Gerety. Chief Justice was of opinion men ought to committed for piracy with view of being given up to Federal Government. The two other Judges were of contrary opinion—they did not consider it was a case which came within act and treaty, and that prisoners were entitled to discharge. Prisoners were consequently discharged.

Daily News, in editorial on City of Washington's advices, think North has at last found a General. It says Grant possesses military skill and moral power which have hitherto been unknown on Federal side; even the brilliancy of Lee's achievements does not surpass masterly skill with which Grant has arranged combined movement of troops from frontier of Georgia to Banks of Potomac; the crussing vigor which has directed his blows in field, and dogged tenacity which refuses to admit necessity of retreat or possibility of disaster. In short, Grant has fixed his teeth in adversary; with sleepless tenacity he clings to him; nor have all efforts of Southern skill, and all desperate courage of Southern chivalry, been able to shake off the sturdy Northerner or even make him relax his hold. Times dwells on increasing difficulties and dangers incurred by Grant the further he advances, while Lee falls back on his resources. Times adds, however war may go on in Virginia, it is pretty clear hold of Federals is loosening in south west, and that even their great resources are insufficient for permanent occupation of territory so vast.

France.—The Europe of Frankfort says, information relative to Conference, accuracy of which we can guarantee, announces that representatives of the Powers have now to choose between a threatening to overstep the limits of Duchies, and the adoption of a system for giving satisfaction to Danes and Germans alike. This system would be the constituting the Holstein and German portion of Schleswig into a single State; people to decide by universal suffrage upon interior government they would prefer; remainder of Schleswig would be united to Danish monarchy. The Duchy of Lauenburg was demanding a separation from Denmark equally with Schleswig and Holstein. Asserted that more warlike tone prevails at Copenhagen, and that Government resolved to recall plenipotentiary if Germans did not modify demand.

London Money Market.—Funds firm; Money easy; supply abundant. Bank rate on the 26th reduced from 8 to 7.

Salterwaithe's circular says accounts of operations of Federal armies caused some little enquiry for both Government and Railway stocks, but without leading to much actual business. Erie and Illinois both quoted at 1 @ 2 improvement.

Purchase money paid by Government for Laird's rams reported at £25,000 sterling.

Latest via Liverpool.—*Times* remarks that Grant is following military tactics of Napoleon, which promises certain results, as the product of so many thousand lives; but Napoleon always aimed at a vital point, whereas Confederates or Confederate cause has no one vital point. Capture of Richmond will never bring the North one step nearer to restoration of Union or conquest of South. If Grant ever reaches Richmond he may find that Lee has exacted utmost obtainable price in blood, and will leave position in his hand with no greater value than attached to Wilderness after fighting was over:

Advantages of ground, position, and intelligence are with the Confederates, and Washington has been nearer capture more than once than Richmond is now. If Lee can make Grant pay current rates for every mile of ground, it may questioned whether resources and endurance of Federals will prove as inexhaustibl as the obstinacy of their general.

United States bonds could be readily taken at 56.

London, Sunday morning, via Queenstown.—Advices by overland mail mention that the Taepings were gradually losing the districts which they originally acquired, although there was still a force about 40,000 men in the field. At Japan the Tycoon and Mecado were on good terms.

Breadstuffs dull; cotton quiet. Consols 91¼.

UNITED STATES.

The war news continues still to occupy a large space in the United States papers; and if we are to suppose that their correspondents judge righteously we may regard our federal friends as on the fair way to victory.

Whilst there are many battles chronicled as having occurred in the more distant localities, the chief interest is concentrated in the operations of the armies commanded respectively by Lee and Grant. Various minor engagements continue almost daily between detached portions of these forces, and on Wednesday last a contest upon a large scale took place at Coal Harbour. The *Herald* correspondent gives the fol lowing details:—[*Presbyterian.*]

New York, 5th.—He says our line of battle extended full ten miles. Hancock's line was on the Mechanicsville road in the rifle pits taken from the enemy two days before. Burnside's corps was next on high ground. Warren was thrown a little forward, protected by double and triple lines of most formidable filled breastworks. Wright's corps was marched to the left with two divisions of Sheridan's calvary in front and flank.

An attempt was made with rebel infantry early in the day to drive our cavalry from Coal Harbour, but resulted in their repulse, killing and wounding a large number, and the loss of between 200 and 300 prisoners.

The rebels were reinforced for another attack, but night coming on enabled us to hold the place and take more prisoners.

Wright followed up his success and brought on an engagement, which lasted till an hour after dark. At that time we carried the rebel line of rifle pits and drove the enemy to the Chickahominy river.

The enemy then made furious assaults late in the evening upon our right and centre. They marched in three lines upon Warren, determined to pierce his centre and throw his line into confusion. Attempt after attempt was made and the men hurled to certain destruction. The battle raged full three hours in front of this corps.

Our losses were only a little to what the enemy sustained.

