

Rev. A. H. Lavers the treasurer for PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, followed with the accounts of the churches there. The following is the summary:

Home Missions.....	\$ 308.25
Foreign Missions.....	177.16
Educational Institutions.....	158.46
Emergency Fund.....	27.95
Ministerial Relief.....	13.94
Ministerial Education.....	13.93
Women's Mission Aid Society.....	151.77
Total.....	\$ 846.57
Additional receipts.....	163.76

Total.....\$1,010.33

Appropriations.	
Home Missions.....	\$383.50
Foreign Missions.....	271.96
Educational Fund.....	188.79
Educational Contributions.....	46.00
Expenses and Contingency.....	27.95
Ministerial Aid.....	12.50
Ministerial Education.....	14.00
Total.....	\$893.70

The reading of these accounts had occupied so much time that there was but little left for discussion, and after a short extension of time they were adopted as a whole.

The evening was appropriated to a PUBLIC HOME MISSIONARY MEETING.

Some discussion arose from the reading of the Minutes of the afternoon meeting, but Rev. Dr. Sawyer, the President, ruled it out of order at that time and introduced the subject of the evening by a few appropriate remarks. A hymn was sung, and prayer was offered by Rev. J. A. Gordon.

Rev. J. B. Woodland spoke on "The needs and encouragement to Home Mission work." He regarded this as the great work of the Christian Church organization. All other objects he believed should be held as subordinate to this. We are told to go into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature. We see our fellow-men perishing without the gospel, and we should—ministers and laymen, strive with all our powers to give it to them. Our forefathers were but heathen and barbarians, and that but a few generations back. What we now are in our experience and surroundings we owe to Christianity, and the command left by the Master must be heeded.

Rev. H. N. Parry spoke on "How can pastors assist the Home Missionary Board?" He offered a number of suggestions as to expressions of sympathy with the Board, by giving them information of the needs of their localities, and by teaching their people to diligently and liberally sustain the operations of the missionaries.

Rev. Walter Barsz spoke on the claims of British Columbia as a field of missionary labor. He shewed the great resources and mineral wealth of that most western province of the Dominion.

Rev. A. H. Hayward spoke to good effect on "How to reach places adjacent to churches that were destitute of gospel ministrations." He believed in a much more general use being made of the younger church members, and as we send lady missionaries into the foreign field, so should we send them to places nearer home where they might do much good.

Rev. A. Cohoon gave an able speech on "Reasons for contributing towards Home Missionary work." He shewed that the neglect of small feeble churches would result in a diminution of the streams that supply the rivers. We know not where the members of our families may go, and it might be that they would go where one of these neglected churches existed. By the diminution of our small churches we lessen the resources for Foreign Missions and other operations of the churches. At the close of the speeches, a desire was expressed that the debt remaining should be cleared off, and a number of persons gave towards it some \$10, some \$5 others smaller sums. Rev. D. G. McDonald performed the office of principal solicitor, and in a short time J. E. Masters, Esq., of St. John, said he would contribute the balance. There was quite an excitement while this was being done, and the members of the Board were encouraged by the proceedings.

We have extended our report of Convention matters on Missions so much that we cannot give our report of the Educational matters at Moncton in our present issue, without greatly abbreviating both, and we have therefore preferred to reserve the latter for next week, and give the following report of the Nominating Committee adopted at the last meeting of the Session:

The Supplementary Report of Committee of Nominations was presented as follows:—

THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF ACADIA COLLEGE.

1886—In place of Dr. Rand, resigned, Rev. D. G. McDonald, nominated by the Alumni Association.

In place of D. R. Eaton, Esq., deceased, Charles F. Eaton, Esq.

In place of Avard Longley, Esq., deceased, Rev. C. Goodspeed, A. M.

1892—In place of Rev. S. W. DeBlois, D. D., deceased, Austin Locke, Esq.

In place of A. C. Robbins, Esq., Wm. Cummings, Esq.

THE FOREIGN MISSION BOARD.

Those whose term of Office expired this year were re-nominated, viz.: Rev. G. E. Day, M. D., Rev. D. A. Steele, A. M., Rev. I. E. Bill, D. D., Rev. J. E. Hopper, D. D., J. H. Harding, Esq.

THE HOME MISSIONARY BOARD.

In place of those whose term of office expires in 1884: James Crosby, Esq., Rev. A. Gordon, T. B. Crosby, Esq., Rev. A. H. Lavers, Rev. J. B. Woodland.

