Nevertheless, good men and true in Dublin resolved upon the execution of the design; and on Monday week the citizens of Dublin assembled to inaugurate the foundation of the pedestal upon which the monument is to stand. A more innocent and harmless proceeding, under any circumstances, it is impossible to conceive. In view of the fact that Irishmen sought in their own demonstrative way to pay homage to the memory of a great man gone, at least the sympathy of C'Connell's surviving opponents might have been silently rendered. There was much in O'Connell's life to which English interests and English feeling was opposed; but even then we never denied his merits as an orator, a humorist, or a patriot. He might be mistaken in his later policy; but when he fought the battle of Catholic Emancipation, he not only released his co-religionists from disabilities, but he raised England in the scale of nations, and enabled her to remonstrate effectually with foreign Powers, whose policy inflicted wrong upon suffering Protestants. We have no reason to regret that great Act, for it enables us to point to our own example in concession, and to the loyalty of our people to the Throne as our reward.

Some silly people in Belfast took it into their heads to burn O'Connell in effigy on the very day that the honors, so long due to his memory, were tardily paid in Dublin. Why such a proceeding was allowed by the magistrates and the police does not appear; but the successful execution of such an exploit was tolerably sure to lead to further disturbances. It does not surprise any one to learn that retaliatory measures, on both sides, succeeded each other, and that Presbyterian Churches, Wesleyan Chapels, Nunneries, and the residences of Catholic Bishops were "wrecked," in order to satisfy the mistaken and useless zeal of the devotees of a spurious religion. The people who so far gave way to their passions were neither good Catholics nor sound Protestants, and the utmost they can expect is to be treated as mere rioters, whose proceedings have not the shadow of a pretence for justification.

Meanwhile, the military powers have been called in, and lives, we fear not in every case the lives of rioters, have been sacrificed to the Moloch of mobocracy. We are not writing of Irish riots in New York, which were respectable in comparison, because they arose out of a fear of the conscription, but of rioters in the thriving city of Belfast, where industry flourishes, and the people are supposed to be loyal subjects of Her Majesty. It is certainly frightful to contemplate what may happen after an appeal to the moblike passions of muscular Christians of the Belfast sort. We had hoped that the days for Arms and Processions Acts were gone never to return in Ireland, but these late proceedings in Belfast, in the least likely corner of Ireland, will tend to awaken us from such delusion.—*London paper.*

The *Index* (London Confederate organ) proposes that the Confederacy should extend its empire southward, and the Federals northward, by seizing the British possessions. A London letter of latest date thus analysis its views:—

It announces a speedy peace. It has been slow to admit it, but yields to be overwhelming evidence. North and South are tired of the war. Neither can conquer the other; neither can submit to the other; but they can make peace on terms of mutual respect and independence, and an identical foreign policy. The South owes nothing to England or France. The Government of England has been imbecile; that of France inconsistent, if not treacherous. The South would prefer her nearest neighbor for an ally. She will need a revenue, and has no special interest in free trade. If the North wants more territory, the South may also require expansion. Canada, the great Valley of the Red River of the North, and British Columbia, are on the one side, and Mexico and the West Indies on the other. The South is too strong to be conquered, but is ready to divide the continent with its Northern ally.

This is the substance of a leader in the last *Index* written by one of the ablest men connected with Confederate diplomacy—written to be read at Washington, at Richmond, in Downing-street, and in the Tuileries. It is an olive leaf held out to the North, and a threat to Europe. It says to England and France, give us recognition, and help us to end this war, or we will make terms with our enemy, and then look out for yourselves.

UNITED STATES.

