

He wished to know whether Ministers considered that the Colony was exposed to danger or not. Welles believed the decision recently arrived at by the Canadian Parliament, in reference to Militia, did not represent feeling of Canadian people.

Lacy Evans did not think there was any immediate danger of invasion of Canada. The Northern States had no means whatever of undertaking such project; if the population of Canada was true to itself, it could preserve its independence without assistance of British troops.

Roebuck said Canadian people had been induced to believe that maintenance of their independence was of great importance to England. We ought to show them that we did not care one farthing about their adherence to England.

Sir Cornwall Lewis thought that looking to the position of contest between North and South, and to the manner in which the affair of the Trent was treated by the American Government, there was no immediate probability of rupture of pacific relations between England and America.

The invasion of Canada meant war with England, and in that event the United States must look forward to interference of blockade of Southern ports. Nothing at present seemed more likely than that the United States should voluntarily originate war with England. He admitted that the Canadians had not made the efforts they ought to for strengthening the militia, but he did not think that was any ground for sending out reinforcements. With regard to our future relations with Canada, he looked forward without apprehension or regret to the period when she might become an independent State, but he hoped England did not intend to cast Canada loose, or send her adrift before she had acquired sufficient strength to assist her own independence.

D'Iserli thought England in her dealings with her Colonies must trust to the spirit and good sense of the inhabitants, and to the character, talents and resources of the Governors placed over them. He protested against discussing Canadian policy in British Commons: it was more respectful to people of Canada, that we should assume that the vote of her Parliament represented the opinion of the Colony. He thought a great error had been committed by her Majesty's Government in sending eight thousand troops to Canada, inasmuch as it damped the ardor of the Canadians, and led to the unfortunate state of affairs which since prevailed.

Palmerston regretted that a strong feeling upon a local question in Canada had resulted in the refusal of the Canadians to make due provision for their defence in case of invasion.

At the same time he did not concur with D'Iserli that the result was produced by the steps which Government took last year to reinforce the regular troops in the Colony. Looking at the state of North America at that time the despatch of additional troops was simply an act of precaution, and ought to have stimulated all the troops she can to Canada, and it rests with the Canadians to make all further provision requisite to protect the Colonies from invasion. The subject then dropped.

The *Daily News* says it will be a fortunate thing if England does not add Canada as well as the rest of North America to the list of her enemies. It strongly denounces the course of the Times to bring about such results.

UNITED STATES.

No very important movements have been made during the last week, although it is judged that another battle will be fought at Richmond before many days. It seems to be the opinion of those well acquainted and capable of judging, that McClellan's position is a very bad one, and that unless he is speedily reinforced with large numbers, he must give way before the force of the enemy. It is stated that his army is not only reduced in numbers, but physically, the amount of suffering endured by them must be great. Should another repulse be given to McClellan's army, it is not improbable that Washington itself might be in danger. It is reported that some of the rebel leaders have advised advances upon the Northern territories by different routes. The 300,000 men called for by the President are not forthcoming. A call for another 300,000 has been made, to be raised by conscription. This will, we are confident, render the war unpopular in the North. A private letter received from New Orleans, dated the 24th ult., says that no yellow fever existed there at that time.

The probability is that a few days will give another terrific struggle, deciding perhaps the issues at stake. It is to be ardently desired that on whatever side victory may turn, something will occur to stop the destruction of life and property, and prevent the increase of those multiplied bereavements, sorrows, and heart breakings which have already filled the nation, both North and South. From late New York papers we select:—

A despatch from Gen. Pope's army reports that the rebels were said to be in force near Orange Court House, Va., and that from there to Stauntonville Gen. Ewell is stationed, with from 20,000 to 30,000 men. Gen. Pope on Tuesday left Washington to join his command.

