

temporal Government of the Papal See. The enterprise, if really intended, seems a rash and more than an uncertain one. The great Liberator of the Kingdom of Naples, would appear to be led by his enthusiasm for the accomplishment of his great life's aspirations, beyond the bounds of ordinary prudence. Otherwise he might see that the combinations of the great European Powers, as well as the present real welfare of Italy, forbid the attempt to abolish at once the temporal power of the Pope, confined as it is, within so narrow limits, as compared with its former extent. The irresistible progress of events is every day rendering it more impossible that so anomalous a state of things as is involved in the existence of an Ecclesiastical body exercising temporal power in Europe can last much longer. It must of necessity before long die out from inherent decay.

President Johnson has intimated in his last message to Congress that the government of the United States in establishing military rule in the South has become responsible for all the debts incurred before the rebellion, amounting to \$100,000,000. This little bill caused some sensation in the capitol, the end of which does not appear.

The steamship *China* from England arrived off the harbor on Sunday evening, but in consequence of fog did not get in till about 9 o'clock on Monday morning, only 25 days since she was here on the way to England. The English papers received by her contain accounts of the movements of the visiting sovereigns, and the various entertainments given them, the shooting for prizes at Wimbledon, &c., but nothing of special interest.

Notices, &c.

Acadia College.

The next College Term will commence on Monday, Sept. 2, on which day the roll will be called at two o'clock, P. M.

Candidates for Matriculation are requested to attend in the College Library, for examination, on Friday, Aug. 30, at nine o'clock, A. M.

J. M. CHAMP, President.

July 29th, 1867.

We beg to call attention to an error on the cover of the last year's Minutes of the Baptist Convention. The Constitution provides that the Annual meeting shall be "on the first Saturday after the 15th of August" which is the 24th, not the 17th as stated on the cover aforesaid.

Quarterly Meeting.

The next Cape Breton Quarterly Meeting will (D. V.) be held with the Baptist Church at North Sydney, commencing Saturday, the 7th Sept., at 2 o'clock, P. M.

By order,

T. A. PORTER, JR., Pastor.

The Twenty-second Annual Session of the BAPTIST CONVENTION OF NOVA SCOTIA, NEW BRUNSWICK, AND PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND will be held with the Pine Grove Baptist Church, Wilmet, N. S., commencing on the 24th day of August, at 2 o'clock, in the afternoon.

Letters Received.

A. Shaw. J. P. Saunders. Rev. J. F. Kempton. H. C. Upham. R. G. Freeman. Dr. J. Woodbury, \$10.86. J. Uhlman.—Forwarded, Rev. A. H. Munro. Rev. L. B. Gates, \$1. Rev. D. W. C. Dimock. J. W. Bigelow. J. D. Marsters, \$2. W. Mors. Rev. Isa. Wallace. G. V. Rand, 1 sub. J. Desbrisay, Esq., \$3. Rev. J. Davis.

Dominion and Foreign News.

Ontario.

THE CROPS.—One of the "oldest inhabitants," who has made a tour of the Province of Ontario says that the crops have not looked more promising for the last quarter of a century.—*Montreal Daily News*.

PORT HOPE, ONTARIO, July 22.—A fire occurred on Saturday last, destroying the stores of A. N. Temperst, S. N. Pitts, and others. The loss exceeds \$50,000. A fire engine ran over a man named Coffin, who was instantly killed. A terrific hurricane visited this vicinity last night.

A bullet, fired from a gun by a man named Benjamin Tyrell, in front of his house, at Niagara Falls, some days since, entered the breast of a child eleven months old, which was being held in the arms of its mother, at a distance of 300 yards or more, killing it instantly, and wounding the mother in her arms. He was not aware there were any persons in the vicinity.

OTTAWA, July 26.—The surveying party to ascertain the length of the Ottawa River has returned. The river is ascertained to be 1000 miles long not 500. A large lake was discovered which was hitherto unknown. The natives of the country which they travelled, are Pagans. The men have a plurality of wives.

Quebec.

His Excellency Lieutenant Governor Belleau is the first French Catholic Governor in Canada for upwards of one hundred years.

A Montreal despatch to *Toronto Leader*, of July 20th says: "Money in moderate demand, and there is abundance on call at 6 per cent."

