MURDERER HUNG.—The Halifax *Citizen* learns that the murderer McPhail suffered the extreme penalty of the law at Pictou on Friday last. He is said to have been hardened and obdurate in mind to the last, showing no regret or compunction for his crime, and no thought of a future state. The place of execution was a retired spot, near the shore, on the northern side of the entrance of the harbor, about three miles from the town, being the same spot on which the murderer McFadyan was executed some fifteen or sixteen years ago. It is said that over two thousand people assembled from different parts of the country to witness the execution.

The exports of linen from the United Kingdom to the United States, for the first five months of the year, were of the value of £560,317 in 1862, £852,002 in 1863, and £1,363,841 in 1864. England's next largest customer is Cuba, to which the export for same period for 1864 was £228,231.

The Polish nobility, save a very few, have become utterly impoverished by the confiscation and sale of their estates to the peasantry. In Lithuania one-half of the Polish proprietors have been exterminated.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

ARRIVAL OF THE "EUROPA."

HALIFAX, July 19th, 1864.

"Europa" from Liverpool 9th, and Queenstown, 10th, arrived at Halifax at 9 30 P. M., on the 19th instant.

Rappahannock was under strict surveillance at Calais, and not permitted to leave.

Paris correspondent of the *Times* says, French Government is subject to hot and cold fits, and at the time when it was amicably disposed to Confederate States, leave was very readily given for building at Nantz and Bordeaux, nominally for commercial purposes, but really for war, two steam corvettes, and two rams. Leave is too weak a word. Encouragement and instigation would be more correct. When vessels were nearly completed, a cold fit came on, and orders were sent that vessels should not be delivered to Confederates; but although the ground alleged for detaining ships was, that they were constructed for a belligerent, the corvettes and rams have been sold to the Prussian Government, though Prussia is a belligerent. This does not look like neutrality, and it looks still less like friendly weakness on the part of the French government towards Denmark. The writer adds that the "Yeddo" is one of the vessels bought by Prussia; her reputed connection with the Confederates being untrue.

A debate commenced in the House of Commons on the 4th instant, on a motion made by Mr. Disraeli, censuring the Government for their policy on the Dano-German question. The terms of this motion are as follows:—

"To move a humble address to Her Majesty, to thank Her Majesty for directing the correspondence on Denmark and Germany and the protocols of the Conference recently held in London to be laid before Parliament. To assure Her Majesty that we have heard with deep concern that the sittings of that Conference have been brought to a close without accomplishing the important purposes for which it was convened. To express to Her Majesty our great regret that while the course pursued by Her Majesty's Government has failed to maintain their avowed policy of upholding the integrity and independence of Denmark, it has lowered the just influence of this country in the councils of Europe, and thereby diminished the securities for peace."

Mr. Kinglake moved as an amendment, that in lieu of the last paragraph prepared by Mr. Disraeli, to substitute by way of amendment, the words following:—

"To express the satisfaction with which we have learnt that at this conjecture Her Majesty has been advised to abstain from armed interference in the war now going on between Denmark and the German Powers."

Mr. Newdegate moved a further amendment, declaring that the independence of Denmark ought to be guaranteed.

In the House of Commons on the 7th, the debate on D'Israeli's motion of censure was resumed, and fierce party spirit manifested. Layard denounced D'Israeli's argument, and charged him with having garbled Parliamentary papers. Mr. Hardy indignantly replied and said Layard's statements were calumnious. This word was objected to; but the Speaker decided it was permissible, while Palmerston contended it was not. A very turbulent scene ensued, the Opposition defending the remark, the Ministerialists objecting. Finally, after an apology from Layard, the debate proceeded, and at its close Hennessy, amidst great cheering, recalled a case in which Palmerston himself used the term calumnious towards Layard some years ago, and the Speaker on that occasion ruled the expression in order.

Debate was resumed on the 8th amidst great excitement, the principal speakers being Osborne, Walpole, Palmerston, and D'Israeli. Newdegate, at the solicitation of Palmerston, withdrew his amendment, and Kinglake moved his as already given. The result was for D'Israeli's motion 195, against it 313. Majority for the Government 18. Overwhelming cheers on Ministerial side.

On the same evening in the House of Lords, Malmesbury moved a resolution similar to D'Israeli's, and made a speech denunciatory of the foreign policy of the Government. He regretted that Derby was unable to be present owing to illness. Speeches were also made against the Government by the Marquis Clarincarde, Lord Chelmsford, Earl Grey, etc., and in defence of the Government by Russell, Clarendon, Woodehouse, Duke of Argyle, etc. The result of the division was 177 for Malmesbury's motion, and 168 against it. Majority of 9 against the Government.

