watch our troops—the Contingent, with his own; but, in spite of all his efforts, they have got off with the mutineers from Mhow and Mandore, were on the Chumbal by the 6 h and the last accounts were at Dholepore, about fifty miles from Agra. The telegram from Calcutta states that they were expected to be at Agra by the 18th. The last news thence speaks only of the death of Mr. Colvin, the Lieutenant-Governor of the North Wes Provinces, which took place on the 9th of September. Still proceeding east and, we have telegraphic communication with Benares cut off, as is supposed, by the mutineers of Dinaghur, in Behar. The Dinapore mutineers had gone up the country to Nagode, where they had persuaded the 50th Native Infantry to mutiny. One of the despatches speaks of Saugor and Jubbulpore in Bundelcund as being threatened by this gang, under the leadership of Koor Singh. The most eastern point of the disturbance coincides with the extreme limit of the empire. Assam was threatened with an outbreak; Colonel Hannay had entrenched himself, and the Rajah had been apprehended. This was the state of things when the troops of General Wilson and General Nicholson assaulted Delhi.—The following is the telegram first received at the Foreign office, through the British Vice-Consul at Trieste, announcing this important intelligence.

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 20.

The Pekin arrived at Suez yesterday with Bombay dates to the 4th October.

Delhi was completely in our possession on the 20th of September. Loss on both sides very heavy, but particulars not yet known. About forty British officers and 600 men are said to have been killed and wounded. Saugor and Jubbulpore are being threatened by the Sepoy rebels under Koor Sing. The native Artillery at Hyderabad, in Scinde, were disarmed on the 9th of September. A conspiracy having been discovered among the gunners (?) of the 21st Regiment of Bombay Native Infantry, they were disarmed at Kurrachee on the 14 h of September. The men were organised an extensive plot to murder the European inhabitants, eighteen of the conspirators were summarily executed, and twenty two transported for life. At Shikarpore, in Upper Scinde, disturbances occurred on the 23rd September. The Native Artillerymen seized the guns, but they were soon beaten off by the loyal portion of the troops. An attempt was made at Ahmedabad on the 15th September, to create a mutiny among the 2nd Bombay Grenadiers, but the ringleaders were seized before they could carry out their designs.

A wing of the 4th King's Own had arrived from the Mauritius, and being despatched to Kurrachee. A portion of Her Majesty's 95th had arrived from the Cape, and the rest daily expected. All is quiet in the Punjaub and the Deccan. The Bombay and Madras Presidencies were also tranquil.

JOHN GREEN.

THE ASSAULT.

BREACHING THE WALLS.

The Bombay correspondent of the Times states the authority of the official bulletin issued by the Chief Commissioners at Lahore, gives a compendious account of the events of the first three days succeeding the assault. After stating that the news of the final occupation had been fully confirmed by an express from the Residency at Jeypore, but that the details had not yet been received, he proceeds to complete, as far as his materials allow, the story of the avenging army.

"When I closed my last letter we had heard that the heavy siege train was expected to reach the camp in a very few days, and that works were being erected wherein to mount the guns on their arrival. While the troops were thus busy the enemy was inactive. There was none of those desperate sallies from the city that characterised the early days of the siege, when day by day successive waves of mutiny were shattered against the heights of the British possession; and though their artillery was not silent, the only success attained was on the night of the 1st September, when a shell from the opposite side of the river (of which I wrote in my last) burst among a picket of the 61st, in front of the Metcalfe-house, killing two men and wounding seven. On the morning of the 4th arrived in camp the long looked-for siege train of between thirty and forty heavy guns, howitzers, and mortars, with large quantities of ammunition, escorted by the remaining wing of the 8th Foot, two more companies of the 61st, and a wing of the 1st Belooch battalion of the Bombay Army. On the 6th came in from Meerut a most valuable reinforcement in 200 of the 60 h Rifles and 100 Artillery recruits. To the latter were added forty-five men of the 9th Lancers. The place of this detachment was supplied at Meerut by the 6th Punjab Infantry. On the following day the army was further strengthened by the 4th Punjab Rifles, under Captain Wilde, and by some troops of the Jheend Rajah. On the night of the 7th the advanced batteries intended for the destruction of the Moree bastion and the adjacent curtain were armed with ten heavy guns at about 650 yards from the bastion, and an enclosure within half that distance of the walls, called the Koodsea Bagh was occupied by a detachment of infantry and artillery. In these operations we sustained a loss of something under fifty killed and wounded, two officers being among the former. Lieutenants Hildebrand, of the Bengal Artillery, and Bannerman, of the Bombay Fusileers, attached to the Beelooches, the latter a promising young officer, well known to myself and to many people here, and by all regretted. The next day was marked by the opening of the advanced batteries on the Moree bastion, and by the arrival in camp of the Jummoo or Cashmere Contingent. Meanwhile the Engineers were hard at work in the erection of other batteries.

