

much satisfaction to our magnates, and the friends of the western alliance everywhere, we are convinced that Napoleon is no friend of his name, and aims only at the grandeur of his dynasty. A prolonged armistice, or a temporary peace policy is manifestly the game of the Czar. He has given up nothing to Europe, to civilisation, to justice; it is a peace wrung from him by the more powerful hands of England and France.

### Arrival of the "Arabia."

HALIFAX, April 23.  
The "Arabia" left Liverpool, about 1 o'clock on the afternoon of Saturday, 11th, arrived at Halifax, 7 A.M., Wednesday, 23rd.

The "Ericsson" arrived at Liverpool at a quarter to six, in the morning, also the "Persia" arrived at ten minutes to nine, on the morning of Saturday, 11th.

The two British steamers, "Tartar" and "Desperate," sent in search of the "Pacific," put into Galway. Capt. Dunlop of the "Tartar," sends a detailed report to the Admiralty. His search was principally directed to the space between the fifth and fifty-fifth degrees North latitude, and 10 deg. 20m. longitude. The "Tartar" having a strong South-East gale in her favour, proceeded as far West as 25 deg. long., on parallel of 35. When out of track of ships, guns were fired every 2 hours during the night, and vigilant look out kept during the day. Unfortunately search was totally unsuccessful, nothing whatever seen or heard of the "Pacific."

At 15.30 North, 19.30 West, the "Tartar" passed many outward and homeward ships, spoke two, and Captain Dunlop is confident that the "Pacific" cannot be South of latitude 33, else she must have been fallen in with. March 29th, "Tartar" spoke American ship, "Jacob Badger," from Calcutta for London, "leaving badly," and sent a midshipman and eight men to navigate her into port. The "Tartar" has again put to sea to continue the search. The "Ericsson" and "Persia" heard nothing of the "Pacific."

CONFERENCE.—The Paris correspondent of the Post, says the telegraph is constantly employed on the Italian question, between Rome, Naples, Vienna, and Paris. Count Bulo's propositions having been referred to those Courts, and on answers received, France and England will take the decision.

Plenipotentiaries continue engaged in festivities. Aali Pacha was to give a grand ball, in Christian style. The banquet, by the Emperor, to all the Plenipotentiaries, is appointed for the 12th.

Paris authorities state that a journal of the proceedings in Congress, is to be published. LeNord Belloc's exchange of ratifications will be effected by the 20th. The commission of Austrian and Russian officers, to rectify Moldavian frontiers, are in Paris awaiting orders. It is said that the Russian Plenipotentiaries proposed that Count Bulo, Aali Pacha, and M. Mourguensy, should compose the commission to definitely arrange Moldavia-Wallachian Government, but the proposal was rejected, and persons who have not taken an active part in the Conference will be selected.

CRIMEA.—Constantinople dates of March 31st, state that the Russian palace, presently a French hospital, is being cleaned, for the return of the Embassy. The only news is the improved health of the French, both in the Hospitals and the Crimea.

It is now said that Austria, which has hitherto shown reluctance to evacuate the Principalities, has yielded to the remonstrance of Congress. The Turkish Government expresses anxiety to be relieved of the presence of the Allies, and says it is quite able to maintain internal order and frontier defence, without foreign troops. Divan is employed in organizing parliament arrangements, at important points of the Empire. Lord Stratford will continue as Minister at Constantinople. Omar Pacha is restored to favour, and resumes the command of the army of Anatolia.

BRITAIN.—British order in Council raises the blockade of all Russian ports, and permits free resumption of commerce, in all articles. The grand naval review by the Queen, of all ships that can be collected, is postponed till 22nd or 23rd, by which time the expected treaty of peace will be signed.

The Crimean enquiry commission is continued. Lucan on trial. Steamers are being fitted to bring home the army from the Crimea. Attention is active respecting more rapid communication with Australia.

FRANCE.—The expeditions against Madagascar and the Kabyles, are decided, and permission will be sought to send troops through Egypt, to the former, and the latter will serve as a cause of the Emperor's visit to Algeria, although he will not himself command the army.