A recent arrival from Richmond, at the headquarters of Gen. McClellan, furnishes reliable particulars concerning the enormous preparations the rebels are making for the defence of their capital.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 29.—Col. Guitard, of the 9th Missouri regiment, reinforced by Lieut. Col. Shaffer and Major Clapper of Morrill's Horse, and Major Caldwell of the 3d Iowa cavalry, 650 strong, were attacked at Moore's Mills, seven miles east of Fulton, yesterday, by Porter and Cobb, 900 strong, and after fighting till after 4 o'clock, p. m., the rebels were completely routed with a loss of from 75 to 100 killed and wounded, and one taken prisoner. Col. Guitard reports a loss of 45 killed and wounded. He captured guns, ammunition, baggage, &c., in profusion. The officers and men behaved splendidly.

A despatch from Louisville, Ky., of Tuesday, says: The rebel clergyman, Revs. Elliot, Ford and Baldwin, of Nashville, sent by Andy Johnson to Gen. Boyle, arrived here this evening, and were committed to jail. They will be sent to the Indiana Penitentiary tomorrow. Rev. Dr. Brooks, of St. Louis, and Rev. Dr. Hoyt, of Louisville, were arrested on Saturday at Jones' station, Ohio, at the house of a noted secession sympathiser.

The funeral of Ex-President Van Buren was attended at Kinderhook on Monday by a large concourse of people, among whom were many distinguished persons from Albany and other places.

BANGOR, August 6. Four thousand Federal sick and wounded have been received from Richmond since the late battles. It is believed that Burnside has reached his new field of operations and will soon be heard from.

Measures have been taken by the War Department to keep its counsels safe from spies or others, through whom the enemy might be advised.

A large force of infantry, artillery and cavalry left McClellan's camp on Monday night for Malvern Hill. Gen. Tyler's brigade of Western troops have gained the summit of the mountain.

One thousand Guerrillas under Porter attacked Newark, Missouri, compelling the capitulation of a small body of State Militia, after a severe fight, carrying off arms and camp equipment.

Another Guerrilla gang took possession of Alexandria, Mo., seizing arms, &c.

Guerrillas reported to have taken Brownsville, Tenn., destroying 3,000 bales of cotton.

Four gunboats shelled a battery on Acquechee River, Georgia.

A Confederate despatch says their cavalry captured a Union garrison of 65 men in Western Virginia.

The Confederates are reported to be concentrating at Gordonsville, with the intention of attacking Pope. The New York Commercial says a scout expedition of one small steamer and picked men will be heard from shortly.

A New York Times despatch says Washington is full of stories about movements either progressing or impending in McClellan's army.

Superfine flour \$4.90 @ 5.10. Extra 5.25 @ 5.40.

BANGOR, August 7.

McClellan has assumed the offensive. Successful reconnaissance was made on Tuesday by Gen. Hooker to Malvern Hill, distant 10 miles. Two Virginia regiments, posted behind earthworks, were driven out and fled towards Richmond, losing a hundred prisoners.

Col. Averill routed a Virginia regiment at White Oak Swamp bridge, capturing twenty-eight.

Gen. Pleasanton followed the retreat to near New Market, ten miles from Richmond, meeting two Confederate Brigades and falling back with 30 prisoners. Reconnoitering force went into camp at Malvern Hill.

Memphis Bulletin reports a fight near there on Sunday, between four thousand Federals, and Confederates under Jeff. Thompson. The latter were repulsed with great loss.

Great War meeting in Washington yesterday. Most vigorous and stringent measures recommended. The steamship *Golden Gate* from San Francisco, July 21st, for Panama, with 230 passengers, \$1,100,000 for New York, and \$300,000 for England, was burnt off Manzanilla July 27. About 200 lives were lost. The specie will probably be saved. Half the treasure was insured in London.

The Confederates are reported to be in large force at Gordonsville and Stauntonville. The programme is to whip Pope, and then McClellan.

The Federals are evacuating Corinth, and all points south of the Tennessee River. They will be able to hold the north side until the arrival of new levies.

All was quiet at Malvern Hill on Wednesday. Contrabands reported the Confederates moving from Richmond to retake it.

Sigel's advanced corps in the Shenandoah Valley is subsisting entirely on the enemy.

DOMESTIC.

