Poetry.

PRAYERS THAT ARE NOT PLEASANT TO HEAR.

The following rather homely lines, from the pen of a contributor to one of the New York religious weeklies, contain some valuable hints. We fear that the kind of prayers referred to, are as unwelcome to the ear of heaven as to that of the writer:

"I do not like to hear him pray,
On bended knee about an hour,
For grace to spend aright each day,
Who knows his neighbor has no flour.

I'd rather see him go to mill,
And buy his luckless neighbor bread,
And see his children eat their fill,
And laugh beneath their humble shed.

I do not like to hear him pray,—
'Let blessings on the widow be'—
Who never seeks her home to say,
'If want o'ertakes you come to me.'

I hate the prayer so loud and long,
That's uttered for the orphans' weal,
By him who sees them crushed by wrong,
And only with the lips can feel.

I do not like to hear her pray,
With jeweled ears and silken dress,
Whose washer-woman toils all day
And then is asked to work for less.

Such pious shavers I despise;
With folded hands and air demure,
They lift to heaven their holy eyes,
Then steal the earnings of the poor.

I do not like such soulless prayers;
If wrong, I hope to be forgiven;
No angel-wing them upward bears,
They're lost a million miles from heaven."

Miscellaneous.

A REMARKABLE MOTHER.

We have often heard of the wonderful decision and force of character in John Wesley's mother—traits which were inherited by her distinguished son. But the record, as given in "Stevens' History of Methodism," is more wonderful than we had thought. Our readers will be interested in the sketch, and when they remember that Mrs. Wesley had nineteen children, it will not lessen their surprise:

The educational system at the rectory has been the admiration of all who have written respecting the Wesley family. It had some extraordinary points. It was conducted solely by Mrs. Wesley, who thus combined the labors of a school with the other and numerous cares of her household. She has left a long letter addressed to John Wesley, in which it is fully detailed. "The children," she says, "were always put into a regular method of living, in such things as they were capable of, from their birth; as in dressing and undressing, changing their linen, etc. The first quarter commonly passes in sleep; after that, they were, if possible, laid in their cradle awake, and rocked till it was time for them to awake. This was done to bring them to a regular course of sleeping, which at first was three hours in the morning, and three in the afternoon; afterwards two hours, till they needed none at all." When one year old, and in some cases earlier, they were taught to "cry softly," by which means they escaped abundance of correction, and that "most odious noise" of the crying of children was rarely heard in the house; but the family usually lived in as much quietness as if there had not been a child among them. Drinking and eating between meals was not allowed, unless in cases of sickness, which "seldom happened." They retired at eight in the evening, and were "left in their several rooms awake, for there was no such thing allowed in the house as sitting by a child till it fell asleep. To subdue the will of the child was one of her earliest tasks, "because," she continues, "this is the only strong and rational ground of a religious education, without which both precept and example will be ineffectual. But when this is thoroughly done, then the child is capable of being governed by the reason and piety of its parents till its own understanding comes to maturity, and the principles of religion have taken root in the mind. Her children were taught to be quiet at family prayer, and to ask a blessing immediately after, *by signs*, before they could kneel or speak.

The family school was opened and closed with singing; at five o'clock in the afternoon all had a season of retirement, when the oldest took the youngest that could speak, and the second the next, to whom they read the Psalm for the day, and a chapter in the New Testament. She herself conversed, each evening, with one of her children, on religious subjects, and on some evenings with two so as to comprehend the whole circle every week. Cowardice and fear of punishment, she remarks, often lead children to contract a habit of lying, from which it is difficult for them to break away in later life. To prevent this, a law was made that whoever was charged with a fault of which he was guilty, should not be chastised if he would ingenuously confess it, and promise to amend. No child was ever punished twice for the same fault; and if he reformed, the offence was never afterward upbraided. Promises were to be strictly observed.

No girl was taught to work till she read correctly; she was then kept to her work with the same application and for the same time she had spent in reading. "This rule," wisely remarks the mother, "is much to be observed; for the putting children to sewing before they can read perfectly, is the very reason why so few women can read in a manner fit to be heard. None of them were taught to read till they were five years old, except one daughter, and she was more years in learning than any of the rest had been months. The day before a child began to study, the house was set in order, every one's work appointed, and a charge given that no one should come into the room from nine till twelve, or from two to five, which were the school hours. One day was allowed the pupil to learn his letters, and each of them did in that time know them all, except two, who were a day and a half at the task, "for which," she says, "I then thought them very dull." Samuel who was the first child thus taught, learned the alphabet in a few hours. The day after he was five years old he began to study, and soon as he knew the letters he proceeded to spell out the first chapter of Genesis. The same method was observed by them all. As soon as they had acquired the knowledge of the alphabet, they were put to reading and spelling one line, then a verse, never leaving it till they were perfect in the appointed lesson, were it shorter or longer.

COST OF INTEMPERANCE.