The Chapel of the Savoy in London, a place of considerable historical interest, has been burnt. Archives saved.

DANO GERMAN WAR.—An engagement took place, 2nd, off Rugen Island, between five Prussian gunboats and a Danish frigate and steamer. The fight lasted three quarters of an hour, but the gunboats were unable to continue owing to four out of their ten guns becoming disabled. Berlin journals call it a slight encounter, and say that the Danes withdrew in a damaged condition. Reported Austrians had taken possession at Island Soler.

Gen. Steinman succeeded Gerlach in command of Danish forces.

Danish Rigsraad voted address to King; thanking him for determination to cede Territory rather than sacrifice the independence of the country.

Prussian Government, in view of blockade, had taken steps to reduce transport charges on Railways.

SPAIN.—The Holy Alliance, Austrian and Prussian Governments, publishe reiterated positive denials of the autfenticity of despatches published by the Morning Post, relative to the Holy Alliance.

Reported that Napoleon and Palmerston both believe in the authenticity of the despatches, and that Austria and Prussia avail of some trifling verbal inaccuracies as excuses for denying that authenticity.

U. S. Steamer Kearsage arrived off Dover on the evening of the 6th, from Cherbourg. Saw nothing of Florida or any other Rebel Cruiser.

"Europa" has forty-four Halifax and seventy-three Boston passengers. Among them Lieut. Keil, and others of "Alabama's" crew, also several of the crew of the "Rappahannock" for Halifax; Preble of the "Kearsage," and Capt. Gerrish and family of one of the ships burned by the "Alabama."

LATEST.—Liverpool 9th, P. M.—Steamer Yeddo, built at Bordeaux, supposed for Confederates, been sold to Prussia, is now fitting for service at Bremerhaven.

Great Eastern left here to-day for London, to take in Atlantic cable.

London journals to-day filled with Parliamentary proceedings on the great party contest almost to the exclusion of everything else. The Times publishes nearly forty-two columns of last night's proceedings.

The result is generally regarded as a satisfactory endorsement of the Ministerial policy, but no great triumph.

Confederate loan under Persia's news advanced to 69 @ 70.

LATEST.—Queenstown, 10th.—Danish Ministry resigned. Breadstuffs quiet and easier. Flour dull. Wheat easier. Spring wheat declined 1d @ 2d. Provisions tending 90½ @ 90¾.

The returns of the Revenue for the year ending on the 1st July, show the amount to be within a trifle of seventy millions of pounds sterling. The London *Times* says, this is "a sum which only a few years ago it would have been thought impossible to squeeze out of the nation except by the most ruinous pressure under the stimulus of war, yet now raised easily in a time of peace and fiscal reduction. Little as we like to think of the possibility, there is hardly a tax or duty represented in these Returns that might not be doubled, if the occasion required, with a fair prospect of raising nearly double the present sum, and so enabling the country to carry on a great war without contracting a loan or adding a pound to the debt. It would not, indeed, be wise to do, nor would it be just, since wars are undertaken for posterity, as well as for the living generation, and posterity must help it to pay for them. Such, however, is the mighty body of this great stream of wealth, and such its working power. Only say the word, and it flows at our feet as deep as the utmost needs of war or of peace may require. Within these twenty years it has been assumed as a self-evident maxim that a revenue of fifty millions was about as much as the Empire could ever be expected to pay, and that all above would be found a sensible impediment to industry and thrift. We are now paying seventy millions, and there never was a time in which money was more easily obtained for large undertakings of any kind whatever. If a railway is to be made through the thickest and wealthiest parts of the metropolis; if the Thames is to be bridged over in half-a-dozen places at once; if a viaduct is to be thrown over a valley; if an immense edifice is to be raised for commerce, for pleasure, for public offices, or any other purpose; if the managers of a private business wish to hand it over to a company; if a new invention is to be tried; if a new packet line is to be opened; if a house is to be built, a gallery lined with pictures, or a stable filled with good horses; if money is to be lent to a new Republic or a new Empire in a word, whatever is to be done, the money is instantly forthcoming, and not even the warning voice of the "Change prophets" will deter rich and poor from scattering with lavish hand the wealth they have, or hope to have. No drain seems sufficient to exhaust the annual profits of industry and enterprise, and wealth is driven to amuse and enjoy itself from mere want of objects of a more profitable character."

UNITED STATES.

THE REBEL RAID.

