Poetry.

Triumph of the Gospel.

Many shall run to and fro, and knowledge shall be increased.—DANIEL, 12: 4.

Where rolls the stormy billow
Along the troubled deep;
Where verdant prairies pillow
The sunbeams as they sleep;
Where hills with heaven are blending;
Where spreads the dreary waste;
Where torrents are descending,
The Gospel heralds haste.

Where perfume-breathing flowers
Shed fragrance on the gales,
That sweep through rosy bowers
Of sunny Persia's vales;
Where o'er the snow clad mountains
Swells China's busy hum;
Which flow those olden fountains,
The gladsome tidings come.

The forest dark is hushing
The murmur of the blast,
While melodies are gushing
Unknown in ages past;
And softly, sweetly stealing
Upon the desert air,
The Sabbath bells are pealing,
To wake the voice of prayer.

Old Grecian temples hoary,
Decay'd with vanish'd time,
Shrines framed in song and story
Reverberate that clime;
And louder, louder swelling,
It sweeps o'er Afric's shore,
With gentle music quelling
The lion's angry roar.

Lord! in Thy mercy speeding,
Thy chosen heralds guide,
That they, in triumph leading
Thy people scattered wide,
From every clime and nation
May gather them in one,
Till earth with adoration
Hails the Eternal Son:

Till in each mortal dwelling,
As in thy realms above,
High songs of praise are swelling,
To hymn redeeming love;
Till every home's an altar,
Where holy hearts set free,
In service never falter—
Unchanged in love to Thee!

REV. B. D. WINSLOW'S *Remains.*

Miscellany.

California Indians.

The California Indians are in a stature short, but they are well and stoutly formed. Their features are coarse, broad and of a dark chocolate color; their hair is black, heavy and matted. In their habits they are unclean and indolent. Their huts are built of boughs, bark or old canvas, and are smoky, small and dirty. The women do the work, the men the eating, grumbling and sleeping. Their dress consists of any old and cast-off garments of the whites. Their food is acorns, roots, grasshoppers, weed and flower seeds, grass, clover, wild greens, rabbits, rats, squirrels and fish; but they prefer beef, biscuit and whiskey.

"BURNING THE DEAD.—The motive which impels the California Indians to burn their dead, arises from their religious views. They believe in a vast and pleasant camping ground somewhere westward, where Indians live together in perpetual ease and plenty, and which is presided over by a great spirit of unspeakable goodness. They believe also in an evil spirit, who is constantly watching every opportunity to injure them, and who having the power to keep them out of heaven, it is their duty, by conciliation, or stratagem, to thwart. They believe, also, that the *heart* is immortal; that while the body is burning the heart leaps out, and if by noises or motions they can attract the evil spirit's attention, the heart escapes to its heaven of rest, and is forever safe; but if the body is buried, the evil one keeps continual guard over the grave; and when the heart would escape, it is made prisoner, and is thenceforth employed to annoy their living relatives. When an Indian is known to be dying, his head is lifted geutly upon the lap of some relative, and his eyes softly closed; while those who are standing around recite in a low, monotonous chaunt the virtues of the dying. The moment his heart has ceased to beat, the sad tidings are conveyed to his relatives, and the low chaunt is changed to mournful wailing, and beating upon their chests, with streaming eyes, they apostrophize the spirit of the departed. The corpse is now prepared for bringing, the knees being forced toward the chin upon the breast, and the limbs and body bound firmly together into the smallest possible compass; it is then wrapped in a blanket and placed upon the back on the ground, wich the face is exposed; every sound is hushed, and both men and women sit in silent groups around the corpse for about twenty minutes, when all simultaneously rise—the woman to renew their wailing, the men to build the funeral pyre. When this is about two feet in height, every sound again ceases, and, amid a deathlike stillness, the men lift the corpse upon the pyre, after which it is completely covered with additional fire-wood. The oldest and dearest relative then advances with a torch and fires the pile. When the first curl of smoke is visible, the discordant howlings of the women become almost appalling. The men stand in sullen and unbroken silence, while the nearest relatives, having poles in their hands, commence a frantic dance around the burning body, occasionally turning it over that it may consume more speedily, and give the heart a better chance to escape, while, with waving of cloths, and hideous noises, they are attracting the attention of the evil one. Meanwhile all the personal property of the deceased is cast into the fire, his relatives frequently adding their own valuables, event to the scanty garments upon their persons, that he may want nothing in the great camping ground. When the whole is consumed, the ashes are scraped together, and a rude wreath of flowers, weeds, and brush is placed around them. A portion of the ashes being mixed with some pitch, is spread over the faces of the relatives, as a badge of mourning, which is allowed to remain till it wears off, which is generally about six months.

