admission of Slavin's confession as against other prisoners. The judge decided that witness should not repeat anything Slavin said until he had considered the question. Mr Scoullar then continued describing how prisoners were brought into town. Told prisoner at bar I was Chief of Police, and told him in the usual manner that what he said must be voluntary and without solicitation on my part. He then stated that Breen had got himself and father into the difficulty. (By Mr Kerr: some person said the lad wanted to talk to me; the reason why I brought the boy with me was because he was lighter to carry, our waggon was light.) He had been working on the Railroad and lived about his father's house off and on for some weeks. Some time before the burning took place he and Breen had been out to McKenzie's once or twice; that he had been in at McKenzie's house asking for water, and that he was induced to go by Breen. He went there and returned once again, and the Saturday before the burning he and his father had been digging potatoes for Knox: After they had dug some time Breen came up and took the spade out of his hand; the prisoner left Knox's potatoe field and went home; after he was home some time Breen came in after him: Breen proposed to go out to McKenzie's that night; he went with him; on the way out Breen told him it was to rob McKenzie; he went out, and in view of McKenzie's house Breen left him at top of the hill to watch. Afterwards Breen went down to McKenzie's house; Breen called at the house that McKenzie lived in, and went with McKenzie to the lower house, and went into the house with a light After a short time Breen came out alone, and went back to the dwelling house. He (Breen) went into the house, and after a short time heard loud cries and screaming, and he heard something like a dog, crying and howling; in an hour, or an hour and a half, all was quiet, and he went to the stable between the two houses, pulled some straw from the stable to the lower house, piled some wood on the straw, and then fired to it; he then went to the upper house, carrying straw with him from the stable; he put the straw into the porch, and piled wood on to it and fired it. Both houses blazed in a very short time. Breen came up to where prisoner was, with some bundles, a bag, and a pail, containing butter. The boy said he then asked Breen if he murdered McKenzie and his family. Breen said he had, and burned up every mother's son of them. He then said his father came up, and carried the bundles and carpet bags; Breen carrying the pail of butter. They got home some time before midnight, and his mother got up and met them in; he said his mother told him to take things he had brought with him out of the house, for she would not allow them to remain there; he said Breen gave him from one to ten sovereigns, and Breen also gave his father some sovereigns; he then said a beaver was offered by Breen to old Slavin. The bundle and bag were hid under a fallen tree in the swamp near the house, and he would go with us to the spot. We went and found a bundle containing woollen yarn, a cotton frock, some children's flannels, a pair of socks, a mitten, an old table cloth and some other trifling things.—There were no boots. In the bag there was a pair of boots, four old knives and a pair of forks. (Not produced,) that is the bag. I asked the boy, was aware murder would be committed before he went out; he said he knew the robbery was planned weeks before at his fathers, but he was not aware murder would be done till he heard the screams. He then said his father had nothing to do with the killing, that Breen had done the whole of it. Then after hiding these things he returned into the house and went to bed. He was about the house all day on the Sunday after. On Monday his mother went to town. Breen returned to the house on Monday morning. After his mother went to town, he his father and Breen went into the woods to the camp. That after the waggons with the officers had left, he came out of the house and found from what his brother said that there was inquiry being instituted about the burning, and he went back into the woods again. Some time during the Monday night, he and his father and Breen started for the head of the lake. They went to Johny Heagarty's and staid there a little before day-break. Waited there, got breakfast and returned to the woods again, remaining there. Young Heagerty went out with them, and he and Haggarty's sister had taken them in provisions; he said then that of the sovereigns he had given three back to Breen that day before we arrested them; Dobson found three sovereigns on Breen; the sovereigns that Breen had given his mother in the house he said his mother had hidden in a stone fence; he afterwards told me in the gaol perfectly voluntarily that he saw Breen leave the lamp in the woods at the head of the lake for the purpose of hiding away, he believed, the purse, gold watch, and an other bundle; I asked him if that was McKenzie's property: he said it was. Some was discovered on Thursday last in the neighbourhood of the camp, a bundle under an old fallen tree about thirty feet from our camp. It contained an old pair of trowsers, light striped, (these are them), two pair of socks, and one inside cotton shirt. I continued the search and came out at Smith's, got dinner, and found no more that day. Next morning, between four and five o'clock, renewed the search, and at the root of a dry birch tree, under leaves and moss, we found a woman's apron, a purse containing twenty-eight sovereigns, and four half sovereigns, a watch, a pair of braces, an old silk handkerchief. (These things were shown to the jury.) The purse is that frequently before alluded to; that is all the money I found there.

It being now past six o'clock, the court adjourned.

THURSDAY.

On the opening of the Court this morning, His Honor said he would divide the question he took time to consider yesterday. On consulting all the authorities, he should reject evidence relating to the confessions of the accused persons as against the prisoner at the bar.