The attack on Hancock was nearly simultaneous. He not only repulsed the enemy, but pushed them back so far that he was drawn into a bad position, and compelled to make a hasty retreat, and resume the ground he occupied at the outset.

The object of Hancock's advance, however, was apparently a ruse; as he was immediately ordered to change his position, and move his corps from the right to the extreme left.

Another correspondent with the 18th army corps says of the fight at Coal Harbour:

The enemy were in heavy force between Coal Harbour and Gaines' Mills, strongly entrenched on the edge of a dense wood. They had rifle pits and earthworks thrown up at half-past four and the troops were in thick line of battle at five, when skirmishing commenced. A battery of 20 pounders opened fire on the rebels. At half-past five an order was received for both the 6th and 7th corps to charge the rebel works in front.

Brooks and Deven's divisions pushed through the woods and poured like a tornado over the open field.

The rebels opened with grape and canister, and a heavy musketry fire, and the first line was badly cut up. The second mingled with it, and almost immediately after a wild inspiring cheer rang out above every other sound, and the rebels were driven pell mell from their works, and through the woods.

The rebels were rallied behind their reserves and attempted to recapture their lost position. They rushed forward, were met with so close and murderous a fire of artillery and musketry, that they broke and fled in confusion.

Again and again they rallied to the charge, but only returned to greater slaughter.

The same correspondent says 510 rebel soldiers belonging to the 16th and 48th Georgia volunteers, came into our lines at daybreak on the 2d. They say they are tired of fighting, and don't want any more of it. They advised our men to go in and fight it out, as this was the last fight for Richmond, and we could take it this time. They represent the rebel army as becoming each day more and more demoralized with constant reverses.

A despatch of Gen. Grant's headquarters dated at half past 8 o'clock last night has been received.

It states that about 7 p. m. yesterday (Friday 3d of June) the enemy suddenly attacked Smith's brigade of Gibeon's division. The battle lasted with great fury for half an hour. The attack was unwaveringly repulsed. Smith's losses were inconsiderable.

At 6 p. m. Wilson, with cavalry, fell upon the rear of Hetty's division, which Lee had thrown around to his left, apparently with the intention of enveloping Burnside. After a short but sharp conflict Wilson drove them from their rifle pits in confusion. He took a few prisoners. He had previously fought and routed Gordon's brigdade of rebel cavalry.

During these fights he lost several of officers—among them Col. Preston, 1st Vermont cavalry, killed; Col. Benjamin, 8th New York cavalry, seriously wounded.

Gen. Stanward, serving in the 18th corps was severely wounded Friday.

Our entire loss in killed, wounded and missing during the three days' operations around Coal Harbor will not exceed according to the Adjutant General's report 7500.

This morning (Saturday, June 4th,) the enemy's left wing, in front of Burnside, was found to have been drawn in during the night.

Col. Cessnola, in command of 5000 men, arrived yesterday, having marched from Port Royal.

Telegraphic communication between Cherry Stone and Fortress Monroe continues interrupted.

A despatch from Gen. Sherman dated yesterday, June 4th, 8 p. m., 13 miles west of Marietta, reports that our left was well around, covering all the roads from the South to the railroads about Ackworth.

His cavalry has been in Ackworth and occupies in force all the Atloona Passes.

No other intelligence has been received by this department. (Signed) E. M. Stanton,
Secretary of War.

Philadelphia, 4th.—The *Inquirer* has the following special despatch from its Washington correspondent.

I have just conversed with an officer who left White House yesterday (Friday) at 4 p. m. He says that our army had crossed the Chickahominy at Mechanicsville successfully.

We have been driving the rebels before us ever since Wednesday and have inflicted very severe losses upon them. Some few have got through to the works on the northeast side of Richmond, but Gen. Grant has succeeded in carrying out the splendid plan of driving the main body down to the swamps, where he is confident of destroying their whole army. The seige of Richmond will then be commenced probably, and Gen. Grant will use both the York and James rivers and have Butler to co-operate. The resistance of the rebels is growing weaker at every point at which they are attacked. Our army is in excellent condition and good spirits.

New York, 5th.—A mass meeting was held last evening in Union Square, to do honor to Leut. Gen. Grant and his brave soldiers. The greatest enthusiasm and unanimity prevailed. Speeches were made by James T. Brady, Ex-Mayor Opdyke, Hon. Chas. P. Daly, Gen. Meagher and others.

Bangor, June 8.

Official from Grant to 9 o'clock on Tuesday morning, reports assault made on Burnside at midnight and repulsed.

Monday afternoon a hundred picked men made rush to ascertain meaning of Hancock's advancing to siege lines; 9 captured, rest killed or driven back.

Grant had correspondence with Lee respecting collecting dead and wounded between armies. Grant, inclosing letter, regrets all his efforts for alleviating sufferings of wounded left on battle field, rendered nugatory.

White House despatch of 6th says nothing but skirmishing occurred, except enemy's usual night attack to learn of any change of position.