On the 11th a mortar battery opened on the Moree from the Koodsea Bagh at little more than 300 yards, and upon the Cashmere and Water bastions a fire was commenced from sixteen heavy guns and howitzers and ten large mortars, planted at two points in front of the enclosure known as Ludlow Castle. On the 12th the attack on the Water bastion was strengthened by four 18-pounders and two light (5½ inch) mortars (increased afterwards apparently to eight of the former and twelve of the latter), planted at 200 and 250 yards from the wall and the Custom-house compound near the river. The fire of the enemy was most severe upon the last-named batteries, which were exposed not only to the guns of the water bastion, but to those in the old inner fort of Selimghur, and also to those on the other side of the river. Here Captain Fagan, of the Artillery, described as a most enterprising and excellent officer, fell, shot through the head. No other fatal casualty occurred among the officers during these days, nor does the general loss appear to have been severe, considering the proximity of the batteries to the walls and the tanacity of the defence, the enemy keeping up a vigorous fire of musketry from rifle-pits and patches of jungle even after their heavy guns were rendered unserviceable. This latter result was rapidly produced by the precision and weight of the constant discharges from our batteries. By the 13th the Cashmere bastion was in ruins, and had long ceased to return a shot to the fire that was continually kept up upon it. The adjoining curtains on either side were similarly ruined, and from the *debris* of the Moree bastion only a light gun or two at intervals replied to the heavy shot and shell that were poured into it. At the other end of the works the Water bastion had suffered scarcely less severely, its extreme magazine was blown up, and a light gun which enfiladed our batteries had been silenced.

GENERAL WILSON TO THE TROOPS.

"The moment for the assault drawing near, General Wilson promulgated the following order:—

The force assembled before Delhi has had much hardship and fatigue to undergo since its arrival in this camp, all of which has been most cheerfully borne by officers and men. The time is now drawing near when the Major General commanding the force trusts that their labours will be over, and they will be rewarded by the capture of the city for all their past exertions, and for a cheerful endurance of still greater fatigue and exposure. The troops will be required to aid and an assist the the Engineers in the erection of the batteries and trenches, and in daily exposure to the sun, as covering parties. The artillery will have even harder work than they yet have had, and which they have so well and cheerfully performed hitherto: this, however, will be for a short period only, and when ordered to the assault the Major General feels assured British pluck and determination will carry everything before them, and that the bloodthirsty and murderous mutineers against whom they are fighting will be driven headlong out of their stronghold or be exterminated; but to enable them to do this, he warns the troops of the absolute necessity of their keeping together and not straggling from their columns—by this can success only be secured.

Major-General Wilson need hardly remind the troops of the cruel murders committed on their officers and comrades, as well as on their wives and children, to move them in the deadly struggle. No quarter should be given to the mutineers; at the same time, for the sake of humanity, and the honour of the country they belong to, he calls upon them to spare all women and children that may come in their way.

It is so imperative, not only for their safety, but for the success of the assault, that men should not straggle from their column, that the Major-General feels it his duto to direct all commanding officers to impress this strictly upon their men, and he is confident that, after this warning, the men's good sense and discipline will induce them to obey their officers and keep steady to their duty. It is to be explained to every regiment that indiscriminate plunder will not be allowed: that prize agen's have been appointed, by whom all captured property will be collected and sold to be divided, according to the rules and regulations on this head fairly among all men engaged; and that any man found guilty of having concealed captured property will be made to restore it, and will forfeit all claims to the general prize; he will also be likely to be made over to the Provost-Marshal, to be summarily dealt with.

The Major-General calls upon the officers of the force to lend their zealous and efficient co-operation in the siege now about to be commenced. He looks especially to the regimental officers, of all grades, to impress upon their men that to work in the trenches during a siege is as necessary and honourable as to fight in the ranks during a battle. He will hold all officers responsible for their utmost being done to carry out the directions of the Engineers, and he confidently trusts that all will exhibit a healthy and hearty spirit of emulation and zeal, from which he has no doubt that the happiest results will follow, in the brilliant termination of all their labours.