Captain Scoullar's examination continued. The purse and the money were the last things I found. From the time we arrested the prisoners I found 3 sovereigns, an English shilling, and the port-monie found on Breen. Next was the bundle and carpet bag found by Slavin's house, as pointed out by prisoner. Then the pail of butter in Slavin's house and a blue cloth cap; a pillow-case and a striped shirt was also found there. On the Sunday following, Mrs. Slavin went out with us to her house and pointed out a small red bag hid under a stone some distance from the house, containing 45 sovereigns and 23 half sovereigns; (bag produced, a common linen money bag, of a reddish yellow color; the money was counted). The next property was found on Thursday near the camp at the head of Lake Lond: an under cotton shirt and two pair of socks. On Friday morning we found near the same spot at the root of a tree this piece of calico, that mitton, and a pair of braces, a silk handkerchief, a gold watch, a steel-headed purse, containing, as I counted yesterday, 28 sovereigns, and 4 half-sovereigns: (the articles all produced). That's all. I have had conversation with prisoner; the chief was on the way in; have not heard him himself his age.

Cross examined by Mr. Wetmore. I doubted the truth of the boy's statement. Have had conversations with all the prisoners. The boy did not say there were any cries from the lower house; he did not tell me how far he was from the house; he said he was on the hill; the slope of the hill was about as from here to Mr. Stockwell's, (about 100 yards;) he told me he knew of the robbery being planned but not of the murder; he said he had been induced to go there by Breen and his father. Dobson the policeman has the portemonie spoken of. (produced, and the money in it) we found that on Breen. I should think there had been another pocket book. I could close the portmonie with fifty sovereigns in it. (By the judge.) I think the boy is loose in his way of talking. I think he has a great deal of secrecy; he showed me no want of sense; I do not judge him to be devoid of common understanding.) At one time when I went to his cell he was crying, that was the only time I found him express sorrow of any kind; he had then been in gaol four days; he was in irons and alone; he had been hand-cuffed; he appeared to treat this affair as if he considered himself clear of the killing, and that his position was not so serious; he was on the bed when we found him crying; he soon stopped after we went in; he laughed at that interview; his behaviour did not surprise me; without reference to the circumstances of this affair, I should have been surprised at the behaviour of prisoner.

Re-examined by Mr. Watters. I was probably three or three and a half hours bringing prisoners from the camp to the watch house; nothing occurred during the conversation to lead me to doubt prisoner's common sense.

Thomas Dobson. Am a policeman; I searched Breen; found a portemonie, in which were three sovereigns, a British shilling and a copper loose in his pocket; I brought Breen in town.

Cross examined by Mr. Kerr. Have heard of the pocket-book John spoke of yesterday; the prisoner did not tell me that the pocket-book he had he gave to Breen; we have got all the property we have heard of. Breen told me he had no property at all but this, (the portmonie;) he told me old Slavin had the property; he said all the property he had was in his pocket; that was on Friday when we arrested him; I see something peculiar on the metal border of the portemonie; there appears to have been a name scratched off; it was in that state when I got it.

William Ross. I reside at Indiantown. I knew Robert McKenzie. Have known him since about '30. Have had many transactions with him. Cannot say how long since. It is some years ago. I was owner of a gold watch. I put it for safe keeping with McKenzie. The watch was made by Webster in London. I think in Whitehill Street, the number is 5,128; should know the watch. That is it. I think its crystal was broke in McKenzie's possession. It belongs to me now. I saw the watch last about six or seven years ago. It was then in his safe, which was an iron chest. He did not wear it.

George Smith. I went out from my house at the head of the lake, to the camp with Captain Scoullar, on Thursday and Friday when the watch was got.

James Stockford. Have seen the prisoner before. I and the Captain brought the prisoner in from Smith's. (An objection was here made to witness stating his opinion of prisoners mental capacity, without stating the particulars on which he founded these opinion, and his honor maintaining the objection, the witness, who had no other evidence to give, withdrew.

Hugh Baxen was called by the Solicitor General. Some objection was made to this criminal's being called as a witness, but the Judge overruled it on the ground that a late Statue did away with the incompetency of a witness on the ground of infamy, and as infamy arose from crime, he could not exclude the witness He had well considered the case, supposing Slavin had been called. Breen was then brought in and placed immediately beside the Judge, a constable remaining beside him. He is tall and stout, probably about thirty-five years of age. He has a sharp nose, a slightly prominent mouth. He is close shaved, and his hair cut close. He was dressed in course blue trousers, blue vest and blue flannel shirt. He stood facing the audience. He is somewhat gray.

