Poetry.

"BRINGING OUR SHEAVES WITH US."

The time for toil is past, and night has come—
The last and saddest of harvest-eves;
Worn out with labour long and wearisome,
Drooping and faint, the reapers hasten home.
Each laden with his sheaves!

Last of the labourers thy feet I gain,
Lord of the harvest! and my spirit grieves
That I am burdened not so much with grain
As with a heaviness of heart and brain;
Master behold my sheaves!

Few, light, and worthless, yet their trifling weight
Through all my frame a weary aching leaves;
For long I struggled with my hapless fate,
And stood and toiled till it was dark and late,
Yet these are all my sheaves!

Full well I know I have more tears than wheat
Brambles and flowers, dry stalks and withered leaves
Wherefore I blush and weep, as at thy feet
I kneel down reverently, and repeat,
"Master, behold my sheaves!"

I know these blossoms, clustering heavily
With evening dew upon their folded leaves,
Can claim no value nor utility,—
Therefore shall fragrance and beauty be
The glory of my sheaves.

So do I gather strength and hope anew;
For well I know thy patient love perceives
Not what I did, but what I strove to do,—
And though the full, ripe ears be sadly few,
Thou wilt accept my sheaves.

WHO IS MY NEIGHBOR.

Thy neighbor? It is he whom thou
Hast power to aid and bless;
Whose aching head or burning brow
Thy soothing hand may press.

Thy neighbor? 'Tis the fainting poor
Whose eye with want is dim,
Whom hunger sends from door to door—
Go thou and succor him.

Thy neighbor? 'Tis that weary man
Whose years are at their brim,
Bent low with sickness, care and pain,—
Go thou and comfort him.

Thy neighbour? 'Tis the heart bereft
Of every earthly gem;
Widow and orphan, helpless left—
Go thou and shelter them.

Thy neighbour? Yonder toiling slave,
Fettered in thought and limb,
Whose hopes are all beyond the grave;
Go thou and ransom him.

When'er thou meet'st a human form,
Less favoured than thine own,
Remember, 'tis thy neighbour worm,
Thy brother and thy son.

Aunt Hannah and the Church.

Aunt Hannah lived out of town.

"Did I never tell you what a time I had at our church last winter?" said she to me one evening.

"No! what of it?"

"Now ain't that strange? Though I had told every body about it, to be sure. La, well, 'twill be news to you then! You know Nora Thorndale's darter. She came over to our house, and said our congregation were goin' to have a fair in the village meetin' house!"

"Do tell," sez I. "Who's goin' to preach?"

"Oh," said she, mighty smiling "we ain't goin' to have preaching; a few young persons of the congregation, who seem to take a deeper interest in the Church's welfare than the members themselves, desired to purchase a few indispensable articles for the meetin' house; and we thought if all the Church would present us with cakes, and pies, and meats, and such things we would appoint a night to sell them in the vestry of the church and take the proceeds to buy the necessary things. The plan is well received, especially by the young. You know the money is to be spent for charitable purposes, and, on that account, every thing given us will sell for double its value."

"Well, I wouldn't have believed that there was so much wisdom left in the world, as to have conjured up that," sez I.

"'Tis even so," said Nora. "And what will you give? You live on a farm and farmers produce lots of things that would be acceptable."

"Well, I will give you two roast turkey and six roast chickens," sez I, thinking that would be as much as any body could expect these hard times.

"Um? Well, what else? 'Tis for the church you give it, you know. Church members should not be less anxious for their interest than the world."

"You see I was a church member, and she wasn't."

"Well, I'll give a jar of peach jam," sez I.

"That will help along some. A few bushels of apples, or a roast pig, would be acceptable."

"She was so ravenous, I began to be sorry I'd offered her any thing. However. I thought I'd go the whole hog or none, so I promised the pig and apples."

"Of course you will give us cheese, and pies, and cakes, and milk, and cream, and then I think you will have done your part at givin.' By the way, we are to have historical tableaux, and Mrs. Amos Bruce wanted you to take the part of the witch of Endor. All you will have to do will be to represent that lady, and stand perfectly still behind the curtain; and people will pay something to see you."

"Well, I'd old and ign'rant, and didn't know what I's about, so I consented. I sent them the pig, and the turkeys, and the chickens, and the apples, and the rest of the things wanted, up to the meetin' house, the day before the fair.

The next day my husband tackled up his old horse and chais to carry me to the fair. Our old chaise, somehow or other, don't look very well. There's a hole in the top and sides, and some of the spokes of the wheel squeak powerfully, too. Wall, we hadn't but jist got into town, when it seemed as if all the boys out of jail came hollerin' and hootin' arter us as if they were possessed."