In the village of M——, N. Y., containing about two thousand inhabitants, and the centre of trade for about two thousand more, there were sold during the year 1863,581 barrels of liquor, and 551 of ale. Let us see what could have been done with the money thus expended.

Allowing 81 barrels of the liquor to have been used for mechanical and medicinal purposes, a generous allowance certainly, we have a balance of 500 barrels. This is equal to 15,750 gallons. Supposing one half of this (7875 gallons) to have been sold by the gallon at only $1, and we have $7875. Selling the remainder, which is equal to 252,000 gills, at only five cents a gill, we have the snug sum of $12,600, making in all for liquor $20,475.

With this 20,475 could have been secured,

5 Clergymen at $1200 each	$6,000
1 Principal in the Academy, at	1,000
3 Assistant teachers in the Academy at $5000	1,500
10 Teachers for village graded schools, at $300	3,000
15 Teachers for district schools, at $200	3,000
2 Colporteurs for the County, at $600	1,200
20 Dailies for reading room, at $10	200
25 Weeklies $2	50
30 Monthlies $5	150
20 Quarterlies $4	80
Rent for reading room	100
Clerk	600
Fuel, lights, and postage	120
34 Lyceum lectures, at $100	3,400
Printers bills	75
	$20,475

So much for the liquor. Now for the ale. In 551 barrels of ale there are 141,056 pints. This sold at 5 cents a pint, would amount to $7052,80. As ale drinking is considered a lower form of intemperance than wine drinking, etc., we will put this sum in part to a lower, but none the less worthy service. We will pay a clergyman to preach to the 160 inmates of the county almshouse, $1000; 2 teachers for the children there, $250 each, $500; 15 poor students in the academy $300 each, $45,000; 2 students in a Theological Seminary, 525, $1050; and leave a balance of $2 80 in the treasury.

The writer has no great confidence in statistical arguments. Men will say that this is guessing, and that this ill-fated village is an exception. There is no guessing about it, except in the price at which it is sold. If we are in error there, we are beyond a peradventure on the inside of the truth. As to that village being an exception, the writer, in travelling leisurely three thousand miles, declares that are other places far worse.

We do well to talk about retrenchment in dress and living generally, to save expense. Add to this the ruin of *soul* and *body* with *estate*, and my figures ought to claim attention.—*Congregationalist.*

CHRISTIAN LAWACK.

Christian Lawack was a little Hottentot boy, who lived at the Moravian Missionary Station of Clarkson in South Africa. He attended the Infant-schools at that station. The teacher of that school, from a letter from whom this account is taken, said of little Christian: "I may give him the testimony of having been a diligent, obedient, and attentive child, and on whose word I could always depend. He appeared to think much about what he heard at school." One day, before he was taken ill, he went with his mother to a farm. Returning across a mountain, he was walking on a small footpath, running along the carriage-road, Observing this, his mother said to him, "Come here, Christian; this road is convenient and clean; on the footpath some snakes may be concealed, and you cannot see well before you." "O mother," said Christian, "the teacher tells us at school of two roads which lead to eternity. Most people choose the broad one, because it looks convenient and safe. But at the end of it there is an abyss into which they fall before they are aware of it, and then they are in hell, and are lost forever. But those on the narrow road though they have many trials, come at last to a beautiful place, and are happy forever."

During Christian's last illness, it became very evident that the Friend of children was carrying on a work of grace in his heart.

One day, a woman came to the door of the house where Christian's parents lived, and asked for a piece of bread. His mother was unwilling to give it to her, saying that she had only a small piece in the house which she wanted for her sick boy. "Never mind, mother;" exclaimed the little boy, when he heard this, "pray give her the bread." When the woman was gone, his mother said to him, "You know how difficult I find it to get bread for you, and yet you wish me to give it away!" "Mother," he replied, "when I was at Baas P.'s farm, his little son and I found a nest with some young birds in it. They lay, and cried, and opened their bills. We were sorry for them, and went into the kraal (or cattle pen) to collect worms and came and brought them. They ate and when the mother-bird came back, they had already had their meal. Thus our gracious Saviour can easily stir up a kind man who will have compassion, and bring me a piece of bread when I am in want of it." On the same day, not long after this conversation, a boy came with half a loaf of bread and some meat, which a settler's wife sent to them, without their having asked for it!

A week before his departure, Christian, when lying on his bed, repeated several hymns, and among them the one which begins, "My Saviour sinners doth receive," &c. He then prayed aloud for himself, his mother, and all men, with such fervency, that the people who were present were melted into tears. Calling his mother, he said to her, "Mother, do you pray too?" This he repeated twice. She replied, weeping, "Yes, my child!" He looked at her awhile, and said again, "O mother, do pray!" During the last week of his life, he spoke but little, and on a Sunday he fell asleep in Jesus.