Enemy lost 100 killed and 1,000 wounded in attack on 2nd corps on Saturday night, leaving them on field.

Army of Potomac despatch reports enemy attacked 2nd and part of 6th corps on Monday, enemy being repulsed with fearful loss.

Gold 92¾.

The Yankee loss since the advance from Chattanooga is put at 80,000 wounded, and fifteen thousand sick, missing and prisoners.

Lincoln re-nominated by acclamation, and Andy Johnson nominated for Vice-President.

Richmond *Sentinel* acknowledges the defeat and death of Gen. Jones in the action with Gen. Hunter, 12 miles beyond Staunton. The same paper of June 3d claims having foiled Grant the day previous in an attempt to open the road to Bottom Bridge; also claims successes over Sherman in Georgia, and says the movement of the Yankee army towards Etowaho is generally accepted as a relinquishment of the one to Atlanta.

[*Despatch to the Daily Morning Telegraph.*]

Bangor, June 8.

The Richmond *Sentinel* of June 3d acknowledges that the Federals gained a partial success over Breckenridge, but subsequently they recovered the ground, taking a thousand prisoners, and Yankee loss from ten to twelve thousand.

Grant's object, it says, was to open the road to Botton Bridge and connect with Butler, but he was signally defeated. It says "Yesterday was a happy day for us and a dark one for Grant. We have lost no ground on the right, and gained largely on the left; have taken two thousand prisoners, put *hors du combat* ten thousand Yankee soldiers and suffered very slight loss, thank God."

It also says that Gilman on Thursday night attacked Beauregard's works, and was repulsed.

The movement of the Yankee army towards Etowah was generally accepted as a relinquishment of the "On to Atlanta" movement. The Yankee loss since the advance from Chattanooga is estimated at thirty thousand wounded, and fifteen thousand sick, missing and prisoners.

Official despatch from Altanta says the Federals attacked Cleburne's division on the 27th, and were signally defeated, Confederate loss five hundred. The Federals left a hundred dead on the field. At night Cleburne attacked, taking two hundred prisoners without any loss.

The *Sentinel* also reports the arrival of eight hundred and fifty prisoners at Libby prison on Friday, all of which were repulsed with great slaughter, the Confederates escaping almost unharmed.

Atlanta despatches report that Johnston flanked the enemy's right, driving him beyond Dallas with heavy loss, the Federals being repulsed in every engagement.

The Richmond *Despatch* says, Senate resolved that the President be requested to make exposition through Commissioners abroad to various European Powers of violation of the rules of civilized warfare and the atrocities committed by the Federal Government and forces in prosecution of hostalities.

Grant sent a flag of truce proposing cessation of hostilities on a portion of the line for one hour or more to bury dead and care for wounded between the two lines. There was some delay in answering and some difficulty exists as to the point designated, and no agreement had been arrived at.

The N. Y. *Times* despatch says of the Confederate attack on Sunday night, that they made the assault just after dark in the front of Gen. Smith's brigade, advancing their line under cover of a dense mist, reaching within pistol shot before being discovered by the advance pickets. They were received with terrific fire in front and on both flanks: they retired after half an hour.

Reinforcements continually arriving; are more than enough to make good all losses.

President Lincoln sent a message to Congress, recommending the repeal of the three hundred dollar exemption clause, which prevents the army being kept up to its maximum strength.

Bangor, June 9th.

General Hunter's victory and occupation of Stanton confirmed; fighting was on Sunday.

Confederate force, supposed John Morgan's estimated at 2,500, entered East Kentucky four days ago, taking possession of Mount Sterling and Paris, destroying Railroad Bridge between Paris and Scynthiana part of force moving north on Kentucky Central Railroad.

Chinese authorities excluded pirate Alabama from their ports.

Baltimore Convention Resolution declares for suppression of rebellion by force of arms: no compromise possible except upon unconditional surrender; the utter extirpation of slavery from the soil, and amendment of Constitution to secure its full protection to soldiers without distinction of colour; favoring foreign immigration, Pacific Railroad; pledging national faith for re-payment of public debt and maintenance of Monroe doctrine.

Freemont accepts nomination of Cleveland Radical Convention.

Superfine Flour, $7.30 @ $7.40. Extra, $7.55 @ $7.75.

Gold 195½.

Times dessptach dating Monday, says, the direction and disposition of Federal lines were materially changed since Friday, at many places, particularly in front of the 6th and 8th corps. The Federal line was well fortified, but at other points subject to galling enfilading fire, against which it was almost impossible to fortify.

Detailed accounts by correspondents with Grant's arms show, that Federals are busily engaged digging and entrenching, and sharp shooting.

Both armies evidently hold positions of great strength, which will be probably overcome by some strategetic move not yet publicly developed.

Gunboat Water Witch captured by Confederates' boats in Ossabow Sound on 3rd inst., after a severe fight. An expedition was fitted out at Port Royal to capture or destroy her.