"Hurrah for the witch of Endon! Her chariot approacheth? Make way for her majesty."

"Do ask them unsightly critters to be civil," sez I to my husband; "my patience is gone entirely."

"At that he clambered out of the chaise, and after 'em, lick-erte-sp'it, tight as he could leg it. And oh, massy sake! he dropped the reins on the ground, and the old horse took a notion to go, and he went. You see he knew the way to the church, and put chase for it. Husband, he came hollerin' 'whoa, whoa!' just as I was ridin' up to the meetin'-house. The meetin'-house yard was full of folks, laughin' and starin' as if they hadn't no repsectability in 'em. I got out of the chaise, and made my way through the crowd, and when they wouldn't make room, I elbowed them right smartly. I'm desput thin of flesh, and when I hit 'em they gave back as if they'd been truck with a dagger.

Paid twenty cents to go into the church. The tables inside did not look beautiful. Nora, she explained the fixins to me. There were grab-boxes, that contained a hundred things worth one cent, and one thing worth ten, and paid five cents a grab; and if you grabbed right, you would get twice your money's worth. And there was a ring cake. 'Twas divided into fifteen slices. You paid a dollar a slice, and one slice contained a ring worth fifty cents. So he that got the right slice got a ring. And there where guess cakes, and ever so many such kind of things, too numerous to mention.

Wall, they drest me up to represent the witch of Endor; I never was very handsome and they rigged me up at such a rate that I must have looked awful. I stood behind the curtain, and people paid a ninepence to come in and see me. Some went off mad; children generally scared. Some went off laughin' as if they'd split. I evidently produced a powerful impression on all that saw me. People at last came to see me faster than they could be accommodated. I could hear 'em talking, around the tables, about the witch of Endor's pig, and turkeys, and cake; and I began to feel, at length, dreadfully, as though I was making a fool of myself. I stood there feelin' desputly, and had just made up a face to cry over my unfortunate condition, when, all of a sudden, down came the curtain, and there. I stood right afore 'em all! They sot up such a hurrain' as I never heard befor or since. I elbowed my way through 'em like wildfire, and made for the gettin'-oot place, and struck off home.

Well, I went home with all my witch of Endor riggin' on. When husband came to the door to let me in, he was so frightened that he set the dog on me. The dog come towards me, growled, and run as if he'd break his neck, and I haven't seen him from that day to this. I at last convinced my husband that I was his beloved wife. When I explained it all to him, the way he growled was a caution.

Wall, they raised three hundred dollars at that abominable fair. With it they bought an ornamental chandalier, and a silk pulpit cushion, and hired carpenters to make gingerbread work all over the meetin'-house.

I'm just of Mr. Deacon Ware's opinion about church fairs, I am—that they are just the most wicked swindles that orthodoxy ever tolerated. She says they are killin' to religion, and I think so too. She says that older church members think I was desputely put upon at the fair; and I declare, I don't believe but what I was."

Pray Without Ceasing.

What Christian will not be pleased with the following practical exposition of the text—"Pray without ceasing." We admire its brevity and simplicity. To us, it has been as good as a sermon.

A number of ministers were assmbled for the discussion of difficult questions, and among others, it was asked how the command, *Pray without ceasing*, could be complied with. Various suppositions were stated, and at length one of the number was appointed to write upon the subject, and read it at the next meeting, which being overheard by a plain, sensible, girl, she exclaimed,—

"What, a whole month, wanted to tell the meaning of that text? It is one of the easiest and best texts in the whole Bible,"

"Well," said an old minister, "Mary, what can you say about it; can you pray all the time?"

"O yes, sir."

"What, when you have so many things to do?"

"Why, sir, the more I have to do the more I can pray."

"Indeed, Mary, let us know how it is—for most people think otherwise."

"Well, sir, when I first open my eyes in the morning, I pray,—Lord, open the eyes of my understanding, to behold wondrous things out of thy law. And while I am washing, I pray that my soul may be washed and sanctified and justified in the name of the Lord Jesus. And while I am dressing, I pray that my heart may be clothed with humility. And as I begin my work, I pray that I may have strength unto my day. When I begin to kindle the fire, I pray that the love of God my burn in my heart. And as I sweep out the house, I pray that my heart may be cleansed from all impurity. And while I am preparing and partaking of breakfast, I desire to be fed with the hidden manna, and sincere milk of the word. And when I am busy with the children, I look up to God as my Father, and pray for the spirit of adoption; and that I may be his child. And so all the day, everything I do furnishes me with something for prayer."

Uncle Toby's Advice to his Nephew Billy Bruce.