A noble little Girl.

Little boys and girls are very apt to think that, because they *are* little, they cannot do much to forward those good movements which have for their object the salvation of the bodies and souls of their fellow-creatures. No doubt some of our young readers think so, but we suspect they have not yet tried to do something. As an example of what a child can do, a worthy correspondent has sent us the following account. He says—'On Saturday, Mr, Robert Barns, our missionary, gave a lecture in the school-room, at Summerlee, Coatbridge; the audience was chiefly composed of youth. In the course of his excellent address, Mr. Barns related some very interesting narratives, one of which was that of a little girl, who had been the happy instrument of getting *one hundred and fifty* persons to become total abstainers, among whom was her teacher. This noble little girl's father was a drunkard, and she had often been beaten by him when she asked him to give up his drink and sign the pledge. But she was not to be discouraged by blows. "*Try, try, try again,*" was her motto; and one day when her father came home and set down, she jumped on his knee, gave him a loving kiss, and asked him to make the 151st on her list of converts to total abstinence. The father's heart was touched by the loving appeal of his little daughter, and he became an abstainer; and much more than that, through this means, like the Phillipian Jailor, he and his household were brought to know God.' Our young readers will see from the above account what can be done by the instrumentality of little folks, when their hearts are in the work.

"It's all for the best!"

In a mining district in England, a gang of reprobates, as miners too frequently are, were employed in the works at the bottom of a deep shaft. One of their number was, however, a character of a description very different from that of his wicked companions.—He was as uneducated, though not quite as ignorant, as the rest, and was blessed with a very contented disposition, partly owing to the influences of religion, and partly to the temperament of his mind. Although he had sometimes had work to find "bread to eat, and raiment to put on," for himself and his large family, for he had a wife and six or seven children, with nothing depend upon but his own daily labor, yet he was happy and thankful. Nay, even while from sickness, or from some of those accidents to which miners are so peculiarly liable, he was unable to work, he never murmered, but said, "It was all for the best!" He made use of this expression, indeed, so frequently,—not, however, without a due regard to its import,—that it became a byword among his reckless companions wherewith to taunt him on any little misfortune that befel him. On one occasion, just as they were about to descend the shaft to their work, a hungry dog snatched up his scanty dinner, which he laid down on a piece of wood beside him, while putting on his mining dress. On his attempting to regain it, the dog scampered off with his prize, to the great delight of his comrades, who shouted to him, amid peals of laughter, as he ran after it, "Never mind, it's all for the best—it's all the for the best, Jem!" He heeded them not. but followed the dog for some time, whilst all the other miners went down the shaft. At length he gave up the chase as hopeless, and returned to the pit a good deal mortified, and his temper, perhaps, a little ruffled at the gibes he had heard, and more of which he still anticipated. He had work in reconciling his mind to bear the loss with his usual equanimity, and said rather hastily to the topmen when he reached them, "Well, well, I dare say it *is* all for the best!" *And it was for the best;* for before this man had time to follow his companions down the pit, there was a tremendous explosion of the fire damp. Twelve men were killed at once, and two more so badly burned that they died soon after they were hauled up.—The one survivor, for there were fifteen men in all, was a helpless cripple for life.

It would be superfluous to attempt to describe the gratitude of the poor man for his providential escape, or to say that no one, however godless he might be, ever afterwards taunted him with his expression of resignation, "It's all for the best!"—*Churchman's Magazine.*

How to Begin Business.

One of the wealthiest merchants of New York city tells us how he commenced business:—

"I entered a store and asked if a clerk was not wanted. "No," in a rough tone, was the answer, all being too busy to bother with me; then I reflected that if they did not want a clerk, they might want a labourer; but I was dressed too fine for that. I went to my lodgings, put on a rough garb, and the next day went into the same store and demanded if they did not want a porter, and again, "No sir," was the response; when I exclaimed, in despair almost, "A labourer? Sir, I will work at any wages. Wages is not my object; I must have employment, and I want to be useful in business." These last words attracted the attention, and in the end I was hired as laborer in the basement and sub-cellar at a very low pay, scarcely enough to keep alive with. In the basement and sub-cellar I soon attracted the attention of the counting room and chief clerk. I saved enough for my employers in little things wasted to pay my wages ten times over, and they soon found it out. I did not let anybody commit petty larcenies, without remonstrances and threats of exposure, and real exposure if remonstrances would not do.