MULLER, THE ENGLISH MURDERER—HIS ARRIVAL, IDENTIFICATION, ARREST, AND DETENTION.—Franz Muller, of Cologne, the alleged murderer of Mr. Briggs, an aged London Bank clerk, was taken from the ship "Victoria" at Quarantine, on Thursday morning, by the London Inspectors Tanner, Kerry and Clark aided by detective Tiemann, of the Metropolitan Police, gentlemen who had for a fortnight or more been in communication with the health officer at Staten Island, awaiting the arrival of the accused. The officers, who boarded the "Victoria" on Wednesday evening were cordially welcomed by Captain Champico, were told by him that Muller seemed cheerful throughout the long passage of thirty-eight days, and manifested no uneasiness until Wednesday, when, encountering a pleasure party in the bay, he heard a person shout, "How are you, Muller, the murderer?" and then, for the first time comprehending his situation, betrayed the fear that from that moment weighed him down. The captain first learned that he had a murderer among his passengers when he was boarded by a pilot off the Light ship; and thenceforward, until he surrendered Muller to the officers, he was deeply concerned lest that person should jump overboard and escape to one of the islands in the harbor or to some outward-bound vessel; but his fears were allayed when he learned that Muller could not swim. Muller was taken to a cell adjoining the Detective Police office at the General Department, and there confronted by the chain which he had taken from the person of his victim; and the jeweler—whose ominous name is *Death*—identified him, as did Jonathan Matthews, a Bow-street cabman, whom the London inspectors brought hither, and who will become an important link in the chain of evidence against the accused, when he appears before a British tribunal. In his trunk the officers found the hat which Mr. Briggs wore on the day of the murder, and his watch was found wrapped in a piece of chamois leather. When asked to explain the circumstance of his having Mr. Brigg's property in his possession, Muller replied that when he was about to go on board the "Victoria," he met a man on the pier, and purchased the watch and hat of him. On Thursday afternoon the accused was taken before United States Commissioner Newton, and an examination commenced, Mr. Benjamin F. Marburg representing the British Government. As the prisoner said that he had neither counsel nor money with which to employ a lawyer, ex-Judge Beebe undertook the defence, and to enable him to consult with his client, the Commissioner adjourned the hearing to 11 o'clock on Friday morning. Muller is about 25 years of age, of medium stature, slim, and of inoffensive appearance—the very last person in the world to be suspected of murder. In his cell at Police Headquarters, and at the Tombs he was downcast and morose, having scarcely a word for any of the numerous visitors who were anxious to see him. To the officers who questioned him while on board the tug which took him up from the "Victoria," he stoutly asserted his innocence, and said that he could prove an alibi. On Friday Judge Beebe found that he could not serve, and Blankman and Shaffer were therefore selected. The prisoner's counsel objected to the validity of the despositions taken in London, without the certificate of the Magistrate and the American Minister, but this was overruled and evidence admitted.—*N. Y. paper.*

THE CAPTURE OF ATLANTA.—One of the two great concurrent enterprises of the present campaign has been crowned with success. Atlanta is ours. The masterly energy and skill of Gen. Sherman, working through the indomitable valor of our troops, have pierced their way, through the fiercest battles, strong fortifications and all manner of obstacles, into the very heart of the Gulf States. Some Brancroft or Prescott alone can do justice to this wonderful campaign, when all the facts in relation to it shall have been brought to light and displayed in the perspective of the past. But the hearts of the loyal masses can appreciate it now, for enough is apparent on the surface to set forth its grandeur and its practical importance. The mere fact that it gives us the key of the railroad system of the Gulf States, separating one part from another and shutting of all rapid intercommunication as completely as the capture of the Mississippi river surrendered the rebel region on its opposite banks, is more than a recompense in the present stage of the war, for all the sacrifice it has cost.

As to sacrifices, indeed, the account is on the other side. Hardly anything in the history of the war can be compared to the tremendous abrasion of the vital forces of the enemy which has characterized Gen. Sherman's march from Chattanooga. Gen. Hazen, writing previous to the latter engagements, gives careful statistics showing that the rebel army under Johnston and Hood had lost *fifty-two thousand men!* The last fight at East Point, the junction of the Montgomery and Macon roads, six miles southwest of Atlanta, must have added materially to this fearful sum. The escape of Hood, under these circumstances, is of little consequence. Had it been Johnson, when Sherman, by his masterly move to the South, had fixed the alternative of being shut up in Atlanta or sudden flight, he would have withdrawn his forces without a fight if possible. But Hood always fights, even where, it is the greatest folly. He escapes, therefore, with an utterly shattered and demoralized crowd, composed in great part of raw militiamen, who have faced the Union veterans for the first, and probably the last time.

Hood cannot stop in Georgia. That great State, together with Alabama, the most productive part of the "Confederacy" densely crowded with slaves, now lies at the mercy of Gen. Sherman. So heavy a blow to the Jeff. Davis dynasty has certainly not been administered since the fall of Vicksburg. All loyal men will profoundly rejoice, take renewed courage, and push on the war by increased effort to reinforce our gallant army.—*Boston Journal.*

THE NEW AND GREAT VICTORY.

[From the New York Times.]

The great rebel stronghold of the Southwest—the position at which the powerful and ever-victorious army of Gen. Sherman has been aiming for four months—has fallen, and Atlanta is ours. Our forces entered it at noon yesterday.

This is a victory so great in itself, of such wide scope, such far-reaching result, such indisputable importance, that the country will receive news of it with unbounded exultation. We have shown again and again the immense military value of Atlanta, and all that we have ever claimed on this point has been conceded by the South. The rebel military force in the Southwest can now find no point in all their territory of anything like its strength or value, and their army must soon break up into small and pedatory hordes, which also will in due time be exterminated.

The great news comes to us while yet the country is all aglow about the naval triumph of the glorious old sailor, Farragut—while yet we are contemplating Grant's vital victory upon the Weldon road. We have had triumphs all around of late—triumphs equal to any ever won by mortal arms or human valor. What an infamy it is that at such an hour croakers should be croaking, and Copperheads hissing, and men actually contemplating a disgraceful surrender to this ehrice-accursed rebellion.