COMMENDABLE.—We learn by a notice in the *Globe* that the Directors of the St. John Protestant Orphan Asylum have refused the proceeds of a Theatrical performance by the Garrison Amateurs. This is highly commendable. Benevolent and religious institutions, should not countenance and encourage Theatricals, Balls, and other demoralizing amusements, by receiving their proceeds as contributions to their funds.—*Rel. Intelligencer*.

Why not go a step further and condemn Sunday School Pic-Nics, because of some of the occurrences that take place at them, and Bazaars for Church purposes, where goods are often sold at 400 per cent. above their real value, and young girls with pockets full of money, "can't make change, Sir."

We clip the above from the *Globe*. We certainly do think that in the usual mode of conducting pic-nics, bazaars, &c., there is much for which religion ought not to be responsible, and which is directly opposed to religious decorum, and injurious to Christian principle. Christians who condemn theatres, balls, and similar entertainments as immoral and wicked, do certainly show themselves consistent by refusing to accept the proceeds of such entertainments for the support of Christian and charitable institutions. Having expressed our opinion on this subject in the paragraph above copied by the *Globe*, we refer to it again only in reply to the *Globe's* rejoinder, and not to intrude any "Pharisaical" notions, as they may be termed, upon our readers.

ENGLAND AND HER COLONIES.—From an article in the *Globe* of Tuesday, we make the following extract: The Home Government called upon the Cape of Good Hope people to contribute \$50,000 out of the Colonial Treasury to defray in part the expense of a military force, kept there to hold the natives in subjection. The House of Assembly voted the money; the Legislative Council refused it; and the result was a despatch from the Duke of Newcastle, in which the Duke hopes that the Council will reconsider its decision and concur with the House of Assembly in voting £10,000 for 1861, and a like sum for 1862. But he goes on to say that "should this hope be disappointed, her Majesty's Government will have no alternative but to infer that the colonists see no occasion for the assistance of the Queen's forces in their defence, and they must be prepared to find measures adopted for withdrawing a suitable portion of the troops where their maintenance is not thought worth any co-operation on the part of Colonial authorities." We presume it is only a question of time with us,—a few years, ere, under some pretext or another, we will be called upon to contribute a larger or smaller sum for the support of Imperial troops.

FESTIVAL.—A great Tea Festival in aid of the funds of the Wesleyan Church, Fredericton, is to be held in Judge Wilnot's garden on Wednesday next. Arrangements, we understand, will be made for a large display in the evening. The Union line of steamers are engaged to bring passengers from St. John to the Festival, and carry them back for \$1. Parties can return by any boat any day during the week. A large number of persons will no doubt be in attendance.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A soldier in Fredericton, of the 15th Regiment, while carrying a couple pails of water on Tuesday last, suddenly fell down and immediately expired. Supposed to be by disease of the heart.

There has been a sad accident on the Albion Mines Railway, at Pictou, N. S., resulting in the death of three ladies, and the serious injury of several other persons. The *Eastern Chronicle* says:—

The afternoon train coming from the Mines to the Loading Ground had on board about fifteen passengers, seven of whom were ladies. When within about two miles of the wharf, it came in collision with another train coming up, when the passenger car was completely smashed. All the male passengers, with the exception of Mr. Kenneth Matheson, mer chant, of Pictou, jumped from the car before the collision. Two of the ladies, Miss Ross, of East River, and Miss McDonald, of Merigonish, were informed, were killed almost instantly, and Mrs. Smith, of Truro, died in a short time after she was extricated from the wreck. The other ladies, though somewhat seriously injured, are, we are happy to learn, in a fair way of recovery. Mr. Matheson, we understand, is also much injured, but there are no fears of any very serious consequences.

The coroner's inquest on the bodies of the persons who were killed at Pictou a few days ago, by the railway accident, throw the blame in one case on Patrick Doyle, the engineer, who was in charge of the engine with the passenger car attached; and in the second case they blame McKenzie, a conductor, for incompetency, and Kerr, an engineer, for neglect of duty. They also state that the signals

used are unsuitable, attended with danger, and should be discontinued. Blame is attached to the officers of the Association by the jury, for not exercising greater vigilance over their subordinates. The jury in each case say that the deaths was caused by the collision of the engines upon the railroad.

