Poetry.

CHRIST WALKING ON THE SEA.

BY JULIE ANNE.

Jesus spake unto them saying, Be of good cheer; it is I, be not afraid.—MATT. XIV. 27.

Now o'er the lake, Tiberias!
The morning twilight glows:
But what a scene of fearfulness
That glimmering sunlight shows!

See yonder frail and struggling bark
Toss'd on the stormy sea;
While every dark and rolling surge
May its destruction be!

Pale are the trembling mariners,
And powerless in their fear;
Though still, with anxious haste, they strive
The city's coast to near.

But who in yonder form of might
That walks upon the waves,
Unmoved, though still the angry storm
In all its fury raves?

There is but one that walketh
Upon the stormy deep,
And bids the mighty waters
Their hidden boundaries keep.

The Lord alone hath power to bow
The tempest to his will,
And bid the angry winds and waves,
With solemn voice, "Be still!"

And yet those wanderers knew him not;
Though often had his voice,
With words of never-dying love,
Made their sad hearts rejoice.

They feared a spirit of the deep—
Unmindful that the Lord
Held all the powers of earth and hell
Obedient to his word.

The Saviour marked their fear and awe,
And instantly he stay'd,
With words of love their hearts to cheer—
"'Tis I, be not afraid."

And hailed those troubled ones his words,
The harbingers of peace,
As does the weeping prisoner
The tokens of release.

Oh, Thou! who graciously didst deign,
Amidst the tempest's roar,
Upon thy fearful servants' hearts
The balm of peace to pour.

Grant me, in sorrow and distress,
To bow in thy command;
And 'midst the terrors of the storm,
To recognise thy hand.

Let not this frail and doubting heart
Be fearful and dismay'd;
But whisper, say with cheering voice,
"'Tis I, be not afraid."

Miscellaneous.

MIRIAM FIELD'S MISSION:

A STORY FOR WOULD-BE WORKERS.

By Nelsie Brook.

CHAPTER I.

"Be good, sweet maid, and let who will be clever;
Do noble things, not dream them, all day long;
And so make life, death, and the vast for-ever
One grand, sweet song."

Miriam Field sat alone in her own little room by the open window, watching with an abstracted air the doings of a bevy of merry birds in the swaying boughs of an apple-tree below. Miriam was fortunate in having such a pleasant look-out, considering that the house was situated in the heart of a large town. She could scarcely realise the fact, when in her own room, overlooking the back garden, which was green and radiant, with a smooth grass plat, two or three apple-trees, and a bright array of summer flowers. The only thing that dispelled the illusion of its being in the country was the absence of country quiet; for an incessant murmur of street traffic filled the air, harshly interfering with the bird-melody which otherwise would have been the predominant sound. That seat by the window was a very favorite place with Miriam in her leisure time. When free from household engagements, and not wanted by her mamma, you would be sure to find her sitting there, with book or work, or, as in the present instance, indulging in thought; for though her eyes were fixed on the tree below, she in reality saw nothing; she was completely lost in thought. A book rested upon the window-sill before her, and upon the open page you might have seen the verse which I have placed at the beginning of this chapter. This it was which had awakened such absorbing reflections within her.

"'Do noble things, not dream them,'" she repeated, at length rousing herself from her reverie. "Ah, I do nothing, absolutely nothing. And yet there is so much to do; I know it, and I feel it; but I fear I shall never do anything. I feel so utterly incompetent. What a bane this extreme nervousness and diffidence is. I don't see what I could do. One needs to have some influence and position before one can do any good, or take part in some properly-organised work, which I really don't think I could do. Well, as I haven't the courage to go about amongst people, an adviser would say, 'Begin at home. Do you do what you can for your brother? Do you do what you can for your servant?' Oh! dear; I think I should die if I were to begin to speak to Arthur, or to Jane, about good things; and yet they are both so careless. Ah! I am hiding my light under a bushel, and I fear I always shall. I couldn't endure shame, and ridicule, and reproach." And then the tears which had been blinding her eyes fell thick and fast.

"Everything without is glad and cheerful this evening," she continued presently; "but all within is sad and miserable. The reason seems to be that all things in nature are fulfilling their mission; the sun that is now sinking in the west has been doing good work all day, gladdening our hearts, ripening the fruits of the earth, and making beautiful the flowers; the birds have been singing praises to their Creator, reminding us to be cheerful and trust in Him who cares greatly even for them; the flowers seem to speak to us of God, and the breezes whisper of His goodness. Surely I have a work, too; and God has endowed me with faculties to enable me to seek out my work, if it do not seem to be ready to my hand; but I shrink from it. I dream of doing noble and great things, but I don't do them; and I fear I never shall."