Baltimore has recovered from the fright in part. Business is resumed, but passes are required from all who leave the city. The course pursued by the loyal citizens is highly creditable. Full ten thousand organized for defence, ready to leave their occupations and take their places in the trenches to repel the enemy. Full particulars of the rebel movements have not yet come to hand, but it appears that after the fight at Monocacy, on Saturday last, the rebels broke up into detachments, one portion moving round Baltimore to the Philadelphia road, another moving east toward the Washington branch of the Baltimore and Ohio road, while other smaller detachments of six, eight, ten, twenty men each, began a general scouring of the country after horses, cattle, pocket-books and watches. The main body of the rebels moved toward Rockville and approached Washington. Early's heart must have failed him, however. He did not dare to make an attack on the Capital. It is a pity that he did not, for there are troops enough behind the defences to hold it against all of Lee's army.

It is a greater pity that Early is to escape capture. He probably will succeed in getting back to Richmond with his horses and watches. The Union forces are not in a position to cut him off, besides they are under too many heads to make a concerted movement. There are three or four separate commands at Washington—Major General Wright of the Sixth corps, Maj. Gen. McCook, Maj. Gen. Gillmore. There is Maj. Gen. Ord at Baltimore, Maj. Gen. Howe at Harpers Ferry, Maj. Gen. Hunter somewhere in the Shenandoah, Maj. Gen. Couch at Harrisburg,—all acting independently or not acting at all, and in consequence the rebel crew slip down to the Rappahannock east of the Blue ridge without molestation.

It is not often that I criticize military movements, but looking at the action of some of the commanders or rather at the pusillanimity of the people, I cannot forbear. Gen. Wallace is censured for fighting the enemy at Monocacy. Possibly it would have been better if he had chosen a better position, but he showed pluck when everbody was running from the enemy. The people of Western Maryland, and of the Cumberland valley were frightened half out of their wits. Harrisburg had a chronic attack of ague. I understand that Philadelphia began to work on her fortifications. On the north flank of the enemy no one had any spirit to make a stand. A squad of rebels containing half a dozen thieves was sufficient to set a whole county in commotion—fleeing to the northward across the Susquehanna.

It was not so with our fathers. On the morning of the 19th of April, 1775, when the British made a raid on Lexington and Concord, the people rose, each with his powder horn and musket, to stop the raiders. They kept stopping them all the way from Lexington to Concord and from Concord back to Boston.—"*Carleton,*" *in Boston Journal.*

BOSTON, July 19.

New York 18th.—p. m.—Richmond papers of the 13th are despondent over late news from Sherman. They confess the probability that Atlanta will soon be captured.

A rebel raid in Kentucky is causing much excitement in that State. The invader are estimated to be 10,000 strong.

Boston, 19th.—A Captain Collins, of a Mississippi regiment, with several friends, hailing from St. John N. B., attempted to rob the Bank at Calais, Me., yesterday but failed, and were sent to jail.

Gold—268 asked.

NEW YORK, 19th, p. m.—The reported rebel invasion of Kentucky, is untrue.

Rebel batteries on James river, near Malvern Hill led to smart cannonading with Federal gunboats.

It is reported that sixty-eight wagons filled with plunder from Maryland, and 200 prisoners, were captured by Federal cavalry in pursuit of the retreating raiders.

The President's call for half a million more men creates a sensation, but it is believed the call will be responded to without trouble.

What little is allowed to come from Grant's army indicates hot work very soon—he occupies a healthy and strong position.

Late advices state that a strong rebel force is threatening the Federal garrison at Huntsville, Alabama.

A despatch from rebel sources, which is not vouched for says, Johnson has been whipped, losing Atlanta, and 15,000 prisoners. Gold 260.

BOSTON, July 20.

NEW YORK, July 20th.—Steamer Ida, and schr. Pocahontas, blockade runners, have been captured off Charleston.

Another steamer was run ashore and destroyed.

Late Rebel papers speak of continued bombardment of Charleston.

It is officially stated that Atlanta is within the range of Sherman's guns.

Johnston's army having fallen back within defences of the city.

Portions of Missouri swarm with armed desperadoes, who appear to rob and murder indiscriminately friend and foe.

Colonel Ford, with squad of Federal cavalry encountered a force of them, killing forty, and capturing two hundred stand of arms, horses, &c.

Gold 263.

NEW YORK, 20th P. M.—Rumours are current and believed that Stanton has resigned as Secretary of War; also that Gen. Hunter has resigned.

A severe battle has taken place in Mississippi in which the rebel Gen. Forrest was defeated, losing 2,500 in killed and wounded, and remainder of his army scattered.

Gen. A. J Smith was in command of the Federals, who lost about 500

Newspaper reports say Secretary Fessenden will soon call for a popular loan of one hundred millions, his negotiations to obtain money from the Banks having failed.

Some people are so wicked as to charge the Banks with preferring to aid speculators in keeping up prices of domestic necessaries rather than to help the Government.

A loan from the people will be popular.

Gold 260.