The *Globe* of last evening contains a notice of the death of A. K. Snoddes Woodmore, Esquire, of Woodstock, on Wednesday night.

The *News* says the potato blight has made its appearance in different parts of King's County, and seems to be extending.

The steamer New Brunswick sailed from Boston on Saturday for Fortress Monroe.

E. AND N. A. RAILWAY.—The following are the receipts for the month ending July 31, with those of the corresponding month last year:—

	July, 1861.	July, 1861.
Passengers,	\$7,095.32	\$5,425.31
Freight,	4,765.33	5,112.90
Mails and Sundries,	292.52	1,032.03
Totals,	\$12,153.17	\$11,570.24

There has been quite a decline in Provincial securities in London. Canada 6 per cent. is quoted at 103 to 107; Nova Scotia 100 to 102; and New Brunswick the same. No business doing in Nova Scotia, but in New Brunswick there were some transactions at 101.

FAST LIFE AND SWIFT DECAY.—The only Counter-check.—The times in which we live seem with wonders. Nothing seems impossible; for the impossibilities of one year become the commonplace events of the next. Lightning presses, instantaneous communication between the most distant points, and innumerable inventions for compressing vast amounts of business into small spaces of time, and for curtailing the processes of production and manufacture, are among the marvels of this marvellous era. Under such circumstances we may truly be said to live a "fast life."

But whether the whirl and rush by which we are borne along is really conducive to our happiness is another question.

Certain it is that the average duration of human life is decreasing in the midst of this excitement. The modern phases of disease seem to puzzle and baffle the faculty, and with two remarkable exceptions, viz. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, no medicines appear to make the desired impression upon internal or external disorders. These two celebrated remedies are said, however, to be accomplished in the most wonderful cures throughout the length and breadth of our land. Liver complaint and diseases of the stomach and bowels, which in a majority of cases are produced by over-exertion and over-excitement in business, yield to the Pills when all the resources of the druggist and apothecary have failed, and eruptive and scrofulous complaints seem to be equally under the control of the ointment. We congratulate Doctor HOLLOWAY on the signal success of his great medicines in this country. From what we know of the man, we have no doubt that the profits derived from this success will afford him far less satisfaction than the knowledge of the good his remedies have effected.—*N. Y. American*.

BRONCHIAL COMPLAINTS, &c.—Rev. D. P. Livermore, Editor of the Chicago New Covenant, says of Brown's Bronchial Troches: "We have frequently had occasion to test the efficacy of Brown's Bronchial Troches, and have invariably found them to answer the purpose for which they are recommended.—From our own personal experience and observation, we know them to be a superior remedy for colds, coughs, and bronchial complaints."

BUSINESS NOTICES.

We have never received the money sent for O. J.'s paper. The party to whom it was given has said nothing to us about it.

REV. J. WALLACE has kindly consented to act as agent for the *Intelligencer*. Subscribers who may find it convenient to pay to him are requested to do so.

CENTRAL MONEY.—Central Bank Bills will not be taken any more at the face in payment for this paper.

Our Agents and Subscribers in Nova Scotia, who are in the habit of remitting United States Bank Bills, will please take notice that such notes are at present subject to a discount of from 20 to 30 per cent.

PARTICULAR REQUEST.

The present time is one in which we are in pressing need of money. If our friends can aid us by getting new subscribers or obtaining renewals, they will confer a great favor. Some of our Agents have money for us in their hands, or to collect. We particularly request that they would forward what they can, at once. We are bearing the entire burden of the *Intelligencer* alone, both financially and editorially. Our responsibility in either respect, singly, is not small; both together we feel that we need the sympathy and substantial aid of friends. If it were not that we know God has called us to the work, and that we are in the path of duty, we should have abandoned it long ago.

Receipts for the "Religious Intelligencer" to Aug. 8. Subscribers will please see that their money is correctly acknowledged. The whole number of the paper to which they pay, follows the amount paid.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—D. P. Harris, \$1, 483; John Seely, 75c, 443; Linnaeus Messereaux, 1.29, 483; Richard Webb, 50c, 493; W. D. Hart, 1.48; Isaac Turner, 1.48.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Bile and Bowel complaints are speedily cured by a steady perseverance with these medicines. In Fever and Ague, the efficacy of this remedy is almost beyond belief; it is resorted to as soon as the disease is suspected from recurring chills and flushes, biliousness, loss of appetite, furred tongue and dry skin. Sold everywhere. 150.