The following despath from Gen. Sherman to the War Department at Washington gives us the particulars of the triumph.

War Department, Washington, Sept, 4—S P. M.

To Major General Dix:—

Gen. Sherman's official report of the capture of Atlanta has just been received by the Department. It is dated 20 miles south of Atlanta, 6 o'clock yesterday morning, but was detained by the breaking of the telegraph lines, mentioned in my despatch of last night. Gen. Sherman says:—

"As already reported the army withdrew from about Atlanta and on the 30th had made a break on the West Point road and reached a good position from which to strike the Macon road, the right, (Howard) near Jonesborough, the left (Scofield) near Rough and Ready, and the centre (Thomas) at Couch's.

"Howard found the enemy in force at Jonesborough and entrenched his troops, the salient within half a mile of the railroad. The enemy attacked him at 3 p. m. and was easily repulsed, leaving his dead and wounded. Finding strong opposition on the road, I advanced the left and centre rapidly to the railroad, made a good lodgment and broke it all the way from Rough and Ready down to Howard's left near Jonesborough, and by the same movement I interposed my whole army between Atlanta and the part of the enemy entrenched around Jonesborough.

"We made a general attack on the enemy at Jonesborough on the 1st of September, the 14th corps, Gen. Jeff. C. Davis, carrying the works handsomely with ten guns and about a thousand prisoners. In the night the enemy retreated south and we have followed him to another of his hastily constructed lines near Lovejoy station.

"Hood, at Atlanta, finding me on his road—the only one that could supply him—and blewn him and a considerable part of his army, blew up his magazines in Atlanta and left in the night time, when the 20th corps, Gen. Slocum, took possession of the place. So Atlanta is ours and fairly won.

"Since the 5th of May we have been in one constant battle or skirmish, and need rest.

"Our losses will not exceed 1200, and we have possession of over 300 rebel dead, 250 wounded and over 1500 well. W. F. SHERMAN, Major-Gen."

A later despatch from Gen. Slocum, dated at Atlanta, Sept. 3, 9 p. m., states that the enemy on evacuating Atlanta destroyed seven locomotives and 81 cars loaded with ammunition, small arms and stores, and left 14 pieces of artillery, most of them uninjured, and a large number of small arms. Deserters are constantly coming into our lines.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

CORRESPONDENCE ON THE SURRENDER OF FORT MORGAN.

The following is the correspondence between Admiral Farragut and Gen. Granger of the U. S. forces, and the rebel General Page, relative to the surrender of Fort Morgan:

FORT MORGAN, August 23, 1864.

Rear Admiral D. G. Farragut, U. S. N., Major General Gordon Granger, U. S. F., commanding, etc.:

Gentlemen: The further sacrifice of life being unnecessary, my sick and wounded suffering and exposed, humanity demands that I ask for terms of capitulation. Very respectfully, etc.,

R. L. PAGE, Brigadier General C. S. A.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE U. S. FORCES, Mobile Bay, Aug. 23, 1864.

General: I have notified Admiral Farragut of your desire to capitulate, and until his arrival hostilities will be suspended, when your proposal will be duly considered.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

G. GRANGER, Major General U. S. A.

To Brig.-Gen. R. L. Page, commanding at Fort Morgan.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE U. S. FORCES, Mobile Bay, Aug. 23, 1864.

General: In reply to your communication of this date, received by Capt. Taylor, asking for terms of capitulation, we have to say that the only terms we can make are:

First:—The unconditional surrender of yourself and garrison of Fort Morgan, with all of the public property within its limits, and in the same condition that it is now.

Second:—The treatment which is in conformity with the custom of the most civilised nations towards prisoners of war.

Third—Private property, with the exception of arms, will be respected.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,

P. DRAYTON, Captain U. S. N., on the part of Admiral Farragut, commanding the Naval forces.

R. ARNOLD, Brigadier General U. S. A., on the part of Major General Granger, U. S. A., commanding United States forces.

FORT MORGAN, Aug. 23, 1864.

Captain I. Drayton, Captain U. S. N., on the part of Admiral Farragut; R. Arnold, Brigadier General, U. S. A., on the part of General Granger, commanding U. S. forces:

Gentlemen: Your conditions, in the communication of to-day, are accepted; but I have still to request that the terms asked with reference to my sick be granted and inserted in the capitulation. I will be prepared to surrender at two o'clock, and to embark as soon as possible. Respectfully, &c.,

R. L. PAGE, Brigadier General C. S. A.

M'CLELLAN AND HIS PLATFORM.

The New York *Herald* says:—

For three years past the *Herald* has sustained and defended the hero of Antietam. We have done full justice to his generalship, his statesmanship, his honesty and his patriotism. But when McClellan takes his stand upon a cowardly peace platform we are at a loss how to follow him and defend him. This the General has not yet done, and we hope that he will never be foolish enough to do it. We advise and urge him to come out boldly and declare that his only platform is his past record as a Union general, and that his sentiments are those expressed in his letter from Harrison's Landing and his oration at West Point. If he hesitates to do this he is lost. There must be no prevarication or equivocation.