CENTURIES ago, Billy, Indians on this continent worshipped devils; Indian preasts got drunk on Tobacco smoke, and in this state they held communion with their deities; and when the fit of intoxication had passed, they would make known to the savages about them the responses of their deities—the responses of devils! Alas! these poor Indians sacrificed to devils, and not to God; and we would not that you and other dear youth should worship devils.

In 1492, as Columbus lay with his ships side by side the Island of Cuba, he sent two men, a "Caleb and Joshua," to search the land, and report what they might see. On their return, among other things, they said they saw "the naked savages twist large leaves together, light one end at the fire, and smoke like devils!" Smokers should bear in mind their pedigree! Barbarous! sensual! devilish!

Indians are great smokers. I believe they get drunk on smoke; and as the Spirit of God does not convert drunkards when drunk, here is one reason why they are not converted. Mighty tribes go down to death, in mournful procession, on STRONG DRINK and TOBACCO.

The red man Billy, gave the white man TOBACCO—the white man gave the red man RUM; tell us, if you can, which got the best end of the bargain? or, more to the point, which inflicted on the other the greatest curse?

A LITTLE observation, Billy, will teach you that things which are alike usually go together. There is a chours of vices. Rum and Tobacco stand connected with all sorts of vices and crimes; and, if we may believe physicians, Tobacco takes the lead in the gloomy catalogue.

"A desire is excited," says Dr. Rush, "by Tobacco, for strong drink, and these lead to intemperance and drunkenness."—'Chewing and smoking Tobacco," says Dr. Stephenson "exhaust the salivary glands of their secretions, thus producing dryness and thirst. Hence it is, that after the use of a cigar and the quid, brandy, whiskey, or some other spirit, is called for." Dr. Woodward says: "I have supposed that Tobbacco was the most ready and common stepping-stone to that use of spirituous lipuors which leads to intemperance."—"In the habit of smoking," says Dr. Muzzey, "there is no small danger. It produces a huskiness of the mouth which calls for some liquid; hence the kindred habits of smoking and drinking." Dr. Alcott, Dr. Agnew, Dr. McAllister, Dr. Coles, Dr. Twitchell, Dr. Warren, and a host of others, whose word should be law, proclaim the same doctrine.—[Anti Tobacco Tract.

Do you Want a Boy, Sir?

"Do you want a boy, sir?" said George, a little urchin, scarcely eight years old, to a spruce-looking clerk in a large store.

"Want a boy! Why, who wants to be hired?" asked the clerk, looking with a puzzled glance at the little applicant.

"I do, sir," replied George.

"Look here, gentlemen," cried the young man, speaking to his fellow-clerks, "here is regular Goliah seeking work! Wants to be a porter, I'spose. Look at him. Ain't he a strapper?"

The clerks gathered in great glee about poor George, who stood full of earnest purpose before them, and was therefore unconscious of any reason why he should be made an object of sport.

"What can you do?" asked one.

"You can post books, of course?" said another.

"Carry a bale of goods on your shoulders, eh?" cried a third.

'Hush, young gentlemen,' said the elderly bookkeeper at the desk, after viewing George through his spectacles. "Hush! Don't make sport of the child. Let me talk to him." Then speaking to George in kindly tones, he said, "You are too young to be hired, my child.—Who sent you here?"

"I came myself, sir. My father and mother are gone to heaven. My aunt is poor, and I want to earn something to help her. I am very strong, sir, and will work very hard. Wont you please to hire me?"

The simple story, told in a way that showed how earnest the boy was, not only checked the sport of the spruce clerks, but brought tears to their eyes. They looked on the delicate child before them with pity and respect, and one of them placing a quarter dollar on the desk, asked the rest to follow his example.—They did so. He then took the money and offered it to George, saying.

"You are too small to be of any use here. my good boy. But take this money, and when you have grown a bit, perhaps we may find something for you to do."

George looked at the money, without offering to touch it.

"Why don't you take the money?" asked the clerk.

"If you please sir, I'm not a beggar boy," said George; "I only want to earn something to help pay my aunt for keeping me."

"You are a noble little fellow," said the senior clerk. "We give you the money not because we think you a beggar, but because we like your spirit. Such a boy as you will never be a beggar. Take the change, my boy, and may God give you and your aunt better days."

George now took the money, put it carefully into his pocket, and left the store. His aunt, needy as she was, could not help laughing when he told her this story, and the chiding she gave him for going in search of work without her counsel, was not very severe, you may feel assured.