There is some speculation as to who shall be the ministers to St. Petersburg. Marshal Vaillant is spoken of for France; also, Canrobert or Bosquet. Gen. Marmora for Sardinia.

The Monitor contains the following, in consequence of unfavourable accounts from Paraguay relative to the treatment of emigrants. The French Government has suspended the granting of passports thereto, and colonists are recommended to wait until the situation of foreigners there shall be placed under better regulations.

SPAIN.—Disturbances had occurred in Valencia respecting the conscription. The city and province are placed under martial law.

BELGIUM.—Breadstuffs markets are generally declining.

ITALY.—Sardinia and Piedmontese corn markets generally lower.

GERMANY.—The Citizens' Assembly of Hamburg have, a third time, rejected the new constitution proposed by the Senate.

DENMARK.—Copenhagen officials state that the English Cabinet have officially notified to the Danish Government their refusal to agree to the capitalization of Sound dues, and the determination of Great Britain to await other and more acceptable propositions. Russia and Oldenburg set the example a few weeks since. The question of settlement makes no progress, and will probably stand over till the year's end, until it is seen what action the United States take.

RUSSIA.—Rumours of ministerial changes continue.

AUSTRIA.—The Grand Council of Bishops will assemble in a few days to discuss the Concordat. The Council will represent twenty-nine millions of Catholics, Latin, Greek and Armenian. The principal object of the Council according to Canon Law, and to reorganise the whole body of the clergy on fundamental church principles. The Concordat abrogates the lower clergy's right of appeal from the Bishop to the Emperor. Hence it is not popular with the inferior priesthood.

RUSSIA.—The naval armistice was officially published at St. Petersburg, April 7th. After ratification, all ships seized will be released. Commercial relations are re-established between the belligerent powers. Merchant vessels of the Western powers may enter Russian ports. Liberty of free navigation is also granted to Russian ships. A loan of fifty million roubles is talked of.

The energies of the Russian Government are said to be now devoted to three objects: 1st. An alliance with France. 2nd. Completion of great railways. 3rd. Manufacture of Russian feelings on the Continent, especially in Germany.

MARKETS.—Breadstuffs quiet. Flour—Western Canal, 31s. to 33s.; Ohio, 36s. to 37s. Timber—Yellow Pine, 19d. to 20d.; Birch, 13d. to 20d.; Deals, 2s. to 2s. 15s. Cotton active; fair bowed, 63d.; Mobile, do.

### UNITED STATES.

EXPORT OF BREADSTUFFS.—The Export of Breadstuffs from the United States since Sept. 1, 1855, to Great Britain, up to the close of March, 1856, were 708,000 barrels of flour; 3,629,907 bush. wheat, and 8,477,339 bushels corn. To about the same period in 1855, they were only 133,066 bush. flour; 193,905 bush. wheat, and 4,244,352 bush. corn; while in 1854, they had reached at the same time 1,525,559 bush. flour; 5,167,368 bushels wheat, and 3,322,414 bush. corn. The exports from New York to the continent of Europe, up to the 18th March, and from other ports to the latest mail dates reached at that time, were 608,119 bush. flour; 2,141,169 bush. of wheat; 188,180 bushels corn, and 1,254,936 bush. of rye.

Twenty-five schooners from the British Provinces arrived at Boston within forty-eight hours last week, bringing, among other articles, no less than eleven thousand six hundred bushels of potatoes.

The Maine Law Advocate says that of twelve criminals convicted at the late Superior Court in Bridgeport, none of them were over 21 years of age, and that intemperance was the principal cause of their offences. Judge Sanford, in announcing their sentences, said he had never, in all his experience, known of so many young criminals at one term of court.

The Chicago Democratic Press relates, that during the forty-eight hours ending Saturday morning, the eight trains on the Michigan Southern Road brought eighty-one coaches, containing 4,000 passengers; and in the same time, the six trains over the Michigan Central took into that city sixty-three coaches, containing 3,662 passengers; nearly nine thousand passengers arriving in two days.