"If I was wanted at 3 A. M., I never growled, but told everybody to go home, 'and I will see everything right.' I loaded off at daybreak packages for the morning boats, or carried them myself. In short, I soon became indispensable to my employers, and I rose and rose, until I became head of the house, with money enough, as you see, to give me a luxury, or any position a mercantile man may desire for himself and children in this great city."

CHEAP RELIGION WORTHLESS.—A religion which costs nothing, is good for nothing. Men will take no interest in it, and derive no benefit from it. Like a certain kind of faith which we read of, it is dead, being alone.' A person needs to do something for religion in order that he may take an interest in it; and in general, the more he does for it, the deeper his interest will become. How much meaning was conveyed in the reply which one man made to another who offered to contribute a small amount to some benevolent object, and said, 'I can give this and not feel it.'—'Would it not be better for you, my friend, to increase it to such an amount that you *will* feel it?' So in every case, A person should feel what he does, and should do what he will be likely to feel, or morally there will be but very little good resulting from it—*Quarterly Journal.*

THE BIBLE IN SCHOOLS.—The Supreme Court of Maine has pronounced in the case of Donohoe vs. Richards and others, which was argued at Bangor last Summer. The suit was brought in behalf of a girl attending one of the public schools of Ellsworth, against the School Committee of the town, for prohibiting her attendance at the school. The Committee had directed the English Bible to be read in the school. Several children of Roman Catholic parents, of whom the plaintiff was one, refused to comply with the regulation, and were prohibited from attending the school. The case was argued by Mr. James S. Rowe, of Bangor, for the plaintiff, and Mr. R. H. Dana, Jr., of Boston, for defendants. The opinion was delivered by Judge Appleton, and occupies six columns of the Bangor Courier. The decision is in favour of the defendants.—*Exchange.*

LOST by the Subscriber—On Monday, the 28th May 1855, a Pocket Book, containing about £17,—also, a Note of Hand drawn by Francis McMulkin and Charles Gunter, for £20, payable on demand, any person returning the same to the subscriber will be rewarded with £5.
Gagetown, June 8. WILLIAM TAYLOR.

WOOD WARE—ex Mary Jan, from Boston—25 nests Tubs. 10 doz. setts measures.
22 doz. Patent Wheel Heads. 4 doz. choping Trays.
10 doz. Jute and Grass Matts. 13 doz. Brooms.
20 doz. Wash Boards. 11 boxes Clothes Pins.
6 gross Patent Cloths Pins.
1 nest Willow Clothes Baskets. 24 Willow Carriages.
Bbl. covers, Rolling Pins. Butter Prints, Wood Combs, Potato Pounders, covered Buckets, Axe Handles, Toy Wheel Barrows, Scrub Brushes, Half Brooms, Faucetts, &c. &c. For Sale by
HANNAH & UNDERHILL.
June 1. 46 King Street.

GROCERIES.—The subscribers are receiving ex schr. Orlando, from Boston.
30 bags Java Coffee; 10 do. Cape do.
5 brls. and 10 boxes Saleratus.
300 bags Ground Rock Salt. 2 bales soft Shell Almonds.
5 boxes Shelled, do. 4 Packets Cloves.
10 bags Castana Nuts. 1 bbl. Mason's Blacking.
5 Bbls. Ground Logwood. 1 bale Bags.
Strong Souchong, Orange Pekoe and Oolong Tea. Rice, Tobacco, Castile Soap, Citron, Arrowroot, Sperm Candles, American Mustard, Saltpetre, Sulphur, &c. &c. &c.
In Store,—50 hhds. very Bright Porto Rico Sugar.
150 chests and half chests Tea. 25 brls. crushed Sugar.
33 boxes Tobacco, various brands.
15 bags Filberts and Walnuts. 10 bbls. Matthews' Cider Vinegar.
Burning Fluid, Logwood and Redwood. Colman's Starch and Mustard. Anderson's Patent Starch. Glenfield Patent Powder Starch. Preston & Merrell's Yeast Powder. and a general assortment of other Groceries, Fruit, &c. for sale Wholesale and Retail, by
HANNAH & UNDERHILL,
June 1. 46 King Street.