From this pleasing narrative we learn that we ought to recollect and apply in daily life those truths which we learn. This is not always done. How distressing it is to find children acting rudely, using bad words, or telling untruths, who all the while read and know what the Bible tells us. Let us strive to bring our knowledge into daily use, so that in us the prayer may be fulfilled which we find in the hymn:

"O might I but resemble Thee,
That every one might know
I love my Saviour, and will be
His follower here below!"

LITTLE FANNY.—Little Fanny was a child tenderly beloved and cherished, perhaps more so that her father filled a soldier's honored grave, and she was all to the widowed mother. When that terrible and malignant disease, the small-pox broke out in the neighborhood, her mother was so anxious for her treasure that, to escape contagion, she kept her closely in the house, and herself crept in and out through a narrow window, and scarcely dared to move, lest she should catch the infection and carry it to her darling. At last she made up her mind to send Fanny to her uncle, in another part of the city, but on communicating her intentions to Fanny herself, the child asked:

"Is God at Uncle Henry's, mother?"

"I hope so, Fanny," was the mother's reply.

"And is God here, too, mother?"

The mother replied that he was.

"Then will he not take care of me here just the same as at Uncle Henry's if he does not want me to have the small-pox?"

A child's faith! The mother had been troubled and careful about many things, while the child leaned trustingly on the hope she held in her heart. This is not a solitary case. Many other children, as young as little Fanny, have early given their hearts to God, with a depth of love and faith that will carry safely through; and, children it is infinitely better to give the morning bloom, yet sparkling with the dew of innocence, than to to wait for the sere and withered leaves of evening time.—*Christian Times.*

THE LONDON "GENTLEMAN" OF THE LAST CENTURY.—Walker, in his "Original," mentions that sixty or seventy years since certain hackney coachmen in London carried on a lucrative business by going with their vehicles through the streets during the night, in order to take home drunken gentlemen whom they saw staggering about, and who next day paid them liberally for their pains.

CHEESE.—18 very good American Cheese, for sale by
sept 22. CHAS. A. BOVEY.

It is Not a Dye—It is Not an Oil.
It is Not a Humbug,
BUT A PERFECT HAIR RESTORER,
And the finest Hair Dressing in the world. Never failing to change Grey and Faded Hair or Whiskers to the original color, and promoting a new and healthy growth of Hair, where it has become thin or fallen out. Does not stain or injure the skin, does not cost one half the price of other hair restoratives, and is of twice the value. The ingredients are simple, and can be obtained at any Drug Store. We will send Receipt for making, post paid and securely sealed, on receipt of 25 cents, coin. Address, post paid
Dr. J. QUINCY FITCH,
Sept. 30.—1y. Box 1219, New York City.

CHARLES KIRKPATRICK has received per various steamers, a variety of NEW AND USEFUL GOODS, in Shawls, Dress Goods, in every new style; Balmoral Skirtings, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Velvets, Terrys, Ladies' Hats, Worked Muslins, with the usual assortment of Domestic Goods, wholesale and retail.
sept 28. 58 PRINCE WM. STREET.

CHINAWARE.—White and Gold China Tea Sets; Plates, Dishes, Teas and Coffees, by the dozen.
GILTWARE.—Breakfast, Dinner, and Tea Sets; Toilet Ware, Pitchers, Butters, &c.
JELLY CANS.—100 dozen Jelly Cans.
STONE CROCKS.—Preserve, Butter, and Cream Crocks, all at the lowest figure. THOS. CLERKE.
sept. 2. 42 Market Square.

DR. RIDGE'S FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.
IS so carefully and scientifically prepared, that it is immensely superior to Arrowroot, Sago, Tapioca, Bread, Biscuit, Corn Flour, or any other kind of Farinaceous Food for infants, not alone from its purity, strength, and great nourishing properties, but also from its having been peculiarly and thoroughly cooked in its manufacture, which renders it more easily digestible. It cannot cause Acidity or Wind.
It is very agreeable, and from the nature of its composition, is exactly adapted to all conditions of the stomach. It can be made ready for use without trouble in two or three minutes.
Mixed in Beef Tea, Milk, or any other fluid, the Patent Food is pre-eminently suited to Invalids, from its wholesome and strengthening qualities. It is a real blessing, and from its remarkable cheapness, accessible to all.
For sale only by GEO. A. BAYARD,
Successor to JOHN M. WALKER,
aug 19 No. 7 Market Square.

SEWING MACHINE FOR SALE.—One Second-hand Wax-thread Sewing Machine, in good order. Can be had at a reasonable rate, from WM. PETERS,
june 17—i 155 Union Street.

Cheap Goods.—STOCK SELLING OFF!—The subscriber has commenced selling off at reduced prices the balance of his spring and summer Stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, consisting of Dress Goods, Shawls, Mantles, Hats, Flannels, Ribbons, Feathers, &c. An immense stock of Broad Cloths, Doeskins, Tweeds, Mantle Cloths, &c., &c.; Flannels, Blankets, Grey, White and striped Cottons, Denims, Ticks, Jeans, &c.; Trimmings and Small Wares in great variety. Imperial Buildings, 2 King street.
aug 3.—wi SIMON NEALIS.

