETS BAY.—While in this mortal state, hid from us are the causes of many of the dispensations of God's Providence; but in that day when "we shall know, even as we are known," all of Heaven's dealings with man will be made plain.

On the evening of the 20th, Mr. and Mrs. James F. Boutilier were drowned, while attempting to cross in a small boat, a narrow channel of water, which separated the island on which they lived from the main land. The wind was blowing strongly into the channel, and the boat being small it is supposed it upset. The body of Mrs. B. was borne by the current to the shore and found on the morning of the 22nd, and was buried on Sunday the 24th, at which time a discourse was delivered from Amos iv. 12, to a very

large and solemn audience. The body of Mr. B. has not been found. By this one stroke of Providence six children have been deprived of both their parents.

On the 21st a small vessel manned by Amos Adem and H. Garrison, sailed from French Village for Indian Harbor. When about half-way down the vessel upset, and both were drowned, or perished while clinging to wreck. Amos Adem was a charter member of Marathon Division, lately organized at the Harbor. Thus four of the inhabitants of this place, in two days, have been ushered into eternity.

God has called upon us by these things, to "set our houses in order" and be ready to meet the pale messenger whenever he may come.

While God has been dealing with us by his Providences, he has been blessing us by his grace. For some days we have been holding a series of meetings, and in answer to prayer He has moved upon the hearts of miners. A goodly number have obtained the salvation of God, and others are seeking. May this be "but a few drops before a more plentiful shower."—Brethren pray for us.

P. R. FOSTER.

St. Margaret's Bay, Dec. 28, 1865.

FATAL SHOOTING AFFRAY.—A man named John McPherson was shot at and wounded in the lungs at Waverly, on Saturday evening 23rd by one in a crowd of persons engaged in quarrelling, and from the effects thereof he died on Friday morning. Nine men have been arrested and incarcerated in the County Jail, in connection with the affair. Their names are John Pushing, Tim O'Herring, James Walsh, Wm. O'Brien, Michael Fitzpatrick, Carney Wood, Wm. Brewen, Patrick Currie, Curran Cassidy. It is said that the man McPherson was in no way engaged in the "row," but was simply passing along the road when the gun was fired at him by some one standing at the door.—Recorder.

SCHOOLS IN PICTOU.—A correspondent of the Witness gives a most gloomy picture of schools in Pictou county, stating that "there seems to have been a general closing movement," to which the Colonist replies:

"We think that our contemporary ought to have taken pains to have verified the above statements before giving currency to so flat a contradiction to the facts published by us.—Our statement was founded on the official report of the inspector for the country, now in the possession of the Superintendent of Education, which is as follows:—

"I have much pleasure in being able to report that 45 new school-houses have either been built, or are in course of erection, since my first tour of inspection. Many of the above are built after the plans recommended and issued by the Council of Public Instruction.

In some of the more wealthy sections, the new school-houses are very commodious and comfortable, and in all vastly superior to the old school-houses. Indeed, for nothing, perhaps, do the country deserve more credit than for the promptitude with which new, and, in some cases, excellent school houses have been built during the past year."

The fact that in Pictou County during the last half year 104 teachers were employed in teaching schools, with a larger number of children in attendance than during the corresponding term of 1864, does not look like a "general closing movement" among the schools. It cannot be otherwise than that a reform in the matter of education should be attended with reverses as well as successes; but all real friends of schools will rather court present difficulties and trials, if thereby future prosperity may be permanently secured."

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, for Coughs, Colds, and Irritated Throats are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy. They have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the genuine.

THE MOTHER'S REMEDY.—For all diseases with which children are afflicted is Mrs. Winlow's SOOTHING SYRUP. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind, colic, regulates the stomach and bowels, and during the process of teething, it gives rest and health to the child, and carries it safely through the critical period.

Canada.

MONTREAL.—The Merchants' Exchange, a large five story building, opposite the Montreal Telegraph Co's office, took fire on Sunday night 24th ult., and was completely gutted. The Telegraph office was in considerable danger. There was fortunately not much wind. The chief of the Fire Brigade and two firemen were injured by falling stones.

LATEST FROM THE U. STATES.

CHICAGO.—A terrible case of suffocation from gas occurred at the Bremen Hotel, 132 Lake St., on Saturday night, 23rd ult., resulting in the death of five men and perhaps six. The victims all slept in the same room. It is supposed that after retiring the cap of the gas pipe, which was merely stuck on with wax, fell off, allowing the gas under full pressure to enter the room. Five of the men were found dead yesterday morning. The other was still alive last night, but insensible.

NEGRO TROUBLES.—A despatch from Fort Monroe on the 27th ult., speaks of excitement there on Sunday night from a fear of a negro insurrection. A negro who attacked a policeman in Norfolk was shot by the latter.