Flour 15 a 20 cents higher.

The steamer Berkshire was burned on Hudson river last night; forty persons supposed perished.

[*Special to the Daily Telegraph.*]

Bangor, June 9.

The *Herald's* correspondent says of Sherman's battle near Dallas on the 25th that the Confederates were entrenched behind breastworks, throwing out a cavalry squad as a decoy.

Gen. Geary's (Federal) division pressed after them just up to the enemy's works, and was staggered by a withering fire of grape, cannister, and musketry.

Butterfield's division swung round on the left, and Williams' fell into line of battle.

A general charge was made along the whole line, which was received with a shower of bullets.

The 20th corps was badly pressed, and fell back before the destructive fire.

The 4th corps then came up, but darkness had stopped the combat.

The victory at New Hope (Georgia) 27th was won by the hardest fighting with severe losses.

The *Herald's* correspondent says of Hunter's advance, that upon assuming command he gave orders for performing its part of Grant's combination, taking only so much as soldiers could carry on their backs. Remainder was sent to the rear. Its business was to march or fight.

One Bottle did it.—That is the expression of many who have had their grey hair restored to its natural color, and their bald spot covered with hair, after using one bottle Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Hair Dressing. It is not a dye, it can do no harm. Every one who has used these preparations speak loud in their praise. If you wish to restore your hair as in youth and retain it through life, without delay procure these preparations. All Druggists keep them.

Brown's Bronchial Troches, for Pulmonary and Asthmatic Disorders, have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, and have received testimonials from eminent men who have used them.

Those who are suffering from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, &c., should try "*The Troches*," a simple remedy which is in almost every case effectual.

Receipts for the "Religious Intelligencer" to June 10.

Subscribers will please see that their money is correctly acknowledged. The whole number of the paper to which they pay, follows the amount paid.

New Brunswick.—T. C. Atherton, $1.50, 579; D. L. Grant, 1.50, 579; A. Ingram, 1.50, 579; Geo. Clynick, 1.50, 579; W. Brown, 1.50, 579; J. N. Lenantine, 1.50, 579; A. D. Brooks, 1.50, 579; S. Fox, 1.50, 579; J. N. Grant, 1.50, 579; Geo. Brooks, 1.50, 579; S. Lenantine, 1.50, 579; Absalom Mason, 75c., 569; Rev. E. Siprel, 1.00, 497; Thos. Davis, 1.00, 550; Jesse Purdy, 1.50, 574; L. Spearin, 75c. 559; J. McAlpine, 50c., 557; S. Squires, 3.00, 612; A. Moffitt, 1.50, 584.

Nova Scotia.—Jas. Frost, 75c. 560.

Rev. W. Downey.—We have sent the books to your address, Salisbury.

ELDERS CONFERENCE.

The regular annual meeting of the Elders and Licentiates in connection with the Free Baptist General Conference of New Brunswick, will take place in the Free Baptist Church, Fredericton, on Friday the 1st day of July next, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m. A full attendance is requested. E. McLeod, Sec'y.

Fredericton, May 25th, 1864. 4i.

Carleton, St. John, Feb. 25, 1864.

I had been troubled with a distressing Congh for over six weeks, the attack of coughing was so severe as to leave me quite exhausted. After trying what I thought to be the best remedy, without benefit, I yielded to the advice of a friend, and used Graham's Pain Eradicator, and was effectually cured by using it a few times.

Isaac Sharp.

Price 25 Cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Patent Medicines.
jn ne 26 THOMAS GRAHAM.

Holloway's Ointment.—There are millions of minute orifices in the skin. Through these, as the Ointment melts under the hand, it is conveyed to the sources of inflammation. In this way it rapidly relieves asthma, croup, sore throat, rheumatism, and all eruptions and ulcers. Sold at the manufactories, No. 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and No. 244 Strand, London; and by all druggists.

☞ If the reader of this notice cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the Drug Store in his place, let him write to me, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 25 cents, 62½ cts, and $1 per pot or box.

MARRIAGES.

On the 2d inst., by the Rev. S. Robinson, Mr. George Frederick Bookhout, to Miss Sarah Jane, second daughter of the late John W. Roberts, all of this city.

On the 7th inst., by the Rev. M. Pickles, Charles Romans, Esq., Merchant, of Halifax, N. S., to Lottie C., fourth daughter of James Harris, Esq., of St. John, N. B. [No cards.]

On the 2d inst., by the Rev. A. McL. Stavely, Mr. John Kelly, to Mary Jane, daughter of Mr. James Dunbar, all of this city.

On the 2d inst., by the Rev. E. S. Woodman, Mr. Wm. D. Hamm, to Julia L., daughter of Mr. Thomas Hayter, all of Grand Bay.

In the Portland Baptist Church, on the 2d inst., by the Rev. E. C. Cady, A. M., Mr. Isaac M. Cowan of Portland, to Miss Malinda Armstrong, of Moncton.