The New York *Tribune* says:—

We learn that Gen. McClellan declares privately among his friends that he cannot and will not indorse the Peace platform constructed for him at Chicago. What is the use of such humbug? He is nominated on that platform; he was nominated after that platform had been adopted with but few dissenting votes, and those mostly of men who wished it made more abject than it is; and he would not have been nominated if it had been understood that he would not accept that platform. The candidates and the platform are indivisible; the principles are of far more consequence than the men.

BOSTON, Sept. 6th, 1864.

President Lincoln has issued a proclamation, recommending that on Sunday next Thanksgiving be offered in all places of public worship, for recent great victories in Georgia and Alabama. President also thanks army and navy engaged at Atlanta and Mobile.

Old frigate Brandywine, used as storeship, was burnt at City Point. Loss over one million dollars.

There was a smart cavalry fight near Bunker Hill, Va., Friday, in which the rebels were driven back.

Federals advancing to Berryville.

We have nothing later from Grant or Sherman this morning. Gold 242.

Emperor Maximillian of Mexico, has refused to receive an Envoy from the Southern Confederacy.

The famous rebel General John Morgan, was killed in a late skirmish in Virginia.

National salutes are being fired to-day at all the Navy Yards and Arsenals of the U. S., in honor of the late great victories.

Late Richmond papers are quite despondent over the prospects of the Confederacy.

A conspiracy to effect the insurrection of Slaves has been discovered in Georgia, and several persons charged with being ringleaders have been put to death.

It is reported that McClellan will decline to accept the Chicago nomination on the platform there enunciated; but will write a letter of acceptance independent of political wire pullers, and for crushing out the rebellion.

Gold 240.

BOSTON, Sept. 7.

N. Y., 7th.—Scotia arrived last night.

Legality of seizure of the Georgia under British flag was subject of discussion in leading journals.

No political news of importance.

Consols 89 @ 89¼. Breadstuffs and Provision Market quiet.

Richmond *Examiner* confirms death of rebel General John Morgan. His staff was captured and 100 of his rebel gang killed.

In honor of capture of Atlanta, Gen. Grant on Monday fired a salute with shotted guns from every battery bearing upon the enemy.

During last ten days the number of men mustered into the Federal army has averaged 3,000 per day. It is believed that no draft will be necessary.

Official despatches state that in the late fight before Atlanta, rebels lost 3,000 killed and wounded, and 2,500 prisoners, including a Brigadier General, 10 guns and a large amount of camp equipage. Federal loss was trifling. The rebels are retreating in great haste.

Official information from the front, dated Sunday, 27 miles south of Atlanta, reports that Sherman is pushing rapidly southward of Atlanta.

The position in the Shenandoah Valley remained unchanged. Sheridan is strongly intrenched at Berrysville. All superfluous material has been sent to the rear, and a decisive battle is reported imminent.

The election in Vermont yesterday shows a Republican gain of over 3000 since last year.

Gold 242.

BOSTON, Sept. 8.

The Secretary of War officially announces that the draft will take place without delay in Districts deficient in their quotas, commencing with those most in arrears.

Newspaper accounts from Sherman are to the 4th. His advance was closely pursuing the enemy toward Macon.

The defeat has a paralyzing effect on Hood's army, and the soldiers and militia are breaking for home on all sides.

News from California says 150 men were killed or wounded by the explosion of a steamboat boiler on the Sacramento River Monday night.

The New York Republican State Convention yesterday nominated ex-Congressman Reuben E. Fenton for Governor.

The election in Vermont on Tuesday shows a Union gain for Governor of 5000 votes This does not look well for the Chicago Peace platform.

Gen. Hood, in his official despatch of the surrender Atlanta, says the enemy on the evening of the 30th ult., made a lodgement across Flint river, near Jonesboro. We attacked with 2nd corps, but failed to dislodge them, this made it necessary to abandon Atlanta, which was done on the night of the 1st inst. On the evening of the 1st inst., Hardee's corps in position at Jonesboro was assaulted by superior numbers, and being outflanked, was compelled to withdraw during the night with a loss of eight guns. Gold 238.

SAFE AND SURE.—You cannot be bald or grey, and neither time nor sickness can blemish your hair, if you use MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, or Hair Dressing. They are unequalled for restoring, invigorating, beautifying and pressing the hair. Every Druggist sells them.

THE POOR LITTE SUFFERER will be immediately relieved by using MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. It soften the gums, reduces inflammation, cures wind colic, allays all pain, and gives the child quiet, natural sleep, from which it awakes invigorated and refreshed. Perfectly safe in all cases, as million of mothers can testify.