Have known prisoner about six week. Saw him out with Mr. Hanlin on the railway. I stopped awhile at his fathers. About three weeks. Slavin, the prisoner, and I was at the burning (witness seemed agitated.) I saw prisoner do nothing there. I could not see him for he was outside. I separated from him Sunday evening at his own house. We were not together till Monday night again. I last saw him before Monday night until the watchman took us prisoners. We stopped together till Monday night. Prisoner was in McKenzie's large house. He went in with his father. I did not go in till the murder was over. All three of us were in the small house before we went up to the big house. None but we three were in the small house. McKenzie was in the small house when prisoner, I and Slavin were there. McKenzie was alive when prisoner was in the small house. I saw McKenzie dead in the house. I went up to McKenzie and I came down. McKenzie said, is she coming meaning my wife. I said she is. Is she near hand, says he. I said she was. I got the axe in my hand to make a fire. Old Slavin said don't make any light, the more light you make the worse. I lighted the fire and put it out again. That was before McKenzie had come. Old Slavin took the axe from my hand and shut the parlor door. There were two or three rooms in the small house. Hisson was along with him. McKenzie was in the kitchen; he did not see old Slavin, and did not know he was there. It was before McKenzie came in they went into the room and shut the door. Slavin came out with the axe behind him, and said, "she's on hand." With that he drew the axe and hit him in the breast, saying, "Wherever I hit, dead dogs will tell no lies." He struck him on the breast with the back of the axe. McKenzie let a little groan out of him, but quit from speaking. Old Slavin put him then down cellar, down a few steps through a trap door. Cannot tell who lifted the trap door. After he put him down he took another notion and brought him up again.—"Will you help me says he to take him up again," and he struggled to get him to the head of the stairs, and he asked me to help him up, and I did. He took a notion to bring him up again an hour and a half after striking him; he was then dead; he left him on the floor of the first room he had gone into. Then he goes up to the house. During the hour and a half we were about the old (little) house. When we got to dwelling house Old Slavin wanted me to go in; he said, go you to the edge of the door and let me get a glimpse of her. I did this. He comes in and puts his head half in at the door, and she (Mrs. McKenzie) was sitting on a small seat, with her baby in her arms. She says to me, "is she near hand" (alluding to my wife.) Then he hid the axe behind his back; he comes forward to her and struck her with the back of the axe by the side of the head. The baby fell over against the stove, or edge of the fire place, I could not say which. He hit her (Mrs. McK.) with the axe, a few thumps about the breast; he hit the children then with the axe; they were three or four of them, all standing crying round the mother. He hit all the children with the axe. There was crying for a spell. Mrs. McKenzie did not cry; after she was struck she moaned considerable of a while. Prisoner was standing in the porch. He had no hand in the murder, nor had I myself, the old man did all. That is all I have to say about the murder. After it was over we shut the door. The dog happened to come in and it got some of the blood on him. We shut up the doors. The murder was over at 9½ o'clock. Prisoner went in and looked at the clock. We could hardly tell the clock, and prisoner said he could. We went to the yew trees below the house, sat a little while, and came up again; heard some of the children moaning or something. Went back again to the woods, stopped another time, came up again; prisoner was feeling hungry, got some bread in the house, and went into the pantry and got some milk. Then Pat had the key belonging to the money; took it out of McKenzie's pocket. The father could not put a hand near it. He (old Slevin) went with the axe in his hand inside, and gave me the axe, and said if any one come along to slay them, and we will go inside. He and his son went in. I thought I heard the iron chest opening. They found some money in it.—They got the money, and we went down to the edge of the woods and sat a little longer.—That was about eleven and a half o'clock. We came up again, and Slavin said it was better to put a coal in the lower house first, as the people might think the house took fire and they were burned all alive. His son got some matches in one of the rooms, and got a candle and lit it. There was a man living in the lower house. He was away, but he had a straw bed there. The son said it was better to put a coal in this (in the straw), and McKenzie was lying along side of the straw when it was lit. We put a coal, set the candle to the straw, and that was all that was wanted. It caught before we left it. I expect it burnt. Says Slavin, we'll go to the upper house and set it a-fire. We went, and I took a lock of straw, Pat (prisoner) had the matches and candle. We set it a-fire. We put the straw at the edge of the porch, and built some wood round and set it a-fire. The house catched and burned. I remained five miqutes after this. We went home all of us. Not much was carried from the house. Some socks, some mittens, a woman's dress, some yarn, some aprons, a beaver hat, a gold watch, a pair of boots, the prisoner took out of McKenzie's bed room There was nothing else I know. There was money took; fifty odd pounds; I did not see it in anything; Slavin threw it down on the table on Sunday morning. We got to Slavin's that night; I could not say what time. Had a conversation with the old man about three weeks ago. A few days before it happened old Slavin said to his son "If you take my advice you will do well." Pat was not an obedient boy: he could not manage him at all, up nor down; his father told him he wanted him to hold the candle for him. he said he did not want them to help him in the murder, for if there were as many more there he could slay them; the boy said nothing; he was keen to go there; I know nothing more about it. On the way out old Slavin said to the son and me, "back me the best way you can," and for my own part I could not back him anything; I said nothing; I don't mind if the boy said anything; I saw the boy with money; I saw him with a sovereign in his hand; that was on Sunday morning; I saw a pocket book with him; do not know what he did with it; dare say I might know it again; could not actually say that is it, (the portmonnie); it might be; his father told me the boy had five sovereigns in it; that (portmonnie) was in my possession; prisoner gave it to me; the policeman took it from me; the old man gave me three sovereigns in my hand about half an hour before we were took, and a quarter dollar.