1886—In place of Rev. J. I. De Wolfe, A. M. Young, removed, Rev. J. I. De Wolfe, A. M.

BOARD OF MINISTERIAL RELIEF AND AID FUND.

Renominate those whose term of office expires, viz.: Hon. D. McN. Parker, M. D., D. C. L., J. F. L. Parsons, Esq., Rev. J. F. Avery.

MINISTERIAL EDUCATION BOARD.

In place of those whose term of office expires, C. F. Eaton, Esq., Rev. A. W. Sawyer, D. D., Rev. T. A. Higgins, A. M. To preach the Convention Sermon, Rev. G. O. Gates, A. M.; Alternate, Rev. F. D. Crawley, B. A.

COMMITTEES.

On the State of Religion in the Denomination, Rev. C. Goodspeed, A. M., Rev. G. O. Gates, A. M., Rev. J. E. Hopper, D. D., Rev. J. O. Redden, B. A. On Obituaries, Rev. T. A. Higgins, A. M., Rev. I. E. Bill, D. D., Rev. E. N. Archibald, A. M.

On publishing the Year Book, Rev. W. J. Stewart, Rev. J. F. Bartlett, Professor Keirstead, Rev. J. O. Redden. The Financial Committee to receive Convention Funds:

For Nova Scotia—Rev. G. E. Day, M. D. For New Brunswick—Rev. G. O. Gates, A. M.

For Prince Edward Island—Rev. A. H. Lavers.

Committee to meet brethren of the Upper Provinces, on Union, Dr. Sawyer, John March, Rev. A. Cohoon, Dr. Rand, Dr. Saunders, Dr. Day, A. F. Randolph, Rev. D. A. Steele, J. E. Hopper, D. D., Rev. D. M. Welton, D. D., Rev. G. O. Gates, Hon. Dr. Parker, E. D. King, Esq. C. C.

Committee to meet the Free Baptists on Union in Foreign Mission Work: Rev. Dr. Bill, Rev. Dr. Hopper, Rev. S. B. Kempton, Rev. J. E. Goucher, Rev. J. F. Bartlett, Rev. D. G. McDonald, Rev. C. Goodspeed.

Committee on Traveling Arrangements for 1885: Rev. G. O. Gates, C. B. Whidden, Henry Lovett, T. B. Crosby, R. M. King, Rev. A. H. Lavers, John March, Dr. Margeson.

Committee to locate Convention for 1885: Rev. E. O. Read, Prof. Coldwell, Rev. S. B. Kempton, Rev. H. Foshy, Rev. D. A. Steele.

The Committee for making Arrangements for 1885: The Secretary of Convention, the Secretaries of the Boards of Convention, and the pastor of the Church with which the Convention is held.

On motion of Rev. J. W. Bancroft, It was Resolved, That the Finance Committee be instructed to close its accounts on the first of August; and the Treasurers of the various Boards on the 10th of August and that no supplementary reports be received.

Judge Johnston gave notice that at the next meeting of Convention application will be made to amend the Constitution of this body so as to carry into effect any arrangements that may be made looking to Union in Denominational work with the Baptists of the Upper Provinces of Canada.

On motion of Rev. J. E. Goucher, It was Resolved, That this Convention request the Board of Governors of Acadia College to take such action in respect to the arrangement made by the Nova Scotia Legislature in the matter as shall obtain a recognition of the compact of 1865, and secure our rights in the premises.

On motion of Dr. Saunders, seconded by Prof. Keirstead, Resolved, That it be a standing rule of this Convention that the President shall deliver an address to the body on his retirement from office.

Thanks to President Sawyer for his services etc.

Closed with prayer by Dr. Saunders and benediction by Dr. Sawyer.

Reflection is an angel who every day bears reports to heaven of our doings here, and when the books are opened we must answer for the records kept—Hastily.

HALIFAX was favored on Sunday last by the presence of several esteemed Baptist ministers, Rev. John Craig of the Canada Mission to the Telugus.

Rev. W. F. Armstrong, appointed by the American Baptist Missionary Union to Maulmain, Burmah.

Rev. W. J. Swaffield of Harvey, N. B.

Rev. B. W. Lockhart, of Suffolk, Conn.

Mr. H. E. Mader, pastor of the Church at Jeddore.

Rev. R. M. Hunt of St. Stephen, N. B.