On the 6th inst., by the same, Mr. Henry Boswell, to Miss Hannah M. Huston, both of Portland.

On the 11th ult., by the Rev. John Wallace, Mr. John S. Grigg, of Studholm, to Miss Mary C. Long, of Springfield.

At Halifax, on the 6th inst., by the Rev. G. M. Grant, A. M., R. Gross, M. D., of Sussex, N. B., to Mary, daughter of William Mein, Esq., of Glasgow, G. B.

At Norton, 26th inst., by the Rev. James Gray, A. M., Mr. Charles Reeves, to Miss Jane Ross.

DEATHS.

On the 3d inst., after a lingering illness, Mr. Wm. Dowling, aged 64 years.

On the 4th inst., of diphtheria, Herbert, aged 8 years, son of D. Hatfield, Harbor Master.

On the 6th inst., aged 6 years, John James Toland, son of Oliver and Margaret Toland.

Very suddenly, on the 7th inst., Mr. Wm. J. Estey, aged 48 years, leaving four children and a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

At Lancaster, 3d inst., James Howard, Esq., Merchant Tailor, aged 59 years.

At Stephen, on the 3d inst., Mr. Samuel Stewart.

At Sackville, May 8th, of conjestion of the brain, Charles Cahill, Esq., aged 62 years.

At Upper Woodstock, on the 17th ult., of diphtheria, Charles, aged 5 years; and on the 23d, Emma, aged 7 years, children of the late Hugh McLean.

On the 22d ult., of consumption, Martha Ann, wife of Mr. George Freeman, aged 22 years, youngest daughter of the late Edward Barret. Her end was peace.

At Kars, on the 17th ult., Rachel E., youngest daughter of Emily A. and Walter Cossebone, aged 1 year and 22 days.

At his residence, Liverpool, Eng., April 30, Capt. Andrew S. Sinclair, aged 40 years, formerly shipmaster of St. John, N. B.

At Harewood Hospital, Washington, D. C., on the 28th May, of wounds received in battle on the 12th, David Nickerson, Co. H. 22nd Mass. Vol., aged 32 years, son of Mr. Joseph Nickerson, of Hampstead, Queen's Co., N. B. He leaves a widow and two children to lament the loss of a christian husband and father.

The following, written from Fredericksburg, before being removed to Washington, was his last, and tells its own story:

May 20th, 1864.

Dear Wife—I will try and write a few lines to you as I lie here on my back, suffering all I can endure. It is hard work to write so that you can read it; but I thought you would rather see my own hand writing on the paper than any other. They all say I am getting along well. I have lost both my legs just above the knees, and am very weak; but by the blessing of God I hope to live through it. Pray for me, dear wife. Many kisses to the children, and much love to all. From your suffering husband,

At his residence, Lancaster, Ohio, on the 3d April, Joseph Wark, Esq. The deceased was born near Londonderry, Ireland, in February, 1794, and was therefore in his 71st year. He left Ireland in 1819, and went to Lancaster in 1820, where he remained during life. Mr. Wark connected himself with the Presbyterian Church in his native land in youth, and soon after reaching Lancaster became a member of that church in this city. For about 31 years he was a ruling elder in the Church. He was a brother to the Hon. David Wark, of Richibucto, N. B., and to the late Hon. John Wark, of Vancouver Island, British Columbia.

Flour, at very low prices!—The subscribers are receiving the undermentioned brands Extra State FLOUR, direct from the Millers, and offer them at prices under Auction rates. The quality is good:

Queen City Mills; Canaseraga do.; Genessee River do.

Also, in Store, and to arrive per schrs. Emma, Janet Kitson, and others, and for sale low:

Napier Mills Flour; Home do. do.; Reindeer do. do.; Bellefontaine do. do.; Pfennigs do. do.,

all standard brands, which, being fresh ground, are not liable to sour in warm weather.

Also—Family FLOUR—Plant's Mills, the best made in the U. S.; Imperial Mills; Ambrosial Mills, and other brands. Also—A small lot of low grade FLOUR, at prices under the cost of Corn Meal, suitable for feeding purposes.
june 10—wi HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

Olive Oil.—1 cask Olive or Sweet Oil, received per Eleanor, and for sale by P. R. INCHES,
june 10—wipv 80 Prince William Street.

New Carpets.—Received this day by steamer—Some Choice Patterns in CARPETS.
june 10—wip ENNIS & GARDNER.

Potatoes.—To arrive ex schr. Martha Ann, from St. Andrews—1200 Bush. excellent Potatoes, the growth of Carleton County. For sale by
june 10—wip JOS. S. TURNER, 22 and 24 Water St.

Mess Pork.—Ex steamer New Brunswick—20 Bbls. For sale low from warehouse, by
june 10—wip G. BENT.