BOSTON, July 21.

New York, 21st.—On Monday last General Crook with a body of Federal Cavalry overtook a column of the enemy at Snicker's Gap. Fought and routed them, capturing 300 wagons laden with Maryland plunder.

Reported resignation of Stanton not confirmed.

A portion of the walls of the Female Lunatic Asylum, at Philadelphia, fell yesterday, killing eighteen insane women, and wounding twenty-two.

Rebel papers deplore the defeat of Forrest in Mississippi. His force was depended upon to annoy Sherman's rear, by cutting his communications, etc.

It is reported that rebels have evacuated Atlanta. Gold 257.

N. Y., 21st p.m.—Herald and Times this morning allude to peace negotiations said to be going on between Rebel Commissioners on the Canada side of Niagara Falls and the Federal Government.

It is asserted that President Lincoln has appointed Horace Greeley, of the Tribune, to receive the Rebel proposition, and that Greeley and Major Hay, President Lincoln's Private Secretary, are now at the Clifton House in conference with Rebel Commissioners.

The following is given as the basis on which the Rebels will treat for restoring the Union:—

1st. All negroes actually freed to be secured in such freedom.

2nd. All at present slaves to remain so.

3rd. War debt of both parties to be paid by the United States.

4th. The old doctrine of state rights to be recognized in the reconstruction.

No great importance is attached to the above report about negotiations, but there is a growing feeling in the community that peace and entire reconstruction of the Union is not far distant.

Gen. Averill telegraphs:—Met Early 5,000 strong near Worchester, Va., yesterday, whipped him, killing and wounding 300, capturing 4 cannon and 200 prisoners, including General Silley, who is seriously wounded. Gold 250.

COMPLIMENTARY.—My hair is restored to its youthful color, I have not a grey hair left. I am satisfied that the preparation is not a dye, but acts on the secretions. My hair ceases to fall, which is certainly an advantage to me, who was in danger of becoming bald. This is the testimony of many who have used MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, or Hair Dressing. Every Druggist sells them.

COUGHS, HOARSENSS, and the Various Throat affections to which Public Speakers, Military Officers, and Singers are liable, relieved by "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" Having a *direct* influence to the affected parts, they allay Pulmonaay Irritation. The freedom from all deleterious ingredients render "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" a safe remedy for the most delicate female, or youngest child, and has caused them to be held in the highest esteem by Clergymen, Singers and Public Speakers generally.

☞ We regret that circumstances that we cannot control prevent us from attending the Tea Meeting at Portage this day (Friday) as we expected.

Receipts for the "Religious Intelligencer" to July 22.

Subscribers will please see that their money is correctly acknowledged. The whole number of the paper to which they pay, follows the amount paid.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—P. A. Smith, 50c., 567; Rev. S. Hartt, $1.50, 598; Benj. Yorxa, 1.50, 602; G. Willigar, 50c., 547; Wm. Crickmore, 75c., 576; D. J. Whelpley, 1.00, 561.

NOVA SCOTIA.—W. B. McNutt, 1.00, 600; Samuel Gallishan, 1.50, 602.

Foreign Mission Fund.

Rev. J. N. Barnes, Grand Manan, $10; Mrs. J. N. Barnes, do. 1.00; Amasa Coy, Upper Gagetown, 1.00; Allan McDonald, Cambridge, 1.00; Collection, Fredericton, 49.68; 2nd do. do., 24.00; 2nd do, Carleton, 16.35; two collections St. John, 39 69; O. Bailey, do. 1.00; James Lafferty, do. 2.00; Collection at Victoria Corner, 16.18; do. Douglas, 15.34; do. South B. Oromocto, 10.30; do. Woodstock, 24.00; do. North Branch Oromocto, 23.16; G. T. Hartley, Esq., Woodstock, 20.00; Collection at Jacksontown, 8.50; do. Southampton, 20.48; Miss Mary A. Hartt, S. B. Oromocto, 10.00; Collection at Millstream, 15.66; do. Upper Sussex, 4.69; Anonymous note, Fredericton, 4.00; M. J. T., do., 4.00; Mrs. McGibbon, do. 2.50; Wm. Fowler, do. 4.00; S. Barker, Esq., do. 2.00; Thatcher Smith, S B. Oromocto, 2.00; Rev. E. Wayman, Studholm, 1.00; Robert McLeod, Upper Sussex, 2.00; John Rude, Grand Manan, 2.00; Donald McDonald, Fredericton, 1.00; Mrs. William Keith, Millstream, 1.00; R. C. Wayman, do. 2.00; Caleb Secord, Upper Sussex, 1.00.—Total, $342.23.