### Provincial News.

#### NEW BRUNSWICK.

From our Fredericton Correspondent.

FREDERICTON, April 23, 1856.  
DEAR SIR.—The question on the Bill to suspend the grant to King's College was taken yesterday, and sustained by a vote of 20 to 18; Messrs. Cutler and Wilnot absent; and Mr. McLeod in the Chair. The debate had been continued for several days; the amendment proposed by the Attorney General received but feeble support by the Committee, only ten members voting for it, while others and among them His Honor the Speaker, expressed themselves in strong terms against the Bill reported by the College Commission. The Honourable Speaker declared that the expenses required to educate a boy at King's College, was double that of any other institution in this country. While he could send a boy to the Wesleyan Academy for £25 per annum, it requires £70 per annum at King's College. This statement being questioned by the Attorney General, he, Mr. Speaker, said he would give an authority which he knew no honourable member would dispute; he would give them his Clergyman, the Rev. Dr. Jarvis, who had told him again and again, and told him more; he had told him that the brutal usage his son had received in King's College, had been the means of sending him to the Lunatic Asylum, and could it be expected that the patience of the people of this country could longer endure to pay to an institution which produced no better results. Thus another Session has been frittered away without any real attempt on the part of the Government to improve the Educational system of the country, the necessity for which they declared previous to their accession to office, and to them the country has looked to take the initiative in this question, in which all are so materially and directly interested. But notwithstanding the promise of an Institution that would give ample instruction to the youth of the country, without respect to class or creed; it is evident that the great toe of the Pope of Rome shall have its impress on any public Institution of learning that may ever again be established in this Province. A humorous discussion occurred in the House yesterday, on a motion of Mr. Street to commit "a Bill to amend the practice of the Courts of Common Law in this Province, with reference to evidence and otherwise." To which a resolution was moved in amendment, by Mr. McPhelim, in substance that "an Act to prevent the importation, manufacture, and traffic in intoxicating liquors" had been petitioned against by a large number of the inhabitants of this Province, and its operation found to operate most injuriously on the Provincial Revenue.

Therefore, Resolved, "That a humble Address be presented to His Excellency, the Lieutenant Governor, praying that he may be pleased to dissolve the present House of Assembly, and order the issue of new Writs of Election." This very novel resolution, being remarkable for nothing but its absurdity, was negatived, only eleven voting for it.

The House was in Session two hours this morning, with closed doors, caused by an altercation between Mr. Street and Mr. Smith, member of the Government; the former in a menacing attitude accusing the latter with making false statements and other opprobrious epithets when the galleries were cleared, and I understood the matter was settled by the parties apologizing to the House for their ungentlemanly conduct.

The House has since been in Committee of Supply and will not close before Wednesday next.

Yours truly, B.

### By Telegraph to the News Room.

FREDERICTON, April 18th.  
The Bill relating to the trade and navigation of the River St. John was postponed for three months. The Bill to establish additional polling places in the County of York passed in Committee. The Bill to authorise the establishment of a Bank at Shediac passed without much opposition.

The College question was again resumed. A motion to adopt the Bill introduced by Mr. Fisher was rejected by a vote of 20 to 10. Speeches were then made by Gillmor, Hayward and McAdam in support of the Bill to abolish the grant. The Bill was opposed by McLellan, Hatheway, Allen, Brown and Steadman. Mr. Hatheway moved that the Bill be postponed for 3 months. Motion not tested. Progress reported.

A short discussion upon the report of the Trade Committee respecting the claims of the Brewers elicited the fact that the report had been signed by a minority, and could not be recognized by the House.

On motion of Mr. Allen, it was ordered that the house do to-morrow, at 11 o'clock, go into consideration of the message from His Excellency respecting the appointment of the Sheriff of Carleton.

FREDERICTON, April 19.  
House doing business for a short time this morning with closed doors. Much anxiety evinced by members to proceed with business. Progress was reported on the Bill to incorporate the Indian Town Railway Company.

At eleven o'clock the House proceeded to the order of the day in consideration of the Message from His Excellency respecting the appointment of the Sheriff of Carleton County.