The latest news from Delhi is to the 15th. The city was stormed on the 14th, and the British have captured a portion of it, including the Cashmere, Cabul, and Moree-gates, the church, college, &c. The head quarters of the besieging army are now at Shinner's house, within the city. Many of the inhabitants have sought and obtained quarter.—The Sepoys also sought to make terms, but their overtures were indignantly rejected.—A great many of the mutineers—including the cavalry—have escaped from the city.—The siege-train arrived on the 4th September. The Cashmere Contingent had arrived; so that, with General Nicholson's reinforcements, the British force numbered 10,000 at the time of the storming.

A letter received at Nusseerabad from Captain Eden, of Jeypore, dated September 23, gives some few additional details of the doings in Delhi on the 17th and 18th: "On the 17th shelling the Lal Kila (Red Fort; this appears to be some other strong hold than Selimghur) and city. Fighting all day; leaders and native officers in open dissension, accusing one another, in the presence of the King, of cowardice. In the end unanimity prevailed, and they resolved to attack and fight as men without hope of mercy or pardon. Friday, the 18th—Shelling all night on the Lal Kilia. This morning fighting recommenced, and mutineers on some points successful, but constantly repulsed. Rifles doing much mischief among the rebels.—City people, both rich and poor, running away. Suburb, where Reid failed, (the Kishengunge) is ours, and also the rebels' battery there. King and two sons concealed. One bastion of the Lal Kilia destroyed, and it will be taken.

Letters received at the Religious Intelligencer Office during two weeks ending 20th inst.

J N Dolly to 260——Daniel Carpenter, 253.——Wm Kimball——G C W has run out——Stephen Smith to 260——G W Perry, Esq, 264.——Rev S Hartt, rem——A Stone, rem to 214——Thos A Fitzherbert, these two papers are both sent in the bundle addressed to Alex Hawthorne——Gideon Hunt to 254——Thos Parker to 260——Leonard Porter to 260——S Whitney, rem, for D Coleman to 156——E Newcomb to 216——Saml Elliott to 254——Rev S W Benisan, rem, for C Valpay to 218——Rev C Knowles, rem, for J Hulburt,—when did he commence—name not on the Ledger——for Parker Chute to 232——Jonathan Rodney's paper goes in Thomas Brown's parcel; C Cogswell, rem, to 253——Alexr McLean, J B is paid to 153, the paper stopped at 194, the difference in those two numbers is what he owes——J B C Burpee, have changed the address of D S B & C W H, but cannot find A S on the books——G W Sharp, rem——Jas Kinsman, rem for J Strong to 216, for W Wickwire to 216——B Cox to 260——J Ells to 254——Geo Henderson, rem, for Mrs A Thorne to 254——Chas Aymar is paid up——Rev C E Bell, the only Wm Cox we find is of Wicklow, which was stopped by order at 185——Rev S Hartt, rem——John Granville——Henry Douglass, your paper goes addressed to you at Upham Vale, regularly every week——James Gray, the receipt you have is just as you state, No 226 will be about May——W West, have sent as requested——Israel A Troop to 254——Joseph Willson 255——John B Moore to 212——Rev S W Benisson, the money was received but that only paid to No 156——Rev R Dobson, it was received——Wm Taylor for J D Dickinson to 255——Joshua D Giberson, M T will be sent to 214——Wm Tupper, there appears to be two of the same name, hence the difficulty——Rev C J Oram, rem, for Thos Sealy, 208——Simon Spinny, 208——A Cogswell 156——E Travis 255——Isaac S Hatfield, rem, to 260—how is the other paper now addressed——Rev A Taylor——John Hayes, rem——A W Leeman, rem——Geo Steves, Hillsboro, rem, books sent A——Jas Cromwell——Theodore Shaw, we received $1 last July, which paid for last year according to the account.

Thousand Pounds Fund.