Receipts for the "Religious Intelligencer" to Sept. 9.

Subscribers will please see that their money is correctly acknowledged. The whole number of the paper to which they pay, follows the amount paid.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—Mrs. Fowler, $1.00, 542; J. M. Davis, 1.50, 590; G. W. Knox, 1.00, 588; Mr. Hildebrand, 50c., 516; J. Gaunce, 1.50, 612; C. Dewitt, 1.50, 585; Thatcher Smith, 1.50, 580; Thos. Banks, 1.50, 572; Miss A. McMulken, 1.50, 602; Morris Frazer, 1.00, 555; G. B. Merritt, 1.00, 586; W. J. Henry, 1.70, 557; S. Mahood, 50c., 565; Mrs. J. Fairweather, 1.50, 592; James McLean, 1.50, 604; Amasa Kennedy, 2.10, 609; Jonathan McLeod, 1.50, 616; G. J. Worden, 75c., 571.

NOVA SCOTIA.—Silas Bishop, 1.50, 615.

Received for Foreign Mission Fund.

Silvanus Whitney, Cornwallis, N. S.,.....$8.00
Rev. E. Wayman, Studholm,.....3.00
Miss Etta Craig, Fredericton,.....2.00

JOHN PERRY, Treasurer.

☞ Parties who have made pledges to the Foreign Mission, are requested to forward their amounts pledged as soon as possible. J. P.

HOLLOWAYS PILLS.—Feeble Constitutions.—Thousands of persons with weak constitutions, die early from sheer debility. Nature should, in such cases, be assisted by Holloway's Pills. They give tone and stamina to the system, and vigor to the circulation.

Sold at the manufactories, No. 80 Maiden Lane, N. York, and No. 244 Strand, London, and by all Druggists. If the reader of this notice cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the Drug Store in his place, let him write to me, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 25c. 62½c., and $1 per box.

LONG POINT, N. S., March 8th, 1864.

I had been afflicted with Rheumatism for twenty four years, and for the last nine of that time I was constantly suffering pain, which had rendered me for six months unable to work, until I commenced the use of GRAHAM'S PAIN ERADICATOR, and was cured by the use of less than one bottle, and to my own astonishment, as well as that of others, I have remained free of pain, and from its results and its effects in other cases, as well as my own, I consider this medicine a blessing to mankind.

JOSEPH GRIMES.

Price 25 Cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Patent Medicines.

june 26 THOMAS GRAHAM.

MARRIAGES.

On the 5th inst., by the Rev. I. E. Bill, Mr. Harry Black, to Miss Matilda Williams, both of this city.

On the 31st ult., by Rev I. E. Bill, Mr. Andrew Robertson, to Miss Henrietta Swaikey, all of St. John.

On the 9th ult, by Rev. Wm. M. Edwards, Mr. Edward Mercereau, to Miss Susannah Harris, both of Blissville, Miramichi.

At St. Stephen, on the 5th inst., by the Rev. Robert Moodie, Mr. William Kendrick, to Mrs. Ann Gordon.

On Thursday, the 8th inst., by Rev. Professor Mowatt, William W. Gordon, Esq., M. D., of Bathurst, to Ada I., daughter of W. O. Smith, Esq.

At Campobello, on the 1st inst., by the Rev. Mr. Rideout, Mr. Oliver Emery, to Miss Josephine Holmes, of Campobello.

On the 24th ult., by the Rev. Wm. Kinghorn, Mr. John E. Brown, to Miss Jane Brown, both of Nashwaak.

At Philadelphia, on the 30th ult., by Rev. W. Barr, Mr. Alexander McNichol, of this city, to Miss Jennie, daughter of Mr. Robert Paul, of Philadelphia.

DEATHS.

On Wednesday, the 7th inst., after a few days illness, Wm. Smith, in his 9th year, only son of Aaron and Catherine Hastings.

On the 6th inst., after a lingering illness, Mrs. Anne Cassidy, a native of Bandon, Ireland, and relict of the late John Cassidy, in the 61st year of her age. She expired in hope of felicity through the merits of the blessed Saviour.

On the 3d inst., Sarah Landon, daughter of Isaac W. and Sarah L. Purinton, aged 4 months and 18 days.

On the 4th inst., Ada Annie, the beloved child of Capt. Levi and Annie Bradshaw, aged 5 months.

On the 2d inst., Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. James Green, aged 33 years.

In Carleton, on the 2d inst, after a painful illness, Jas. Ketchum, Esq., in the 71st year of his age, leaving a widow and a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

At Hammond River, K. C., on the 6th inst., Silas S. Alden, aged 4 years and 6 months.

At St. Andrews, on Sunday, 28th ult., Mrs. Mary H. R. DeVeber, wife of W. E. Nelson DeVeber, of this city, in the 62d year of her age, loved and lamented by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance.