JOHN PERRY, Treasurer.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.—THE ELEVENTH HOUR.—Let no victim of scrofula, salt rheum, or any ulcerous or eruptive malady, fancy a cure impossible. It is never too late to use Holloway's Ointment for external complaints or his Pill for internal disorders. Sold at the manufactories, No. 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and No. 244 Strand, London, and by all druggists.

☞ If the reader of this notice cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the Drug Store in his place, let him write to me, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 25 cents, 62½ cts, and $1 per pot or box.

CARLETON, St. John, Feb. 25, 1864.

I had been troubled with a distressing Cough for over six weeks, the attack of coughing was so severe as to leave me quite exhausted. After trying what I thought to be the best remedy, without benefit, I yielded to the advice of a friend, and used Graham's Pain Eradicator, and was effectually cured by using it a few times.

ISAAC SHARP.

Price 25 Cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Patent Medicines.

june 26 THOMAS GRAHAM.

MARRIAGES.

On the 13th instant, by the Rev. James Bennet, Mr. William Watson, to Miss Clara Barnes, both of St. John.

On the 14th instant by the same, Mr John Porter to Miss Jane Woodburn, all of St. John.

On the 16th ult., by the Rev S. Robinson, Mr. James W. Floyd to Miss Catherine M., third daughter of Mr. William Copes, all of St. Martins.

On the 2nd inst., by the Rev. S. Robinson, Mr. W. L. Brown of St. Martins, to Miss Harriet Parks of the same place.

On the 9th inst., by the Rev. S. Robinson, Mr. Augustas F. Reed to Miss Ruth A. Golding all of this city.

In Indiantown, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. E. C. Cady, A. M., at the residence of the bride's uncle, Henry Akerly, Mr. Wm. Pike, of Brunswick, to Miss Harriet Elizabeth Akerly, of Johnson, both of Queen's County.

On the 14th inst., by the Rev. George Schofield, Mr. Jas. Kingston, of St. Martins, to Miss Catherine Rowan, of St. John.

On the 12th inst., by the Rev. Canon Harrison, Mr. Wm. McDade, to Mrs. Sarah Elizabeth Nichols (widow), all of Portland.

On the 11th inst., by the Rev. Alexander Ross, John D. McDonald, publisher of the "Eastern Chronicle," to Mary Isabella, daughter of the late Wm. M'Larren, Esq.

On the 16th inst., by the same, Mr. Nathaniel Branscome, to Miss Sarah Ann Snell, both of Queen's County.

At Bocabec, on the 14th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Miflen, Mr. James McMillan, to Miss Matilda McWilliams, both of the above place.

DEATHS.

On the 20th inst., after a week of painful illness, Mr. Jas. E. McDonald, aged 64 years.

On the 15th inst., Mary, daughter of Mr. John Sweeny, aged 8 years and 2 months.

On Tuesday morning, 19th inst., Mrs. Ann Olsen, aged 69 years.

On Wednesday, 20th inst., at Westfield, K. C., of typhoid fever, John Stevenson, Jr., aged 24 years, youngest son of John Stevenson, Sr., of the above place.

At Rothsay, on the 10th inst., Wallace Smith, aged 10 weeks.

At St. Andrews, N. B., on the 13th inst., Mr. Miles Hannah, an old and respectable inhabitant, leaving a widow and large family to mourn their loss.

At Bay Verte, on the 17th ult., of consumption, in the 28th year of her age, Jane, wife of Capt. Jared S. Silliker, leaving a husband and four children to mourn their loss.

On the 10th inst., at Havelock Parish, K. C., Eliza Jane, aged 9 months, infant daughter of Alex. and Ann Elliott.

On the 7th inst., at the Scotch Settlement, near the Belisle, in the 37th year of her age, Mary, the beloved wife of Mr. Richard Mann, and eldest daughter of Mr. James Kelso, of Queensville, Studholm, K. C., for many years a consistent member of the Reformed Presbyterian Church. Her end was peace.

On the 10th inst., at Pennfield, Charlotte Co., Mrs. Mary Borthwick, aged 64 years, a native of New Abbey, Dumfries shire, Scotland.

At Toledo, Ohio, on the 4th inst., after a short but severe illness, S. Earle Ellison, formerly of this city, in the 29th year of his age.

NO TROUBLE IN LEARNING PIANO MUSIC IS experienced by those who use "Richardson's New Method," universally acknowledged to be the best Book of Instruction for the Pianoforte ever published. Ten thousand copies of this work are sold every year. Distinguished Pianists and Teachers invariably recommend it as one that cannot be excelled. Price $3.50. Sent postpaid on receipt of price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO.,
july 22. 277 Washington St. Boston.