CHILDREN'S Boots and Shoes.—The subscriber has just received a very large assortment of Children's Boots and Shoes, comprising:—
Children's Serge, Kid, Morocco, Patent and Plain Leather Boots, in various styles; Congress, Balmoral, Imitation do., Jenny Lind, &c.; Children's superior English Strap Shoes; also, American do., with heels; Children's Strong Balmoral and Lace Boots; do. do. do., Copper Tips; Infants' soft sole Colored and Black Kid Boots. For sale low wholesale and retail. EDWIN FROST,
june 29.—wv 45 King street.

TEA, Flour, Paints, Glass, &c.—The subscriber has just received per recent arrivals from Great Britain and the United States:—45 chests fine Congou and Souchong Tea; 50 cwt. Rice, 12 cans Currants, 1 cask Pickles, 1 case Arrowroot, 1 case Sago, 1 case Ground Rice; 320 bbls. Superfine and Family Flour; 50 do. Corn Meal, 5 cwt. Starch, 1 bale Cloves, 1 bag Pimento, 12 bush. Hemp and Canary Seed, 1 case Cayenne Pepper, 1 case Refined Camphor, 1 case Castile Soap, 1 do. Wax Candles, 1 hhd. Glue, 1 do Arnold's Ink, 52 doz. School Slates, 50 doz. assorted School Books, 1 cask Copperas, 2 casks Sulphur; 1 cask Lamp Black, 1 do. Alum, 1 do. Saltpetre; 1 do. Borax; 1 do. Olive Oil, 7¼ doz. flasks Florence Oil, 2 cases East India Castor Oil, 288 boxes German Window Glass, from 10x8 to 36x22; 20 bbls. Paraffine Oil; 7 hhds Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil (Brandram's), 98 casks and kegs do. White Lead and Col'd Paints, 2 cases Deep Gold Leaf, 2 casks Putty.
Per Railway—1000 bushels Heavy Oats.
In Store—5 hhds. Sugar, 30 hhds. Molasses; 30 chests and hlf. chests Tea, with a general assortment of articles in the Grocery line. JAMES WILLIAMS,
july 8—i East side Simonds' Street, Portland.

FLOUR!—In store and to arrive—400 Barrels Napier Flour; 300 do. Reindeer do.; 126 do. Guttenburg Extra do; 156 Bellefontaine do.; 100 do Maxwell do.; 104 do. Queen City do.; 346 do. Various brands; 2½ tons Rice, East India. For sale at lowest market prices.
M. D. & H. A. AUSTIN, Robertson's Wharf,
Indiantown, July 1, 1864.—i

BARK WANTED.—Wanted at the Union St. Tannery, 250 Cords HEMLOCK BARK.
june 17 WM. PETERS.

DR. RIDGE'S FOOD is justly acknowledged superior to all other Food for infants and Invalids.
☞ Wholesale and Retail.
GEO. A. BAYARD,
Succesor to JOHN M. WALKER.
aug 19 No. 7 Market Square.

WHITE'S TYPE FOUNDRY, 63 & 65 Beekman street—Established 1810—Book, News, Job and fancy TYPE, Borders, Ornaments, Brass and Metal Rule, PRESSES, Chases, Cases, Galleys, Inks, &c., for sale upon the most reasonable terms. Our *Improved Metal*, having been tested by many of the most extensive printers throughout the country, and pronounced unrivalled for Durability, we are now using it exclusively in the manufacture of our Type, and invite printers to test it by giving us a trial.
FARMER, LITTLE & CO.,
Successors to CHAS. T. WHITE & CO.
N. B. Messrs. BARNES & CO., of St. John, N. B., are our authorized Agents, through whom orders will be filled upon as favorable terms as though purchased direct. Our Specimen Book may be found and consulted at their Office.
☞ This paper is printed on type from the above Foundry. April 10.

GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE, 88 *King street, St. John Hotel Building.*—The proprietor of the General Agency Office would respectfully inform the public throughout the Provinces and United States, that particular and prompt attention will be given to the sale of Foreign and Country Produce, and to the purchase of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, and every description of merchandise, suitable for the store or family use.
All articles ordered for immediate sale will be placed in the best markets for that purpose.
Arrangements have been made with Baldwin's Northern and Eastern Express, and D. W. Turner's Express, for the transmission of small parcels of Goods and Money.
June 4. JAMES GREEN, *Agent.*