The Washington Star of Tuesday last publishes a report of a riot in Alexandria, between negroes and whites in which six of the former, and four of the latter are said to have been killed. A number of negroes surrounded the jail in Manchester, Virginia, opposite Richmond, and compelled the liberation of two colored prisoners.

CAPTAIN SEMMES.—The Secretary of the Navy has ordered the trial of Semmes, the pirate of the Alabama, for violation of the laws of war in many instances, and more especially in hoisting the white flag on the Alabama, and then refusing to surrender himself, and re-engaging in warfare without being exchanged.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The "City of Washington" arrived at New York on Thursday last, with European dates to the 14th ult. The following are the somewhat important items of her news:

Governor Eyre of Jamaica has been suspended from his functions, pending an official inquiry. Sir Henry Storks appointed temporarily in his place. Storks sails for Jamaica Dec. 18th. The Times says Eyre's position will be that of Governor on leave. The Morning Post thinks Eyre's suspension may have a bad effect on the negroes.

At Fenian trials on the 12th O'Donovan occupied the whole day in his own defence. He was insolent, and sought to exhaust the court.

It was rumoured that the Governor of Richmond Bridwell had absconded.

It was reported that France had given the Queen of England six months notice to terminate the Extradition treaty, because of the strict formalities required before French offenders can be given up.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 25.—Bargovin's death is likely to give trouble to the Chinese Government. Reports now state he was drowned while in irons. American Consul declares that treaty with the United States has been violated.

London Times believes in peaceful designs of the American people.

Sir Henry Storks, Sir Edmund Head and Mr. Charles Livingston are understood to be the commission of enquiry for Jamaica.

A Fenian named Halligan has been convicted and sentenced to seven years penal servitude. A letter received in Liverpool confirms the statement that Stephens is safe in Paris.

The London Observer says Napoleon is apprehensive that Maximilian will follow his Empress to Europe, and has prevailed upon the Mexican minister at Paris to proceed to Mexico to endeavor to persuade Maximilian from abdicating. He would sail on 15th. Observer thinks he will not be in time, and that Maximilian will be in Europe before New Year.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—Fenian O'Donovan, owing to a similar conviction six years ago, has been sentenced to hard servitude for life. Joint note of England and France proposing certain terms for settlement of Chilean difficulties, was read at Madrid on the 9th—result not known.

DEC. 30.—ADDITIONAL NEWS PER AUSTRALASIAN.—Fenian special commission adjourned its sittings in Dublin on 13th, and commenced proceedings in Cork following day. Trial of McCafferty, American, and late Cap. in Confederate army was progressing. Strong military precautions had been taken to maintain peace in Cork.

Sir H. Stokes, in addition to his functions as Governor of Jamaica, will be President of Commission of Inquiry; other members of commission not yet announced.

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.

Corrected for the C. Messenger, Jan. 3th, 1866.

Flour, American spine, per bbl.	\$6 50	a	\$7 50
Canada	6 00	a	7 00
Rye	4 00	a	5 50
Cornmeal per bbl.	4 25	a	4 50
Butter, N. S. per lb.	0 22	a	0 25
Coffee, Laguyra, per lb.	0 19	a	0 22
Jamaica	0 21	a	0 23
Tea, Congo	0 43	a	0 45
Sugar, Porto Rico	0 09	a	0 10
Cuba	0 08	a	0 09
Molasses, Porto Rico, per gallon	0 50	a	0 55
Clunfuagos	0 40	a	0 50
Salmon, No. 1, per bbl.	22 00	a	22 00
No. 2	18 00	a	18 00
No. 3	14 00	a	14 00
Codfish, per quintal, large	8 50	a	5 00
Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl.	14 00	a	14 00
No. 2	10 00	a	11 00
No. 3	8 00	a	8 50
Herring, per bbl.	8 50	a	5 50
(Labrador)	6 00	a	6 50
Haddock	2 75	a	3 25
Hake	2 50	a	2 50
Coal, Sydney, per chaldron	6 00	a	6 50
New Mine	6 00	a	5 50
Wood, per cord	3 00	a	4 50

Farmers' Market.

Hay, per ton	\$18 00	a	18 00
Best, Fresh, per lb.	0 05	a	0 07
Pork, Fresh, per lb.	0 07	a	0 10
Bacon, 1 lb.	0 10	a	0 12
Mutton	0 05	a	0 07
Poultry—Chickens, per pair	0 35	a	0 40
Ducks	0 40	a	0 50
Turkeys, per lb.	0 10	a	0 13
Geese, each	0 40	a	0 50
Butter, Fresh, per lb.	0 25	a	0 30
Cheese	0 10	a	0 12
Eggs, per dozen	0 20	a	0 25
Oatmeal, per cwt.	2 50	a	2 50
Oats, per bushel	0 40	a	0 50
Apples, per bbl.	8 50	a	8 50
Potatoes, per bushel	0 35	a	0 50