CHINA and Glass Ware.—Per New and Old Lampedo.—The subscriber has received by the above ships the balance of his spring stock of CHINA, in Dinner, Breakfast and Tea Setts, Dessert Setts. Of Glass Ware—Claret Jugs, Quart and Pint Decanters, Water Caratis, Champagne Glasses, Port Wine do, Sherry do, Claret do, Custards, Jellies, Finger Cups, Goblets, Pickle Bottles, Jelly Dishes, Preserve do, Ice Cream Plates, Salts, Egg Cups, Sugars and Cream, Trifle Dishes, Celery do, Water Pitchers and Butter Coolers. F. CLEMENTSON,
june 22.—wi 29 Dock street.

SPECIAL NOTICE!--To Farmers and Consigners of Country Produce!--It appears that all Country Produce must pay Market fees each and every day it may be in the Country Market, consequently many have to pay fees on the same articles some five or six times, more or less, as the demand for the articles may be. Not willing to submit to such arbitrary rule, I have decided to take consignments to my present place of business, and there establish a market for such as may be forwarded.

THOS. CLERKE, Country Agent,
No. 42 King square, 3 doors south of Country Market.
june 22.—wi

Ladies' Summer Boots.--A superior assortment of Ladies' Serge, Lasting, and Glove Red Boots, various styles, in Congress, Balmoral, Mock Balmoral, and Side Lace, recently received; Misses' do. do. do.
june 29.—wv EDWIN FROST, 43 King street.

THE Latest Styles in Straw and Felt Hats.
july 8.—wi JAS. E. WHITTAKER, 3 King-st.

Family Flour.—Landing ex Lady Washington: 100 brls Guttenburg Flour; 25 do Ambrosial. For sale by
june 15.—wi J. D. UNDERHILL.

FLOUR.—In store—900 bbls. Flour, Napier, Home, Reindeer, and other good brands; 35 bbls. Extra Family Flour. To arrive—500 bbls. Napier, Home and Reindeer Flour; 100 bbls. Corn Meal. CHAS. A. BOVEY,
july 22—wip. 12 North Wharf.

MOLASSES, TEA, Tobacco, Coffee, Spices, Saleratus, Soap, Candles, B. C. Soda, Raisins, Dried, Apples, Beans, Mustard, Cigars, Pork, Starch, Cream Tartar, Brooms, etc. RICE—20 bags Patna Rice. Will be sold low. CHAS. A. BOVEY,
july 22. 12 North Wharf.

BIRCH FLOOR TIMBERS.—62 pieces Birch Floor Timber, 14 inch and upwards. M. T. BREWER,
july 22. Britain Street.

IN STORE—53 hhds bright Cienfuegos Molasses. For sale by [july 21.—wpi] J. W. HAMILTON.

TO Arrive in the Juliet from Halifax—97 hhds bright P. R. Sugar. For sale low by J. W. HAMILTON,
july 21.—wpi 9 South Wharf.

HAMS, &c.—Just received—9 casks very superior Sugar Cured Hams; 21 tubs choice Butter (small); 10 boxes Cheese; 30 brls extra State Flour, for family use; 15 sacks Rice.

Ex steamer from New York—1000 choice Regalia Cigars; 22 boxes Jelly Gum Drops; 6 do Jujube Paste; 18 do Fig Paste; 20 do Conversation Lozenges; 23 do of Pectoral Sticks, Licorice Drops, Chocolate Cream Drops, and Mix'd Candy; 10 boxes Peppermint Pipe; 30 do "Chase's" roll Lozenges, small; 400 Carthagena Cocoa Nuts; 3 boxes Lemons; 1 case Chewing Gum; 2 cases Cream of Tartar; 2 do Tomato Ketchup. For sale low, wholesale or retail.

JOSHUA S TURNER,
july 20.—wpi 22 & 24 Water street.

REFINED SUGAR.—25 brls best quality Crushed Sugar. Now in store and for sale low by
CHAS. A. BOVEY,
july 20.—wpiv No. 12 North Market Wharf.

CORN MEAL.—Landing ex Bessie—112 brls Corn Meal. For sale low by
july 20.—wpi CHAS. A. BOVEY.

EXTRA Family Flour.--Ex steamer New Brunswick—100 brls Extra Family Flour, Quaker City, will be sold at a bargain. Landing to-day at Reed's Point.
july 20.—wpi G. BENT.

NOVA Scotia Money to Exchange.
FERGUSON BROS.,
july 20.—wpi 55 & 57 King street.