This was a very old plaint of Miriam's,—and no wonder that she did nothing. Fear is a sorry helper to good deeds; but a very great hinderer. Those ideas about shame, and reproach, and ridicule, are to young would-be-workers as so many bugbears in the path of duty and usefulness; but instead of shrinking from them, the best plan is to go steadily forward, and they will lose their hideous proportions, or, perchance vanish altogether. However, if not,—if they must be encountered,—the worker, having grown morally stronger through working, will be able to encounter and overcome them without suffering harm. The man who uses what strength he has will find his strength increase; and as it is in things physical, so is it in things moral; besides, as our day is, so shall our strength be.

CHAPTER II.

The Field family consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Field, and one son and daughter. Mr. Field was an architect, and his son Arthur, who had just come of age, worked with his father. Their office was at some little distance from the house, and as they were out all day Miriam very much looked forward to the evenings which they spent together either at home, or in walking. As Mrs. Field was a confirmed invalid, Miriam took great part in the management of home affairs. Her time was almost entirely occupied in this way, and in attending to her mamma, amusing her by reading or in other ways, and by going out with her. Miriam had always been very much with her mother, preferring her quiet society to that of young people of her own age; and so she had grown up extremely reserved and diffident,—so much so, indeed, that it caused her considerable pain to think of "coming out," as she phrased it, and doing some good in the world; and yet her heart and conscience would not allow her to remain tranquilly inactive.

She had read biographies of noble working women, of the deeds of such heroines as Elizabeth Fry, Sarah Martin, and others; and of the good work of the Bible women in London, until her heart grew heavy with a sense of her incompetency to do anything like it. Was she ambitious? Nay,—I think she was too diffident to be ambitious; but she seemed to be possessed of a foolish idea that the must do something as great as they had done; that she must wait until the opportunity presented itself, and she felt courageous enough to do such great things. It was a mistake altogether, and further reflection served to convince her of this.

Presently all traces of her tears had vanished away, and she went down stairs to her mamma. Hitherto Miriam had never disclosed her thoughts and feelings to her mother in reference to this "mission" which it seemed her duty to fulfil. Mrs. Field's health was such that she was debarred from taking an active part in any good work; and it never seemed to strike her that she was called upon to do anything in the way of benefiting the world. The fact was she did not know that there was anything particular to be done. Miriam resolved to touch upon the subject without further delay.

She was glad to find her mother alone in the drawing-room. Mr. Field and Arthur had not arrived home. She shook up the cushion of her mamma's easy-chair, took a seat by the window, and began:

"I have been thinking, mamma, that I am very useless; I do no good whatever in the world."

"Why, Miriam!" said her mother in surprise. "What are you going to distress yourself about now? I think you are quite a useful member of the community, or perhaps I should say, of the family. We could not very well do without you, dear."

"I try to be useful at home," said Miriam. "But then I mean I do nothing for the world,—nothing to do people any good."

"Well, who is there that you could do good to?" said Mrs. Field.

"I don't know, mamma; but I think there must be some one or another to whom I might be useful. There are so many things in the Bible to teach us that we ought to work. 'Work while it is yet to-day; the night cometh when no man can work.' 'To do good and communicate, forget not.' 'Bear ye one another's burdens.' 'Be not weary in well-doing,' and all such things. I really feel that I ought to be doing something," sighed Miriam.

"It never struck me that you had any mission beyond your home mission," said Mrs. Field. "You are so useful here, and fulfil your duties well; and you know 'charity begins at home,' Miriam. However, dear, if your conscience tells you that you ought to be doing something more, I shall not oppose any plans that you may choose to make, provided they are feasible."

"Thank you, mamma," said Miriam. "I must try to arrange some." Then she looked thoughtfully out of the window.

"Would you like to take Arthur into your confidence?" said Mrs. Field. "He is about so much that he is very likely to hear of cases of distress."

"Oh, no," answered Miriam, quickly. "I wouldn't have Arthur know anything about it whatever; he would only make fun. Don't say anything whatever mamma."

"'Whatever' twice!" said Mrs. Field, smiling. "Why, I am afraid, Miriam, you haven't a very large stock of courage to begin with."

"I am afraid so, too, mamma," said Miriam colouring. "However, I mean to try to get more."

Just then the conversation was interrupted by the entrance of Mr. Field and Arthur.

The latter burst into enthusiastic expressions about the beauty of the evening, and declared that it was a shame to be indoors even to tea. He proposed that they should all go out directly after tea for a long walk. "Of course, mamma must ride in a Bath chair," he said. "It is delightfully cool now, and we can get right out into the country."