At Newcastle, on the 23d ult, Edith Chandler, second daughter of Richard B. and Mary E. Haddow.

At Kingston, K. C., on the 1st inst., Esther, relict of the late William Puddington, aged 90 years.

At Keswick, on the 26th June, of typhoid fever, Peter Crouse, aged 29 years, leaving a wife to mourn her loss.

At Keswick, on the 15th Aug., Mr. Wm. H. Alben, aged 26 years, leaving a father, mother, and numerous relatives to mourn their loss.

At Keswick, on the 17th ult., Cornelius Hanson, aged 76 years, leaving a wife and numberless relatives to mourn their loss.

At Keswick, on the 17th ult., Jane, the beloved wife of James E. Smith, aged 41 years, leaving a husband and five children to mourn their loss. But their loss is her gain.

FLOUR, MEAL, AND PORK.—Landing ex schrs. Onward, Wentworth, Ada, and S. V. Coonan—900 Bbls. Reindeer Mills Flour; 400 do Napier do.; 100 do Superfine do.; 200 do. Corn Meal; 100 do. Mess Pork. For sale by sept 9. HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

NEW FRUIT, &c.

RECEIVED ex Steamer from England:—50 boxes Tomatoes; 8 do. Peaches; 2 do. Lemons; 7 barrels Bartlett Pears; 1 do. Sweet Corn; 8 do. S. S. Onions; 10 do. Sweet Pine Apples; 1 do. Water Melons; 29 boxes Cheese. For sale low. JOSHUA S. TURNER, sept 8 No. 22 and 24 Water Street.

FLOUR.—On consignment—70 Bbls Fine Flour, landing ex S. V. Coonan from Portland, will be sold low. sept. 8. CHAS. A. BOVEY.

HAMS.—On consignment—5 tierces Hams. Will be sold low to close the shipment. sept 8. CHAS. A. BOVEY.

TOBACCO.—Just received ex New England—1 case F. and F. Natural Leaf Tobacco; 10 boxes Choice do., 10's. For sale low by sept 2. JOSHUA S. TURNER.

FINNEN HADDIES.—Just received from Digby—6 doz. Finnen Haddies. For sale low by sept 2. JOSHUA S. TURNER.

RECEIVED per steamer New England from Boston.—5 boxes Lemons; 2 do Oranges; 6 do Cheese. For sale by sept 1. J. CHRISTY, 75 King street.

CHINAWARE.—White and Gold China Tea Sets; Plates, Dishes, Teas and Coffees, by the dozen.

GLASSWARE.—Breakfast, Dinner, and Tea Sets; Toilet Ware, Pitchers, Butters, &c.

JELLY CANS.—100 dozen Jelly Cans.

STONE CROCKS.—Preserve, Butter, and Cream Crocks, all at the lowest figure. THOS. CLERKE, sept. 2. 42 Market Square.

AMERICAN Convex Clinch Rings.—1 ton, just received. (sep 2.) W. H. ADAMS.

TWELVE Dozen True Farina Eau de Cologne. aug 31.—wpiv FELLOWS & CO.

FLOUR.—Landing ex schrs. "Talent," and "G. R. C."—700 Bbls. Reindeer Flour; 200 bbls. Napier do. aug 26. HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.—Just received per schooner Arno, from Boston, a large lot of Trunks, Valises and Travelling Bags, which will be sold cheap. Imperial Buildings, 2 King street. aug 24.—wi SIMON NEALIS.

FRESH FRUIT.—2 barrels ripe Peaches; 1 do Bartlett Pears; 2 do Pippin Apples; 5 do Nova Scotia Apples. Just received and on sale at WHITNEY'S Family Grocery, Germain street. aug 31.—wi

BUTCHER'S MILL FILES.—The subscriber has just received per ship Enterprise: 2 casks, containing 275 dozen Butcher's Mill Files. aug 17. W. H. ADAMS.

FRESH LOBSTERS.—Hermetically sealed Fresh Lobsters, put up in pound cannisters by Messrs. M. Lawrence & Co. On retail at WHITNEY'S Family Grocery, Germain street. aug 17.—wi

AFRICAN COFFEE.—Choice African Ground Coffee, fresh every morning, roasted and ground on the premises, at WHITNEY'S Family Grocery, Germain street. P. S. Coffee roasted for the trade in any quantity. aug 17.—wi

FLOUR.—Landing ex brigs Alpha and D. Gillespie from New York: 1200 brls Napier Mills Flour; 1000 barrels Reindeer do. Also, 25 brls Plant's Extra, best Flour manufactured. For sale by aug 17.—wi HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

MOLASSES.—Landing ex brig Firm from Cienfuegos: 100 huds Bright Molasses. For sale by aug 17.—wi HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

FLOUR.—1400 Bbls. Flour, Napier, Home, Reindeer and other good brands. Will be sold low by aug 19—wip CHAS. A. BOVEY.

