

burned and evacuated by the inhabitants. The whole Confederate fleet captured.

The Southern papers admit their disaster as very severe, and represent the fight as hotly contested. They lacked light artillery.

Gunboat expedition up the Tennessee River to Florence, 250 miles, reports enthusiastic greeting by the inhabitants at beholding the Stars and Stripes. Two Confederate steamers captured and six destroyed.

BANGOR, Feb. 18th.

The expedition up Tennessee River disclosed strong Union sentiment among the people. The officers were assured whole Regiments might be raised and if arms were furnished they could bring back Tennessee into the Union in a few months. Large numbers were anxious to enlist under the old flag.

To escape capture Confederates burned six steamers laden with military stores.

Greatest activity prevailed at Fort Leavenworth preparatory to starting expedition under Gen. Hunter. Early advance expected.

Mexican advances via Havana state that Miramon was arrested at Vera Cruz by British Admiral for former robbery of British legation in Mexico.

Sickness and death among allied troops frightful. Panic reported at Norfolk. City under Martial Law and Volunteers called for defence, an attack being momentarily expected.

Store ship "Supply" took British ship. Hail from Liverpool off Florida, without papers, suspected bound to Southern port, cargo suspected to be arms and ammunition.

Preparations going forward for attack on Fort Donaldson.

Allied Commissioners returned from Mexico. Latter demand withdrawal Spanish force, but will accept intervention of France and England.

British Steamer *Gladiator* at Nassau will change flag and become Confederate Privateer.

Prominent American merchant in China placed his vessels under protection of British flag.

Flour, superfine State \$5.50 @ \$5.65. Extra \$5.85 @ \$5.90.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 12, 1862.

At a little after 2 o'clock to-day—the members of the Assembly being in their places in the House, having been previously sworn in—His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor arrived at the Legislative Council Chamber, and summoned their attendance.

Having received his commands to elect a Speaker they returned to their places and proceeded to that duty.

Hon. Mr. MONTGOMERY nominated the late Speaker, Hon. Mr. JOHNSON; Mr. FERRIS of Queen's seconded this nomination. Mr. McPHELIN thought, in consideration of a large number of the present House being new members, and perhaps unacquainted with Mr. J., some delay should be made in the election, and he would therefore propose that the House adjourn until 2 o'clock to-morrow, in order to give them a chance of becoming acquainted with members, and making a more deliberate choice. Mr. GILBERT of Westmorland seconded this amendment, and in some warm remarks urged its adoption. Mr. G. thought that so large a portion of the present House being new members, indicated that the last House did not have the confidence of the country, and seemed to infer therefrom that as Mr. JOHNSON was the Speaker of that House that therefore some change should now be made. Mr. JORDAN saw no reason for delaying the business of the country. Hon. members he had no doubt were prepared to make a choice to-day.

Mr. KEAR agreed with Mr. JORDAN. He thought it best not to delay. He had not previously made up his mind for whom he should vote, but had now decided to support his hon. colleague who had been nominated. Mr. STEVENS of Charlotte, said he was a new member, and was opposed to delay. In a very appropriate and handsomely delivered speech he supported Mr. JOHNSON's nomination and his immediate election. Mr. GILBERT of Queen's was in favor of adjournment until to-morrow. Hon. Mr. SMITH saw no reason for delay. This was not a party question. He wished the Speaker to be elected by all parties. Mr. McPHELIN replied in a long and roundabout speech, in which he declared that the "old Tory party" was dead and buried, he being about the only one of the party that remained; but said the hon. member, "if peril and war are to be, I am as well prepared for them as ever. He did not lavish adulation on the gentleman nominated; he did not know that he always discharged the duties of the office better than any other gentleman in the House would have done, but he would withdraw his amendment, and give no further opposition to his immediate election. Mr. ARNOLD objected to a remark made by Mr. SMITH that the election of "the Speaker would not be strictly a party question." Mr. A. did not wish it to be a party question at all. The amendment being withdrawn, Mr. JOHNSON, according to custom, when only one nomination is made, was conducted to the chair by Messrs. Montgomery and Ferris, with the unanimous consent of the House.

The Speaker on assuming the chair made a few remarks, thanking the House for the honor conferred on him, and said that he could not divest himself of political and party feelings, that he had his views, but these should not influence his conduct in the chair.