MARRIAGES.

On Tuesday last, by the Rev. Mr. Harrison, Francis Clementson, Esq., to Calista A. Langan, all of the city of St. John.

On Saturday last, by the Rev. Mr. Harrison, Mr. Ezekiel S. Wiggins, of Mariposa, Canada West, to Miss Susan A. Wiggins, of Waterborough, in the County of Queens.

On the 5th inst., by the Rev. William Donohue, Mr. William Morrison, Merchant, to Mary, second daughter of Charles Robertson, Esq., Ross Shire, North Britain.

At Moncton, on the 20th ult., by the Rev. G. M. Harrett, Alexander McBean, Esq., to Bessie, daughter of Captain W. D. Faulke.

DEATHS.

On the 1st inst. Clementina, wife of Mr. James Wales, in the 49th year of her age, a native of Glasgow, Scotland.

On Tuesday, after a short illness, Sarah, wife of Mr. John Scott Gerrick, in the 35th year of her age.

On the 5th instant, Mr. Michael Toole, aged 40 years. On Wednesday morning, after a lingering illness, Ellen, aged 27 years, wife of Henry T. Godsoe, and eldest daughter of the late William Sullivan.

At Fredericton, 3d instant, Alvin Anthony, infant son of Edward C. and Jane Freeze, aged 6 months and 11 days. This lovely bud, so young and fair, Just came to show how sweet a flower, In Paradise may bloom.

At Mill Branch, Weldford Parish, Kent, of diphtheria, on the 25th ult., Margaret Ann Irving, in the 25th year of her age.

CORN MEAL.—250 bbls fresh ground Yellow Kid-dried Corn Meal. For sale by JACOB D. UNDERHILL July 2.—w

INTERNATIONAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—Two Trips a week.—SPECIAL NOTICE.—Change of Time.—The U. S. Government having taken the steamer N. B. for transportation of troops, the steamer "New England" will make two trips a week for Portland, connecting with Railway, for both passengers and freight, at former prices. She will leave St. John every Monday and Thursday, at 8 o'clock, and returning will leave Portland Tuesday and Friday evenings. Passengers from Boston will take the 7.30 a. m. train from Boston, until further notice.

W. ANSLY, Agent. Office, 9 Prince William street. August 4.—wpi

Earthquake.—All kinds of Earthenware at 42 King Square. Dinner Sets in great variety, at 42 King Square. Tea Sets in great variety, at 42 King Square. Gilt Stone Ware, Dining and Tea Sets, at 42 King Square.

Just received per latest arrivals, a large and well selected stock of the above named Goods, comprising the latest styles and newest patterns, which will be sold at prices to suit the times. Remember—42 King Square. THOS. CLERKE, 42 King Square.

FLOUR.—Landing ex schr. Jane, 500 bbls Napier Flour. For sale by HALL & FAIRWEATHER. PORTO RICO SUGAR.—20 hbls bright Porto Rico Sugar. For sale by HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

FLOUR.—Landing ex schr. Venus, from New York, 354 bbls, extra State Flour. For sale by JACOB D. UNDERHILL, 4 South Wharf.

Skirts.—Just received, 400 dozen Skeleton Skirts, consisting of a good assortment of Childs', Maids', and the Ladies' Waisty Shirt, now so much in repute, together with a stock on hand of 1000 dozen, including every make. Our assortment is complete. ENNIS & GARDNER, 85 King street.

English Medicines.—Just received from London—English and Foreign Medicines, &c.; Chemicals which may be relied on as being of the best description. Also, Fresh Herbs and Candy Scent, select Perfumery, Pomades, Fancy Soaps, and articles for the toilet. For sale by C. P. CLARKE, Druggist, 85 King street.

American Medicines.—Lately received, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup; Brown's Bronchial Troches; Ayer's Sore Throat Remedy; Wilbur's Cod Liver Oil and Lime. For sale by C. P. CLARKE, 85 King street.