Mr. Allen spoke for an hour and a half. He endeavored to prove that the Government had pursued an unjustifiable course in dismissing Mr. Winslow, and at the close of his speech moved a resolution that act of the Government had not the approbation of the House.

Mr. Connell replied to Mr. Allen, and spoke for nearly two hours. He justified the course pursued by the Government in appointing the gentleman who had been annually elected Warden of the Municipality of Carleton since 1851, and explained the reasons why he and his colleagues had recommended the appointment.

Mr. Tibbitts accused the ex-Sheriff of Carleton of exercising an avaricious propensity on several occasions, and justified the removal. Mr. Cutler also defended the course pursued by the Government. Several other members spoke, nearly all of whom regarded the resolution as expressive of want of confidence.

A motion was made by Mr. Gray that progress be reported. Mr. Steadman moved an amendment that the further consideration of the resolution be postponed for three months.

A long discussion followed, when the amendment was sustained by the following division:—

YEAS—Connell, Tibbitts, L. R. Harding, Ryan, Tilley, Fisher, Boyd, Brown, Gillmor, Sutton, Johnson, Landry, Steadman, Cutler, Ferris, J. A. Harding, McAdam, McPhelim, McLeod, Montgomery—20.

NAYS—Allen, Gray, Botsford, Armstrong, Godard, Kerr, End—9.

House adjourned at six.

FREDERICTON, April 21st.  
A Bill introduced by Mr. Gray relative to Promissory Notes caused a long discussion, and was finally postponed for three months.

The House was engaged for some time in consideration of granting Supplies. Several School grants were rejected. The motion to give the usual amount to the New-Brunswick & Nova-Scotia Land Company was followed by a sharp and protracted discussion.

The speeches of Messrs. Ryan and Macpherson were characterized with much warmth, and at one period a duel was apprehended! The motion was finally rejected.

The Bill to abolish the grant to King's College was again taken up. Mr. Cutler supported the Bill, and urged the reasons why the cause of Education was in such a backward state throughout the Province. Mr. Street opposed the Bill, and contended that its passing would be an eternal disgrace to the Province. The Bill was further opposed by Messrs. Macpherson and Gray, and supported by the Speaker. Progress was reported.

The Bill is to be taken up again after the reading of the Journals to-morrow.

Hon Mr. Fisher introduced a Bill relating to the collection of the Revenue.

The Session is not expected to terminate until the 1st of May.

FREDERICTON, April 22.  
The Bill to abolish the grant to King's College was taken up this morning, and passed after an animated discussion. The motion to postpone for three months being lost by the following division:—

YEAS—Fisher, Tilley, Brown, Gray, Street, Montgomery, Macpherson, Allen, Hatheway, Wilnot, Godard, Armstrong, End, Stevens, McClellan, McNaughton, Kerr, Boyd—18. NAYS—Connell, Johnson, Smith, Watters, Hayward, J. A. Harding, McPhelim, Lunt, Gillmor, Ferris, McAdam, Tibbitts, L. R. Harding, Ryan, Purdy, Cutler, Botsford, Landry, Sutton, Speaker, Steadman—21.

Mr. McPhelim's Resolution respecting a dissolution of the House was taken up and occupied most of the afternoon. Several speeches were made, and the resolution was rejected by the following division:—

YEAS—McPhelim, Sutton, McNaughton, Macpherson, End, Gray, Botsford, Allen, Godard, J. A. Harding, Street—11. NAYS—Wilnot, Hayward, Armstrong, Tilley, Stevens, Steadman, Johnson, Tibbitts, Ryan, Purdy, Boyd, Gilbert, Fisher, Hatheway, McLeod, Smith, Montgomery, Gillmor, McAdam Brown, Lunt, Connell, L. R. Harding, Watters, Kerr, Landry, Cutler, Ferris, McClellan—29.

No other business transacted.

House adjourned at six o'clock.

### NEWS ITEMS.

A Pedlar, named John Bowman, was found dead in the snow near Lepreux, about two weeks since. He is said to have a wife living at Quaco.