EDWIN FROST'S SHOE STORE,
43 *KING STREET.*
THE subscriber has now received the first portion of his Spring and Summer Stock of BOOTS and SHOES, of the latest styles and patterns, consisting in part of Ladies' and Misses' Prunella and Serge Boots, double and single soles, Balmoral, Imitation Balmoral, and elastic sides, heeled, &c.; Do do Glove Kid, do do Patent toes; Do do Strong Leather Walking Boots, Congress, Balmoral, and imitation do, in Calf, Goat, and Enamel Leather; Do do Strong and Fine Laced Shoes and Slippers; Children's Goat, Enamel, and Serge Boots, Congress, Balmoral, and imitation do; Do strong Leather Boots, do do Copper tips; Do Fancy Boots and Shoes, in great variety, with numerous other kinds; Gentlemen's and Youth's Patent and Calf Gaiters, Bootees, Laced Shoes, and Balmorals; Do do fine and medium Calf Boots, pegged, double and single soles; Do superior French Calf sewed Boots; Do French Patent Calf Opera Boots, Serge Gaiters, &c. The above being made to order of the best materials, can be fully recommended, and will be sold at a low rate—Wholesale and retail. EDWIN FROST,
april 20.—wi 6m 43 King street.

GENERAL LEATHER AND FINDING STORE.—Constantly on hand, a large and well selected Stock of English, French, American, and Domestic Leather and Shoe Findings, at the lowest possible prices for Cash.
J. J. CHRISTIE, 55 South side King-street.
P.S.—All orders attended to with punctuality and dispatch. J. J. C.
Dec. 5, 1861.—wpi.

CAUTION! CAUTION! CAUTION!
THE Proprietor of PICKSTONE'S WASHING AND CLEANSING CRYSTAL, deems it his duty to caution the public against spurious imitations of his highly celebrated Washing Crystal, which is the most harmless compound extant. It is free from Lime, Vitriol, and all other deadly mixtures so common to be found amongst washing compounds. Try Pickstone's Washing Crystal, if you want ease, comfort, and economy in washing, which washes every thing, and has rapid sale.
It will be found invaluable for the following domestic purposes, viz.:—It washes all fine things, such as Muslin, Lace, Crotchet Work, Baby Linen, &c.; cleaning Sponges, Combs, and Brushes; removing stains from the hands, and grease from Carpets, Cloth, Flannel, &c. It makes Hard Water Soft, and may be used with good effect in Baths, as it immediately removes all condensed perspiration from the skin. A small quantity should also be used in the foot pan. It forms a cooling and cleansing wash for the head, by dissolving a teaspoonful of the Crystal in a quarter of a pint of water; and for cleansing the Mouth, Teeth, and Gums, it is quite a luxury, by adding a teaspoonful to a tumbler of water. It renders linen beautifully white, and unlike other preparations, at the same time preserves the fabric. It contains nothing injurious to life. A child eating it by mistake, will not be injured.
If you have not used this Cleansing Crystal, lose no time in obtaining it. Nothing has ever been introduced into this country which has effected such a wonderful change upon Washing Days. It saves your time—saves your clothes—saves your money; and it does not injure the most delicate hands. Pickstone's Cleansing Crystal makes washing a pleasure, reduces the cost of fuel, the wear and tear of labor, and improves every article washed. For Linens, and heavy washes, it cannot be surpassed; for Laces, and fine fabrics, it is unequalled. It does not injure the color of Prints, but strengthens and improves them—by its use they retain their original brilliancy. Flannels become white and soft like new. White things are much improved, and keep their color, even if put by for months. Thousands of Families made happy! No misery on a Washing Day, with PICKSTONE'S Cleansing Crystal.
Agents for Saint John:
oct 14. JOHN ARMSTRONG & CO.

HONEY, &c.—New Honey, drawn from the Comb without heat, thereby retaining all its fine flavor and excellent remedial qualities. Neatly put up in jars of 1lb., 2lb., 4lb., 6lb.
FARINA EAU DE COLOGNE—In 4 oz., 8 oz., and 16 oz. Wicker, and otherwise. The genuine only.
HOWARD'S SUCCIDENIUM—for filling decayed Teeth.
ALBION SAUCE—For delicious flavor and piquancy. This sauce is unrivalled. It is of English manufacture.
oct 6. FELLOWS & CO.

HAMBRO LEECHES.—One thousand, just arrived in splendid condition, direct from the Hamburg ponders. Wholesale and Retail—per "Thames."
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. 72 dozen.
Howard's Bi-Carbonate of Soda. Especially adapted for Medical and Family uses—per "Thames."
Pure Cream Tartar—per "Thames."
sep 23 FELLOWS & CO.

A HINT TO THE WORTHY CITIZENS OF CANADA—BE WARNED IN TIME!
ALL parties purchasing my Pills and Ointment for their several complaints, are respectfully warned against purchasing either Pills or Ointment purporting to be my preparations, that have a **United States Stamp around the Boxes or Pots.** There is no Treaty between the United States and the Home Government, therefore an English Stamp does not protect my preparations. There are no stamps upon my Canadian style of Pills or Ointment coming from the United States. I rely only for protection on the water mark in the book of directions around each Pot or Box. Before you purchase them, see that **there are no Stamps** upon the Box of Pills or Ointment. Purchase none that have United States stamps on.
aug. 19—ptly T. HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, London.