PORTO RICO.—50 casks and 9 tierces very Bright Molasses ex "Perseverance" from Guaymai, Porto Rico. Also—by steamer "Adelaide," from Boston, a further supply of Newell's Patent Safety Lamps.
Jan. 15. HANNAH & UNDERHILL.

THOMAS HANFORD, Nelson Street,—Agent for sale of WILLARD'S PATENT CHURNS.
June 8, 1855.

SAFETY Lamps and Cans.—We are now opening a lot of Newell's Patent safety, soler hanging, side and Table Lamps, Ship's Cabin Lamps, safety cans, &c., just received from the manufacturer.
Also,—A large assortment of Fluid Lamps, suitable for halls, shops, Public Rooms, &c. Also—Brass Tops, and Extinguishers.
Oil Lamps alteged to burn Fluid.
Burning Fluid of best quality.
June 1. HANNAH & UNDERHILL.

NEW STORE at Indiantown.—Boots, Shoes, Leather, and Findings. Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags. Groceries, &c. &c., for sale at lowest prices, Wholsale and Retail.
Indiantown, June 1, 1855. STEVENSON & IRVIN.
3 months.

SUMMER HATS.—The Subscribers have just received from New York, a full and well assorted stock of Panama. Leghorn, Peral, and other Hats suitable for the coming season.
A large stock of Satin Hats, Cloth Caps, &c., on hand. C. D. EVERETT & SON.
June 1.

New Goods.—BEARD & VENNING respectfully informs the public that they have received the usual assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, per Packet Ships *Middleton* and *John Barbour*, to which they invite attention. The Stock comprises every article kept in a
First Class Dry Goods Establishment;
and are offered at prices that suit the present Depressed State of the Times. May 25.

COUNTRY AGENCY.—The subscriber begs to inform all who may wish to employ him as Agent to transact any business whatever, in the City of St. John, that he now resides in Germain Street, immediately over the Religious Intelligencer Office. Persons wishing to see him on business of any kind can do so by calling at his residence.
All letters sent to him by *private conveyance* must henceforth be left at the above named office.
Letters sent by mail addressed C. E. Freeze, St. John, N. B. All of which will receive immediate attention.
May 25. E. C. FREEZE.

CARPETS AND RUGS!—Now open for sale at the 'ALBION HOUSE,' a splendid variety of 3-ply Super and Dutch Carpets, with Rugs to match.
The balance of Stock of Patent Tapestry Carpets, we are now offering at 5s. 3d. per yard, very best qualities
March 23. BEARD & VENNING.

GENERAL LEATHER and Finding Store, 26, North side King Street.—J. J. CHRISTIE has received a large and varied assortment of Leather and Shoe Finding of the very best description—per ships 'Themis,' liner 'Middleton,' and steamers from Boston: All of which will be sold at the lowest Cash prices. Also—Doe Skins for tender feet. J. J. C.
May 4.

HAVING PURCHASED from Mr. W. WARWICK, all his stock of Glass and Earthenware, now offers the same for sale, at the lowest cash rates, and solicits a share of patronage, and inspection of his stock.
Just received per *Mary Groton*, from Boston—10 casks of Glass Ware, 20 bbls. of Tumblers—very cheap,—20 crates of American Manufactory Earthenware—new article.
Per ship *Lampedo*, from Liverpool—10 casks of China Ware, 40 crates Earthenware.
In Store—2000 Butter and Water Crocks, 1000 Milk Pans, 100 crates of assorted Earthenware for Country Trade, packed with care,—no breakage. W. H. HAYWARD.
May 11,—2m Hasting's Building, Water street.

NOTICE.—All persons having any legal demands against the Estate of John McLean, late of Sussex, deceased, are requested to hand in the same, duly attested within 3 months, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Sussex, K. C., April 19, 1855. } JOHN A. McLEAN, DUNCAN B. CAMPBELL. Executors.
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TO Printers.—For sale a large assortment of Fancy Job Type, suitable for every description of Ornamental Printing; also, the Cases, Furniture, &c. The above will be sold because the owner has retired from the business.—Terms moderate, for particulars apply to Mr. F. W. CLEAR, Marble Manufacturer, Union street.
St. John, N. B., may 24, 1855.