The scarlet fever has been raging with great violence in some parts of the County of Gloucester during the latter part of the winter. A correspondent to the Miramichi Gleaner says, that about 100 children have died by it in the parish of New Brandon. Upwards of thirty deaths were reported at Caraquet.

The ice in the river St. John we understand is broken up, and a steamer started for Fredericton yesterday morning. One has also commenced running to the Bend and Dorchester.

The steamers Adelaide and Admiral are on their old routes between this port and Boston, and the summer arrangements of communication are now fully commenced.

We are indebted to Messrs Ansley and Tufts for late Boston paper received by Messrs Valentine & Co's Express, per steamer Adelaide on Wednesday evening.

A house in Milltown (St. Stephen), known as the E. Murphy house, and occupied by several families, were destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning last. Loss about £500.

We regret to learn that the dwelling house of Oliver Jones, Esq., at the Bend was destroyed by fire on the 17th inst.

An old pensioner named Boyce was found dead, on Wednesday evening, last week, in an alley between Brussels and Erin Streets, not far from his own house. His body bore no marks of violence.—Freeman.

A man named Adam Brewster, was found drowned at the Back Shore near Wright's wharf, on Wednesday morning last.

Another fine large ship was launched from the yard of the Messrs Wright, Back Shore, on Thursday last.

NEW VESSEL.—A very superior Ship, called the "King of Algeria," in compliment to the infant son of the Emperor of the French, was launched a few days ago from the Building yard of Messrs. Nevine & Irvine, at the Marsh Bridge.

A man named James Rutherford, of Toronto, C. W. was recently found dead in his bed. His sudden death was the result of intemperance.

Rev. Mr. Jagger, the Catholic priest at Lamberville, N. J. was killed on Thursday evening by jumping off as the railroad train came into the depot; he fell between the platform and the cars, and was almost cut in two.

At the close of this year Canada will have 2000 miles of fully equipped railways costing £18,000,000 sterling.

Bleeding at the Lungs.—Many just within the grasp of Consumption are saved every year by the faithful use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Its success in allaying and curing severe protracted coughs is remarkable.

Letters received at the Religious Intelligencer Office during the week ending April 24.

Thomas Lovely, Aaron Murphy, rem.—G. A. Hammond, rem.—Miss Mary Hicks, rem.—James Kearney, rem.—Geo. H. Wallace, rem.—A. M. Tong, rem.—W. C. Weston, rem.—J. T. Tool, rem.—Charles M. Chisholm, rem.—D. C. Coffin, rem.—Thos. Lindsey, rem.—Joseph Barker, rem.—We have forwarded the balance, rem.—S. B. Goodman, rem.—John Byron, rem.—The papers of which you write are regularly sent.—A. Morton, rem.—We will attend to it.—John Hamilton, rem.—David P. Harris.

MR. LANE'S VERMIFUGE.  
No remedy ever invented has been so successful as the great worm medicine of Dr. M. Lane. All who have used it have been equally astonished and delighted at its wonderful energy and efficacy. To publish all the testimonials in its favor would fill volumes; we must therefore forego content ourselves with a brief abstract of a few of them.

Joseph C. Allen, of Amboy, gave a dose to a child 6 years old, and it brought away 83 worms. He soon after gave another dose to the same child, which brought away 50 more, making 133 worms in about 12 hours.

Andrew Downing, of Cranbury township, Vermont, gave his child one tea-spoonful, and she passed 177 worms. Next morning, on repetition of the dose, she passed 113 more.

Jonathan Houghman, of West Union, Park county, Ia., writes that he is unable to supply the demand, as the people in his neighborhood cry, after a trial of the others, that none is equal to Dr. M. Lane's Vermifuge.

Messrs D. & J. W. Colton, of Winchester, Ind. happened last spring to get some of this Vermifuge. After selling a few bottles, the demand became so great for it that their stock was soon exhausted. They state that it has produced the effect wherever used, and is very popular among the people.