FURS!
GENTLEMEN, &c., will find at the Establishment of A. MAGEE, 27 King street, a general assortment of FURS for the coming season, consisting of Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Fur-trimmed Caps, Fur Collars, Fur Gloves, Beaver, Otter, Persian, Lamb, Astrican, Dog, &c., Fancy Sleigh and Buffalo Robes always on hand. Coats trimmed with any kind of trimming. A. MAGEE,
sept 15.—pi 27 King street.

LADIES' FURS!
THE subscriber has manufactured and now ready for sale, one of the largest, and warranted the best made, stock of Furs now exhibited in this market, and will be sold at reasonable prices. I think I can with confidence say that the Furs I have sold to the Ladies' of St. John have given every satisfaction, and I am determined to keep up the reputation of this establishment. Ladies can depend upon articles being what they are represented. Ladies' and Misses' FURS, in Sable, Mink, French Sable, Stone Martin, Ermine, Fitch, and all other kinds of Furs, made to order at short notice. Furs cleaned and repaired.
sept 15.—pi A. MAGEE, 27 King street.

15TH SEPTEMBER, 1864.
GOODS NOW IN STOCK!
30 BRLS. Oatmeal; 15 do White Beans; 8 do Dried Apples; 15 do Cider Vinegar; 50 do Flour, family and Pastry; 40 kegs Baking Soda; 10 brls Washing do; 10 brls Dulce; 30 do very choice Corn Meal; 15 hhds good retailing Molasses; 5 do do Sugar; 15 brls Scotch Barley; 50 chests and hf. chests Tea, different grades; 30 30 doz Pails; 25 doz Brooms; 10 boxes Tobacco, 10's; 3 cases do, in 20 lb boxes; 15 boxes Coffee, in papers; 30 M. Cigars; 36 boxes Corn Flour; 1 brl Mason's Blacking; 10 do Pilot Biscuit; 3 cases Matches; 45 boxes Soap and Candles; 3 cases, 1,500 lb, Colman's Starch; 1 case Hops, dry; 10 doz Clothes Lines and Bed Cords; 20 do Wash Boards; 15 boxes Clothes Pins; 70 gross Worcester's Hop Yeast Cakes; 20 kegs Colman's Mustard; 6 brls Ground Pepper; 3 do Ground Pimento; 1 case stick Cinnamon; 3 cases preserved Lobsters; 5 brls Crushed *SUGAR;* 40 dozen shoe Brushes; 10 Scrub do; 6,000 Manilla Cheroots; 100 lbs Maple Sugar; 10 sacks Walnuts; 5 do Fen Nuts; 10 frails Almonds. Together with a good assortment of small Groceries, Wrapping Paper, Twines, Jellies, Spices, Fruits, &c. I am constantly receiving per each steamer, Peaches, Pears, Apples, and all kinds of Fruit in their season, all of which I will sell at the lowest market rates.
JOSHUA S. TURNER,
sept 15.—pi Nos. 22 and 24 Water street.

NEW FALL GOODS.
PER 'Sea Gem' and steamship 'Hecla.'—Now opening per above vessels, our first arrival of New Fall Goods, viz., Grey and White Cottons; Printed do; Window Hollands; Small Wares; Blankets, Flannels; Shawls, Ribbons, Trimmings; Honey Comb Scarfs; Ladies' Spencers; Wool Ties, Canezons, &c.; Ladies' Linen Cuffs and Collars; Paper do. do. ENNIS & GARDNER,
sept 15.—pi Prince Wm. street.

NEW FALL GOODS.—Per steamer 'New Brunswick'—Ladies' and Children's Fancy Wool Hoods; Ladies' Fancy Wool Nubias; Sontags, Skating Caps, Breakfast Capes, &c. ENNIS & GARDNER,
sept 15.—pi Prince Wm. street.

NEW GOODS.—Per steamship 'Europa'—Just received at ENNIS & GARDNER'S: Jet Trimmings; Spotted Nets; Linen and Paper Collars and Cuffs; Black Lace Veils, &c. sept 15.—pi

NEW FRUIT, &c.
RECEIVED ex Steamer from England:—50 boxes Tomatoes; 8 do. Peaches; 2 do. Lemons; 7 barrels Bartlett Pears; 1 do. Sweet Corn; 8 do. S. S. Onions; 10 do. Sweet Fine Apples; 1 do. Water Melons; 20 boxes Cheese. For sale low. JOSHUA S. TURNER,
sept 8 No. 22 and 24 Water Street.

FALL GOODS.—Just received, first puat of our Fall supply of Dry Goods. Wholesale and retail.
FERGUSON BROS.,
sept 15.—pi 55 and 57 King street.