PINE Apples, Oranges, Lemons, &c.--Just received per steamer—136 ripe Pine Apples; 2 boxes sweet Oranges; 1 do choice Lemons; 1 brl Pea Beans; 200 lbs new Cheese—on sale at WHITNEY'S FAMILY GROCERY. Germain street. july 20.—wi

LADIES' Summer Boots.--A superior assortment of Ladies' Serge, Lasting and Glove Kid Boots, various styles, in Congress, Balmoral, Mock Balmoral, and side Lace, lately received; Misses' do. do. do.
july 20.—wvi EDWIN FROST, 43 King street.

LONDON HOUSE, JULY 14TH, 1864.

RECEIVED per R. M. S. Africa—120 pieces Printed Flannels; 30 do Twilled Serseys;
130 pieces Manchester Muslins; 420 do Fancy Prints;
60 do Black Orleans; 40 do do Coburgs;
45 do Mixed Alpacas; 20 do scarlet and drab Moreens;
100 gross Cotton Reels; 200 lbs Knitting Cotton;
1200 lbs Linen Thread; Hosiery, Stays, Neck Ties, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Hair Nets, &c. Wholesale and retail.
july 14.—wpiv DANIEL & BOYD.

RICH TOILET SOAP; Choice Pomatums; Genuine Hair Oils; Excellent Rouge and other Cosmeletiques; Fragrant Perfumes, from the best makers. We are daily expecting by the Enterprise, a very select assortment of HAIR BRUSHES and COMBS, in Ivory and Tortoise-shell.
july 14—wvpi FELLOWS & CO., Foster's Corner.

SHIP PLANK.—A quantity of Birch and Spruce Plank, suitable for ship planking.
july 13.—wpiv M. T. BREWER, Britain-st.

SHINGLES! SHINGLES!—Pine Shingles, Cedar Shingles, Sawn and Shaved, in any quantity, at reduced rates. M. T. BREWER,
july 13—wpvi 3rd wharf east Steamboat Landing.

ENGLISH GOODS!

TEAS, COFFEES, RICE, SPICES, &c.

THE subscriber has received per Eleanor from London, and Thetis from Liverpool:—
60 chests fine Congou and Souchong Teas; 30 hf chests do;
20 hf chests extra fine Oolong do; 1 ton Java Coffee;
2 bales Mocha Coffee; 2 tons East India Rice;
4 cases refined Table Salt; 10 do Colman's No. 1 Starch;
3 do Patent Starch; 20 kegs J. & J. Colman's Mustard;
2 cases Mustard, in tin and tin foil; 1 do Crown Blue;
2 do Colman's No. 1 Black Lead; 10 bags Black Pepper;
5 bags Pimento; 1 box Mace; 8 bales Dates;
2 cases Figs; 2 brls Prunes; 1 case Whole Cinnamon;
1 do mixed Spice; 1 do ground Cassia;
1 do White Pepper; 1 cask Walnuts;
1 do soft shell Almonds; 1 do Alum; 1 do Sulphur;
2 boxes Vermicelli; 2 casks Crosse & Blackwell's mixed and assorted Pickles; 1 do Crosse & Blackwell's Sauces and Ketchups; 1 case Madras Indigo;
1 cask Cream of Tartar; 8 boxes Sugar Candy;
1 case Cox's Gelatine; 3 do Robinson's Patent Groats and Barley; 1 do Candied Citron; 1 do Lemon Peel;
20 kegs Bicarbonate of Soda; 15 casks Sal. Soda;
3 casks E. Lazenby & Son's mixed and assorted Pickles;
2 do Sauces; Tomato, Walnut and Mushroom Ketchup;
1 case French and Spanish Olives; Patent Prepared Mustard, Sardines; bottles Preserved Rhubarb; Gooseberries, Raspberries, &c.

Which, with a general assortment of *GROCERIES*, will be sold wholesale and retail, at lowest market prices.
july 13.—wpi JOHN CHRISTY, 75 King street.

ORANGES, Pine Apples, &c.—Just received ex steamer New England: 12 boxes Oranges; 4 brls Pine Apples; 3 sacks Cocoa Nuts; 2 brls Bermuda Onions; 29 tubs choice Vermont Butter; 5 boxes Tobacco; 1 box, 2 bunches, Bananas.

Per railway—512 lbs Nice Maple Sugar.

And just put in store—10 sacks new Walnuts; 15 brls new Dulce; 14 do very choice Brown Sugar; 20 sacks Butter Salt; 50 reams straw Paper; 50 do Tea do. All for sale wholesale and retail by J. S. TURNER,
july 13.—wpi Nos. 22 & 24 Water street.

GOOD Cotton Warps, at
july 14.—wpi ENNIS & GARDNER'S.

WHITE Jelly Cans.—500 dozen Jelly Cans, ass'd sizes. F. CLEMENTSON,
july 13.—wi 29 Dock street.