NEW GOODS.—Received per ship Enterprise:—5 Bales Cotton Warp, a good article; 2 cases Rolled Linings; 1 bale Bedding and Osnaburgs. Also—Damask Table Cloths; Bleached and Brown Napkins, Towels, Towling, &c., cheap—wholesale and retail. aug. 18—wip ENNIS & GARDNER.

DAMAGED SHIP BREAD.—1300 lbs Damaged Ship Bread, for Feed. For sale low by aug 17.—wpi J. W. HAMILTON.

FLOUR.—200 brls Snow Drop Flour; 40 do Snow Flake do. Both brands a superior article of Family Flour, which cannot be surpassed for quality and price. They have been manufactured expressly for the subscriber, and can be recommended. aug 17.—wpi J. W. HAMILTON.

LANDING, ex British Guide from Boston: 175 brls extra Western Flour. For sale low by aug 17.—wpi J. W. HAMILTON.

MEAL.—Landing ex schr Margaret Ann, 110 brls Corn Meal. For sale at lowest market rates by aug 17.—wpi CHAS. A. BOVEY.

JUST RECEIVED.—11 tubs Choice Dairy Butter; 40 boxes Prepared Corn; 10 brls Crushed Sugar; 5 do Heavy Mess Pork. For sale low. JOSHUA S. TURNER, aug 17.—wpi 22 and 24 Water st.

MOLASSES.—24 hhds, 3 tierces, Bright Cienfuegos Molasses. For sale low by aug 17.—wip CHAS. A. BOVEY.

MUSTARD, STARCH, &c.—10 cwt Colman's Starch; 10 kegs, 1s lbs each, Mustard; 20 kegs, 11½ lbs each, B. C. Soda. Will be sold at a very small advance over cost. aug 17.—wpi CHAS. A. BOVEY.

FLOUR.—Just received and in store—3100 brls Extra State and Family Flour, comprising the following brands—Guttenburg, Napier, Home, Reindeer, Canaseraga, Cataract, Vicksburg, Hampton, Quaker City, Arcadia, International and other brands. For sale at market rates by aug 10.—wpi G. BENT.

WE have just received—Black Llama Shawls; Fancy do; Invisible Hair Nets; Black Glace Silk; Crape Collars; Alexandra Corsets; Gents' Neck Ties and Collars; Brown Holland, White Linen. Wholesale and retail. aug 10.—wpi FERGUSON BROS., 55 & 57 King st.

FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.—To arrive per Queen of Clippers—500 Bbls. Flour, Napier, Reindeer and other good brands.

Also per Margaret Ann—110 bbls. Corn Meal. aug. 11—wpi CHAS A. BOVEY.

HACMATACK FUTTOCKS AND KNEES.—27 very large Hacmatack Futtocks and Knees, for sale from Fairweather's Wharf, York Point. CHAS. A. BOVEY, aug 10.—wpi 12 North Market Wharf.

15 DOZEN Lubin's Perfumes, part in Chrystal; 12 dozen Bailley's Essence Boquet; 18 pkgs. Hanney's Rondeletia; 5 doz. Riggs' Vegetable Essence; 6 doz. Parfumerie des Souverains, from Gautier, Paris. aug 24.—wpiv FELLOWS & CO.

HAIR PREPARATIONS.—Mrs. Allen's Restorer, No. 1; do. do., No. 2; do. Zylobalsamum, No. 3; Sterling's Ambrosia; Kendall's Amboline; Cocoaine; Kathairon; Rowland's Macassar Oil; Oriental Oil; Cleaver's Ricinine; do. Chrystal Cream; Barry's Tricopherus; Jayne's Hair Tonic; Bogle's Hyperion Fluid; Rosemary and Oil; Wood's Restorative. For sale by P. R. INCHES, aug 24.—wpiv 80, Prince William street.

PERFUMES.—The subscriber has received ex steamer from England, an assortment of the best PERFUMES, from the establishment of Lubin, of Paris, consisting of the following kinds—Jockey Club, Moss Rose, Upper-Ten, Millefleurs, Flowers of the Wood, West End, Sweet Brier, New Mown Hay, Wood Violet, Mignonette, Rose Geranium, Ess. Bouquet, Patchouly, Spring Flowers, Jasmin, Lily of the Valley. P. R. INCHES, aug 18—wipy No. Prince Wm. Street.

OIL OF VITRIOL, &c.—Oil of Vitriol; Muriatic Acid Nitric Acid. For sale by the Carboys or retail. aug. 18. P. R. INCHES, 80 Prince Wm. Street.

RONDELETIA.—Hannay & Dietrichen's Celebrated Essence of Rondeletia. For sale by aug 18—wipv P. R. INCHES.