Cross examined by Mr. Wetmore. Mrs. Slavin first gave me money on Sunday afternoon. It was two half sovereigns. I took those to Knox's. I had a quarter dollar and a few coppers at Rogers'. I had that purse, the one with steel beeds. I put newspapers in it. Will not say why. (Judge said he must.) It was for devilment. I had the purse since Sunday morning. There was no money in it. I took it to keep money in.—Money that I had saved, and to put some of the McKenzie money in it. Could not tell when I was to get my share. Did not ask for my share. Came into town on my own business. It was a fine day I came; it was after dark. Don't know what I came in for. Have lived in different places in the City. Did not go to see my wife. Am a married man. Ramsay's was not the first place I went to. Went to Knox's. I was a little hearty, (intoxicated.) Can't tell how much I had been drinking.—Know the Cathedral; could not say if I was near there; don't remember being at Mrs. Blackwell's in Waterloo Street. Cannot say if I was in a state of great confusion the night after the murder. I suppose I was scared. I was frightened enough; I was very much frightened. A short time previous to this I was at Fredericton; it was then in the summer; old Slavin was with me; I was there to see my own people; knew a widow named Sally Golly; never heard it mentioned she had money. She might have had a hundred pounds. Did not consult with Slavin to go up to Fredericton to murder Sally Golly.—I know nothing about it; I went up to see my sister; I was in at Sally Golly's once that time I was up. I did not see Slavin while in Fredericton. We met at Gaynor's Corner near the bushes. Have you heard of this matter of Sally Golly before? (No answer.) Had never any intention of murdering Leat. Slavin and his son went on Thurday to kill McKenzie and they thought they had no chance. Slavin went home and stopped all night; I saw McKenzie while there engaged with him and told him I would bring my wife with me on Saturday night; We were all there together in the house at the time; my memory is perfectly good as to that; can't recollect the last place I was at previous to going to Ramsay's. Do not know Mrs Blackwell of Waterloo Street; She is no relation of mine. Do not know who she is at all: Do not know where she lives. (Counsel persisted and prisoner said he might ask for a month and he would not answer.) I did give Mrs. Blackwell money about a month ago. I have told you all about the murder and that is all I am going to tell.

The court then adjourned for the purpose of taking refreshment. Previous to the adjournment the Grand Jury came into court, having found a true bill against Bernard Heagarty for aiding and abetting the escape of the McKenzie murderers.

After the recess. Bernard Heagarty was arraigned on the charge of being an accessory to the murder after the fact.

Prisoner.—I am not guilty. (To the Judge.) I am ready for my trial.

Another bill against Heagarty for receiving and harboring the Slavins, was also read, and the prisoner was called upon to plead. Said again, I am not guilty. He was then remanded.—[The offence is punishable by four years' imprisonment.]

MARRIED.

On the 7th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. C E Bell, Mr John F Brown, of the Parish of Simonds, to Miss Mary McLean, of the Parish of Wakefield, both of Carleton County.

On the 10th, by the same, Mr. George A. Ackerson, of Bridgewater, Me., to Miss Anna M Lloyd, of the Parish of Wickly, County of Carleton.

On the 20th, at the residence of the bride's father, by the same, Mr. Jonathan Tracey, of the Parish of Wicklow, to Mrs. Mary M. Conkite, of the same place, both of the County of Carleton.

On the 3d inst, by the Rev. C. E. Bell, Mr. Judah H. Hartt, to Miss Phoebe W. Sipriel, both of the Parish of Wakefield, Carleton Co.

By the Rev. Samuel Robinson, on the 7th inst, Mr. William Aylward, of Colchester, N. S., to Miss Mary Elizabeth Bowt, of this city.

DIED.

At North Branch of Oromocto, on the 24th October, Mr. William Nevers, in the 75th year of his age. His end was peace.

On Monday, 9th, after a severe illness of three months, which she bore with much Christian patience and resignation, Mrs. Naomi Odell, aged 58 years.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Bleeding at the Lungs Cured.

Seth W. Fowle, Esq.—Dear Sir: Having been attacked with Hemorrage of the Lungs, which left me with a troublesome cough and the usual debility consequent upon such an attack, and having cured myself by the use of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, I feel it a pleasure and a duty to testify to its merits. My general faith in patent medicines is small; but for those who are suffering under pulmonary attacks, I am persuaded that the Balsam is an excellent preparation. Yours, very truly,

JONA. R. CHILDS, Editor Chicopee Telegraph.