I like George's spirit in this affair. It was noble brave and self-reliant beyond his years. It was the spirit that makes poor boys grow into useful and successful men. It made George do this, for in after years that little boy became a noted artist, whose praise was spoken by many tongues. All children should cherish a desire to do all they can for themselves, and to support themselves by their own labor as early as possible. Those who lean on father and mother for everything will find it hard work to get along by-and-by as they may have to do when their parents die. While those who early learn to rely upon themselves, will have little difficulty in earning their own living. Learn, therefore, my chileren, to help yourselves—always minding to do so under the advice and with the consent of your parents or guardians.—[Sunday School Advocate.

Fresh Garden and Field Seeds.

THE Subscriber has received per Great Northern, the balance of his Spring Supply of GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS, consisting of—
Purple top Sweedish Turnip SEED; Green Top do. do. do.; Lang's Improved do. do; White Globe do do; Early White do do; Yellow stone do do; Yellow Aberdeen do do; Early Horn Carrot SEED; Long Orange do do; White Belgian do do; Large Altringham do do; Long Blood BEET SEED; Whyte's Blood do do; Early Turnip do; PEAS and BEANS in great variety, all of which are warranted fresh and true to their kinds. For sale by
S. L. TILLEY,
may 25 35, King Street.

FINE STRAW GOODS.

LADIES' Misses' Boy's and Children's TUSCAN, LEGHORN, and STRAW HATS, in newest styles and various colors.
For sale by the subscriber at reduced prices.
D. H. HALL,
may 28 41 King street.

NEW STORE!---NEW GOODS!!
ENNIS & GARDNER

HAVE now ready for inspection, their new Spring supplies, personally selected in the best markets in Britain.

DRESS MATERIALS.
Silks, Checked and Flounced; Lamas. Lustres, Challies, Jeddo and Crinoline Stripes, Orleans, Coburgs, Bareges, French Tissues and Delalnes.

MANTLES, &c.
Cloth, Silk, Moric and Lace, in new shapes; Jean Holland, and Brilliant Sacks and Jackets, Infants' Cloaks, Children's Dresses, Spencers and Pinaforas.

HATS & BONNETS.
Dunstable, Luton, Chip, Willow Tuscan, Braid and Braid-inserted Bonnets; HATS—Boys', Girls' and Infants', in every new shape.

CLOTHS, Tweeds, Cottons, Shirtings, Prints, Cambrics, French Bonnet Rouches, Parasols, Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, Shawls, Corsets, English Bonnet Rouches, Veils, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, Skerts.

SEWED WORK.
Balmoral, Marseilles, Picollaninni, and Princess Fredrick William Setts, Collars and Sleeves, Crape and Blond ditto.

GERMAN GOODS, &c.
Sterescopic Glasses and Slides, Fancy Boxes, Bags, Reticules, Portmonies, Table Boxes and Oil Paintings

CARPETINGS.
Druggets, Hearth Rugs, Door Matts, Floor Oil Cloths, Damasks, Mooreens, Fringes, Gimps, Hangers, Bands, Venetian Oil Cloth Carpeting
English Floor Oil Cloth, all of which, with our usual supply of Cotton Warps, Battings and Waddings, will be sold at lowest prices, Wholesale and Retail.
may 6 55 KING STREET.

Flour, Corn Meal, Molasses, Tea, &c

THE subscriber begs to call the attention of his customers and the public generally to the following Goods received by recent arrivals:—
100 bbls extra FLOUR, 30 do Corn MEAL,
13 chests TEA, (choice article), 10 boxes Tobacco,
15 do Ginger Pepper, &c, 10 do Saleratus,
15 casks MOLASSES and SUGAR, very bright,
6 bbls White BEANS, and general assortment of
GROCERIES, 100 small bags Fine SALT,
150 Sacks Salt, 400lbs Clover Seed,
30 bushels Grass SEED, 12 doz White Wash, Scrub, Shoe, and Stove Brushes.---Also, Pails, Brooms, Shovels, Hoes, Manure Forks, Wrought & Cut Nails.
For sale low for Cash. M. HAMM,
apl 29-- 3m At Ferry landing, Indian Town

Hats, and Caps.

FASHIONS FOR 1859.--The Subscriber has received from the United States a large assortment of HATS and CAPS of the latest styles which he will sell Wholesale and Retail at very low prices.
ALSO--Expected in a few days from England, per ships Lampedo, Great Northern, and Conquest, a large stock consisting of Gents' superfine Satin HATS, the best ever imported into this Province.
Gents' superfine Drab Beaver Hats, a splendid article,
Do do do Kerseys do, very fine and light;
Do do do Black do do do:
Youths' and Boys' HATS and CAPS, of every description, very cheap.
The Stock is the largest and best assorted in this City; and having selected the GOODS himself in the best houses in Great Britain and the United States, he flatters himself to be able to convince the public that they will find as good a HAT at his Establishment as they can either in England or America, and at as reasonable prices.
HATS and CAPS made to order at short notice.
A. MAGEE,
apl 26 27 King Street, St John.