MR. CRAIG preached in the Tabernacle in the morning, and in the North Church in the evening.

Mr. Swaffield preached in the North Church in the morning, and in the Tabernacle in the evening.

Rev. W. F. Armstrong preached at Dartmouth in the morning.

Rev. R. R. Philp preached with much interest in Berwick on Sunday the 24th ult. He is journeying from the West, eastward, and reports great kindness from the churches.

At a special meeting held on Friday last in the Spring Garden Vestry, a Farewell Address was presented to the Rev. Mr. MacArthur, and an appropriate reply given thereto, besides which a number of the brethren spoke of the profit they had received from the ministrations of their pastor during the three years he had been with them.

Mr. MacArthur spoke feelingly of the great kindness he had experienced from the church and its individual members, especially during the repeated illness he had been called to endure from the loss of voice, and other maladies. He felt, after his recovery from his last severe attack it would not be safe to remain through another season, which had been confirmed by medical advice given. Wherever he went in the future he would carry with him the recollection of the kind friends in Halifax.

Rev. Alex. MacArthur preached his farewell sermon to the Granville Street Church on Sunday evening before a very large congregation, from "Hitherto hath the Lord helped us." He took a view of the three years of his ministry here, and gave some very affectionate counsels and acknowledgments of Divine interposition and help.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We much regret that by a mistake in the Post Office some notices which should have appeared in our present issue, did not come to hand till it was too late to insert them.

Home News

Nova Scotia.

The annual camp drill at Aldershot, Kings Co. commences on the 9th Inst. concluding on the 19th. About 1200 are expected to take part in the exercises.

Annapolis Valley was visited by an extraordinary fall of rain on Sunday last. It is said to have been heavier than has been for 40 years.

The meeting concerning the New Brunswick Baptist Union Seminary held at St. John on Thursday last was largely attended. Mr. Randolph had declined to act on the committee to recommend a location. The other two members had done nothing and the meeting therefore was free to act. After a long discussion and great diversity of opinion as to the most suitable location,

Rev. Mr. McIntyre moved that the Seminary be located in St. John or its immediate vicinity.

Rev. S. Welton moved that St. John be the location provided funds can be first raised. Mr. J. March believed that a conditional stock list of \$200,000 might be raised in St. John.

Dr. J. N. Burnett and Mr. Colter White presented some strong reasons why the Seminary should not be in St. John.

Rev. Mr. McIntyre's amendment was put and carried.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, has the advantage of being palatable, and easily digested, and these two well-known remedies being combined, are more potent in their remedial effects than if taken separately, and increase flesh and strength with remarkable rapidity.

A lady whose leg was bent at the knee and stiff for six years, by the use of 3 dozen bottles of "Minard's Liniment" can walk as well as ever. In cases of long standing perispermia and quantity is required, a single bottle will seldom cure in obstinate cases.

EVERYBODY SHOULD KNOW that "Minard's Liniment" will effectually cure Bronchitis, Inflammation, Sore Throat, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough and Lame Stomach.

About 2000 barrels of mackerel were secured by seines in Liverpool harbor on Monday last.

War, famine and pestilence all combined do not produce the evil consequences to a nation which result from impure blood in our veins. Parsons' Purgative Pills make new rich blood and prevent all manner of diseases.

I certify that I obtained immediate relief during a severe case of bronchitis, when in Camp Sussex this year, by the application of Minard's Liniment.

C. CREW-READ, Lieut.-Col.

Dominion of Canada.

The British Association now in session at Montreal has attracted a large number of intelligent strangers. The first general meeting was held at the Queen's Hall on Wednesday last. It is supposed that there were about two thousand persons present. The Hall was crowded to the doors. Lord and Lady Lansdowne, Sir John William Thompson and the officers of the Association took their places on the platform punctually. Lord Lansdowne, on behalf of the people of Canada, extended a welcome to the Association. His speech, which took upwards of half an hour to deliver, was well received, more especially the conclusion, where he alluded to the presence of so many people from the United States, who, though events had caused their separation from the British empire, still were looked upon as kinsmen and members of the British race. Sir William Thompson, who presided in the absence of Prof. Cayley, then vacated the chair, Lord Rayleigh, President for the ensuing year, being installed. The presidential address was then delivered and took upwards of an hour and a half.