The following sums have been received towards this Fund since our last acknowledgments:—

John Camel,	£0	5	0
Cyrus Camel,	0	2	6
Mrs. John Camel,	0	1	2½
Miss Elizabeth McDonnel,	0	2	5
Samuel Camel,	0	0	1
Rachel A McCannah,	0	0	5½
A Friend,	1	0	0
William McLeod,	1	5	0
John Good, Junr.,	0	6	3
Robert L. McLeod,	0	5	0
A Friend,	0	10	0
Mrs. William McLeod,	0	10	0
Miss Elizabeth McLeod,	0	5	0
Robert McLeod,	1	0	0
Mrs. Thomas Musgrove	0	5	0
Contribution	1	4	6
William Wallace,	0	5	0
A Friend,	0	2	6
John McCready,	0	5	0
Contribution,	0	13	10
Mrs. Andrew Bugsley.	1	0	0
A Friend,	0	10	0
Jacob Hall,	0	2	6
Mrs. Charles Freeze,	0	5	0
Thomas Staplefond,	1	0	0
Mrs. Rachel Harmer,	0	5	0
A Friend,	0	5	0
William S. Takels,	0	5	0
Collection,	0	3	5
Henry Mires,	0	5	0
Mrs. Henry Mires,	0	2	6
Albert Teakes,	0	5	0
Edward Price,	0	5	0
Isaac Tranten,	1	0	0
Mrs. Hugh Doyl,	0	5	0
Mrs. James Parker,	0	2	5
Collection,	0	1	2
Arthur Friars,	0	5	0
Mrs. Arthur Friars,	0	2	6
A Friend,	1	0	0
Miss Marian Jorden,	0	2	6
Edward McLeod,	0	5	0
Moses Jorden,	0	2	6
Joseph A. Nerx,	0	1	3½
Sarah Jane Rouse,	0	2	6
A Friend,	0	3	0½
Hugh Gosline.	0	0	3
Miss Rebecca Gosline,	0	0	3
Mary Gosline,	0	0	3
Samuel Gosline,	0	0	4
Mrs. James Gosline,	0	2	6
William Manning,	0	5	0
John Rouse,	0	5	0
William M. Rouse,	0	1	1
Thomas Roach,	1	0	0
Wm. Roach,	1	0	0
William W. Dunham,	0	2	6
Mrs. William Dunham,	0	2	6
Miss Margaret A. Jarvee,	0	2	6
John Gale,	0	5	0
Mrs. Mary McArthur,	0	10	0
A Friend,	0	3	0
Robert D. Boal,	0	3	0½
Miss Jane Roach,	0	4	6
Collection,	0	8	6
William Burnet	1	0	0
George Sherwood,	1	0	0
Benjamin Gray,	2	10	0
Moses Price.	1	0	0
John H. Case,	1	0	0
Whitefield Sharp,	1	0	0
Robert Burnet,	1	0	0
William Brittain,	0	10	0
Alan Price,	0	10	0
Bradberry Case,	0	7	6
Thomas Pasett.	0	1	2½
William Greenslead,	1	0	0
John Howe,	0	10	0
James Case,	0	5	0
William G. Sherwood,	1	0	0
Contribution,	0	2	5
Henry Sharp,	0	10	0
Isaac Guion,	0	5	0
Miss Adelaide Sherwood,	0	1	3
Miss Susanna Guion,	0	5	0
Mrs. Isaac Guion,	0	5	0
William Burnett, Junr.,	0	5	0
Mrs. William Burnett,	0	5	0
Miss Nancy Burnett,	0	5	0
Carmel Secord,	1	0	0
Jacob Gillies,	0	5	0
William Gillies,	0	5	0
Seth McLeod,	1	0	0
Charles Kidder,	0	5	0
A Friend,	0	5	0
Israel Merritt,	1	0	0
Nelson Jonah,	0	5	0
Mrs. Cowan,	0	2	6
George Coram,	1	0	0
Friend,	0	10	0
Mrs. Harding,	0	5	0
Abram Colpitts,	0	10	0
Seth Erb, Senr.,	1	0	0
Mrs. Seth Erb, Senr,	0	7	6
Harriett Erb,	0	2	6
Joanna Erb,	0	2	6
Abner Erb,	0	1	0
George Erb,	0	1	0
Elias Erb,	0	2	6
Alvin Erb,	0	0	6
Seth Erb, Junr,	0	7	6
Mrs. Edward Douglass,	0	2	6
Joseph Henderson,	0	5	0
Mrs. John Haggard,	0	2	6
Noah Wilson,	0	1	2½
Miss Ann Jane Haggard,	0	2	6
Contribution,	0	3	3½
Jane F. Jones,	0	0	1
Margaret A. Jones,	0	0	6
Letetia Earl,	0	1	0
Edmund Kenstead,	0	5	0
Robert Scribner,	0	5	0
Mrs. Robert Scribner,	0	2	6
Miss Esther Scribner,	0	2	6
Warren Erb,	1	0	0
Miss Phoby Shaw,	0	2	6
Miss Deborah Shaw,	0	2	6
Mrs. Warren Erb,	0	5	0
John Ridley,	0	1	0
Samuel Erb,	0	1	0
Miss Lucretia Erb,	0	1	0
Thomas Davis,	0	12	6
James Lake,	1	0	0
Andrew W. Erb,	0	5	0
Mrs. James Lake,	0	5	0
Gilbert Downey,	0	5	0
George Bond.	0	5	0
Thomas Lake,	0	7	6
John Morrel,	0	0	6
Emily Peloples,	0	2	6
Jacob Vanwart,	0	10	0
Garret Vanwart,	0	10	0
Mrs. Garret Vanwart,	0	2	6
John Atherton,	0	5	0
Rev. A. Taylor,	1	0	0
Rev. R. French,	1	0	0
Mrs. R. French,	0	5	0