E. & N. A. RAILWAY.—The Tuesday Evening through Train discontinued.—In consequence of the change made in the running of the Boston steamers, the 2 p. m. train will be the through train on Tuesdays, as on other days, and the 5.30 train will run to Sussex only. To commence on Tuesday, 12th August.

R. JARDINE, Chairman. St. John, 6th August, 1862.

EXCURSION TO CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., to witness the great International Volunteer SHOOTING MATCH.—Tickets at \$5.00 each can be had at the Railway Station, which will be good to go from St. John by the 3 p. m. Train on SATURDAY, 9th August, and the steamer Westmorland, which connects at Shediac, for CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., at 2 p. m. of the same day, and return from there on the TUESDAY or FRIDAY following, thus affording those availing themselves of this trip an opportunity of witnessing the proceedings which are arranged to take place in Charlottetown on the 11th, 12th and 13th August.

Railway Commissioners' Office, St. John, N. B., 1st August, 1862.

NEW GOODS!—Bale of New Prints; New Prints. DAVIES & MARSHALL, 37 King-street.

3 Cases SKELETON SKIRTS, 100 dozen. DAVIES & MARSHALL, 37 King-street. Gent's Furnishing. BRACES, COLLARS, TIES and SCARFS, FRONTS, HOSIERY. DAVIES & MARSHALL, 37 King-street.

Remainder of our Summer Stock in Shawls, Mantles, Dress Goods, Parasols, Ribbons, Flowers, Bonnets, at greatly reduced prices. wi August 1.

FLOUR.—Landing ex *Urania*, from New York—250 bbls. Extra State Flour. For sale by JACOB D. UNDERHILL, 4 South-whf.

CRUSHED SUGAR.—Landing ex schr. Emily, from New York: 12 bbls. Crushed Sugar. For sale by JACOB D. UNDERHILL, 4 South-whf.

PRINTS, GREY COTTONS, &c.—For John S. Dewolfe, 2 bales Grey Cottons; 1 bale Prints; 1 case Curtain Trim-mings. Per Mr. S. Asia, 3 bales Prints; 1 case Curtain Trim-mings. HORSFALL & SHERATON, 70 King-street.

HAIRSELL'S PATENT ALL GLASS PRESERVE JARS. PRICE REDUCED! THE Jars and Covers being composed wholly of Glass, present to the consideration of purchasers great advantages over all other Jars. They require no cement, and are tightened in a moment by a slight turn of the cover. They present a surface of glass on all sides. No matter how much acid the contents may contain, they acquire none of that poisonous metallic taste which physicians and others have made so serious an objection to the use of jars which need covers. Dealers and families desiring to preserve Fruit, Vegetables, &c., will find the HAIRSELL JAR admirably suited to the purpose. For sale by the subscriber at prices much lower than last year's prices.

Gas Globes.—1 hbl Glass Gas Globes. Sold low, wholesale or retail. J. F. SECORD, King square. August 6.—wpi

SHOP TO LET.—The Shop fronting on King square, No. 52, to let for one or more years, and possession given immediately. Also, the shop in the basement, fronting on King street, to let and possession as above. Enquire of (aug 6.—wpi) J. F. SECORD, King square.

WASHING MACHINES.—Just received at 90 Prince William street, Johnson's celebrated Washing Machines. For sale by Z. G. GABEL, 90 Prince William street.

McLEOD'S CHOLERA MEDICINE. THIS Medicine checks Vomiting, relieves Pains, stops Diarrhoea, and restores the bowels to a regular and healthy condition. It has never failed to perform a cure when used according to directions. Price 25 cents. Sold only by McLEOD, 26 Charlotte street.

Great Cough Remedy.—Just received, 34 gross Mrs. Jenison's Vegetable Pimento Syrup, for the speedy and certain cure of Coughs and Colds. J. F. SECORD, King square. August 7.—wpi

Paraffine Oil.—Just received, 5 bbls Paraffine Oil, of the best quality. Also, Lamps, Chimneys and Wick. For sale very low by J. F. SECORD, King square. August 6.—wpi

SIDING.—A quantity of Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Siding, very dry. For sale at lowest rates by M. T. BREWER, Britain street, 3d Wharf East of Boston Steamboat Landing.