The reports of the Council of the Association, read on Wednesday afternoon, show that the new departure of holding meetings out of England is likely to prove a success. The Council has felt bound to restrict the entrance of new members owing to the inducements offered to make a journey to Canada. The Treasurer's report showed a total membership of 765. Capt. Bedford Pim suggested that two very distinguished American visitors, Lieuts. Greely and Ray, who were not members of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, should be honored by being elected honorary members of the Association during the present meeting. At the mention of the name of the great explorer there was a burst of loud and long continued applause. Mr. Bonney said he had already taken steps to see that this honor was paid these gentlemen. The Mayor read an address of welcome to the Association, to which Sir John William Thompson replied. Sir John Macdonald addressed the Association and said that Canada considered the visit of the British Association an honor to Canada.

Five hundred members of the British Association for the Advancement of Science visited Ottawa on Saturday. They were received at the station, escorted to the Drill Hall, presented with an address, entertained at dinner, and shown the sights of the city. All expressed their delight at the beauty of the city and its surroundings.

Mr. A. F. Wood has absconded from Ottawa after forging two notes. He held a good position in the Post Office Department.

An advertisement appears in the Canadian papers stating that six hundred Canadian boatmen are required to accompany the English expedition up the Nile, to steer the boats through the rapids, and do all necessary portaging. They are to be divided into three gangs, each having their own foreman. Over a hundred and fifty Indians will be engaged at St. Regis, Caughnawaga and Three Rivers. The engagements to be for six months from 1st September, pay from \$30 to \$40 per month, according to the efficiency of each man. Each man will be provided with an outfit and free rations. They are to report at Ottawa on the 6th September.

Ald. E. C. Dennison, Major of the Governor-General's Body Guards, has been offered and accepted the command of the expedition of Canadian voyageurs to be sent for the relief of Khartoum.

A telegram from Toronto on Tuesday last states that a terrible tragedy occurred at Markdale, County Grey, on the previous day, the principals being Wm. Norris, headmaster, and Miss Ford, second teacher, in the Markdale public school. It appears the teachers were all on duty as usual in the forenoon.

On intermission Norris went from his room into the room of Miss Ford, and they were engaged in conversation for over half an hour, when Miss Ford gradually approached her desk, and while leaning with her elbow on the desk and her hand on her face, Norris approached the other side of the desk. He then asked her to marry him and she refused. He then drew a revolver from his pocket and fired at her, the ball going between her fingers and into her face, lodging at the side of the upper maxilla. She immediately dodged down under the desk, when he caught her by the arm with his left hand and dragged her out and fired two more shots, which struck her in the head, glancing off the skull and out again. She then ran out screaming and ran to the first dwelling, about 100 yards distant. On Miss Ford's flight Norris shot himself, the ball entering his right temple, he dropped to the floor insensible, never spoke and died in about an hour afterwards. Two or three children were in the room at the time of the tragedy. Miss Ford is an exemplary young lady under twenty years of age. Norris was an unmarried man about 28 years of age. He came to this place from Lion's Head, County Bruce, on the 1st of January last, and began teaching. He always conducted himself in a very orderly manner and gave universal satisfaction.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them for the cure of LIVER and KIDNEY diseases. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Circulars free. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

DIPHTHERIA

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT CURES Intoxication, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, and Diseases of the Spine. Sold everywhere. Circulars free. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

MAKE HENS LAY

It is a well-known fact that most of the Hens and Cattle Powder sold in this country is worthless: that Sheridan's Condition Powder is absolutely pure and very valuable. Nothing on Earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powder. Dose, one teaspoonful to each pint of food. It will also positively prevent and cure Hog Cholera, &c. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Circulars free. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

Nov. 28.

J. E. Mulloney & Co.

DENTISTS,

125 BARRINGTON STREET, 125

RECEIVE ORDERS for all kinds of DENTAL WORK, the facilities for doing which enable them to offer it at the lowest possible cost. They invite the attention of persons requiring one or more ARTIFICIAL TEETH to the variety of Plates they are to supply. Persons from the country visiting Halifax for the purpose having Dental operations performed will be liberally dealt with.

Aug. 27. 6m.

E. T. SIBLEY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

WINDOW SHADES,

Lower Stewiacke, Col. Co., N. S.

These Rustic Blinds are the best in the Market.

CHEAP, DURABLE and HANDSOME.]

SUITABLE FOR

Churches, Halls, School Houses and Residences.]

All Orders attended to promptly.

Lower Stewiacke, April 9, 1884. July 16]

News of the World.