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—No law in America is more strictly enforced than that against passing counterfeit money, yet, some otherwise respectable dealers sell worthless counterfeits of Perry Davis' excellent Pain Killer, thus imposing upon the afflicted

A CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA.—The Oxygenated Bitters have been fairly tested in some of the worst cases of Dyspepsia among our own citizens, and proved to be the best remedy ever discovered for the cure of this troublesome disease.

MARRIED.

On the 14th inst, by the Rev. E. McLeod, Mr. Stephen J. Reece, to Miss Lucinda J. Harris, both of Waterborough, Queen's Co. On the same day, by the same, Mr. William Claridge, to Miss Emma Nixson, both of St. John.

At West Isles, Nov. 5th, by Rev. A. Taylor. Mr. William F. Hooper, and Miss Lydia A. Dean, both of West Isles.

On October 25th, at Carlton, County of Yarmouth, N. S., by Rev. W C. Weston, Mr. Asa Firman, to Miss Emeline, eldest daughter of Mr. Joseph Durkee, both of the same place.

On the 25th of Oct, by the Rev. J. Soules, Mr. Carlton Belt, to Miss Mary J. Hayes, fourth daughter of Mr. Thomas B. Hayes, formerly of Norton, King's Co. On the 31st, by the same, Mr. Samuel H. Hayes, to Miss Anna M. Southworth, only daughter of William Southworth, all of Buchanan Co., State of Iowa.

DIED.

At Dorchester, Mr Robert Keech Gilbert, Esquire, Barrister at Law, and M. P. P. for the County of Westmorland, aged 48 years. Mr Gilbert was elected at two general elections to represent his native County, Westmorland. His death is deeply and universally regretted by his numerous friends and supporters. He departed this life in peace, with entire faith in his Saviour, and in full hope of salvation.

At Halifax, on the 6th instant, in the 88th year of his age, the Rev. William Bennett, for more than 50 years a minister of the Wesleyan Methodist Church in Nova Scotia

At Digby, N S, on the 3rd inst, James Tanch, aged 53 years, well known for many years as a respectable Packet Master between St. John and Digby, leaving a wife and three children.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

[From Zion's Herald and Wesleyan Journal.

"We make it a rule never to recommend a medical nostrum in our columns; but having found "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" beneficial in a diseased state of the Throat, we suspend our rule in their favor, believing that we do our Clerical brethren a real favor in calling their attention to them."

A lozenge dissolved in the mouth has a direct influence to the affected parts, allaying Pulmonary Irritation, and giving relief in Coughs, Colds, and the various Throat Affections to which Public Speakers and Singers are liable. All Druggists sell them. Weeks & Potter, General Agents. vi oct21—1m

BALSAM OF LIVERWORT AND HOARHOUND.—There is no preparation in the market more popular, or that is doing more good, than Mrs. Gardner's *Indian Balsam of Liverwort and Hoarhound*. For full twenty years it has maintained a reputation for the cure of Colds, Croups, and all kinds of Pulmonary Complaints. A friend of ours is eloquent in its praise in relation to its efficacy in curing Croup, pronouncing it one of the best articles he has ever seen used. The same may be said of its virtues in other complaints touching the throat and chest. Persons who are poor and sick will be supplied with a bottle gratis. Weeks & Potter, 154 Washington-street, Boston, General Agents. Sold by all the druggists. vi oct21 6m

Valuable testimony in favor of the Oxygenated Bitters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 16.