THE NEW ENGLAND SCHOOL, (Inductive System) is kept in the School Room formerly occupied by Mr. T. Hutchings, directly opposite the new "Christian" Church, Morris street, where a thorough and progressive course of Instruction is adopted.
Hours of attendance.—From 9 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 2 to 4 P. M.
Terms reasonable, and made known on application during School hours. C. H. TUCKER, TEACHER.
May 18.

FARM FOR SALE.—The Farm of Land owned and occupied by the Subscriber, situate on the North of the Washademoick Lake, in the Parish of Johnson, Q. C about three miles above the Narrows. It contains 200 acres of land, of which about 40 are cleared, and cuts about 12 tons of hay,—has a frame house and barn, and small orchard thereon. Apply to the subscriber on the premises.
May 18.—3m. pd. GEORGE P. BROWN.

HATS AND CAPS.—Spring and Summer style for 1855.—Now ready for sale—the Spring and Summer style of Hats for 1856, as adopted by the Paris and New York Boards of Trade. This is a beautiful style: crown 7¾ inches high; brim, 2¼ inches wide; no binding, feather edge; band ¼ inch wide; curve of brim ¼ inch.
We have on hand a very large stock of Cloth Caps, just manufactured for spring and summer wear, to which we call particular attention.
Our prices are exceedingly low, and as most of our goods are manufactured under our own immediate inspection, we trust that we shall be able to continue to meet with public approval.
☞ Hats and Caps made to order.
C. D. EVERETT & SON,
June 1. North side King street.

FOR SALE.—That desirable FREEHOLD PROPERTY on which the Subscriber resides, situate on the Halifax road, seven miles from the City of Saint John. The Farm contains about one hundred and ninety acres, with a large and substantially built House, Barn, Out-house, &c. It fronts on the Kennebekasis Bay, and is well known as the subscriber's Ship-yard. Also will be sold a quantity of Material for ship-building as it is now in the yard. In connection with the ship-yard will be sold separate or together, as the purchaser may require; 75 per cent of the purchase money may remain on the property for a term of years to suit the convenience of the purchaser. Possession given immediately. Enquire of C. W. STOCKTON, Esq., St. John, or to BENJAMIN APPLEBY.
Hampton, King's County. May 8.

NEWLY IMPROVED MODEL MELODEONS. *Sold at the Cabinet Ware-rooms of the Messrs. J. & G. Lawrence, at the head of King Street.*—These Instruments from their superior quality of tone have attracted the attention of the most distinguished Musicians throughout the Country. Prices vary from £16 to £48.
M. A. STEVENS, *Agent.*
[*From George Washbourne Morgan.*]
NEW YORK, June 17, 1854.
Messrs. MASON & HAMLIN,
Gents:—I have had the pleasure of trying one of your Melodeons this morning. I can strongly recommend them to parties wishing to study the Organ, and can assure you for my own use, I should select one of your make.
Most faithfully yours,
GEO. WASHBOURNE MORGAN,
Late Organist of St. Clares, Southwark, the Parish Church of South Hackney, and to the Harmonic Union, Exeter Hall, London.
ST. JOHN, N. B., March 27, 1855.
MR. STEVENS,—Dear Sir,—It is with pleasure I make known to you the opinion of myself and many others, of the MELODEON purchased from you a few months ago. This instrument manufactured by MASON & HAMLIN, has given the utmost satisfaction, both in Tone, Touch, and Power, and I do freely, and cheerfully admit it is the best I have ever seen. Since the introduction of this instrument in our Choir Practice we find a great improvement, thereby sustaining the Voice, and procuring a perfect Tone to every Note I am dear Sir, yours truly,
R. D. McARTHUR,
Conductor of St. Andrews' Church Choir.

SOAP and Candle Manufactory.—The Subscriber informs the Public that he is manufacturing, and keeps constantly on hand, at his Establishment in Union Street, which has recently been fitted up expressly for the business, a large stock of Soap and Candles, of every description, *and which he disposes of on the most reasonable terms.* Parties ordering from this Establishment may rely on their orders being promptly filled, and to their entire satisfaction; the Proprietor being resolved to retain the confidence of his customers.
These wishing to purchase are respectfully invited to call and inspect his stock. ISRAEL MERRITT.
May 25. Union Street, near Waterloo Street.