The members having returned to the Council Chamber, and the usual formalities on such occasions being gone through, His Excellency proceeded to read the speech, which is much more lengthy than such documents usually are. We publish it in another column. There were present in the Council Chamber a brilliant suite who accompanied His Excellency; we observed, also a number of ladies; and a large number of the citizens and others crowded the lobby and passage way. We should also state that a guard of honor was stationed outside, and the soldiers of the Military Train, with drawn swords, guarded the door and lined the staircase that led to the Council Chamber. We are informed that the formalities on the occasion of opening the Provincial Parliament to-day were more brilliant and grand than on any former occasion of the kind for several years.

The martial spirit which at present exists among the people, and the presence of a larger number of the military than usual, account perhaps for this.

The Legislature immediately proceeded to business. A number of resolutions, and a few bills also, none however of very general interest, were introduced. The Rev. Mr. Coster was re-appointed Chaplain. Mr. STEVENS, of Charlotte, moved the reply to His Excellency's speech, seconded by Mr. JORDAN. Some little discussion followed on the day in which the House should go into a consideration of the reply. It was

finally fixed for Monday next. Mr. McPHELIN urged the delay, although declaring that he was prepared to enter upon its consideration at once. The Hon. Member from Kent seems to be ready for immediate action. In the brief debates to-day he led the opposition. This does not seem, however, to be his intention, as he declared, in the course of his remarks on the choice of a Speaker, that he belonged to no party, but intends to reap all the benefit he can from both parties.

All the members were present to-day, we believe, except three—Messrs. Cudlip, Vail and Desbrisay. We miss many old familiar faces—nearly one half of the present House are new members. They may possess abilities and knowledge superior to the men who composed the last House. We shall be able to tell better at the close of the session. A considerable number are quite young men, and we hope they will sustain the dignity of their situations with honor to themselves and credit to their constituents. Of the character and strength of the opposition a few days will tell—it is at least probable that no new Government will be formed this session.

THURSDAY, Feb. 18th.

But little business of general interest to the country was done to-day. Of course it requires a few days to get fairly under way. Some resolutions and amendments elicited short debates. It was attempted to get rid of the thirty dollars entrance money for private Bills, but failed. Any party, therefore, requiring the passage of a private Bill must pay thirty dollars as usual to get it before the House. Mr. Stiles, of Albert, offered a resolution calling for all papers relating to the Post Office, which being unparliamentary called forth some remarks from the P. M. G., and also the Speaker. It appears the member from Albert cannot receive or forward his correspondence as regularly as he would desire through some of the offices in his County, and he determined to investigate the management of the whole department in consequence. He subsequently withdrew his resolution. The House adjourned at 3 o'clock.

The following is the Speech of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor at the opening of the Session: Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly: You are already aware of the great calamity which has befallen the Royal Family and the Nation. I feel confident that all hearts in this loyal Province have shared the grief which has been so deeply felt and so loudly expressed throughout the empire on the occasion of the death of His Royal Highness the Prince Consort, and whilst in common with all classes of Her Majesty's subjects you deplore the irreparable loss which the Queen has sustained, a sentiment of a yet more personal nature will lead you to mourn the bereavement of the young Princess who has so lately visited this Province.

You will have learnt with satisfaction that the Government of the United States has acquiesced in the just demands of Great Britain for the surrender of certain individuals forcibly taken from under the protection of the British flag.

You will gratefully appreciate the promptitude and energy with which the troops were despatched from England for the defence of this Province, at a time when it appeared likely to become the scene of active hostilities.

It is with the liveliest pleasure that I have witnessed the manner in which Her Majesty's forces have been welcomed by all classes of the population. The readiness which has been shown to contribute to their comfort and convenience, demands my warmest acknowledgments. Nor can I omit to notice in a special manner the loyal and generous spirit manifested by the Corporation and Citizens of St. John, in providing accommodation for the troops on their landing, although I entertain no doubt that similar exertions and sacrifices would have been as cheerfully made in other parts of the Province had a similar need for them existed. The services thus willingly rendered, are I know, fully appreciated by the Major General commanding Her Majesty's forces in this Province, and by the troops under his orders.