Having made use of the Oxygenated Bitters, prepared by Dr. George S. Green, of Windsor, Vt., and from knowledge obtained of their efficacy in other cases, we cheerfully recommend them to the public, believing they will fully sustain the recommendation of the proprietor. We hope that this valuable remedy may be accessible to all the afflicted.

SAMUEL S. PHELPS, } U. S. Senators from Vermont.
WILLIAM UPHAM, }
JAMES F. SIMMONS, U. S. Senator from Rhode Island.
J. T. MOREHEAD, U. S. Senator, and formerly Governor of Kentucky.
L. H. ARNOLD, formerly Governor of Rhode Island.
WM. WOODBRIDGE, late Governor of Michigan.

Its success in severe cases of Dyspepsia, Asthma, and General Debility of the System, places it among the most wonderful discoveries in medical science, and has given it a reputation far beyond any remedy known for these complaints in all their various forms.

SETH W. FOWLE & Co., 138 Washington Street, Boston, Proprietors, Sold by their agents everywhere.

A SURE CURE FOR A FELON.—When the soreness first commences, or even when far advanced, it can be relieved and entirely cured by holding the finger or part afflicted in Perry Davis' Pain Killer for half an hour. It has been thoroughly tested, and proves a never failing remedy. A felon is a troublesome thing, and we would advise all so troubled to test the remedy.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.—The thousands who have been relieved, as well as the thousands who have the most unbounded confidence in Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer, will read among our special notices this week, another of the additional evidences of the power of the application. We are doing an act of humanity, when we urge every family to possess themselves of it.—(Buffalo Christian Advocate.

Sold by S. L. Filley, Fellows & Co., and T. Walker & Son, St. John—W. L. Ferguson, Woodstock; Geo. C. Hunt, Jr, Fredericton.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—The Universal Verdict.—The sick of all nations, suffering under all phases of disease, have certified in every written language to the infallibility of these matchless Pills as an aperient alterative and restorative medicine. Sold at the manufactories, No. 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and No. 244 Strand, London: and by all druggists, at 25c., 62½c., and $1 per box.

THE MISPECK TRAGEDY!!

Just Published

A FULL and particular account of the whole proceedings in the above extraordinary Crimes, with a Report of the TRIAL, CONVICTION AND SENTENCE of the accused.

Price 7½. GEORGE W. DAY,
nov 19 No. 4, Market Street.

Locomotive and Wood Shed.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until Monday, 23rd November, at noon, for the Erection of a LOCOMOTIVE SHED near Lawlor's Lake.

Also—For the Erection of a WOOD SHED, at the Mill Pond Station.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Engineer's Office. R. JARDINE, Chairman.
Railway Commissioner's Office,
St. John, November 17, 1857.

Winter is Coming. Winter is Come.

NOW IS THE TIME

TO buy your **BELLS, BLANKETS,** and **HARNESS,** at 193 Union Street, where you will find a good assortment of the above goods on hand:—½ dozen Body Strings BELLS; 1 dozen back do.; 5 dozen common Neck Strings; HAMES, WHIPS, Collars, Surcingles, Curry Combs, Brushes, Mane Combs, Mane Brushes, Curry Combs, Worsted Tassels, Dog Collars and Locks, Halters, BRIDLES and Martingales, Double and Single HARNESS, on hand, and will make to order all kinds of HARNESS. *Call and examine.* They can recommend themselves, at Mr. Crosby's Building, Union Street. Bring the Cash along, and Remember,

ROBERT COLLINS,
St. John, Nov. 19, 1857. i 193 Union St.

R. GOLDING'S

CHEAP BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

No. 51, Prince William Street.

THE Subscriber has received by Steamer "Europa" and Packet Ship "Middleton" from Europe, his Fall and Winter Stock of Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' FELT BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS; Gentlemens' Coth, Congress, and Button BOOTS; Carpet and Felt SLIPPERS of all kinds; Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' CLOTH BOOTS, Shamois and Flannel Lined Healed and Spring Heel. ALSO,—all kinds Ladies' Misses' and Childrens' Cashmere, Prunella, and Leather BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS, which will be sold at the lowest possible price for Cash.

HOME MANUFACTURE.

Mens' Calf, Kip, and Neats Leather BOOTS, Sewed and Peg, Pump and Double Sole; Boys home made Boots of all sizes. Constantly manufacturing—all kinds of Ladies' Cloth, Prunella and Cashmere, Congress, and Lace BOOTS. Ladies would find it to their advantage to leave their orders, as the subscriber has constantly employed experienced Ladies' Boot Makers.