SHINGLES.—150,000 Cedar Shingles, warranted a good lot. For sale very low by M. T. BREWER, Britain street, 3d Wharf East of Boston Steamboat Landing.

CLAPBOARDS.—All qualities of CLAPBOARDS of Messrs. Holt & Nugent's Manufacture, warranted first rate, and have been seasoned in a drying room. Also—Clapboards of all qualities of Mr. Sturgess and other manufacturers. For sale at very low rates, by M. T. BREWER, Britain street.

Aug. 1.—wpi 3d wharf East of Boston Steamboat Landing

1ST AUGUST, 1862.—LUMBER.—All Kinds of Seasoned Lumber for sale at unusually low prices. Persons buying from me have one of the largest and best assorted Stocks in the City from which to select. M. T. BREWER, Britain Street, 3d Wharf East of Steamboat Landing.

Aug. 1. 3rd Wharf East of Steamboat Landing.

NEW GOODS!—Via Halifax, ex steamer Europa: One cask containing Hair Pins in variety; Steel, Brass, and plated Trimbles; Netting Pins; Plated Forks and Spoons; Steel Brushes; Silver Brushes; Belt Clips; Steel Pens, a superior article; Stuck and Pound Pins; Maslin Kettles; Siew Pans; Fine Brass and Steel Wires; Tooth and Hair Brushes.

Also, a large lot of Hair Brushes and Combs on hand. For sale to the trade very low. F. A. COSGROVE, July 23.—wpi

EXTRA FLOUR.—Landing ex Alice T., from New York: 400 bbls Choice Extra Flour. For sale by J. W. HAMILTON, July 25. No. 9, South Wharf, cor. Ward-street.

LANDING ex Linnet, from Halifax—10 casks Bright P. R. SUGAR. For sale low by J. W. HAMILTON, July 25. No. 9, South Wharf, cor. Ward-street.

FLOUR.—Landing ex A. Hastings, from New York, 200 bbls Napier Flour; 50 do superior Family Flour. For sale by JACOB D. UNDERHILL, 4 South Wharf. July 23.—wpi

CORN MEAL.—The subscribers are manufacturing at J. Moll's Mill KILN DRIED CORN MEAL, from new Yellow Corn, a very superior article. Will be delivered in lots of 10 bbls and upwards from the mill waggons, at any part of the city, free of expense. July 23.—wpi HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF CLOTHING!

AT GRANITE HALL, 10 MARKET SQUARE.

THE public are hereby informed that, in order to make room for a large Fall Stock, the balance of Clothing on hand will be sold at greatly reduced prices. July 20.—wpi THOS. R. JONES.

FLOUR.—To arrive per schrs Alice T., Seaport, Persia, Martha Jane, and Dwina, from New York: 4,000 bbls Extra State and Extra Western Flour; 100 barrels Mess Pork. For sale by HALL & FAIRWEATHER. July 23.—wpi

FLOUR AND PORK.—145 bbls Plank Road Mills; 55 bbls Valley Genesee; 15 do extra Family FLOUR; 20 do prime Pork, for ships' stores. Landing ex brig N. Stowers from New York. For sale low by J. W. HAMILTON, July 16.—wpi 9 South Wharf, corner Ward street.

FLOUR.—In store, 3,500 bbls Extra State and Extra Western Flour. For sale by HALL & FAIRWEATHER. Room Paper.—A fresh arrival of English Room Paper, per ship Ellen from Liverpool. 5,000 pieces, all new patterns, very cheap, beginning at 5 cents per piece. ENNIS & GARDNER, 85 King street. July 30.—wpi

NOTICE.—All persons having any legal demands against the estate of the late William Lawson, of Greenwich, K. C., are hereby requested to hand in their accounts, duly attested, within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to ABRAHAM M. MABEE, Executor, MARGARET E. MABEE, Executrix. Greenwich, K. C., July 10th, 1862.—3m