MONUMENTS &c.
THE business heretofore carried on by McKIM & CLEAR, will hereafter be conducted at the old stand, Germain street, in the name and on account of the Subscriber, who has now on hand a most superior assortment of workmanship in his line, MONUMENTS, TOMB TABLES, MANTLE PIECES, &c. &c., combining beauty of design, correctness of finish, and durability of material.
The Subscriber is determined he will spare no pains, trouble, or expense, to maintain the fame his work has secured throughout the Provinces. Determined to satisfy all who may kindly favor him with patronage, he will receive no pay until the articles ordered are finished, and not then, unless they give complete satisfaction. He is prepared to continue to rival all those firms, of Yankee extraction, which are endeavoring to build up their inferior fame upon the ruin of his Establishment, and who seem to think wretched workmanship may be palmed off with impunity upon this community, while the members of such firms give neither personal attention nor superintendance to the execution of their work. Having studied his business in England and Scotland, he has since his commencement of business in St. John. entirely outstript all competitors whose importations from the United States have been even miserable samples of land of Yankee clap-trap and wooden nutmegs! He desires to defame no man, but as a hard-working BRITISH MECHANIC he thinks himself more deserving patronage than aliens and foreigners, particularly when the latter give their patrons mere Monuments of Mistakes and botches, while he always has given, does now and will hereafter give MARBLE work chaste and lasting, fitting Monuments for the graves of departed friends, twenty per cent. better, more beautiful and more substantial than can elsewhere be obtained.
David C. Parent, Nashwaulksis, near Fredericton, Y. C.;
Hugh Kay, Eel River, Dumfries, Y. C.;
Israel Atherton, Queensbury, "
John Hea. Jr., Prince William. "
Geo. Hammond, Robert Kilburn, } Kingclear, "
Thos. A. Beckwith, Oromocto, Sunbury;
Thos. W. Ebbet, Parish of Gagetown.
Geo. W. Miller, Southhampton, Travelling Agent;
Thomas Oulton, Westmorland Point, N. B.
James D. Archibald, Eastville, Stewiack, Colchester, N. S.
The above are Agents for the Subscriber, to whom all orders for him may be given, and which will receive prompt attention. R. A. McKIM.
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W. WALTON'S Leather and Shoe Finding store—at the sign of the big Shoe Hammer, next to the Religious Intelligencer Book store, Germain street, St. John, N. B.
The subscriber has just received his Spring stock of English and American Leather and Shoe Finding, of every description, comprising French Calf-skin, Patent Leather, Bindings, Linings, Rasps, Knives, Patent Peg Awls, Allerton's sewing Awls, and Claming Awls, shoe Threads of every description. Lasts, Crimps, and Boot Trees. Shoe kit of all kinds, together with every other article generally kept inthe business. As the subscriber does business on the cash principle, parties requiring any of the above goods would do well to call before purchasing elsewhere, as the motto is quick sales and small profits. W. WALTON.
N. B.—Just received, 50 sides New York Sole-Leather, 56 sides from the celebrated Tannery of Charles Melick.
June 1. W. W.

S. L. TILLEY, No. 14, King Street, St. John, N. B., Would call the attention of the public to his large and varied Stock of Goods, received per ships Middleton, John Barbour, and Achilles from London and Liverpool, and steamers from United States, viz:
Drugs and Chemicals of all kinds.
Patent Medicines.
Brushes and Combs of nearly every description.
Shaving and Fancy Soaps. Perfumery.
Fancy Articles. Spices of all kinds.
Dye stuffs—Logwood, Redwood, and Fustic, ground and in stick. Indigo, Alum, Copperas, Blue Vitriol, and Annatte.
Brandram's No. 1 White Lead, in 14lb., 28lb., 56lbs., and 1 cwt. kegs. Red, Yellow, Black, Blue, and Green Paints.
Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil. Spirits Turpentine and Varnish.
Olive and Porpoise Oil.
Pure E. I. Castor Oil, in tins.
Gold Leaf, Glazier's Diamonds, Glass, Putty, Lampblack, Glue, &c.
Confectionary, in great variety, from the best Scotch and American manufacturers.
Seeds—Clover, Timothy, and Garden Seeds—warranted fresh.
For sale wholesale and retail at lowest market prices.
June 1.