874 GALLONS VARNISHES AND JAPAN.—The subscriber has just received direct from the manufacturer and in store, the following large stock of Varnishes and Japan, warranted to be of good quality and give perfect satisfaction:—

84 gallons Bright Varnish, for ship Painting; 40 do Asphaltum do. (or Brunswick Black); 445 do Turpentine and Benzine Furniture Varnishes of different grades; 240 do Turpentine and Benzine Carriage Varnishes of different grades; 60 do White Damar Varnish; 180 do Light and Crown Coach Japan, in brls. and tins; 25 gallons English Elastic and Body Varnish; 1 case English Wearing Body do., in ½ gallon Tins. For sale low wholesale and retail by T. B. BARKER, aug 16.—wpiv 35 King st.

PER "Lampedo."—1 cask Blue Vitriol; 1 cask Camphor; 3 cases Castor Oil; 1 cask best Cream Tartar; 1 case Brown Windsor Soap. P. R. INCHES, june 22.—wpiv 80 Prince Wm. street.

MEAL.—50 brls Corn Meal. For sale by june 29.—wpi CHAS. A. BOVEY.

RICH TOILET SOAP; Choice Pomatums; Genuine Hair Oils; Excellent Rouge and other Cosmeletiques; Fragrant Perfumes, from the best makers. We are daily expecting by the Enterprise, a very select assortment of HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS, in Ivory and Tortoise-shell. july 14—wpi FELLOWS & CO., Foster's Corner.

OPENING THIS DAY.—Fancy Alpacas and Plain Circassians, fine qualities; Fancy Prints and Regatta Shirtings. Cheap, wholesale and retail. aug 6.—wpi ENNIS & GARDNER.

HARDWOOD PLANK.—Just received, a large quantity, from 2 to 5 inches thick. For sale cheap. july 1. M. T. BREWER.

NOVA SCOTIA MONEY can be had at the Imperial Buildings, 3 King street. aug 24.—wi SIMON NEALIS.

BARTLETT PEARS.—1 brl Bartlett Pears. The first of the season, by steamer from Boston. On sale at aug 24.—wi WHITNEY'S Family Grocery.

THOMSON'S AUGERS.—Just received, 2 cases Thomson's Long and Short Screw Augers. aug 17. W. H. ADAMS.

WHITE Jelly Cans.—500 dozen Jelly Cans, ass'd sizes. F. CLEMENTSON, july 13.—wi 29 Dock street.

PINE Apples, Oranges, Lemons, &c.—Just received per steamer—186 ripe Pine Apples; 2 boxes sweet Oranges; 1 do choice Lemons; 1 brl Pea Beans; 200 lbs new Cheese—on sale at WHITNEY'S FAMILY GROCERY, Germain street. july 20.—wi

FLOUR.—Landing, 250 brls Napier Flour. In store—200 brls Reindeer and Bellefontaine. For sale by aug 10.—wi J. D. UNDERHILL.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—All persons having lawful demands against the Estate of WILLIAM L. LYON, late of Petersville, Q. C., Farmer, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within three months from the date hereof, to the undersigned; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment to the subscriber, at Westfield, King's County. Dated this 17th day of August, 1864.

DAVID MCKENZIE, Administrator, aug 19—i3m* MARTHA M. LYON, Administratrix.

THE OPEN HAND, a Historical Tale of New Brunswick, is now ready for distribution. Subscribers and persons wishing to purchase will be furnished with the Volume after the 16th inst., by agents or by the author. W. D. KEARNEY. Grand Falls, Aug. 9th, 1864. (aug19—i)

DR. RIDGE'S FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

IS so carefully and scientifically prepared, that it is immensely superior to Arrowroot, Sago, Tapioca, Bread, Biscuit, Corn Flour, or any other kind of Farinaceous Food for infants, not alone from its purity, strength, and great nourishing properties, but also from its having been peculiarly and thoroughly cooked in its manufacture, which renders it more easily digestible. It cannot cause Acidity or Wind.

It is very agreeable, and from the nature of its composition, is exactly adapted to all conditions of the stomach. It can be made ready for use without trouble in two or three minutes.

Mixed in Beef Tea, Milk, or any other fluid, the Patent Food is pre-eminently suited to Invalids, from its wholesome and strengthening qualities. It is a real blessing, and from its remarkable cheapness, accessible to all.

For sale only by GEO. A. BAYARD, Successor to JOHN M. WALKER, aug 19 No. 7 Market Square.

DR. RIDGE'S FOOD is justly acknowledged superior to all other Food for infants and Invalids.

☞ Wholesale and Retail.

GEO. A. BAYARD, Succesor to JOHN M. WALKER. aug 19 No. 7 Market Square.

Sheathing Boards.—50,000 very superior Sheathing Boards, 1¼ inch, suitable for ships. M. T. BREWER, 3d Wharf East Boston Steamboat Landing, Reed's aug 10.—wpiv Point.

Spirits of Turpentine.—Just received, 5 drums containing 200 gallons Pure Spirits of Turpentine. For