I desire to call your attention to the present condition of the Provincial Militia. Some years have passed since that force has been embodied or enrolled, and a confident belief has prevailed that the peace of the Province would not again be disturbed by foreign aggression. Recent events have shown that such expectations cannot rashly be indulged with security, and whilst large bodies of men are under arms in the neighboring States, it is inexpedient to permit this Province to remain in a wholly defenceless condition. Two distinguished officers have been despatched from England to assist me in the reorganization of the militia force. I have directed the Report which, in conformity with my desire they have prepared, to be communicated to you, and I entertain no doubt that its recommendations will receive your most attentive consideration.

The condition of the Province is on the whole satisfactory. The harvest was abundant, the fisheries have been productive, and the export of lumber has exceeded that of the previous year.

I regret, however, to add that the Civil War in the United States has most injuriously affected the general commercial interests of the Province; nor can I venture to entertain a hope that the depression under which they now labor can be materially alleviated whilst the causes which have produced it continue to exist.

You will learn with satisfaction that the Imperial Government has agreed to sanction any well considered arrangement for facilitating the commercial intercourse between the different Provinces of British North America. I have no doubt this liberal concession will be thankfully received, and that the measures which may be found necessary to secure to New Brunswick the full advantages to be derived therefrom will accordingly be adopted by you.

I am of opinion that such measures if wisely framed and judiciously carried into execution, will be attended with great and lasting benefit to the Province. I have directed the correspondence which has passed on this subject to be laid before you. It was deemed expedient after Conference with the Governments of Canada and Nova Scotia to despatch a member of my Executive Council in England to co-operate with Delegates from these Provinces in urging upon the Imperial Government the consideration of proposals for the completion of an International Railway.

I regard the proposal made as one of the adoption of which is likely to be attended with the most advantageous to British America, and to prove of no small utility to the Empire at large. When the correspondence still pending on the subject is terminated, the whole of the papers will immediately be laid before you.

I have directed papers to be laid before you from which you will perceive that the new copper coinage for this Province has been completed and will shortly be put in circulation. The silver coinage is also in a forward state, and will, I hope, be available for use at a very early period.

The returns of the Census taken in the last year are now almost completed. You will be gratified to learn that the increase in the population of the Province considerably exceeds previous anticipations.

During the past year there has been a considerable increase in the number of immigrants. The disturbed condition of the United States has induced a very

large number of persons from that country alone to settle in this Province.

A Commissioner was appointed last summer to proceed to Great Britain for the purpose of pointing out the many advantages offered by this Province to those intending to immigrate. The accounts which reach me lead me to hope that this mission will be attended with successful results.

I recommend to your consideration the existing state of the law with respect to Joint Stock Banks. If you should be of opinion that the acts by which they are at present regulated fail to afford a sufficient security for that due amount of public inspection and control over those institutions which has in all countries been deemed essential, you will doubtless proceed to apply a fitting remedy for an evil which is placed so seriously to endanger the interest of the community at large.

During the past year extensive discoveries of Gold have been made in the adjoining Province of Nova Scotia. The geological formation of the country, not unreasonably, induces a belief that similar discoveries may, at no distant time, be made in New Brunswick. I recommend you to consider what amendment may be needed in the existing laws relative to Mining operations, in order to meet the requirements of such a contingency.

Since the close of the last session several extensive tracts of Land have been surveyed, through which Roads have been partially opened, and portions of which have in many cases been purchased and occupied. The particulars of these transactions will be found in the Report of the Surveyor General, which will be immediately laid before you.

I regret to inform the receipts of the Provincial Railway will fall short of their estimated amount; indeed, the calamitous contest in the United States may be said to have deranged all financial calculations throughout North America.

I am informed that the Exhibition of the Natural Products and Industrial Manufactures of New Brunswick which took place at Sussex Vale, previous to my arrival in this Province, was one highly gratifying in its character. Four thousand dollars have been placed at the disposal of the Commissioners appointed to procure articles illustrative of the industry and capabilities of this Province for transmission to the International Exhibition, to be held in London during the approaching Summer. The articles so procured, together with others furnished by numerous private contributors, are now being forwarded.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly: The accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the past year will be laid before you. The depression under which the Commerce of this Province has laboured, has caused the Revenue to fall considerably short of the sum originally estimated. I am happy, however, to state that all demands upon the Treasury have been promptly met. The causes which led to the diminution of the anticipated income of the past year unhappily still continue in active operation. The estimates which will be laid before you have accordingly been framed with as rigid an attention to economy as is consistent with a due regard to the exigencies of the public service.