Chicopee, Mass., Feb. 26, 1856.

None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper. Sold by Agents every where.

[From Zion's Herald and Wesleyan Journal.

"We make it a rule never to recommend a medical nostrum in our columns; but having found "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" beneficial in a diseased state of the Throat, we suspend our rule in their favor, believing that we do our Clerical brethren a real favor in calling their attention to them."

A lozenge dissolved in the mouth has a direct influence to the affected parts, allaying Pulmonary Irritation, and giving relief in Coughs, Colds, and the various Throat Affections to which Public Speakers and Singers are liable. All Druggists sell them. Wedes & Potter, General Agents. vi oct21—1m

Balsam of Liverwort and Hoarhound.—There is no preparation in the market more popular, or that is doing more good, than Mrs. Gardner's *Indian Balsams of Liverwort and Hoarhound*. For full twenty years it has maintained a reputation for the cure of Colds, Croups, and all kinds of Pulmonary Complaints. A friend of ours is eloquent in its praise in relation to its efficacy in curing Croup, pronouncing it one of the best articles he has ever seen used. The same may be said of its virtues in other complaints touching the throat and chest. Persons who are poor and sick will be supplied with a bottle gratis. Weeks & Potter, 154 Washington-street, Boston, General Agents. Sold by all the druggists. vi oct21 6m

Mr. Perry Davis—I feel it to be my duty to bear my testimony to the efficacy of your Pain Killer. I have used it for years for complaints of the stomach and bowels. I had a very severe attack a few days ago of the ague, and such a pain in my back for three days and nights that I could get no rest. I sent and got a 25-cent bottle of the "Vegetable Pain Killer," I took a little inwardly, and bathed according to directions, and one application has relieved me of the pain, and I am able to write to-day though with a troubling head. The application was made last night about 9 o'clock, and I had a sweet night's rest. I have recommended it for several years, as I have travelled a good deal, and it has given universal satisfaction where it has been used according to directions.

Yours gratefully, L. PERRY CHILDS.

Pastor of Baptist Church, Troy, Ohio.

Holloway's Pills, prepared from selections from the vegetable kingdom, possess the most miraculous virtue in correcting derangements of the liver and stomach; they also strengthen the digestive organs, and increase the appetite. Sold at the manufactories, No. 80, Maiden Lane, New York, and No. 244 Strand, London, and by all druggists, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 per box.

Fall Style of Hats, at No. 42, King street.

RECEIVED per Steamer "Adelaide:"—2 cases Gentlemen's Black SATIN HATS, latest Fall Style, and of superior quality.

nov13 A. A. B. SMITH.

LEATHER.—Received per brig "Union" from New York:—100 sides Sole LEATHER, extra good; 23 dozen Domestic Calf Skins. Also—per steamer:—10 sides Sole Leather. For sale by

J. J. CHRISTIE,

nov13 56, King street

COD LIVER OIL.—11 Packages pure COD LIVER OIL, just received per "Julia" from Halifax—on consignment and for sale by

JOHN J. WRIGHT,

nov13 24 South Wharf.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

WE the undersigned have entered this day into Co-Partnership, as GROCERS, under the Firm and Style of ARMSTRONG & MAXWELL, at No. 4, Charlotte street, St. John, N. B.

JAMES W. ARMSTRONG,

nov13 WILLIAM H. MAXWELL.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are forbid TRESPASSING on part of Lot No. 1, formerly granted to Edward Jones, the said piece or parcel is bounded as follows, viz:—Beginning easterly by Jesse Jones', Jr., and southerly by the Beardsley Gra t, and John Manchester; westerly, by Walter Jones' two hundred acres off the front said Lot, No. 1. Any person or persons so trespassing on said Lot shall be prosecuted as the law directs.

MOSES OWENS JONES.

Greenwich, K. C., 13th November

Caps. Caps. Caps.

FUR CAPS A large assortment New styles.
PLUSH CAPS In every style and quality.
CLOTH CAPS Various colours, styles and qualities.
WINTER CAPS Heavy Cloth, Storm, Napoleon, and other styles.
ALMA CAPS Plain and fancy, various qualities.
YOUTHS' CAPS In Cloth, Squirrel, Lamb, and Plush trimmed.
BOYS' CAPS Scollt, Glengarey, and Balmorai.
CHILDRENS' CAPS In Chinchilla, Squirrel, and Crimean.
GLAZED CAPS In Silk, Linen and Cotton.

Caps of all descriptions made to order, and sold wholesale and retail at lowest prices by

D. R. HALL,

nov 11 tpl 41, King Street.

HATS AND CAPS.

Fall and Winter Styles.