No demur was made against this pleasant arrangement, and after a somewhat hasty tea, the party set out. Presently they got away from the busy streets into the high-way road which led away to farms and pretty rural cottages. Mr. Field walked beside the Bath chair, and Miriam and Arthur walked together some distance behind, chatting and laughing quite merrily.

"Are you tired, Miriam?" Mr. Field cried out presently, standing still for her answer.

"Not at all," was the reply.

"Then, as we are so far, we intend making a call at former Drew's, it's only about half-a-mile ahead."

The fresh, cool air, was quite exhilarating, and the extra half-mile seemed nothing to Miriam. Then the idea of calling at a farm-house was so pleasant both to herself and her brother, who were so continually shut away from country sights and sounds.

As they entered the large brick-paved yard Mrs. Drew was just exchanging a few parting words with an untidily-dressed girl, who stood in the porch with an empty basket on her arm. "You may come to-morrow afternoon; p'r'aps I can find you something or other to do," Miriam heard Mrs. Drew say. And then, with a weary, dejected air, the girl turned away. As she passed by on her way to the gate, Miriam saw that her old dirty basket was not quite empty. In the bottom of it lay a tiny boquet of blushing rose-buds, half-withered, but still fragrant and beautiful. The girl noted Miriam's glance at them, and, dropping a curtsey, she lifted up the bunch, and said, "Buy my last bunch, dear lady; you shall have it for a penny."

Before Miriam could reply, Arthur said, somewhat roughly, "Who do you think would care to buy such withered things? If they were on stems they wouldn't look so. I'll be bound to say they are all mounted on wire; that's why the dark moss is twisted so cunningly round them.

"They are rather faded," said the girl coloring, but more from anger, which she thought best to repress, than from shame; "but, then you know, sir, the sun has been so hot to-day, and I've carried these things about all the day."

"Ah, well, we don't want your roses, my girl. Come, Miriam, mamma is gone in."

The girl walked away, and Miriam reluctantly followed her brother into the house.

(To be Continued.)

LEATHER! LEATHER! LEATHER!

THE Subscriber has on hand and is constantly manufacturing a good assortment of LEATHER. Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call, as prices will be low for Cash.

June 2. WM. PETERS, 135 Union Street.

HARNESS! Harness!—The subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has rented the Store No. 101 Union Street, for the purpose of manufacturing HARNESS and COLLARS of every description, and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. Whips, Whip Lashes, Curry Combs, &c., always on hand. Orders promptly attended to. Repairing done at short notice.

Remember the place—101 Union Street, Crosby's Building.

(Jan 20—i) WILLIAM JONES.

GROCERIES, PAINTS GLASS, &C.

The Subscriber has just received per recent arrivals and in Store:

90 chests and ½ chests Congou, Oolong and Old Hyson Tea; 2250 lbs Java and Jamaica Coffee; 12 hhds Porto Rico Sugar; 30 bbls Crushed and St. John Refinery do.; 50 hhds, 4 tierces and 3 bbls very choice Porto Rico Molasses; 20 hhds, 2 tierces and 7 bbls Cienfuegos do; 2 bbls Golden Syrup; 1 ton Starch; 40 boxes Layer Mustacel Raisins; 10 bags Black Pepper; 2 cases Vermicelli; 1 chest Pearl Sago; 1 case Tapioca; 28 kegs bi-Carbonate of Soda; 1 bbl Split Peas; 27 gross Dry Hop Yeast; 20 bushels Beans; 27 bbls Pot and Pearl Barley; 35 bbls Oatmeal; 1 case Cassia; 1 case Liquorice; 8 cases Currants; 1 case Nutmegs; 21 kegs Mustard; 93 lbs do. in tins, Colman's; 5 boxes Sugar Candy; 1 case Turkey Figs; 1 bbl Ground Ginger; 1 case Castile Soap; 8 bbls Cider Vinegar; 2 casks French White Wine do.; 29 doz. Flavoring Extracts; 1 cask Pickles; 1 sack Almonds; 1 do. Walnuts; 1 do Filberts; 10 doz Pails; 20 dozen Brooms; 86 doz. Brushes—Whetwash, Paint, Scrub; 1 chests Madras Indigo; 1 cask Blue Vitriol; 3 casks Washing Soda; 1 cask Alum; 1 cask Glue; 1 cask Copperas; 1 cask Saltpetre; 1 cask Brimstone; 1 cask Sulpher; 1 cask Borax; 1 case Twines; 145 doz School Books; 10 bushel Hemp and Canary Seed; 400 boxes German Window Glass; 35 gals E. I Castor Oil; 1 cask Epsom Salts; 4 pipes Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil, Brandrams; 225 kegs White Lead and Colored Paints, do; 2 casks Putty; 6 casks London Whiting; 1 casks Paris do; 1 case Deep Golden Leaf; 5 bbls Bright Varnish; 3 bbls Benzole; 78 gals London and American Copal Varnishes; 2 bbls Porpoise Oil; 1000 bushels P. E. Island Oats.