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council: Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly: I am grateful for the cordiality with which I have been received on arriving to assume the Government, nor can I, for the first time, meet you assembled without the expression of my earnest desire to promote the welfare and prosperity of this noble Province.

With great natural resources, peopled by a hardy and industrious race, in the enjoyment of good laws, ably administered, I rejoice to believe that New Brunswick is happy and contented.

An ample measure of Self-Government has wisely been conceded to her people by the Sovereign and Imperial Parliament. Into your hands the destinies of the Province have been committed, and on the wisdom and prudence of your deliberations depends its future welfare or decay.

It is with the strength of that Empire of which New Brunswick forms a part, you can look with pity and regret, but without alarm, upon the convulsions which distract and desolate the neighbouring Republic.

The future is full of cause for grave anxiety, but, if laying aside all party animosities, all selfish aims, all personal jealousies, you apply yourselves in the spirit which I doubt not will animate your counsels, to the consideration of the public good, I rest assured that, with the support of a patriotic and united Legislature and a loyal and gallant people, whatever trials may be yet impending will, under God's blessing, manfully be met and successfully be overcome.

The steamer *Calcutta* arrived here yesterday from England, after a tedious passage via Newfoundland, with troops and Government stores.

The *Delta* also arrived here yesterday morning from Halifax, with troops &c.

A letter from our Canada Correspondent (in type) is unavoidably held over until next week.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CORNWALLIS, N. S.—Brother B. B. Woodworth, of Canning, is agent for the "Intelligencer" in that town and vicinity. Brother S. Whitney has been an efficient agent for us at Hall's Harbour, and we presume will continue. Rev. J. Noble is an agent for the "Intelligencer," and also J. R. Norton.

FALMOUTH, N. S.—Miss Rachel Shay has kindly received and forwarded subscriptions to us. Persons in Falmouth and vicinity can obtain the "Intelligencer" by paying their money to her.

HORTON, N. S.—Brother E. M. Cox is agent for us in Horton and vicinity.

Receipts for the "Religious Intelligencer," to Feb. 14. Subscribers will please see that their money is correctly acknowledged. The whole number of the paper to which they pay, follows the amount paid.

New Brunswick.—William McKee, \$1.50, 474; Moses Yea, 1.50, 468; J. Jewett, 1.50, 468; J. Stockford, 1.45; Aaron Cox, 1.50, 468; John Mallory, 1.50, 468; L. P. Fisher, Esq., 1.50, 468; James McLaughlin, 1.50, 473; W. Lindsay, 1.50, 468; J. Parent, 1.50, 468; C. G. Turnbull, 1.50, 468; S. Mahood, 50c, 438; Mrs. W. Taylor, 1.45; Dawson Stevens, 1.45; N. Seccord, 1.50, 473; Miss Burden, 1.50, 474; E. Erb, 1.50, 474; M. Palmer, 1.50, 474; Wm. Dobson, 1.45; Thos. Cochrane, 3.47; Gilbert Perry, 1.45; A. B. Lockhart, 1.45; C. Calkin, 1.50, 469; J. A. Mullin, 2.49; B. Chase, 50c, 489; John Hamilton, 1.45.

Nova Scotia.—Leonard Weston, \$1.50, 472; Wm. Allen, 1.50, 473; Robt. Sims, 1.50, 480; Wm. Hatfield, 1.50, 473; Corn. Hatfield, 1.50, 473; Jer. Harding, 1.50, 470; Jacob Lockhart, 1.50, 470; D. Lockhart, 1.50, 470; B. B. Woodworth, 1.50, 472; B. D. Newcomb, 1.50, 473; Harris Newcomb, 1.50, 473; Mrs. R. Witt, 1.50, 472.

UNITED STATES.—A. J. Duplessis, \$1.45; Naaman Horne, 1.45.

MARRIAGES.