EX LAMPEDO.

ONE Case more of those superior 'Sincalor' Reversible WATERPROOF COATS, in Black, Silk, and Alpacca Mixtures.
These Goods are warranted to give satisfaction, as they are superior in quality to anything of the kind ever imported, and have been patronized by the most respectable parties in the Province the last two years.
may 18 THOS. R. JONES.

New Shop! New Goods!
SAMUEL BROWN.
31 KING STREET,

HAS now ready for inspection, the following
NEW GOODS:
RIBBONS, Flowers, Bonnets and Hats:
Paisley, Tissue, and Barege SHAWLS;
Manties, in Silk, Cloth and Tweed;
SILKS, in Moire Antique, Check, &c.;
Trimmings, Dress Buttons and Fringes:
Shirts and Collars;
Silk Hdkfs, Ties and Stocks;
Sewed Muslins, Collars and Sleeves;
Lace and Muslin Setts to match;
Kid, Lisle, Silk and Taffetta GLOVES; HOSE, in Silk, Lisle, and Cotton.
Fancy Dresses, Barages, Muslins, French Delaines, Coburgs, Printed Cottons, Grey and White Cottons; Stripe Shirtings, Carpetings, Ticking, Cotton Warps, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.
may 26

GILBERT & SKINNER,
Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law
Barristers, Conveyancers, &c.

OFFICE—No. 11, SECOND FLAT,
JUDGE RITCHIE'S BUILDING,
Saint John, N. B.
GEORGE G. GILBERT, JUN. CHARLES N. SKINNER,
jun25—i6m

D. H. HALL,
—IMPORTER OF—
Fine Soft Felt Hats;
And dealer in every description of STRAW GOODS, CAPS, Satin and Kossuth HATS, Wholesale and Retail.
july 23 41 King street.

GUILFORD S. REED,
APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST,
FELLOWS BUILDING, 8 GERMAIN STREET.
Physician's and Family Prescriptions personally prepared.
Every article warranted. Country orders promptly executed. aug6

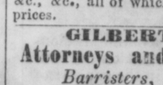
SAINT JOHN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
4, Judge Ritchie's Building.
President:—Hon. A. M'L. SEELY.
Directors:
JOEL READING, HENRY VAUGHAN,
JOHN T. STANTON, JAMES REED.
feb 16. O. D. WETMORE, Secretary.

Risks in Marine Insurance.
Office—No. 4, Judge Ritchie's Building.
Insurances on Vessels, Cargoes, Freights, &c., are taken by (out door) Underwriters, at fair rates, through this Agency. O. D. WETMORE,
feb 12, Insurance Broker.

Boston & St. John Steamers.

FIRST TRIP THIS SEASON.

'Eastern City' & 'Admiral.'



STEAMER EASTERN CITY will leave BOSTON on the 14th March for ST. JOHN. Returning on THURSDAN Morning, 17th March, for EASTPORT, PORTLAND, and BOSTON.
☞ Steamer ADMIRAL leaves Boston 21st April for St John. Returning on Monday Morning 24th April, for Eastport, Portland and Boston,
GEORGE THOMAS,
march 10 Water Street.

M. N. POWERS
UNDERTAKER,
and Importer of Coffin Mountings of all Kinds
COFFINS
in Mahogany, Walnut, Zinc and Covered.
Hearses and Palls furnished.
GRAVE CLOTHES, and every article in the line for sale at the lowest prices.
☞ Orders in Town or country executed with promptness by day or night.
Funerals attended, and all articles delivered in city and vicinity without extra charge
RESIDENCE OVER WAREROOM.
nov. 25. Nos. 55 & 57 Germain Street

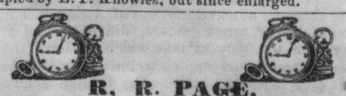
Gutta Precha Pens.

A FEW Boxes of the above just received—"more like a quid than anything ever before made."
Gutta Percha PENCILS;
" " Pens and Pencils;
" " Penholders;
" " Cork Screws, For sale low
may 25 J. & A. McMILLAN.

CANADA MINERAL WATER.—This Mineral Water is now being extensively used as a Sovereign Remedy for restoring to comparative, and in many instances to perfect health, those afflicted with Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Complaints. &c. 1 case just received, and for sale by
may 18 S. L. TILLEY.