NEW GOODS.—Received per ship Enterprise:—5 Bales Cotton Warp, a good article; 2 cases Rolled Linings; 1 bale Bedding and Osnaburgs. Also—Damask Table Cloths; Bleached and Brown Napkins, Towels, Toweling, &c., cheap—wholesale and retail.
aug. 18—wip ENNIS & GARDNER.

WE have just received—Black Llama Shawls; Fanc do; Invisible Hair Nets; Black Glace Silk; Crape Collars; Alexandra Corsets; Gents' Neck Ties and Collars; Brown Holland, White Linen. Wholesale and retail.
aug 10.—wpi FERGUSON BROS., 55 & 57 King st.

ENGLISH GOODS!
TEAS, COFFEES, RICE, SPICES, &c.
THE subscriber has received per Eleanor from London, and Thetis from Liverpool:—
60 chests fine Congou and Souchong Teas; 30 hf chests do; 20 hf chests extra fine Oolong do; 1 ton Java Coffee; 2 bales Mocha Coffee; 2 tons East India Rice; 4 cases refined Table Salt; 10 do Colman's No. 1 Starch; 3 do Patent Starch; 20 kegs J. & J. Colman's Mustard; 2 cases Mustard, in tin and tin foil; 1 do Crown Blue; 2 do Colman's No. 1 Black Lead; 10 bags Black Pepper; 5 bags Pimento; 1 box Mace; 3 bales Dates; 2 cases Figs; 2 brls Prunes; 1 case Whole Cinnamon; 1 do mixed Spice; 1 do ground Cassia; 1 do White Pepper; 1 cask Walnuts; 1 do soft shell Almonds; 1 do Alum; 1 do Sulphur; 2 boxes Vermicelli; 2 casks Crosse & Blackwell's mixed and assorted Pickles; 1 do Crosse & Blackwell's Sauces and Ketchups; 1 case Madras Indigo; 1 cask Cream of Tartar; 8 boxes Sugar Candy; 1 case Cox's Gelatine; 3 do Robinson's Patent Groats and Barley; 1 do Candied Citron; 1 do Lemon Peel; 20 kegs Bicarbonate of Soda; 15 casks Sal. Soda; 3 casks E. Lazenby & Son's mixed and assorted Pickles; 2 do Sauces; Tomato, Walnut and Mushroom Ketchup; 1 case French and Spanish Olives; Patent Prepared Mustard, Sardines; bottles Preserved Rhubarb; Gooseberries, Raspberries, &c.
Which, with a general assortment of *GROCERIES*, will be sold wholesale and retail, at lowest market prices.
july 13.—wpi JOHN CHRISTY, 75 King street.

A CARD.
THE subscriber in returning thanks to his numerous friends and customers for their very liberal patronage during the past year, would most respectfully announce that he has received ex the "Eleanor" and "Scotia," from London, and recent arrivals from Boston and New York, his spring stock of
GROCERIES, FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.,
Among which may be found—Choice Navy and Natural Leaf TOBACCO, CUCUMBER PICKLES, in Vingar, (spiced), Pickstone's WASHING CRYSTAL, Worcester's DRY HOP YEAST, PARAFFINE OIL, best quality. With a general assortment of GOODS usually found in the trade, which he is determined to sell at the lowest possible prices, for cash.
J. M. F. WHITING, (under Fountain House),
june 1—wp King Square.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOL BOOKS.
FIRST, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Book of Lessons; Spelling Book Superseded; Lennie's Grammar; Carpenter's Spelling Book.
Also—200 dozes Swan's Copy Books, } All Nos.
100 dozen Dunton & Scribner's do., }
june 11. BARNES & CO.

FOSTER'S CORNER.—CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES FOR SUMMER.—The subscribers have for sale at their store in King street (Foster's Corner), a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, of English and American manufacture.
As some portion of the stock is a little out of the present fashion, but of a description suitable for summer wear and house use, we are selling it at less than cost price, in order that we may dispose of it during the summer months. Call and see! [june 8.—wpiv] S. K. & G. L. FOSTER.

JUST RECEIVED AT No. 90 PRINCE WM. ST.
RUBBER GOODS—consisting of Coats, Cloaks, Talmas, Pouches, Horse Covers, Bags, Over Alls, Cushions, Bed Pans, Sheeting, Piano-Forte Covers, Life Preservers, Ladies' Aprons, Hand, Bat, and Foot Balls, &c.
HARD RUBBER GOODS—Such as Pipes, Thimbles, Combs, Cups, Syringes, Tops, Knitting Needles, Tattan do., Tooth Picks, Pencils, Pen Holders, Finger Rings, &c.
RUBBER BELTING, Packing and Hose.
LEATHER BELTING, Jute, Flax, and Hemp Packing.
FISHING TACKLE—consisting of Rods, Reels, Lines, Hooks, Tied Hooks, Casting Lines, Oiled Silk Lines, Flies, in variety; Fly Books, Gut, Landing Nets, Baskets, Baits, Sinkers, Swivals, &c. For sale cheap for cash by
may 4—wvpi Z. G. GABEL.