F. W. CLEAR'S Marble Works Establishment —Union Street—*2nd House East of the Golden Ball,* ST. JOHN, N. B.
REFERENCES: Rev. Wm. Armstrong, James Paterson, LL. D.
The Subscriber respectfully informs his friends in Saint John, and the Public generally through the Provinces, that he has opened a new Marble Cutting Establishment, in the second house East of the GOLDEN BALL, in Union Street, where he is prepared to execute Monuments, Tomb Tables, Head Stones, Centre Tables, &c., in a workmanlike style. A superior Mechanic has been employed to assist in the Ornamental Work. The work produced in this Establishment will not be inferior to that of any other shop in this city.
The Subscriber would therefore solicit a continuance of that patronage which was so liberally bestowed on his account, previous to the dissolution of the Firm of M'Kim & Clear. Work and Stock warranted. Ten per cent discount for Cash. F. W. CLEAR.
April 15.

BOARDING.—The subscriber having taken the house owned by Mr. Reynolds, in Germain street, immediately over the "Religious Intelligencer" Office and Book Store, and a few rods south of the foot of the Country Market, is now prepared to accommodate Boarders.
Persons coming to attend the "Training School" would do well to call, as he is well acquainted with the Institution, and can give such information as they would require before entering. E. C. FREEZE.
St. John, June 1, 1855.

NEW SPRING GOODS.—FRASER, ENNIS, & Co. have now ready for inspection, the greater portion of their New Spring Stock, which has been personally selected in the best markets, and purchased on the most advantageous terms. No trouble or expense has been spared in order to procure the newest and most beautiful styles in every description of Fancy Goods. Particularly in Ladies' Dress Materials; Shawls, Capes, Parasols, Bonnets, Ribbons, Sewed Work, Veils.
The stock of **House Furnishing Goods** is large and varied, and purchasers will find it to their advantage to examine and judge for themselves.
Wholesale Department. The stock of Staple and Fancy Goods in this department will be found as well assorted as that of any house in the trade—the goods *as cheap,* and the terms *as liberal.*
May 11. King street, opposite St. John Hotel.

CHERRY PECTORAL,
For the rapid Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

TO CURE A COLD, WITH HEADACHE AND SORENESS OF THE BODY.—Take the Cherry Pectoral on going to bed, and wrap up warm, to sweat during the night.
FOR A COLD AND COUGH, take it in the morning, noon and evening, according to the directions on the bottle, and the difficulty will soon be removed. None will long suffer from this trouble when they find it can be so readily cured. Persons afflicted with a seated cough, which breaks them off their rest at night, will find by taking the Cherry Pectoral on going to bed, they may be sure of sound, unbroken sleep, and consequent refreshing rest. Great relief from suffering, and an ultimate cure, is offered to thousands who are thus afflicted, by this invaluable remedy.
From its agreeable effects in these cases, many find themselves unwilling to forego its use when the necessity for it has ceased.
TO SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS this remedy is invaluable, as by its action on the throat and lungs, when taken in small quantitiss, it removes all hoarseness in a few hours, and wonderfully increases the power and flexibility of he voice.
ASTHMA is generally much relieved, and often wholly cured by Cherry Pectoral. But there are some cases so obstinate as to yield entirely to no medicine. Cherry Pectoral will cure them if they can be cured.
BRONCHITIS, or irratation of the throat and upper portion of the lungs, may be cured by taking Cherry Pectoral in small add frequent doses. The uncomforfable oppression is soon relieved.
FOR CROUP,—Give an emetic of antimony, to be followed by large and frequent doses of the Cherry Pectoral, until it cures the disease. If taken in season it will not fail to cure.
WHOOPING COUGH may be broken up and soon cured by the use of Cherry Pectoral.
THE INFLUENZA is speedily removed by this remedy.—Numerous instances hrve been noticed where whole families were protected from any serious consequences, while their neighbours without the Cherry Pectoral, were suffering from the disease.
Repeated instances are reported here of patients who have been cured from LIVER COMPLAINTS by this remedy, so many that there can be no question of its healing power on these diseases. It should be perseveringly taken until the pain in the side and other unpleasant symptoms cease.
FOR CONSUMPTION in its earliest stages, it should be taken under the advice of a good Physician if possible, and in every case with careful regard to the printed directions on the bottle. If judiciously used, and the patient is carefully nursed meantime, it will seldom fail to subdue the disease.
For settled CONSUMPTION in its worst form, the Cherry Pectoral should be given in doses adapted to what the patient requires and can bear. It always affords some relief, and not unfrequently cures those who are considered past all cure.—There are many thousands scattered all over he country, who feel and say they owe their lives and present health to the Cherry Pectoral.
Many years of trial, instead of imparing the public confidence in this medicine, has won for it an appreciation and noteriety by far exceeding the most sanguine expectations of its friends. Nothing but its intrinsic virtues and the unmistakeable benefit conferred on thousands of sufferers could originate and maintain the reputation it enjoys. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community, have failed and been discarded, this has has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.
While it is a fraud on the public to pretend that any one medicine will infallibly cure—still there is abundant proof that the Cherry Pectoral does not only as a general thing, but almost invariably cure the malidies for which it is employed.
As time makes these facts wider and better known, this medicine has gradually became the best reliance of the afflicted, from the log-cabin of the Amertcan Peasant, to the Palaces of European Kings.
Prepared by J. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass., and sold in St. John by T. Walker & Son, Fellows & Co., Everett & Co., Chaloner & Hunt, do., in Fredericton, in Carleton by J. Cook, and by the Druggists generally.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.—FRASER, ENNIS & Co., have on hand a large Stock of CARPETINGS, DRUGGETTS, MORRENS, Hearth Rugs and Door Mats, which are offered at WHOLESALE PRICES, in order to make room for Spring Importations. The Goods are marked in plain figures. A liberal discount given for CASH.
King st., opposite the St. John Hotel. March 23.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Co-partnership heretofore existing under the style and firm of McKIM & CLEAR, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; and that R. A. McKIM is duly authorized to receive and give discharges to the debts due to the said firm. All Accounts are requested to be presented within three months from this date. ROBERT A. McKIM.
Dec. 6. 1853. FRANCIS W. CLEAR.