TEA.—Receeived per "Delhi" from London.--30 chests Congou TEA. For sale by
may 18 HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

No. 6, South Market Wharf.
Received by recent arrivals from London, New York, and Philadelphia;
150 BRLS. best extra State FLOUR, fresh ground;
100 bbls Superfine State FLOUR;
100 " Kiln Dried Corn MEAL;
Extra Family and Rye FLOUR.
BREADSTUFFS always on hand in variety;
10 bbls New Mess PORK;
35 chests } Superior TEAS, English Importation;
20 half do }
20 hhds Muscovado MOLASSES, } New Crop;
10 " Clayed do }
5 " Bright Porto Rico Sugar;
20 boxes Tobacco, some choice brands;
300 bags Liverpool Salt; Bags Fine Salt;
1½ tons Smoked Hams and Shoulders from Nova Scotia.
—ALSO—
Rice, Candles, Soap, Fluid, Saleratus, Mustard, Pepper, Ginger, 28lb boxes in tin foil; Coffee, Starch, Vinegar, which, together with an assortment of such articles as are generally found in a Grocery Store, I have determined shall be sold low for prompt pay.
G. BENT.
N. B.—Recollect the Number—Store formerly occupied by E. T. Knowles, but since enlarged.



R. R. PAGE,
Watchmaker and Jeweler, &c.
Apprentice of the late Mr. D. West,

SOLICITS the patronage of the Public, and begs to call attention to his fine Stock of Fashionable JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS, &c.
JEWELRY REPAIRING done in the best manner.
50, King-street, next door to Davies & Marshall,
may7

WM. N. VENNING,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
AND SILVER WARE,
No. 60, King St., St. John, N. B.
ON HAND,—Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver English Lever Watches, a superior article. Gold Chains. Rich Wedding Rings; Silver Spoons Warranted.
FINE WATCH REPAIRING.
N. B. The highest price paid for old Silver.
November 9th 1858.

FANCY DOESKINS,
Per Steamer "America,"
IN
GREY, BROWN, PLAID
AND
FANCY DOESKINS,
JUST RECEIVED
March 11. A. & T GILMOUR.

HAMILTON & UNDERHILL,
HAVE
REMOVED
NOS. 8 & 4,
SOUTH MARKET WHARF.

HENRY ROBERTSON
Importer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS, and EARTHENWARE,
No. 3, St. Stephens Building,
King Square, St. John N. B.

FIRST CLASS READY MADE
OVER COATS,
WALKING COATS.
TROUSERS, VESTS.
Excellent value at A. & T. GILMOUR,
nov 19. No 10 King street.

Hides, Leather, Oil.

ALWAYS wanting, and ready to pay the highest Market price for Country HIDES, an dSKINS, continue to manufacture a good article of Leather—have on hand a fresh lot of Cod Oil, will sell low for Cash, at Tannery 135, Union Street.
Jan 28. WM. PETERS.

No. 10.
A. & T GILMOUR'S
FIRST
SPRING IMPORTATION,
IN
FANCY DOESKINS,
BLACK CLOTH AND TWEEDS,
may 5 Just Opened.

CITY TANNERY.

WANTED.—5000 HIDES; 250 Cords of BARK (Hemlock,)—for which CASH and the highest prices will be paid.
FOR SALE.
1000 Sides Sole, Wax, and Grain LEATHER.
10 Dozen CALF SKINS;
100 Bushels of HAIR,—at Market rates, by
CHARLES H. PETERS,
185 Union-street, a few doors East of the Hay Scales.
marl8 3m

135.

THE Subscriber will pay for HIDES, from the country, until further notice, 4½d per lb. Just received, a fresh lot of COD OIL, and will sell low for cash. WM. PETERS,
sept. 17. No. 105 Union street

BOARDING.

THE Subscriber is prepared to furnish comfortable accommodation to a few respectable BOARDERS, who would like a quiet Home at moderate charges and in a central Situation.
April 1. B. J. UNDERHILL.

NEW SHOP.

REMOVAL.

SAMUEL BROWN,
21 KING STREET,
HAS Removed to his New Shop, three doors below his former stand. may 4

HAMILTON & UNDERHILL
4 South Market Wharf,
—HAVE IN STORE—
300 BRLS. extra Superfine and State FLOUR
100 do CORN MEAL,
15 do Fairfax extra FLOUR, 20 do Ohio Extra Family do,
50 casks Muscovado Molasses, 10 Brls Mess PORK,
5 brls Burning FLUID, 'Porter's own,'
800 sacks SALT, 300 sacks fine do, 20 boxes Saleratus
40 chests and half chests good strong Souchong TEAS,
20 boxes assorted brands TOBACCO.
They are daily expecting by the "Fellow Craft." from Alexandria—
350 brls superfine FLOUR, 50 do Fairfax Extra,
By the "E. F. Lewes" from Baltimore:—
250 brls superfine FLOUR, 200 do Yellow CORN MEAL,
50 brls Extra Family FLOUR.
By the "Magnet" and "Exampler," from New York:—
250 brls Extra and Superane FLOUR, 7 tierces RICE.
By the "Margaret A." from Boston—
5 brls FLUID, 5 do dried APPLES, 15 do White BEANS
The Subscribers have been particular in the purchase of FLOUR. It has been selected pe sonally in Southern Markets, and is warranted no stub tail.
apr16 HAMILTON & UNDERHILL.