On the 20 inst. about twenty houses were destroyed by fire in Oliver and Saxonville streets in the city of Quebec. At last accounts the amount of loss and insurance had not been ascertained.

One day last week a sailor was discovered floating on a piece of deal in the water near Crane Island, below Quebec. When rescued he was almost exhausted, having as he stated, jumped overboard from the Westmoreland, West, master, outward bound, at 10 o'clock the preceding night—the night being dark and stormy. The poor fellow was sent to one of the city hospitals and well cared for. He states that he was in danger of his life by the cruelty of the master and that he might as well risk being drowned, as of being made miserable by the brutal treatment of the captain.

New Brunswick.

The *St. John Journal* says that nearly a thousand men are now employed on Western Extension, and more are wanted.

MAIL BAG STOLEN.—A mail bag was missed from the contents of the mail which left Bathurst for points further north on the night of Friday, 12th inst. It is said to have been stolen between Bathurst and Campbellton. It is alleged that the supposed robbers expected to find in the bag letters to Government officials containing road money, but it would appear that in this respect they were disappointed.

FOUND DEAD.—Yesterday morning about 5 o'clock the body of Mr. Geo. M. Jack was found lying at the foot of a back flight of stairs in Mrs. Ansley's Boarding House, Germain street, cold and lifeless, head downward. A noise was heard about 1 o'clock, but no notice was taken of it, which is supposed to be the time the accident happened.

WHAT THEY SAY AT NEW YORK.—That the New Brunswick oarsmen carried off two prizes from the great International Regatta at St. Cloud is by no means surprising. Canadians lead the world in boating, and their triumph on the Seine is only a repetition of those they have so often won in their waters and in our own. They come down into "the States" only to easily overcome our best Clubs, and then tell us, sometimes, for our satisfaction, that they have left better men behind. The three Oxford and two London boats that they have just completed with would have been champions of the world had they beaten the New Brunswickers. Halifax, St. John, and several other places in the Canadas, could have easily furnished out extra crews to sweep up what laurels this winning Club left.—*Times*.

Prince Edward Island.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., JULY 26, 1867.—A Temperance Convention was held here last week. About 40 delegates from all parts of the Island were in attendance. It is purposed to make the Convention a permanent institution, to be composed of two delegates from every Division of the Sons, every Temple of both branches of the Good Templars and every Temperance Society; and to hold its sittings at least once a year.

Respecting the above Rev. John Davis writes: "You will have seen in our papers notices of a Temperance Convention held in our city last week. It was composed of delegates from the various Temperance organizations on the Island. It was intended to promote vigorous, united, and concentrated action on behalf of our common cause. It was well attended. Its discussions were spirited, if not spirituous. It resulted in the founding of a Convention of the like kind to be held annually. The thing looks well, and there is reason to hope that it may work well. The more, as there was a goodly infusion of the religious element in the affair, and its management hereafter is likely to fall into the hands of the friends of religion."

LATEST FROM UNITED STATES.

The Union Republican Committee of New York have nominated General Grant for President.

The United States iron clad *Miantonomah*, with her consort the *Augusta*, was last heard from at Barbados, West Indies. She is on her way home, and has orders to proceed to Philadelphia, where she will be put out of commission and all her officers placed on waiting orders.

It is reported that the rice crop of South Carolina will be a failure. A Charleston paper says the reports from various districts are very gloomy.

The feasibility of running locomotives with petroleum is being tested by a railroad company in Pennsylvania.

The arrival of emigrants for the first six months of the year at New York is shown by the returns of the Board of Emigration to be: By sailing vessels, 28,308; by steamships, 108,518; in all, 135,826.

PROF. AGASSIZ ON THE RACES.—Prof Agassiz, in his letter repudiating certain remarks alleged to have been made by him respecting the negro race, says:—

"The only ground I may have given to question the soundness of my views, concerning the different races of men is the opinion I have always maintained, and which I still hold now, that the different types of the human family have an independent origin one from the other, and are not descended from common ancestors;

but this idea I do not apply to the negroes only but to the Indians, the Chinese, the Indoos, the Australians, &c., as well. In fact, I believe that men were created in nations, not in individuals; but not in nations in the present sense of the word; on the contrary, in such crowds as exhibited slight, if any, diversity, among themselves, except those of sex."