The Subscriber has received per "Arthur White" CASE London HATS, Fall Style. Also from the United States, a large Stock of Brushes and Felt HATS, various styles and colours; Ladies' FURS; Buffalo COATS and Driving GLOVES, Glazed Hats, &c. &c. Also on hand—A large assortment of HATS and CAPS, Domestic manufacture, all of which will be sold Wholesale and Retail, at very low prices. Call and examine.

HATS and CAPS made to order by Conformateur Measure.

☞ Cash paid for Shipping FURS.

A. MAGEE,

27 North side King-street opposite Canterbury st

oct22

DANDELION COFFEE.—Combining with the flavor of the finest Coffee, the Medicinal virtues of the root, for debility, diseases of the Liver, and digestive organs, &c. For sale by

GILFORD S. REED.

sept26 Fellows' Building, 8 Germain-street

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES OF

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING

AT THE

CITY CLOTHING STORE,

No. 2, Market Square, and No. 2, Water St.,

(all in one concern,)

JOHN ANDERSON, offers for sale the most extensive and best assortment of CLOTHING to be found in the Province, and in order to suit the times has come to the determination of SELLING OFF his entire stock, at such low rates as to insure Quick Sales! The Stock of Clothing consists of all description now in fashion, suitable for Gentlemen, Mechanics, Labourers, Seafaring Men, and Youths.

☞ Parties wanting their Clothing made to order can select their Cloths, &c., from the great extensive variety to be found in the City, and warranted made up in a superior manner, or no sale. tp oct24.

VICTORIA HOUSE

September 25.

39 Cases and Bales of Autumn Goods,

From which buyers of the following Goods may make very satisfactory selections:

SILK VELVETS; Black and Fancy SILKS;
French MERINOES;
FLANNELS, White, Red and Blue;
Crimson SHIRTING;
SHAWLS, of every description;
Ladies' Autumnal DRESS MATERIALS;
Coburgs, Lustres, Cashmeres; Kanfies, in great variety; Grey, White and Striped Shirting; HOSIERY, GLOVES, Bonnet RIBBONS; Children's French Merino DRESSES; Boys' Challie and Cloth Coats; Which with a Stock of FURS and FLANNELS shortly expected, will be well worth the notice of intending purchasers. [sep30] FRASER, ESSIS & CO.

A NEW AUTHOR.

ONE THAT NEVER APPEARED IN THE WORLD BEFORE.

A book of one hundred and forty-two pages, on good paper, and in clear type, entitled:

Truth Defended. Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, against the World, the Flesh, and the Devil. And Apostolic Succession contrasted with the opposite. By John C., from the wilderness of New Brunswick.

For sale at the "Religious Intelligencer" Book Store, price one shilling and ten pence each.

BRIDGE

Over the South-west Branch of the Oromocto.

TENDERS will be received at the Office of the Board of Works until Saturday, the 21st day of November next, at noon, for building a new

Bridge and Approaches, over the Oromocto River,

according to Plans and Specifications to be seen at this Office, and at the residence of W. E. Perley, Esq., near the site.

Satisfactory security will be required for the performance of the Work; and each Tender must be accompanied by a Letter from two responsible parties satisfactory to the Government, willing to become Sureties.

Further information can be obtained at this Office, and at the residence of W. E. Perley, Esq., aforesaid.

W. H. STEEVES,

Chief Commissioner.

Office Board of Works,

Fredericton, 21st Oct., 1857.

MAIL CONTRACT.

PERSONS desirous of entering into a Contract for the Conveyance of HER MAJESTY'S MAILS between

Harvey Corner and the Free Stone Quarries, Mary's Point,

Twice per Week each way, commencing 9th November next, are requested to send in Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster General, stating the sum per annum for which they will agree to perform the service.

The Mails are to be conveyed on such days and at such hours as may from time to time be appointed by the Postmaster General.

Tenders must be made on printed Forms furnished by the Department, which can be obtained from any Post Office.

Tenders will be received at the General Post Office, Fredericton, until MONDAY, the 16th November next, at noon.

N. B.—It is to be distinctly understood that persons tendering for the above service will have no claim whatever upon the Legislature for any the smallest remuneration over and above the amount named in the Tender.

J. M. JOHNSON Jr.,

Postmaster General.

General Post Office,

Fredericton, Oct. 17th, 1857.

MAIL CONTRACT.

PERSONS desirous of entering into a Contract for the Conveyance of HER MAJESTY'S MAILS between

Saint George and Upper Mills, Magaguadavic,

Twice per Week each way, commencing 9th November, next, are requested to send in Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster General stating the sum per annum for which they will agree to perform the service.

The Mails are to be conveyed on a uniform rate of speed of not less than five miles per hour, and on such days and hours as may from time to time be appointed by the Postmaster General.

Tenders must be made on Printed Forms furnished by the Department, which can be obtained from any Post Office.

Tenders will be received at the General Post Office, Fredericton, until MONDAY, the 16th November next, at noon.

N. B.—It is to be distinctly understood, that persons tendering for the above service will have no claim whatever upon the Legislature for any the smallest remuneration over and above the amount named in the Tender.