Star Life Assurance Society.
CHEIF OFFICE,
No. 48, MOORGATE STREET, LONDON.
NEW BRUNSWICK AGENCY,
OFFICE—4 RITCHIE'S BUILDING, ST. JOHN,
with Branches in principle towns.
THE following Statements are from the Annual Report, March. 1859—

Premium Fund,	£274,797	15	4
Amount Insured,	£2,032,311	0	0
Number of Policies in force, 6,098			
Annual Revenue,	£76,200	3	7

Bonus declared, March, 1859,—£1 13s 4d. per share to Stockholders.
Bonus to Policy holders of 50 per cent. upon Premiums paid in the past 5 years, to be accepted in the three following modes.—In addition to sum Insured—A reduction of Premium next five years.—A reduction of Premium whole of life.
Special attention is invited to the safety and peculiar advantages of the "Star." Every information readily afforded on application.
No Stamp, Entrance Money, or Fees of any kind, nor any charge made for Policies.
Medical Examiner—DAVID MILLER, Esq, M. D. & C.
may 17 ilm O. D. WETMORE, Agent.

100 New Books Imported,
And sent by Mail on receipt of price.
PHRENOLOGY and SCRIPTURE, 15 cents,
Domestic Life, 15 c; Conditions of Health, 15 c; Tea and Coffee, 15c; Tobacco, 15cts;
Power of Kindness, 30 cts; The Garden, 30 cts;
The Farm, 30 cts; Improved system in Writing, 25c.
Water Cure Journal, a-year, $1.6 cts,
Send on the money, small change or current paper.
HEALTH REFORM.
Describe your condition, and consult by letter as usual, on Health of Body, or Mind, Conducting Children, Ventilation, Clothing, Digestion, Food, and its Preparation, &c, &c., as founded in Nature, add adapted to the human race.
Ordinary cases One Dollar, write plainly, names, places, office, &c. Cash enclosed, postpaid. Address, "Henry H. Davis, Woodstock, N. B." apl 29—2m

Earthenware! Earthenware!
Per Conquest, from Liverpool.
NOW landing, a further supply of EARTHENWARE. Wholesale Buyers will do well to call and examine our present Stock, which is not surpassed by any house in the trade, either for variety or for cheapness. HENRY ROBERTSON,
3 St. Stephen's Buildings, King square
Further shipments to arrive per J. Bradshaw, and other ships, now on the way from Liverpool.

THE ONLY ARTICLE
UNRIVALLED IN MARKET
WITH IMMENSE
Home and European Demand.

The reason why, is that by Nature's own process it restores the natural color permanently after the hair becomes grey; supplies the natural fluids, and thus makes it grow on bald heads, removes all dandruff, itching, and heat from the scalp, quiets and tunes up the nerves, and thus cures all nervous headache, and may be relied upon to cure all diseases of the scalp and hair; it will stop and keep it from falling off makes it soft, glossy healthy and beautiful and if used by the young two or three times a week, it will never fall or become gray, then reader, read the following and judge for yourselves:
New York, Jan. 8, 1858.
Messrs. O. J. Wood & Co.,
Gentlemen:—Having heard a good deal about Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and my hair being quite gray, I made up my mind to lay aside the prejudice which I, in common with a great many persons, had against all manner of patent medicines, and a short time ago I commenced using your article, to test it for myself.
The result has been so very satisfactory that I am very glad I did so, and in justice to you as well as for the encouragement of others who may be as grey as I was but who having my prejudice without my reasons for setting it aside, are unwilling to give your Restorative a trial till they have further proof, and the best proof being circular demonstration, I write you this letter, which you may show to any such, and also direct them to me for further proof, which I am in and out of the N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment every day.
My hair is now its natural color, and much improved in appearance every way, being glossier and thicker and much more healthy looking. I am, yours respectfully,
HENRY JENKINS,
Cor. Columbia and Corrill Sts, Brooklyn.
Livingston, Ala., Feb. 14, 1858.
Prof. Wood—Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative has done much good in this part of the country. My hair has been slightly diminishing for several years, caused I suppose from a slight burn when I was quite an infant. I have been using your Hair Restorative for six weeks and I find that I have a fine head of hair now growing, after having used all other remedies known, to no effect. I think it the most valuable remedy now extant, and advise all who are afflicted that way to use your remedy. You can publish this if you think proper. Yours, &c., S. W. MIDDLETON.
Philadelphia, Sept. 9, 1857.
Prof. Wood—Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—was in fact bald. I have used but two half pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation, I can induce many others to try it.
Yovrs, respectfully, D. R. THOMAS, M. D.
No 464 Vine St.
The Restorative is put up in bottles of 3 sizes, viz: large, medium, and small; the small holds 1-2 a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3.
O. J. WOOD & Co. proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street., St Louis Mo.
And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