Dr. Purchaser will be careful to ask for Dr. M. Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, manufactured by Fleming Bros. of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M. Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of Fleming Bros.

Sold in St. John by CHALMERS & LUTY, and T. WALKER & SON.

CONSUMPTION IN MASSACHUSETTS.  
The abstract of deaths, prepared by the Secretary of State, for 1855, shows an average of twelve deaths a day by the disease alone. Can nothing be done to stay this fearful mortality? If the allegations of those who are at least entitled to veracity may be believed, there is a preventive and a remedy. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY has cured thousands who have tried all other remedies in vain. This can be substantiated by a mass of reliable evidence.

None genuine unless signed L. BUTTS on the wrapper.

For sale by S. L. Tilley, King Street.

DR. CURTIS'S INHALING REMEDY.  
Prof. S. CURTIS writes us as follows: GENTLEMEN,—I have recently had occasion to test your Cherry Syrup and Hygean Vapor in a case of chronic sore throat, that had refused to yield to other forms of treatment, and the result has satisfied me, that whatever may be the composition of your preparation, it is no imposture, but an excellent remedy. I wish, for the sake of the afflicted, that it might be brought within the reach of all.

CAUTION.—Dr. CURTIS'S HYGEAN is the original and only genuine article.

INHALING VAPOR.  
Rev. Doctor CURTIS writes: DEAR SIR,—I think highly of Dr. Curtis's Hygean as a remedy in diseases of the throat and lungs. Having had some opportunity to test its efficacy, I am convinced that it is a most excellent medicine, both the Syrup and the Inhalant application to the chest.

CAUTION.—Dr. CURTIS'S HYGEAN is the original and only article.

For sale by FELLOWS & CO., Germain Street, opposite Market street.

### Board of Managers.

THE regularly Quarterly meeting of the Board of Managers of the Free Christian Baptist General Conference will take place in the Vestry of the Free Baptist meeting house, Waterloo street, on Wednesday, the 7th of May next, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

WM. PETERS, Secretary.

### Missionary Board.

The regularly Quarterly meeting of the Free Baptist missionary Board, will take place in the Vestry of the Free Baptist meeting house, Waterloo street, on Wednesday, the 7th of May next, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

E. McLEOD, Secretary.

### REMOVAL.

HALL & FAIRWEATHER HAVE removed to the Brick Building formerly occupied by them on the

SOUTH MARKET WHARF.

TO PERSONS out of Employment in New-Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

EVERY READER OF THIS JOURNAL, desirous of employment during the coming year, in the circulation of GOOD BOOKS, will please send for a full descriptive Catalogue of all our Illustrated Works.

Any person wishing to embark in the enterprise, will kindly send to the Publisher, \$25 for which he will receive sample copies of the various works, (at wholesale prices), carefully boxed, insured, and directed to any central place in the provinces, affording a very liberal per centage to the Agent for his trouble. With these he will soon be able to ascertain the most saleable, and order accordingly. Address (post paid) ROBERT SEARLS, Publisher, 181 William street, New York.

### MARRIAGES.

At Indianapolis, on the 20th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Harrison, Mr. Daniel F. Tapley, to Miss Eleanor A. daughter of Mr. John Brown, all of that place.

### DEATHS.

Mr. William Demery departed this life April the 14th inst. residing on Long Street, in the parish of Kingston, K. C. He was a native of Ireland, County of Cork, town of Ballynure. He emigrated to New Brunswick in the year 1847. He left a widow to mourn the loss of a kind and affectionate husband. His end was peace.

At Kingston, K. C. on the 26th ult., Mr. Abel Umphrey, aged 34 years, leaving a wife and four children, to mourn the loss of a most affectionate husband and father, and a numerous circle of relatives to lament the loss of a kind friend. He bore his sufferings with that submission to the will of God, that truly characterizes dying Christians, and his end was peace. The funeral sermon was preached by Elder J. Flinders to a very large and solemn audience.

At St. John, N. B. on the 27th inst., after a lingering illness, Mr. Samuel Collins, in the 83rd year of his age.