J. M. JOHNSON, Jr.,

Postmaster General.

General Post Office,

Fredericton, Oct. 27, 1857.

MAIL CONTRACT.

PERSONS desirous of entering into a Contract for the Conveyance of HER MAJESTY'S MAILS from

Saint Andrews to Bay Side, by the Shore Road,

Once per week each way, commencing 30th November next, are requested to send in Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Postmaster General, stating the sum per annum for which they will agree to perform the service.

The Mails are to be conveyed at a uniform rate of speed of not less than five miles per hour, and on such days and at such hours as may from time to time be appointed by the Postmaster General.

Tenders must be made on printed Forms furnished by the Department, which can be obtained at any Post Office.

Tenders will be received at the General Post Office, Fredericton, until MONDAY, the 16th November next, at noon.

N. B.—It is to be distinctly understood, that persons tendering for the above service will have no claim whatever upon the Legislature for any the smallest remuneration over and above the amount named in the Tender.

J. M. JOHNSON, Jr.,

Postmaster General.

General Post Office,

Fredericton, October 27th, 1857.

European and North American Railway.

A Passenger Train leaves the Station at Mill-street, Portland Bridge, Daily, (Sunday excepted,) until further notice.

For Head of Marsh.—At 9 o'clock, A. M., and 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M.

And return, leaving Head of Marsh, at 9 35, A. M., and at 2 35, and 5 35, P. M.

Calling at the following places:—Garden Street, near the Valley Church; Gilbert's Lane; Drury's Lane; Ashburn Lane; Three Mile House; Donovan's Lane.

☞ Single Passage, 6d. Tickets at Railway Office, 50 for 20s.

R. JARDINE,

Chairman of the Board.

Railway Commissioners' Office, 4th Nov., 1857.

Moncton and Shediac Railway.

ON and after Monday 28th September the Railway Trains will leave Shediac at 8 A. M., and 3 15 P. M., Moncton at 9.45 A. M., and 5 P. M.

Fare 2s. 6d Children under 12 half price

Freights at the following rates, viz:—

	£	s.	d.	
FLOUR,	0	0	6	per bb.
FISH,	0	0	7½	" do.
PORK,	0	0	9	" do.
OATS,	0	0	1½	" bush.
BARLEY,	0	0	2	" do.

Other Goods in proportion. All Goods delivered at the Stations.

The "Maid of Erin" connects with Saint John twice a week, leaving Saint John on Tuesday and Friday Evenings, and arriving at Moncton at high water next morning.

There is also communication with Saint John three times a week by Stage Coaches

The Steamers "Westmorland" and "Roseing" connects with Prince Edward's Island on Wednesdays and Saturdays. R. JARDINE,

aug27 Chairman Railway Board

Railway Commissioner's Office, St. John, N. B., Oct. 30th, 1857.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until MONDAY, 16th November, at noon, for clearing up and Burning the Bushes, and Cutting and Piling the Wood, on the Railway Track between Moncton and Salisbury, the whole to be completed by 1st February next. The line will be laid out in Two Mile Sections, for which separate Tenders will be received.

A Specification of the work to be done may be seen at the Engineer's Office, Saint John and Moncton.

nov6 tip R. JARDINE, Chairman.

E & N A Railway

CONTRACT FOR SLEEPERS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until TUESDAY, 15th Dec. next, at noon, for NINETY THOUSAND, Hackmatack, Cedar, or Pine Railway SLEEPERS, in Lots of not less than Five Thousand.

50 M. will be required between Hampton and Sussex Vale, and 50 M. between Moncton and Salisbury, to be delivered between 1st June and 1st August next.

Dimensions will be 9 feet long, 6 inches thick, adzed to two parallel faces of not less than 8 inches

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Engineer's Office R. JARDINE, Chairman.

Railway Commissioners Office,

St John, 4th Nov., 1857.

European and North American Railway.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until TUESDAY, 15th Dec. next, at Noon, for the Grading Masonry, and Track-laying of those portions of the E. & N. A. Railway between Hampton and Sussex Vale, a distance of about 24 miles, and between Moncton and Salisbury, a distance of about 16 miles.

The line will be laid out in Five Sections of about Eight Miles each, for which separate Tenders will be received.

Rails, Chairs, Spikes, and Sleepers will be furnished by the Commissioners. All other material and plant to be found by the Contractors.

Tenders must be accompanied with name of responsible parties willing to become security for the performance of the Contract, or other satisfactory evidence of competency to perform the work. The Commissioners do not find themselves to accept the lowest tender.

Plans, Specifications, and Forms of Tender may be seen at the Engineers' Office up and after 1st December next, and to the executive intending offerers will have an opportunity of examining the line, a large portion of which is approximately located. The Works on the Line generally will be of a substantial character, well worthy the attention of responsible contractors. R. JARDINE, Chairman.