KING' EVIL CURED!

MR. JOHN DENTON residing at Little River Digby Neck, Nova Scotia, certifies that his Son has been severely afflicted with the King's Evil for Fourteen Months. He says that the remedies usually applied to this disease failed to give relief, and that having heard of Dr. Leary's Anglo Saxon Medicines he purchased a supply and that in one month the boy had performed a most wonderful cure.
☞ Any person wishing to be fully informed regarding the cure can obtain all the particulars on application to Mr. Denton, who wishes all who may be similarly affected to give the Anglo Saxon Medicines a trial.

Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia Cured.
Mr. Christopher Vail of Bellisle, King's County New Brunswick, writes to Dr. Leary and says, that he had been troubled with Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia for 3 years which produced great General Debility and loss of flesh; he was reduced to a mere skeleton so that last January he weighed only 75 pounds By the advice of his neighbours he was induced to purchase some of Dr. Leary's Anglo Saxon Medicines which in two months produced a most salutary effect, as in March he had increased in weight to 122 pounds and by continuing the use of these medicines on the 10th August he weighed 146 pounds.
He says that his neighbours who were aware of his sickness consider it a most wonderful cure and believe that the Anglo Saxon Medicines (under God's providence) have been the means of bringing the nearly dead to life.
For further particulars enquire of DR. LEARY No. 55 Princess street. nov. 26

Glass Ware! Glass Ware!
Per Admiral and Conquest.
NOW opened. one of the largest and best assorted Stocks of GLASS WARE now in the Province Selling at low prices.
HENRY ROBERTSON,
oct 22 No, 3, St. Stephen's Building, King S

THE GREATEST
MEDICAL DISCOVERY
OF THE AGE.

MR. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, Mass., has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures EVERY KIND OF HUMOUR, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humour). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its virtue, all within twenty miles of Boston.
Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.
Two to three bottles will clear the system of biles.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.
Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.
One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humou in the eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure running the ears and blotches among the hair.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.
One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.
Two to three bottles warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.
Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.
Three to four bottles are warranted to cure the sa t rheum.
Five to 8 bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.
A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.
ROXBURY, MASS
DEAR MADAM,—The reputation of the Medical Discovery in curing all kind of humors, is so well established, by the unanimous voice of all who have ever used it, that I need not say anything on the subject, as the most skilful physicians and the most careful Druggists in the country are unanimous in its praise.
In presenting the Medical Discovery to your notice, I do it with a full knowledge of its curative powers, in relieving all, and curing most of those diseases to which you are so fortunately so liable. That most excruciating disease to an affectionate mother,
NURSING SORE MOUTH,
is cured asif by a miracle; your own temper is restored to its natural sweetness, and your babe from short and fretful naps to calm and sweet slumbers; and the Medical Discovery becomes a fountain of blessings to your husband and household.
In the more advanced stages of
CAKKER
it extends to the stomach, causing
DYSPEPEPSIA,
which is nothing but canker on the stomach; then to the intestines and
KIDNEYS,
creating a sinking, gone feeling, and an indifference even to the cares of your family.
Your stomach is
RAW AND INFLAMED,
your food distressest you, and you can only take certain kinds and even of that your system does not get half the nourishment it contains, as the acrimonous fluid of the canker eats it up; then your complexion loses its bloom and becomes sallow or greenish and your best day is gone. For want of nourishment your system becomes loose and flabby, and the fibres of your body become relaxed. Then follow a train of diseases which the Medical Discovery is peculiarly adapted to
CURE;
Palpitation of the heart, pain in the side, weakness of the spine and small of the back, pain of the hip joint when you retire, irregularity of the bowels, and also, that most excruciating of diseases, the
PILES.
How many thousands of poor women are suffering from this disease and pining away a miserable life, and their next do or neighbor does not know the cause. I wish to impress on your mind that good old proverb, "An ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure." In the
MEDICAL DISCOVERY
you have both the preventative and the cure, with his