MARLBORO HOTEL, BOSTON.—JOHN A. PARKS *Proprietor.*—This house is very pleasantly situated on Washington Street, and location very central. It has recently been refitted and furnished, and is now the best temperance house in town. There is social worship morning and evening in the parlors, where all who choose may be present. Itis a house where the traveller will find a pleasant home.
Boston, Oct. 1, 1854.

M. N. POWERS, Undertaker, &., *Four Doors North of Trinity Church, Germain St.* will attend to Funerals, and furnish every article in the line in a style superior to any Establishment in the Province, and at prices full twenty per cent less than those usually charged in the city.
N. B.—Furniture, Mattrasses, Curtains Carpets, &c, made to order on reasonable terms.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for Sale that valuable Lot of Land on the Eastern side of the River, in the Parish of Kingston, containing One Hundred Acres, with a Dwelling House, two Barns, and cuts about Fifteen Tons of Hay. Also,—That valuable lot of Land on the Western side of the River, in the Parish of Greenwich, about one mile and a half from Oak Point, with a good House, and Shop attached.
The Subscriber also offers for sale one Horse, one Cow, some Sheep, Sleds, Waggons, Ploughs, and other Farming utensils; and his large stock of Shop Goods, comprising Groceries, Dry Goods, and Hardware.
April 27. JAMES WHELPLEY.

SUPERIOR BOTANIC MEDICINES.—The following superior Medicines are for sale, wholesale or retail, at the office of the Religious Intelligencer, and at the store of Messrs. Hannah & Underhill:—
Wilson's Compound Sarsaparilla,
Wilson's Dysentary Syrup,
Wilson's Wild Cherry Balsam,
Wilson's Wild Cherry Bitters,
Wilson's Nenropathic Drops,
Wilson's Salve,
Wilson's Composition Powders,
Claxton's Pills.
Cayenne Pepper, in small and large tin cans. for family use. Dec. 8th, 1854.

NEW Brunswick Saddle, Harness, and Collar Manufactory, *Charlotte Street,* North of the Country Market, and opposite the New Brunswick Hotel.
The Subscribers begs leave to return thanks to their friends who so liberally patronized them since their commencement in business, and would inform the public that they have selected, and engaged the services of the most competent men in the city,—that they are now ready to execute all orders, which for neatness and durability cannot be surpassed in this city.
Also, on hand—A lot of superior English and Domestic manufactured Saddles. Bridles, Collars, and Whips, wholesale and retail. Terms Cash.
St. John, April 27, 1855. D. W. & J. R. ADAMS.

REMOVAL.—Day's Printing Office has been Removed to the Corner of Market and Germain streets, opposite D. & J. Leavitt's Grocery Store, where all orders will be punctually attended to.
May 11. GEORGE W. DAY.