The war between France and China is the great absorbing subject of the past week in political circles: A despatch on Saturday, says it is rumored that China has formally declared war against France, and has notified Japan of the fact. Official rewards have been offered for the heads of all Frenchmen.

The French are elated at the display of Chinese pugnacity because it will lead to protracted hostilities, in which case only the capture of Pekin will effectually end the war.

There are conflicting accounts as to the results of the recent bombardment of Foo Chow. A despatch from Shanghai on Wednesday says the French loss was 7 killed and 14 wounded. The Chinese loss is estimated at 1,000 killed and 3,000 wounded. The Chinese man-of-war Yang-Wu was exploded by a torpedo after it had fired broadside at a French torpedo boat. The French expect to occupy the heights commanding the Pagoda anchorage. It is reported that there are 75,000 Chinese troops in the vicinity of Foo Chow.

The N. Y. Graphic had a telegram from London on the 27th which stated that 80,000 Chinese troops, who have been secretly massed on the frontier, suddenly invaded Tonquin, and after desperate fighting completely annihilated the French troops in that Province, the Chinese losing several thousand killed during the different engagements, which followed in quick succession. The French troops, it is said fought desperately and repeatedly charged the Chinese lines, but as fast as the latter were broken into they closed up again with reliable military precision and many hand to hand encounters ensued, the French finally succumbing to overwhelming odds.

Foo Chow, or the Happy City as it is called is 25 miles from the mouth of the river Min. It has a population of 500,000. Its principal exports are tea and cotton or nankeens.

Admiral Courbet's Report states on the 27th "Our operations against the Mingan forts have been successfully concluded. All the Chinese batteries have been destroyed. We have shattered all their cannon with gun cotton," and on the 28th it was: All the defenses along the Min River are gone. The Chinese troops bolted. The French fleet can bombard but the occupation of the mainland is impossible.

A despatch from Hong Kong dated Aug. 31st, says: The Chinese honorably paid the French Shamrin claims after Foo Chow had been bombarded. The French ship saluted the Chinese flag on the day previous to the Foo Chow attack, it being the Emperor's birthday. Foreign residents severely censure the French for entering the Min River with the banner of friendship flying.

It is now asserted that Admiral Courbet has left the Min river with the intention of going to Canton. Chinese military commanders everywhere have

received Imperial orders to attack all the French warships and merchant vessels which attempt to enter leading treaty ports, and those in port now have been ordered to depart immediately.

Telegrams for the Chinese Government lines are not accepted unless written in English.

It is said that Egypt has notified England she is bankrupt since Tuesday and is unable to meet current expenses.

General Lord Wolseley and the Earl of Northbrook have started for Egypt. They will proceed to Cairo to assume immediate command of the forces in Egypt and direct operations for the relief of Khartoum.

Lord Wolseley proposes to reach Dongola with the Gordon relief expedition by November 7. He declares himself able to accomplish this programme without difficulty. There are only six cataracts to pass, whereas in the Red River expedition in 1870, he was compelled to drag his boats overland at forty-six different places.

The expedition will be composed of 8,000 British troops, 2,500 Egyptians and a flotilla of 950 river boats. The cost of the campaign is estimated at £8,000,000. The total number of British troops in Egypt is 10,128 of whom 601 are on the sick list. When all the reinforcements reach there the total number will be 15,000.

A despatch from Cairo on the 28th says: The Rebels attempted to capture Khartoum on the 12th and continued the attack until the 14th, when General Gordon cleverly outflanked them. Many of the rebels were killed during the engagements.

Recent advices from Madagascar say it is reported that General Miot and Colonel Lagoire have had a serious disagreement with regard to the mode of attack upon the Hovas, and that Lagoire refused to march his troops under Miot's orders.

The West African territory is likely to awaken fresh misunderstanding between Germany and England. On July 12th the Germans took formal possession of Cameroon's River, Upper Guinea, and the adjoining territory. This roused great dissatisfaction among English traders established there, who think England should have taken the river a year ago. On July 25th, Hewitt the British consul, held a meeting of merchants and local kings and chiefs at Old Calabar. As a result of this the kings and chiefs signed a treaty placing themselves and their dominions under British protection.

The Cholera is still lingering in France and Italy. The number of deaths reported in the towns of both countries, is gradually diminishing. There were 68 deaths at Massa Carrara in Italy, and 57 at Geneva on Saturday last.

Try to frequent the company of your betters in books and life. That is the most wholesome society.