On Thursday, 8th inst., by the Rev. James Bennett, Charles H. McLean, to Elizabeth Davidson, both of this city. Wednesday, 5th inst., by the Rev. S. McKay, Mr. George S. Partelow, to Miss Sarah Seaton, all of St. John.

DEATHS.

On Sunday, 9th inst., Mr. John Kenney, Cabinet Maker, aged 46 years.

Henry Wilson, in the 66th year of his age. Brother Wilson professed religion about thirty-three years ago, and has been one of the senior members for several years in the Free Baptist Church of Christ, at Barrington. He lived a devoted Christian, and discharged all the duties of his office with general satisfaction. He will be very much missed by the people among whom he lived, but by none so much as those who attend the weekly prayer meeting. He has left a widow and several children to mourn his sudden death. On the morning of his death he walked about a mile, entered a shoe-maker's shop, spoke a few words, and dropped down dead! His funeral sermon was preached from Phil. i. 21, "For me to live is Christ, and to die is gain."

A BUSINESS CARD.

THE subscriber desires to return his sincere thanks to the Farmers and Country Traders who have so liberal in fact, for their business since he commenced an Agency in the City for the sale of Country Produce, and would inform all Farmers and Country Traders that he continues to give his whole attention to the sale of produce of every kind, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.

St. John, Feb. 14, 1862. CHARLES CALKIN.

N. O. 86 PRINCE WM. ST.—The subscriber is still taking Central Bank Money at the face, in exchange for Clothing and Dry Goods. J. E. WHITTEKIR.

SKIRT DEPOT, 10th February, 1862.—Received per N. Noyes, from Boston: 1 case Pique Skirts, the latest style. Feb. 12.—wpi

RECEIVED this day, per Norwegian from Liverpool, via Boston: 1 bale Grey and White Cottons. ENNIS & GARDNER.

SKIRT DEPOT, 11th February, 1862.—Received per Resolution from Boston: 1 case Clotilde Skirts, introduced by the Empress. ENNIS & GARDNER.

TO BE LET, from the first May next, the House No. 41 Elliott Row, at present in the occupation of Charles Nicholson, Esq., suitable for a small family. The City Water on the premises. P. R. INCHES.

SHOPS TO LET.—Two Shops on the corner of King and Charlotte streets, to be let on long or short notice. J. F. SECORD, Apothecaries' Hall, King Square.

FOOT CHECKS AND SKATES.—Just received per schr. Express, from Boston.—Foot Checks and Skates. The Foot Check can be put out of use without being taken from the Foot. For sale at No. 90 Prince William Street. Feb. 7.—wpi

FEBRUARY 6th.—Received this Day—1 bale FLANNELS; 1 bale White Cottons and Prints. Feb. 7. FERGUSON BROS., 55 King-street.

JAYNE'S MEDICINES.—The subscriber has received from the Proprietors, Dr. J. C. Jayne & Co., Philadelphia, a box of their celebrated Medicines, consisting of—Jayne's Expectant; Jayne's Alterative; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Jayne's Hair Dye; Jayne's Catarrh Remedy; Jayne's Female Regulator; Jayne's Family Laxative; Jayne's Sore Throat Remedy; and also Jayne's Family Almanac, for 1862, which will be distributed gratis to all persons calling.

Feb. 7.—wpi Adjoining J. A. McMillan's Bookstore. No. 80 Prince William-st.

LOUR AND MEAL—IN STORE.—70 bbls. St. Louis Mills Flour; 24 bbls. Emerson Mills Flour; 20 bbls. Hibernia Mills Flour; 36 doz. Nantux River Mills do; 67 bbls. Farmers do; 47 doz. Carpenter do; 85 bbls. Kewanee do; 91 doz. Princeton do; 228 bbls. Ontario do; 111 doz. Plank Road do; 121 bbls. Broadfield do; 123 doz. Richardson do; 60 bbls. Buckeye do; 317 doz. Premium do; 927 bbls. Napier do; 223 doz. City do; 38 bbls. Atlantic do; 200 doz. Commercial do; 28 bbls. McNeil do; 300 bags Flour; 400 bbls. CORN MEAL. For sale at lowest market rates. Feb. 6.—wpi