10 Bags Sumach; 1 case Fine Annatto; 1 do. Refined Camphor; 1 can Buffalo Horn Hair Brushes; 1 cask Superior Lime Juice.
june 10—wvip FELLOWS & CO., Foster's Corner.

Bead Trimmings; Invisible Hair Nets; Men's Paper Collars, white and regatta; Shawls; Black Silks; Fancy Edged Ribbons; 4 cases and bale Men's Cloths; 1 case Table Cloths; 1 case Knitting Cotton—received this day, for sale low, wholesale and retail.
FERGUSON BROS.,
june 10—wpi 55 and 57 King-st.

New Goods!

Per Steamship "China."—7 Cases and Bales, containing—New Styles Dress Goods; BLACK SHAWLS, Silk trimmed; Parasols, Silk lined; Striped and Tucked SHIRTING; Ladies' Cambric and Linen COLLARS; Gents' Shirt Collars and Ties, in great variety; Curtain Reps and Damasks; New Carpetings, small patterns; One Bale Hearth Rugs.
june 10—wpvi HORSFALL & SHERATON.

London House, Market Square

Received per Royal Mail Steamer "China."—1 Case BLACK SILKS, same as last; 2 cases Black Broad Cloths; 1 case NEW SHAWLS, in variety; 1 case Braids and Bindings; 6 cases DeLAINES, French MERINOS; Lustres, Alpaccas, Coburgs, Linens, Hollands, &c.

☞ Further shipments expected per "New Lampedo."
june 10—wpvi DANIEL & BOYD.

Low-priced Collections of Beautiful Music for the Piano-forte.

The Home Circle, a collection of Marches and Piano Gems, 2 vols, each, bds., $2, cloth 2.25, cloth, full gilt, $3.00.

The Silver Chord, a collection of Songs, Ballads, Quartets, Duets, &c., with Piano accompaniment. Bds. $2.00, cloth, $2.25, cloth, full gilt $3.00.

The Shower of Pearls—a collection of Choice Vocal Duets, with Piano Accompaniment. Bds. $2, cloth 2.25, gilt 3.00.

Operatic Pearls—a collection of Songs, Duets, and Trios, comprising the Vocal Beauties of the best Operas, with Piano Accompaniment. Boards $2, cloth 2.25, gilt 3.00.

Parlor Companion—A collection of Songs, Duets, Marches, &c. Arranged for the Piano, $1.50.

Union Collection of Popular Duets, for Piano and Violin, by S. Winner, 50c.; Flute and Piano Duets, by S. Winner, 50c.; Julien's Farewell Album, 50c.; Julien's Music for the Million, 50c. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price.
OLIVER DITSON & CO.,
june 10 277 Washington St., Boston.

India Rubber Coats.—Received at the North American Clothing Store, King street, ex Eleanor from London: Para Twill'd India Rubber Coats; Black Reversible I. R. Coats, superior quality.
june 9.—vpiw R. HUNTER.

Stock Nearly Complete!—150 cases, casks, crates and other packages of Fancy and Staple Goods received and opened. Balance of summer stock to arrive per ocean steamers and ships New Lampedo and Lampedo.
F. A. COSGROVE,
june 9.—wpiv 48 Prince Wm. street.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

GRANITE HALL,

SPRING OF 1864.

New Importations!

IMMENSE STOCK OF SEASONABLE GOODS,

At Prices that will effect a Sale on Inspection,

CONSISTING OF

DRESS CLOTHING,
In all qualities;

BUSINESS CLOTHING,
In all qualities;

MECHANICS' CLOTHING,
In all qualities;

SEAMEN & FISHERMEN'S CLOTHING,
In all qualities.

The largest Stock of CLOTHS, Narrow and Broad, 6-4 Coatings, Scotch and English Tweeds, Vestings and Trimmings in New Brunswick, which will be made up under the supervision of a first-rate Mechanic, in a Style and at prices that will please the most fastidious.

ENGLISH MADE SOLID LEATHER PORTMANTEAUS and OVERLANDS;

The Celebrated!!!

MACINTOSH

WATERPROOF COATS,

In Cloth, Alpacca and Lama,

The only reliable Waterproof Garment in the Market.

AMERICAN AND ENGLISH

Rubber Clothing

Of every description.

FURNISHING GOODS of the very Best Material, consisting of

FINE WHITE AND REGATTA SHIRTS;

"The New Silk Outside Shirt,"

Very Cool and Comfortable in hot weather.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Silk, Gossamer, Alpacca, Merino and Cotton Under-Clothing, in Shirts, Drawers and Vests.

Half Hose in great variety; Stocks, Ties and HANDKERCHIEFS.

The "New Nautical" Lord Dundreary and "Sam" Scarf.

Braces; Black, White and Fancy Coloured Kid Gloves; Lisle and Cotton, do.; the whole embracing a magnificent assortment. ☞ Every article warranted to be what it is represented when sold OR THE MONEY RETURNED.