Railway Commissioner's Office,

4th Nov., 1857.

Received by late Arrivals.

1 CASE Frangipani;
4 cases assorted Perfumery;
2 cases Elastic and Leather Belts;
2 case Pocketbooks and Wallets;
1 " ACCORDEONS and Flutinas;
1 " Plated Sewing Bitts;
1 " Rogers' Plated Spoons;
12 cases CLOCKS;
4 " Ambrotype Stock and Chemicals;
1 case Gutta Percha Skirt Cord;
1 " Brass Hoops;
1 " Rubber, Horn, and Ivory Combs.

A full Stock of French and German Fancy Goods, daily expected. (octl6) F. A. COSGROVE.

£3,000

WORTH OF

TOP COATS,	from £1	0 0
BLACK DRESS SACKS,	" 0	15 0
DRESS PANTALOONS,	" 0	12 6
" CLOTH VESTS,	" 0	5 9
CRIMEAN SHIRTS	" 0	7 6
UNDER VESTS,	" 0	5 0
DRAWERS,	" 0	3 6

Quality unequalled by any other house in the trade.

BE PARTICULAR.

Corner of King and Cross Streets.

PETER SHARKEY,

Successor to JAMES GARRETT.

Nov. 4.—vip4t

NEW STORE.

NEW GOODS!!

SAMUEL GARDNER respectfully announces the opening of the premises, 55 King Street, with a large and well selected Stock of

BRITISH AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS.

The assortment is replete with almost everything new and beautiful in Ladies'

DRESS MATERIALS
SHAWLS,
MANTLES,
FURS, RIBBONS HOSIERY, GLOVES, &C.

A large Stock of Flannels, Regattas, Cottons, Denims, Drills, and other Staple Goods, which will be sold retail cheap for cash, or at wholesale for cash or approved paper.

All Goods marked in plain figures, from which no abatement will be made.

55 King-street, October 29.

LONDON GOODS.

Landing ex "Arthur White," from London—

200 KEGS and 6 sizes Brandram's No. 1 White Lead; 30 lbs Genuine Deep Vermillion, 3 pipes and 3 hhds. Raw Linseed Oil; 2 pipes and 2 hhds. Double Boiled do do; 1 tin white Hard Spirit do; 1 case Deep Gold Leaf; 2 cases Florence Oil; 1 case Drugs, Medicines; Patent Medicines, &c; 1 case Perfumery &c., containing Rigge's celebrated Vegetable Essence, Extract of Flowers and Military Soap; Hannay's Rowpoletia; Rowland's Macassar Oil, &c. For sale Wholesale and Retail by

S. L. TILLEY,

oct16 35, King-street.

OCTOBER!

NEW FALL BOOTS.

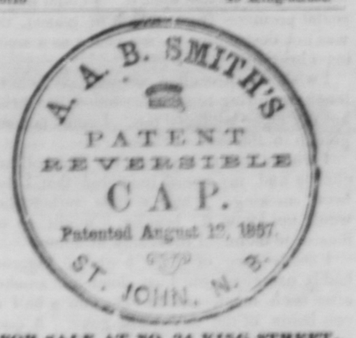
Just received per Royal Mail Steamer Niagara, and ships David and John Duncan—

LADIES' Cloth Boots; Ladies' Lasting Boots;
Ladies' Cashmere Boots;
Ladies' Felt BOOTS;
Misses' Cloth Boots;
Misses' Lasting Boots;
Misses' Cashmere boots;
Misses' Felt Boots;
Child's Buttoned Cloth Boots;
Child's Butt ned Kid Boots;
Child's Felt Boots
Carpet Slippers;
Venetian Slippers;
Felt Slippers;
Cloth Slippers, &c., &c.

☞ Wholesale and Retail. ☜

EDWIN FROST,

oct16 43 King-street.



FOR SALE AT NO 24 KING STREET.

I. & F. BURPEE,

82, Prince William Street, Saint John, N. B.

New Goods!

Just received per Steamer "Europa," and Packet "John Duncan:"—

ELECTRO Plated Spoons, Forks, Butter Knives, Ladles, &c.; ALBATA, do do do; BRITANNIA METAL—Tea and Coffee Pots Urns, &c. &c.

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY.

Scissors, Razors, Hunting Knives, Edge Tools, Joiners' Tools, Saws, Files, Tea Trays, Fire Irons, Coal Scoops, Hearth Brushes, Toilet Sets Dish Covers, Gravy Stands, Toast Racks, Candlesticks Dressing Cases, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Combs, Brushes, Spectacles, Pocket Books, Card Cases, Guns, Pistols, Locks, Hinges, Screws, &c. &c.

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHING GOODS.

A General Assortment of HARDWARE suitable for Wholesale and Retail Purchasers, at very low prices.

☞ A further supply to Parcel "Midleton."

oct2

CO-PART