ALBERTINE OIL AND LAMPS.—Just received, 5 bbls. Albertine Oil, of the best quality, greatly reduced price, and now sold at 10 cents per gallon, 50 cents per gallon by the barrel, and 60 cents per gallon by retail (smaller quantities in proportion). Also, 20 barrels Paraffine Oil, the same quality, at 10 cents per gallon. The last six months' worth of sales have been so satisfactory, that I am now prepared to sell at prices that cannot be beat. Lamps, Chimneys, and Wicking, cheap for cash. For sale by Feb. 5.—wpi

NOTICE.—The subscriber has removed to the store lately occupied by Mr. E. J. Knowles (under the Boot and Shoe Manufactory), corner of Germain and Market sts. Feb. 6.—wpi

NOTICE.—The subscriber is thankful for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him for the past seven years; he most respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has taken the Store in Messrs. Ennis & Gardner's new building, Prince William street, which is being fitted up under his direction, where he will open his business about the middle of April next. In the meantime he will leave for England to select a Stock suitable for the city and country trade.

P. S.—TO LET, the Store at present occupied by the subscriber; please enquire on the premises. Feb. 6.—wpi

Hall's Boot and Shoe Manufactory.—This Establishment has now been in operation ten months, having in the time manufactured over twenty thousand pairs of Boots and Shoes, and is now turning out 500 pair per week. Having a large number of workmen, with machinery of the best description, I am prepared to fill orders to any extent with Boots and Shoes of any style or description, on short notice, and on better terms than the same quality will cost when imported. A large assortment of domestic made Goods at the Warehouses, No. 1 Market-st., to which he would invite the attention of the Trade and wholesale purchasers. D. H. HALL.

PURE KEROSENE OIL.—100 bbls. Pure Kerosene OIL—Just received. Retail price 10 cents per gallon. 100 gals. Refined Lard Oil; Pure Cod Liver Oil; Olive Oil in flasks and on draught. M. McLEOD.

FARM FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for sale the valuable FARM in Upper Sussex, containing 400 acres of land, of which 100 are cleared. It contains about 35 to 40 tons of hay, and there being about 40 acres of intervals on the farm a much larger quantity could be obtained. The buildings consist of a small comfortable dwelling house, and two good barns with other outbuildings. It is situated about two miles from the Railroad station. Further particulars made known on application to the Subscriber and retail at the Proprietor's prices. Upper Sussex, January 22, 1862.—81.

ARTIST'S MATERIALS, &c.—The subscriber has just received from London, via Halifax, the Royal Mail Steamer and schr. Rambler—200 doz. Sheet WAX, assorted colors; 12 doz. Waxes, 12 doz. Athenian Crayons, assorted colors; 12 doz. WIRE, 48 sizes, for Wax Flowers; 100 doz. London Paints, assorted colors, and a complete assortment of Sable and Hog-hair Brushes, flat and round; Prepared Canvas, of various sizes; Winsor & Newton's Handbooks on Art; Together with a lot of Druggists' Sundries, including graduated Measures, from 1 dram to 20 oz; Salts of Lemon, Fluid Prestons, Corn Plasters, Elastic Stockings, Poor Man's Plasters, Ivory Combs; Benzole, for removing stains from silk, &c.; Dandelion Coffee, Rowland's Macassar Oil, &c. For sale by Feb. 7.—pi

SPEEDY RELIEF.—The Subscriber has just received from the Proprietors, Messrs. Fellows & Co., and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of the following well known Patent Remedies: Dr. Williams' Pink Pills; Dr. Cassell's Bitters; Dr. Balm of Gilead; Dr. Liverwort; Dr. Leeming's Essence; Dr. Golden Ointment; Dr. Juniper Powder; Noble's Invigorating Balm for the Hair, &c. &c. For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Proprietor's prices. Jan. 21.—wpi

SEGE'S PILE OINTMENT.—The most desperate cases of outward as well as inward Piles, are cured by the use of Sege's Pile Ointment. During the last year the Proprietor has disposed of large quantities of it—the demand having been created by its own merits, and by the recommendation of many persons who have used it. The genuine can be had at M. McLEOD'S, Jan. 31.—pi

FAMILY FLOUR.—Landing this day, 400 bbls. superior brands Flour, which for family use can be recommended as better and cheaper than Napier. For sale wholesale by Jan. 29.—wpi

NOTICE.—DAVIES & MARSHALL, fully acknowledge the liberal patronage bestowed on them by their friends and the public generally, and trust that the change made in their office, will meet with public approval, as it is evident by the avoiding of risks, keeping of books, &c., they will be enabled to give better satisfaction. Our Spring Stock will be personally selected, and will be fitted up to give every satisfaction. Jan. 29.—wpi

FRENCH CALF SKINS.—12 dozen French Calf Skins are offered at cost and charges for cash, or approved notes at 3 months. ENNIS & GARDNER.