On Saturday morning last, of scarlet fever, Teresa Sarah, infant daughter of Mr. A. T. Heney, aged three years and six months.

At Point de Bute, County of Westmorland on the 27th of March, Mrs. Mary Jones, widow, leaving a numerous progeny, consisting of 10 children, 84 grand children, 158 great grand children, and 11 great great grand children. Mrs. Jones was an early settler in this country; she emigrated with her parents from Yorkshire, England, in 1774; and died in the advanced age of 83 years, trusting in the mercy of God.

### MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.—ARRIVED.  
Thursday—Ship Siam, Capt. Savannah, 10—Cudlip & Snider, pitch pine timber.  
Barque Joanna, Penny, Leth, 45—R Rankin & Co., coals.  
Brig Thalia, Forrest, Shields, 40—Wm Thomson, coals.

Brig Myra, Fuller, Philadelphia—Hall & Fairweather, flour, &c.  
Mary, Mahony, Providence, 5—Master, ballast.  
Adna, Simpson, Halifax, 45 hours—G & J Salter, sugar, molasses, &c.—Has been only twelve days on the voyage.

Schr. Alva, Crowell, New-York—G Bent, flour, &c.  
Friday—Steamer Admiral, Small, Boston—Geo Thomas, passengers and merchandise.  
Saturday—Barque Polyneuse, M. rton, Villierius, (Spain), 60 days to order, ballast.  
Brig Competitor, Pinkney, Yarmouth—C McLauchlan, ballast.

Brig Union, Lovitt, Westport—C McLauchlan, ballast.  
Sunday—Ship Irene, Williams, Boston, 3—Cudlip & Snider, coals.  
Monday—Ship Eastern State, —, Bath, C B Ward, do.

Wednesday—Brig Thames, McQuist, Allos, 60—Cudlip & Snider, coals.

### CLEARED.

18—Schr Temperance Banner, Davidson, Boston master; Eagle, Anthony, Boston, A C O Trentowsky; Alma, Perkins, New-York, C M Gove.

19th—Barque Robert Leonard, McMillen, Glasgow, Scotland, sailing, passengers—Joseph Fairweather; Schr. Freedom, Crocker, Barbadoes, boards and plank, shingles, 2 1/2 mackerel, 2 do alewives—Joseph Fairweather; Princess, Mahony, Eastport, scantling, shingles—E D Jewett & Co.

21st—Schr Peru, Thomas, New York, deals; Groveland, Kavanagh, New York, boards &c.  
April 23—Ship Oxford, Minott, Bristol Channel, deals; Schr. Transit, Williams, Eastport, potatoes; Meecs, Fulsan, Philadelphia, deals.

### MEMORANDA.

Brig Martello, of and from St John, N B, for Baltimore, with fish and lumber, (recently reported missing) was fallen in with 10th inst, in a leaky and disabled condition, lat. 36 1-2, lon 74, by whaling bark Solon, which took off the crew 6 in number, and carried them to Westport, Me. The Martello, when five days out, had heavy gales, during which carried away foremast and bowsprit, and had stem knocked away. The crew were nearly exhausted, when rescued, having been on the wreck 28 days, and were but just able to keep the brig free.

Cleared at New-York, 15th inst., schr Helena, Roberts, St John; 16th, schr A P Fenne, Mussells, do—At Philadelphia, 13th, schr Game Cock, Crowell, do; 15th, schr Maria, Fowler, do—At Baltimore, 12th, brig Lucy Ann, Lewis, do—At Boston, 13th, schr Irene, Williams, do; 16th, ship North America, Clark, and schr Hot Savage, do; 17th, schr Mary Jane, McLean, do.

Arrived at Cardenas, 3d inst, brig Royalston Robinson, St John—At Havana, 8th, brig Ganges, Spear, do.

Brigs Hole, 15th inst, schr Astrea, Pine, from Baltimore, for St John.  
Arrived at Malaga, March 14th, barque Javienille, Haddon, Gibraltar.  
Spoken—March 15th, lat 33 45, long 57 25 ship David Fullerton, from Mobile, for Trieste.