Glass Shades.—200 Glass Shades, assorted sizes, for Fruits and Flowers. F. CLEMENTSON,
july 13.—wi 29 Dock street.

JUST Received, ex steamer New England: 10 brls sugar cured Corn and sugar cured Corn Balls; 3 brls Bermuda Onions; 1 brl Gooseberries; 5 boxes Lemons; 1 case Chewing Gum. For sale wholesale and retail, by
july 6.—wpi JOSHUA S. TURNER.

PAPER Hangings, per Lampedo.—We have opened for our retail, some splendid Patterns *PAPER HANGINGS*, at usual cheap rates.
july 6.—wpi ENNIS & GARDNER.

SNOW FLAKE FLOUR.—Landing ex Boreas—250 bbls. of the above celebrated Family Flour.
july 8—wi J. W. HAMILTON.

LARGE Skirts.—Open this day, a further supply of large size *Skirts.*
july 6.—wpi ENNIS & GARDNER.

S. T.—1860.—X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try the celebrated

PLANTATION BITTERS,

which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen, and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhea, Cholera, and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots, and herbs.

"* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers, with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ANDREWS, Supt. Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate, and had to abandon my business. H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O."

"* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
Rev. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

* * * "Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefitted by their use
Thy friend, ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa."

"* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me. Rev. J. S. CATHCAN, Rochester, N. Y."

"* * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which are daily increasing with the guests of our house. SYKES, CHADWICK & CO.,
Proprietors Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C."

&c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.

Such are one in thousands of certificates daily received. They are immensely beneficial to weak persons and delicate females.

Be cautious of re-filled bottles. See our signature on a fine steel plate label. They are not sold by the gallon. They are only sold in our patent log cabin bottles, by respectable druggists, grocers, hotels, saloons, steamboats, and country stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
Sept. 8.—1 p 202 Broadway, N. Y.

OAKUM, Sheet Zinc, and Wire.—80 bundles London Oakum; 20 do Annealed, Galvanized and common Iron Wire; 4 casks sheet Zinc. Now landing per New Lampedo. For sale low.
june 15. W. H. ADAMS.

FOSTER'S CORNER.—CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES FOR SUMMER.—The subscribers have for sale at their store in King street (Foster's Corner), a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, of English and American manufacture.

As some portion of the stock is a little out of the present fashion, but of a description suitable for summer wear and house use, we are selling it at less than cost price, in order that we may dispose of it during the summer months. Call and see! [june 3.—wpiv] S. K. & G. L. FOSTER.

SUMMER HATS.—Gents. Summer Hats, in great variety at reduced prices. "Imperial Buildings," No 2 King-st. (July 8—wi) SIMON NEALIS.

RECEIVING DAILY AND FOR SALE AT STORE, No. 42 KING SQUARE.

BUTTER, Potatoes and Oysters.—Another lot of Potatoes, good; Tubs and Firkins of Butter; A few more barrels of Oysters. Will be sold at lowest market rates. Call and see. THOMAS CLERKE,
july 8—wi Agent for the sale of Country Produce.

HORSE for Sale.—A nice Driving Beast, 8 years old, kind and quiet, suitable for ladies or boys to drive. Apply at THOS. CLERKE'S,
july 6.—wi 42 King square.

NOVA SCOTIA MONEY—Two and a half per cent. discount. Imperial Buildings, 2 King street.
july 6.—wi SIMON NEALIS.

MRS. Allen's Hair Restorer.—A full supply of this popular preparation just received. Also, Kidder's Liniment; Sozodont, for the Teeth; Brown's Troches; Ayer's Sarsaparilla; Black stick Pomatum; *Soothing Syrups, &c.* C. P. CLARKE,
july 6.—wi 85 King st.

BONNETS AND HATS.—Balance of Spring Stock of Ladies' Hats and Bonnets, selling off under first cost. Imperial Buildings, 2 King st.
july 6.—wi SIMON NEALIS.

STAPLES & WHITLEY'S New Dry Goods Store, No. 67, Head of King street.—STAPLES & WHITLEY keep constantly on hand a well selected stock of staple and fancy Dry Goods, cheap for cash, wholesale and retail.

Shawls,	Orleans,	White Cottons,	Prints,
Mantles,	Flowers,	Grey Cottons,	Cotton Batting,
Mantle Cloths	Feathers,	Coburgs,	Sheetings,
" Tweeds,	Ribbons,	Lustres,	Shirtings,
Homespun,	Parasols,	Flannels,	Cotton Warps,
Trouserings,	Umbrellas,	Blankets,	Oil Cloths,
Tweeds,	Silks,	Rugs,	Table Covers,
Bonnets,	Velvets,	Laces,	Towels,
Hats & Caps,	Stays,