TO LET, and possession given immediately, that portion of our new building, Prince William street, at present occupied by us as a Skirt Depot. There is in the rear a commodious yard, with entrance from Cooper's Alley. In connection with the shop, which is 65 feet deep, there are three warehouses, of same size; also a well lighted and ventilated cellar, with Gas and Water. The whole premises will be fitted up in a superior manner to suit the trade of the tenant. Jan. 22.—wpi

HOOP SKIRTS.—Cheapest Yet.—Just received, direct from the manufacturers, 20 dozen Hoop Skirts, new and stylish, which will be sold low, wholesale and retail, at the Imperial Buildings, 2 King street. Dec. 18.—wpi

GRANITE HALL. CLEARANCE SALE OF WINTER CLOTHING.—All must be sold at a sacrifice, without reserve. Dress Clothing, of the best quality, at a heavy discount. Jan. 16.—pi

EUROPEAN AND NORTH AMERICAN RAILWAY.—Winchester Arrangement.—On and after MONDAY, 15th Nov., Trains will run as follows: UP TRAINS.—Leave St. John at 9 a. m., and 8 p. m. DOWN TRAINS.—Leave Shediac at 10 a. m., and Sussex at 7 a. m.

The afternoon train from St. John goes only to Sussex. By order. R. JARDINE, Chairman. Railway Commissioners' Office, St. John, Nov. 8, 1861.

CROWN LAND OFFICE, February 4, 1862. THE undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction on the first Tuesday in March next, at noon, by the respective Deputies, at their Offices, agreeably to the Regulations of 22d April, 1861, and no sale on credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases.

(Not to interfere with the right to cut Timber or other Lumber under Licence applied for previous to the applications for the purchase of the Land.)

(Lots described in the advertisement as for "Actual Settlement" are subject to all the conditions of the Labor Act.) (No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred acres payable by instalments.)

(In all cases of competition, the purchaser must immediately pay the purchase money, or else the Land will be again forthwith offered, for sale at the upset price, excluding bids from the defaulter, but the purchaser may pay by instalments if he be otherwise entitled to that privilege.) (Upset prices on "Reserved Tracts," sixty-five cents per acre, other Tracts sixty cents per acre, except where otherwise mentioned.)

(If Lots marked "improved" be purchased by any person other than the applicant, the improvements must be paid for at the time of sale.)

YORK.

At the Crown Land Office. 50 acres, lot 60, block 28, Manners-Sutton, Wm. Thomson. 50 acres, lot X, Frog Lake, do, James Nesbit; improved by applicant.

50 acres, lot 108, Frog Lake, Manners-Sutton, James Nesbit; improved by applicant.

102 acres, lot 35, block 25, Prince William, John Courser, jr. 100 acres, lot 114, block 8, Connel road, Southampton, Jesse Brown.

100 acres, lot 116, block 5, Connel road, Fred Dickinson. 100 acres, lot 115, do, Wm. R. Snow.

100 acres, lot 208, do Southampton, R. Doe. 100 acres, lot 208, do, do.

100 acres, lot 2, range 5, Greenlaw brook, Lud. Hawkins; improved by F. Hawkins, Esq.

100 acres, lot 4, range 5, Greenlaw brook; improved by Beverly Hawkins, Esq., and by Ichabod Grant, Esq.

100 acres, lot 3, range 1, Greenlaw brook, James Hawkins; improved by James Hawkins, Esq.

100 acres, lot 4, range 1, Greenlaw brook, Ab. Hawkins. 100 acres, lot 5, range 1, do, Joseph Hawkins.

JOHN McMILLAN, Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE, Feb. 5, 1862. THE right of Licence until first May, 1862, for Timber Berths in the