Ladies', Gents', Misses' and Childrens' RUBBER BOOTS and SHOES of every description, and will be sold twenty-five per cent. less than last years prices, and of a superior quality. A liberal discount made to wholesale purchasers. (nov. 29) R. G.

A New Article.

LADIES' AND MISSES' RUBBER BOOTS, Drab Tops, the nicest ever imported. *Call and see.*
R. GOLDING,
nov. 26. No. 51, Prince William Street.

ONE CASE REVERSIBLE

RUBBER COATS,

By Steamer "Canada,"

OF

Black Silk and Alpaca.

The best article of the kind to be got in Great Britain.
OPENED THIS DAY.
nov 18 THOMAS R. JONES.

£3,000

WORTH OF

TOP COATS,	from	£1	0	0
BLACK DRESS SACKS,	"	0	15	0
DRESS PANTALOONS,	"	0	12	6
" CLOTH VESTS,	"	0	8	9
CRIMEAN SHIRTS	"	0	7	6
UNDER VESTS,	"	0	5	0
DRAWERS,	"	0	3	6

Quality unequalled by any other house in the trade.

BE PARTICULAR.

Corner of King and Cross Streets.

PETER SHARKEY,

Successor to JAMES GARRETT.
Nov. 4.—vip4t

Caps.	Caps.	Caps.
FUR CAPS	A large assortment New styles.	
PLUSH CAPS	In every style and quality.	
CLOTH CAPS	Various colours, styles and qualities.	
WINTER CAPS	Heavy Cloth, Storm, Napoleon, and other styles.	
ALMA CAPS	Plain and fancy, various qualities.	
YOUTHS' CAPS	In Cloth, Squirrel, Lamb, and Plush trimmed.	
BOYS' CAPS	Seelit, Glengarey, and Balmoral.	
CHILDRENS' CAPS	In Chinchilla, Squirrel, and Crimean.	
GLAZED CAPS	In Silk, Linen and Cotton.	

CAPS of all descriptions made to order, and sold wholesale and retail at lowest prices by
D. H. HALL.
nov 11 vpi 41, King Street.

HATS AND CAPS.

Fall and Winter Styles.

The Subscriber has received per "Arthur White:"

CASE London HATS, Fall Style. Also from of the United States, a large Stock of Assortm and Felt HATS, various styles and colours; LADIES' FURS; BUFFALO COATS and Driving GLOVES, Glazed HATS, &c. &c. Also on hand—A large assortment of HATS and CAPS. Domestic manufacture, all of which will be sold Wholesale and Retail, at very low prices. Call and examine.

HATS and CAPS made to order by Conformatuer Measure.

☞ Cash paid for Shipping FURS.

A. MAGEE,
27 North side King-street opposite Canterbury-st
oct22

BRIDGE

Over the South-west Branch of the Oromocto.

TENDERS will be received at the Office of the Board of Works until Saturday, the 21st day of November next, at noon, for building a new

Bridge and Approaches, over the Oromocto River,

according to Plans and Specifications to be seen at this Office, and at the residence of W. E. Perley, Esq, near the site.

Satisfactory security will be required for the performance of the Work; and each Tender must be accompanied by a Letter from two responsible parties satisfactory to the Government, willing to become Sureties.

Further information can be obtained at this Office, and at the residence of W. E. Perley, Esq., aforesaid.

W. H. STEEVES,
Chief Commissioner.

Office Board of Works,
Fredericton, 21st Oct., 1857.

European and North American Railway.

A Passenger Train leaves the Station at Mill-street, Portland Bridge, Daily, (Sunday excepted,) until further notice.

For Head of Marsh.—At 9 o'clock, A. M., and 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M.

And return, leaving Head of Marsh, at 9 35, A. M., and at 2 35, and 5 35, P. M.

Calling at the following places:—Garden Street, near the Valley Church; Gilbert's Lane; Drury's Lane; Ashburn Lane; Three Mile House; Donovan's Lane.

☞ Single Passage, 6d. Tickets at Railway Office, 50 for 2s.
R. JARDINE,
Chairman of the Board.
Railway Commissioners' Office, 4th Nov., 1857.

Moncton and Shediac Railway.

ON and after Monday 28th September the Railway Trains will leave Shediac at 8 A. M., and 3 15 P M., Moncton at 9.45 A. M., and 5 P. M.