☞ Strangers and all others visiting the City will find at all times a superb assortment, and may at all times be sure of receiving the full amount of value for the amount paid.

THOMAS R. JONES.
june 8.—wpiv 10 Market Square.

NOTICE!

The First Annual Meeting of "The European and North American Railway Company for Extension from Saint John Westward," will be held at the Common Council Chamber, in the Court House, in the City of St. John, on Wednesday, the 15th day of June inst., at the hour of 3 o'clock, P. M., at which meeting the Directors of the said Company for the ensuing year will be elected, and such other business will be transacted as may legally come before the meeting. WM. PARKS, President.
C. N. Skinner, Secretary. june 2.

Foster's Corner.—Cheap Boots and Shoes for Summer.—The subscribers have for sale at their store in King street (Foster's Corner), a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, of English and American manufacture.

As some portion of the stock is a little out of the present fashion, but of a description suitable for summer wear and house use, we are selling it at less than cost price, in order that we may dispose of it during the summer months. Call and see! [june 8.—wpiv] S. K. & G. L. FOSTER.

Babbitt's Saleratus.—25 boxes Babbitt's Pure Saleratus, in 1 lb papers. Just received ex brig Hannah from New York. For sale by
june 8.—wpiv T. B. BARKER.

Painters' Benzole.—10 brls XXX Benzole, warranted in quality equal to any ever offered in this market. For sale by [june 8.—wpiv] T. B. BARKER.

Babbitt's Soap and Potash.—Just received ex schr George Parker from New York: 25 boxes Babbitt's Chemical Erasive Soap; 5 cases, 360 tins, Babbitt's Concentrated Potash. For sale by
june 8.—wpiv T. B. BARKER.

Oranges, Cheese, Onions.—Ex steamer New Brunswick: 50 boxes Oranges, in good order; 23 boxes new Cheese; 1 brl Bermuda Onions; 1700 lbs fresh Rhubarb; 259 Pine Apples; 300 Cocoa Nuts; 1 brl new Gooseberries; 5 boxes 10's Tobacco; 4 dozen Lettuce; 2 do new Onions; 2 doz bunches Radish. For sale by
june 8.—wipv JOSHUA S. TURNER.

To the Electors of Queen's.

Gentlemen—From the many invitations received from the different Parishes in the County, to offer as a Candidate for the Representation of QUEEN'S, consequent on the death of Mr. Gilbert, I have consented to be put in nomination.

As I cannot see you all before the day of Election, I avail myself of the Press, to give you my opinion of the Government, and claims to your support, as I think no Candidate is entitled to your votes, who does not openly declare to which of the two parties he belongs; for independent candidates when returned, invariably choose that side which is the strongest, as they can best serve their own end, thereby regardless of the interests of those to whom they owe their election.

No friend of Constitutional Government, and no advocate for Retrenchment, can defend the Government, in the increase of the Salaries of the Lieut.-Governor, Private Secretary and Solicitor-General, at the command of the Colonial Secretary, and without the sanction of the Legislature. This actalone should overthrow the Administration, as it has no precedent in the Political History of the Province. Far better that the money should be laid out on the Bye Roads and Schools, than in the increase of salaries already ample, if not too large, for the duties performed, and the means of the people.

I am sure the Electors of Queen's will not ask their Representatives to sustain an Administration whose Attorney-General (Johnston), in addition to the salary of $2,400 with fees, members pay, &c., took $200 for attendance at the late Railway trials, and who, with the other members of the Government, opposed the grant of $400 recommended by a Committee of the House, to the poor widow whose little boy was killed at Rothsay, through the carelessness of the Railway Officials, as proved by the verdict of the jury, the charge of the Judge, and the award of the Government to others who were injured on the occasion.

When a Government is composed of men who have no fixed principles or defined policy, and who have little or no confidence in each other, and whose only bond of union is the $2,400 a year, it has outlived its usefulness and been in power too long.

The press and the people are calling aloud for a change, may Queen's have the honor of striking the first blow.

Should you return me at the coming election, I shall seek nothing beyond *your* welfare and prosperity, for I shall regard your approval of my conduct, of more value than the gift of any office the Government can bestow.

I ask of you a trial, and remain,
Your obedient servant,
JOSEPH B. PERKINS.

Petersville, June 1864.—wpiv2i
Freeman Telegraph & News 2ins weekly, & 2ins tri-weekly

To the Electors of the County of Queen's.

Gentlemen—In compliance with the request of a large number of the Electors of the County, I have consented to allow myself to be nominated at the approaching election as a Candidate for your suffrages, to fill the vacancy in the representation of the County occasioned by the decease of the late S. H. Gilbert, Esq. Should I be returned as your Representative, I will devote myself to the advancement of the interests of Queen's, and the Province generally.

I have the honor to be your obedient servant,
Hampstead, May 12, 1864.—vi6i* S. L. PETERS.

To the Electors of Queen's County.