FIRST BOOK LESSONS.
SECOND BOOK LESSONS.
THIRD BOOK LESSONS.
LENNIE'S GRAMMAR.
And all other BOOKS used in the Schools throughout the Province. For sale cheaper than can be imported. Orders solicited from dealers throughout the Province.
feb 4. BARNES & CO., Prince Wm. street.

13 MAIN STREET. 13 MAIN STREET.
STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!
OF the latest and most improved patterns, equal, if not superior to any in the market. Thousands can testify to the good quality of the Stoves manufactured by the subscriber for the last twelve years.
He is prepared to manufacture Stoves and other (all) general Work in the Foundry Line, cheap for cash. Samples will be kept at No. 8 Charlotte-street.
Thankful for the patronage that has been so liberally bestowed him, and hopes for a continuance of the same.
Nov 27. GEO. CRAIG.

WINCHESTER'S Hypophosphites of Soda, Lime, and Potash, from the formula of Dr. Churchill, of Paris. P. R. INCHES,
sept 22. 80 Prince Wm. Street.

PAINT Oil, White Lead, and Dryers.—Just received ex bark Sea Gem, from Liverpool—7 casks Brandram's Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil; 60 kegs Brandram's White Lead and Dryers. For sale by
sept. 22—vpi. T. B. BARKER.

LONDON HOUSE.—Just received, Black Felting for Boots, Elastic Webs for Boots, Shoe Linings, Machine Silks. [oct 6.—piv] DANIEL & BOYD.

MRS. ALLEN'S HAIR RESTORER AND ZYLOBALSAMUM. For sale by P. R. INCHES.
sept. 29.—vip. 80, Prince Wm. Street.

R. P. & W. F. STARR,
Dealers in
Coal, Salt, Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Flour, Corn Meal, Beef, Pork, Tobacco, &c.
SMYTH STREET, (opposite Messrs. Cudlip & Snider's).
St. John, N. B., July 1, 1864.—vpily

Trusses, Elastic Hose, &c.—Besides a complete assortment of articles intended for the exclusive use of the Medical and Dental Professions, have always in store, at lowest prices, a great variety of the following articles suited to the wants of the general public.
TRUSSES.—White's Spring Lever TRUSS, and every desirable style of the best patterns. Also, Spinal and Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Braces. Elastic Hose, for varicose veins, swollen or weak joints. Of Elastic Hose we have several grades of Silk and Cotton at corresponding prices. Directions for measurement for Hose or Trusses forwarded when requested. Also, SYRINGES of every description; Breast Pumps, Hearing Trumpets, Conversation Tubes and Auricles for the Deaf. CRUTCHES of best patterns, Rubber Urinals, to wear on the person day or night, for Males and Females; Galvanic Batteries, &c., &c.
CODMAN & SHURTLEFF,
june 30—vip9m 13 Tremont Street, Boston,
Manufacturers and Importers.

A Small quantity of French CONFECTIONS, very choice, pure, and containing no injurious colouring. Cleaver's Pomatums—opened this day; Horse Hair Flesh Gloves, for Gents. and Ladies. Kidder's Electro-Magnetic Machines does not require turning by hand—current regular—may be used by the most delicate, and is peculiarly adapted for medical use.
sept. 22. FELLOWS & CO.

CHIMNIES AND WICKS.—Just received, 200 dozen Chimnies, assorted sizes, and 50 gross Wicking.
sept 22. J. F. SECORD.

STAPLES & WHITLEY, No. 67 KING STREET, Have received per steamship "Caledonia"—16 Cases and Bales of NEW GOODS, comprising in part the following—Black Lustres, Black and Coloured Coburgs, French Delaines, French Merinoes, Winceys, Wincey Plaids, and other New Dress Goods; WOOL SHAWLS, long and squares; Paisley Shawls, Wool Scarfs, Mantles, Mantle Cloths, Blankets, Rugs, Ticks; White and Grey Cottons, Stripes, &c., Hair Nets, in Silk Cord, Invisible and Chenille; 4,860 Winceys, only 7½d. per yard; 200 dozen Skeleton Skirts, very cheap. Balance of Stock per mail steamers and sailing vessels. An inspection is respectfully solicited.
sep 15. " STAPLES & WHITLEY, 67 King St.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED
GRANITE HALL,
SPRING OF 1864.
New Importations!
IMMENSE STOCK OF SEASONABLE GOODS,
At Prices that will effect a Sale on Inspection,
CONSISTING OF
DRESS CLOTHING,
In all qualities;
BUSINESS CLOTHING,
In all qualities;
MECHANICS' CLOTHING,
In all qualities;
SEAMEN & FISHERMEN'S CLOTHING,
In all qualities
The largest Stock of CLOTHS, Narrow and Broad, 6-4 Coatings, Scotch and English Tweeds