Fare 2s, 6d Children under 12 half price

Freights at the following rates, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.	
FLOUR,	0	0	6	per bb.
FISH,	0	0	7½	" do.
PORK,	0	0	9	" do.
OATS,	0	0	1½	" bush.
BARLEY,	0	0	2	" do.

Other Goods in proportion. All Goods delivered at the Stations.

The "Maid of Erin" connects with Saint John twice a week, leaving Saint John on Tuesday and Friday Evenings, and arriving at Moncton at high water next morning.

There is also communication with Saint John three times a week by Stage Coaches

The Steamers "Westmorland" and "Rosebud" connects with Prince Edward's Island on Wednesdays and Saturdays.
R. JARDINE,
aug27 Chairman Railway Board

E. & N. A. Railway.

CONTRACT FOR SLEEPERS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until TUESDAY, 15th Dec. next, at noon, for NINETY THOUSAND, Hackmatack, Cedar, or Pine Railway SLEEPERS, in Lots of not less than Five Thousand.

55 M. will be required between Hampton and Sussex Vale, and 35 M, between Moncton and Salisbury, to be delivered between 1st June and 1st August next.

Dimentions will be 9 feet long, 6 inches thick, and flattened to two parallel faces of not less than 8 inches

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Engineer's Office R. JARDINE, Chairman.
Railway Commissioners Office,
St John, 4th Nov., 1857.

European and North American Railway.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until TUESDAY, 15th Dec. next, at Noon, for the Grading Masonry, and Track-laying of those portions of the E. & N. A. Railway between Hampton and Sussex Vale, a distance of about 24 miles, and between Moncton and Salisbury, a distance of about 16 miles.

The line will be laid out in Five Sections of about Eight Miles each, for which seperate Tenders will be received.

Rails, Chairs, Spikes, and Sleepers will be furnished by the Commissioners. All other material and plant to be found by the Contractors.

Tenders must be accompanied with name of responsible parties willing to become security for the performance of the Contract, or other satisfactory evidence of competency to perform the work. The Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

Plans, Specifications, and Forms of Tender may be seen at the Engineers' Office on and after 1st December next, and in the meantime intending offerers will have an opportunity of examining the line, a large portion of which is approximately located. The Works on the Line generally will be of a substantial character, well worthy the attention of responsible contractors. R. JARDINE, Chairman.
Railway Commissioner's Office,
4th Nov., 1857.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES OF

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING!

AT THE

CITY CLOTHING STORE,

No. 2, Market Square, and No. 2, Water St.,

(all in one concern,)

JOHN ANDERSON, offers for sale the most extensive and best assortment of CLOTHING to be found in the Province, and in order to suit the times has come to the determination of SELLING OFF his entire Stock, at such low rates as to Insure Quick Sales! The Stock of Clothing consists of all descriptions now in fashion, suitable for Gentlemen, Mechanics, Labourers, Seafaring Men, and Youths.

☞ Parties wanting their Clothing made to order can select their Cloths, &c., from the most extensive variety to be found in the City, and warranted made up in a superior manner, or no sale. i p oct21.

Pork & Flour.

EX "Pleiades" from New York—50 bbls. heavy MESS PORK; 300 bbls. EXTRA FLOUR.—For sale by
nov 18 HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

Fall Style of Hats, at No. 42, King street.

RECEIVED per Steamer "Adelaide:"—2 cases Gentlemen's Black SATIN HATS, latest Fall Style, and of superior quality.
nov13 A. A. B. SMITH.

LEATHER.—Received per brig "Union" from New York:—100 sides Sole LEATHER, extra good; 23 dozen Domestic Calf SKINS. Also—per steamer:—10 sides Sole LEATHER. For sale by
J. J. CHRISTIE,
nov13 56, King street.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

WE the undersigned have entered this day into Co-Partnership, as GROCERS, under the Firm and Style of ARMSTRONG & MAXWELL, at No. 4, Charlotte street, St. John, N. B.
JAMES W. ARMSTRONG,
nov13 WILLIAM H. MAXWELL.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are forbid TRESSPASSING on part of Lot No. 1, formerly granted to Edward Jones, the said piece or parcel is bounded as follows, viz:—Beginning easterly by Jesse Jones', Jr., and southerly by the Beardsley Grant, and John Manchester; westerly, by Walter Jones' two hundred acres off the front said Lot, No. 1. Any person or persons so tresspassing on said Lot shall be prosecuted as the law directs.
MOSES OWENS JONES.