Gentlemen—In consequence of the death of the late S. H. Gilbert, Esq, your Representative, and my having been solicited by a large number of the Freeholders of the County of Queen's, I have consented to offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages. I shall advocate Liberal measures, but will hold myself independant of any party politics. I will suport such measures as I shall consider good for the advancement of the general interests of the Province, and of Queen's County in particular. Should you think fit to elect me as your Representative, my motto will be Progress, Reform, and Retrenchment—progress in developing the resources of the Province; reform in correcting the abuses of the day, and retrenchment in economizing the revenues of the Province, so that we may keep direct taxation at a distance.

I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,
GEORGE W. HOBEN.
Canning, Q C., 12th May, 1864.—vpi

Electors of Queen's.

Gentlemen—You will shortly be called upon to select a Representative to serve you in the General Assembly of this Province (in room of S. H. Gilbert, deceased), I have concluded to allow myself to be put in nomination.

Should I be favored with a majority of your votes, I will use my best endeavors to advance the interests of Queen's and of the country generally. My motto—Measures not Men. I am, Gentlemen, yours, &c.
Gagetown, May 5, 1864.—pvi R. T. BABBIT.

Grass Seed.—25 bags Grass Seed, ex steamer. For sale by CHAS A. BOVEY,
june 8.—wpi No. 12 North Market Wharf.

Oatmeal.—Just received from Canada ex steamer: 21 brls very choice Oatmeal. For sale low by
JOSHUA S. TURNER,
june 8.—wpiv Nos. 22 and 24 Water street.

Apples.—Just landed from Nova Scotia ex the Digby Packet: 140 brls very choice Russett and Nonpariel Apples. For sale by JOSHUA S. TURNER,
june 8.—wpiv Nos. 22 and 24 Water street.

Flour.—Just received ex G. Bent from New York—100 brls Napier Flour; 50 do Extra state Wisconsin do. For sale low by JOSHUA S. TURNER,
june 8.—wpiv 22 & 24 Water street.

Shingles.—270 M. Cedar Shingles. For sale low by
june 8.—wpi J. W. HAMILTON, 9 South Wharf.

Dress Goods.—We have just received 560 pieces Dress Goods. New kinds and colors. For sale low, wholesale and retail by FERGUSON BROS,
june 8.—wip 55 & 57 King street.

Now Open:—LADIES' LACE AND BLOND VEILS, in all the New Styles.
june 7 ENNIS & GARDNER.

Spices.—100 boxes assorted. For sale by
june 1.—wpi CHAS. A. BOVEY.

Napier Flour.—Landing ex J. H. Scammell: 275 brls Napier Flour. For sale by
june 8.—wi JACOB D. UNDERHILL.

Ready-made Clothing.—The latest styles at J. E. WHITTAKER'S,
june 8.—wpv 3 King street.

A splendid stock of Summer Under Clothing, at reduced prices. J. E. WHITTAKER,
june 8.—wpv 3 King street.

New Hotel.—American House.—The subscriber, having left the City Hotel, has commenced carrying on the same business in the New Brick Building, on the corner above the old stand, known as "Wiley's Corner." The Furnishing of this House is entirely new, and parties visiting Fredericton will find it to their interest to give it a call, and judge for themselves of its accommodations. By the most punctual attention to the wishes of his Patrons, the Proprietor hopes to secure a large share of public patronage. G. F. ATHERTON.
Fredericton, May 20, 1864.—121—v3i

Doe ex Dem—Spruce and Cedar vs. Fine.—If you wish to settle the question where you can get the best and cheapest SHINGLES, of every description, call at June 3. M. T. BREWER'S, Britain-street.

Goods by the *Arbutus*.—10 carboy's Oil Vitriol; 1 cask Ammonia; 8 bags Sumac; 1 cask Cudbear; 1 do Extract Indigo; 1 do Turmeric; 5 do Sulphur; 1 do Bi-Chromatic Potash; 1 do Cochineal; 16 kegs Carbonate Soda; 1 case Powdered Tartaric Acid.

By the Eleanor: 1 case Cleaver's Soaps; 1 cask Cleaver's Perfumery; 1 cask and 3 cases Howard & Sons' Chemicals; 1 case English Patent Medicines; 1 cask English Perfumes.

Which, added to our already extensive supply, enables us to offer inducements to the wholesale and retail buyer.
FELLOWS & CO,
june 1.—wpvi Foster's Corner.

1864.
CLOTHING. CLOTHS.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.—North American Clothing Store, 19 North side King Street.

R. HUNTER having received per recent arrivals from Great Britain, his Spring and Summer Goods, selected by himself in the best Houses in Europe, has now on hand, and offers for sale at the at the lowest possible prices, the largest and best assorted Stock in the Province—consisting of CLOTHING in all materials now used, and in all qualities and prices. Cut and made up on the premises in the most fashionable styles.

INDIA RUBBER GOODS, in Coats, Leggins, H