New York, July 29th. Gold 1401.8.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantic Telegraph.

ENGLAND.—London, July 24.—In the House of Lords the debate on the Reform Bill was resumed. At its conclusion a motion for its second reading was put and carried.

The House of Commons to night passed the bill for the abolition of church rates.

It is reported on the authority of Lord Naas, Commander-in-Chief of the British forces in Ireland, that two of the Fenians now awaiting trial in Dublin, have become insane.

July 25.—Mr. Phillimore has been named as Judge of the Admiralty Court.

The bullion in the Bank of England has increased 95,000 pounds during the past week.—The Bank rate has been reduced to 2 per cent. Omar Pasha reports that the military forces under his command have succeeded in suppressing the insurrection in Candia and that the war in that island is now ended.

July 26.—There is much caution shown by capitalists and business men here, the feeling having become general that war between France and Prussia is imminent. A private despatch from Berlin received this evening, makes mention of the general opinion there that war is certain and adds that Prussia is actively urging forward her preparations for such an event.

July 27.—The names of the persons recently arrested at Cork on suspicion of being Fenians, are Cattaghan, Griffin and Goulding. Reilly who has been on trial for some time, charged with complicity in the recent outbreak in Kerry, has been found guilty of high treason.

IRELAND.—The 12th July was celebrated by the Orangemen. The day passed off quietly in all directions. In Belfast 30,000 men passed in procession without molestation.

Dr. Higgins, Bishop of Derry, died suddenly on the 12th.

Dublin, July 25.—While the police were conducting a squad of Fenians through the principal streets of Tralee, the bystanders loudly cheered the prisoners, and increasing in numbers to a mob attacked the escort with stones. No determined attempt, however, was made to rescue the prisoners, and they were safely deposited in the town jail.

FRANCE.—Paris, July 22.—The Bill abolishing imprisonment for debt, which some time ago passed the Corps Legislatif, has finally passed the Senate and is now a law.

July 23.—The French Government has prohibited the placing of any portion of the Russian railroad loan in the French market.

In the Corps Legislatif yesterday, the ordinary budget of proposition was passed.

July 24.—Italians here assert that Mazzini has gone to Italy to join Garibaldi in his intended movement.

July 25.—The Corps Legislatif yesterday passed all the provisions in the Budget for the extraordinary expenditures. By this action the only sections of the Budget which had not previously been agreed to, were disposed of, and the other general business of the session having been completed the Corps Legislatif adjourned.

July 28.—On Saturday evening Admiral Faragut was received at a State dinner by the Emperor Napoleon.

Cherbourg, July 28.—The Empress Eugenie yesterday visited the United States Steamer *Colorado*, now lying in the harbor, and was received with all the honors befitting her exalted rank.

RUSSIA.—St. Petersburg, July 23.—By an Imperial ukase political and governmental distinctions between Poland and the Empire of Russia are abolished, and Poland is now absorbed in Russia as one of the Provinces of that Empire.

PRUSSIA.—Berlin, July 26th.—A couple of conscripts belonging to the Imperial army attempted to escape, they succeeded in reaching an American vessel at Bremer Haven, which was on the point of setting sail. The Prussian authorities threatened to open the batteries on the ship if the commander refused to give up the conscripts; after a short parley the men were surrendered.

ITALY.—Florence, July 26.—Baron Ratazzi, Prime Minister of Italy, has made an offer to garrison the city of Rome with national troops to protect it from the party of action under Garibaldi and Mazzini.

AUSTRIA.—Vienna, July 26th.—The Emperor Napoleon sent a note to King William of Prussia, urging him to surrender the Danish provinces of North Schleswig to Denmark. The Emperor of Austria refuses to interfere in the matter at all.

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WHOOPING COUGH, however severe, may be alleviated and cured by the use of Larookah's Syrup, given from three to five times a day.

ASTHMA AND CATARRH.—Asthma, or Phthisis, is caused by an accumulation of mucus or matter in the bronchial tubes, which run through and supply every portion of the lungs with air; besides the phlegm which clogs up the wind tube, they are often lessened to one third of their usual diameter by spasmodic contraction, so that it is with the utmost difficulty that respiration can be performed.

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