JAMES WILLIAMS,
June 22. East side Simonds' Street, Portland.

The sale of the Plantation Bitters is without precedent in the history of the world. There is no secret in the matter. They are at once the most speedy, strengthening, health restorer ever discovered. It requires but a single trial to understand this. Their purity can always be relied upon. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Cascarilla Bark, Dandelion, Chamomile Flowers, Wintergreen, Anise, Clover Buds, Orange Peel, Snake Root, Caraway, Coriander, Burdock.

S.—T.—1860—X. &c.

They are especially recommended to clergymen, public speakers, and persons of literary habits and sedentary life, who require free digestion, a relish for food, and clear mental faculties.

Delicate females and weak persons are certain to find in these Bitters what they have so long looked for.
They purify, strengthen, and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome the effects of dissipation and late hours.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer.

The following startling and emphatic statements can be seen at our office:—

Letter of Rev. E. F. CRANE, Chaplain of the 107th New York Regiment:

Near Acquia Creek, March 4, 1863.

Owing to the great exposure and terrible decomposition after the battle of Antietam, I was utterly prostrated and very sick. My stomach would not retain medicine. An article called Plantation Bitters, prepared by Dr. Drake, of New York, was prescribed to give me strength and an appetite. To my great surprise they gave me immediate relief. Two bottles almost allowed me to join my regiment. * * * I have since seen them used in many cases, and am free to say, for hospital or private purposes I know of nothing like them.

REV. E. F. CRANE, Chaplain.

Letter from the Rev. N. E. GILES, St. Clairsville, Pa.:

Gentlemen—You were kind enough, on a former occasion, to send me half a dozen bottles of Plantation Bitters for $5.50. My wife having derived so much benefit from the use of these Bitters, I desire her to continue them, and you will please send us six bottles more for the money enclosed.

I am very truly yours, N. E. GILES,
Pastor Ger. Ref. Church.

Soldiers' Home, Superintendent's Office,
Cincinnati, Ohio, Jan. 15th, 1863.

* * * * * * *

I have given your Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our noble soldiers who stop here, more or less disabled from various causes, and the effect is marvellous and gratifying. Such a preparation as this I heartily wish in every family, in every hospital, and at hand on every battle field.

G. W. D. ANDREWS, Superintendent.

Dr. W. A. CHILDS, Surgeon of the 10th Vermont Regiment, writes: "I wish every soldier had a bottle of Plantation Bitters. They are the most effective, perfect, and harmless tonic I ever used."

Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C., May 22, 1863.

Gentlemen—We require another supply of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which daily increases with the guests of our house.

Respectfully, SYKES, CHADWICK & Co.
&c. &c. &c. &c.

Be sure that every bottle bears the fac-simile of our signature on a steel plate label, with our private stamp over the cork.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
294 Broadway, New York.

Sold by all respectable Druggists, Physicians, Grocer, Hotels, Saloons, and country dealers. may 4.

CITY OF GLASGOW
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF GLASGOW.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

GOVERNOR—The Right Honorable the Earl of Glasgow.

Subscribed Capital	£600,000
Accumulated Fund	480,000
Annual Revenue	103,000
Existing Assurances	2,700,000

WALTER BUCHANAN, of Shandon, Esq., M. P., Chairman.
W. F. BIRKMYRE, Esq., Manager and Actuary.

VARIOUS MODES OF ASSURING.

Half Premium System, without debt or interest.
Endowment Assurances.
Partnership Assurances.
Short Term Assurances.

THE "City of Glasgow Life Assurance Company" was established in 1825, by special Act of Parliament. It has now been conducted with much success for 25 years, which is attributable not only to the perfect security which it affords for the due fulfilment of every contract, but likewise to the Company's extensive and influential connexions and to the liberality of its dealings.

The Premiums are equitably graduated. The Profits are distributed with a due regard to the claims of all classes of Policy-holders.

The last declaration of Bonus was made 20th January, 1854, which is the close of the Company's financial year, when a Bonus at the rate of one and a half per cent. on the sums assured was declared for the past year. In place of the surplus being annually divided, the profits will in future be ascertained and allocated quinquennially. Policies participate from the date of their issue, but the Bonuses do not vest until they have been five years in existence. Rates of Assurance and all other information may be learned from the Agent, WILLIAM MACKAY,
july 13.—wpr 1y Custom House Building.

THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, 92 Lombard-street, London, and Royal Insurance buildings, Liverpool.

Chairman of the London Board.—SAMUEL BAKER, Esq.
Chairman in Liverpool.—CHARLES TURNER, Esq.

The Royal Insurance Company is one of the largest Offices in the kingdom.

At the Annual Meeting held in August 1859, the following highly satisfactory results were shown:—

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The most gratifying proof of the expansion of the business is exhibited in the one following fact—that the increase alone of the last three years exceeds the entire business of some of the existing and of many of the recently defunct fire insurance companies of this kingdom.

The Premiums for the year 1855 being £130,069
While the Premiums for the year 1858 are 196,143
Showing an actual increase of 66,038
or upwards of 50 per cent. in three years.

The recent returns of duty made by Government for this latter year (1858) again show the "Royal" as more than maintaining the ratio of its increase as stated in former years. Only one among the London insurance offices exhibits an advance to the extent of one-half the increase of the Company, while all the others respectively fall far short of the moiety of its advance.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The amount of new Life Premiums received this year is by far the largest received in any similar period since the commencement of the business, and must far exceed the average of amount received by the most successful offices in the kingdom. The number of policies issued in the year was 852, the sum assured £387,752 6s. 8d., and the premium £12,354 5s. 4d. These figures show a very rapid extension of business during the last ten years. Thus:—

Years.	No. of Policies.	Sums Assured.	New Premiums.
1849	98	£45,764 17 0	£1,380 9 1
1850	190	95,550 9 11	3,027 4 1
1852	422	181,504 19 6	5,828 5 10
1854	408	161,848 13 4	4,894 16 0
1856	703	297,560 16 8	8,850 5 11
1858	852	387,752 6 8	12,354 5 4

The remarkable increase in the business of the last four years is mainly consequent upon the large bonus declared in 1855, which amounted to no less than £2 per cent. per annum on the sums assured, and averaged 80 per cent. upon the premiums paid.

PERCY M. DOVE, Manager and Actuary.
JOHN M. JOHNSTON, Secretary to the London Board.

All descriptions of property taken at fair rates, and Fire losses paid promptly on reasonable proof of loss, without reference to the head Establishment.

JAMES J. KAYE, Agent for New Brunswick
Princess-street,
Feb. 15 opposite Judge Ritchie's Building.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,
For Children Teething,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over thirty years, and can say, in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after thirty years' experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with never failing success in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve *GRIPING IN THE BOWELS AND WIND COLIC*, and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in Children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints, Do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be *Sure*, yes absolutely sure, to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper. Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE—No. 48 Dey Street, New York.

Price only 35 cents per Bottle.

July 20.

NEW GOODS!

New Goods!

The Subscribers beg to inform their friends and the public that their

SUMMER STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

Is now complete in every department, and to which they invite special attention. It consists of—

SILKS; SHAWLS; DRESS GOODS;
STUFFS, LLAMAS, CLOTHS, TWEEDS;
WHITE AND GREY COTTONS;
DENIMS, REGATTAS,
GINGHAMS, PRINTS, HOLLANDS,
LINENS, MUSLINS, LININGS;

Men's and Women's HOSIERY, of all kinds.

Gloves,

In French Kid, Silk, Neapolitan, Spun, Lisle, Braganza, Cotton, Berlin, &c. &c. &c.

Ribbons, Velvets, Lace Goods, Falls; Velvet Ribbons, in plain, white and colored edges;
Cotton, Silk, and Lawn Handkerchiefs,
HABERDASHERY, &c.

FISHING THREAD, all numbers.

A very superior article in COTTON WARPS.

All of which they are selling at Very Low Rates—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

J. ARMSTRONG & CO.

June 1st, 1865.

A Slight Cold, Cough, Hoarseness, or Sore Throat, which might be checked with a simple remedy, if neglected, often terminates seriously. Few are aware of the importance of stopping a Cough or Slight Cold in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if not attended to, soon attacks the lungs.

Brown's Bronchial Troches were first introduced eleven years ago. It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, the Hacking Cough in Consumption, and numerous affections of the Throat, giving immediate relief.

Public Speakers and Singers, will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, at 25 cents per box.

July 20, 1864.—vi.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF EDINBURGH AND LONDON,
Established in 1809.

FIRE AND LIFE!

CAPITAL, - - - £2,000,000 Sterling.
(WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)

THE Subscriber having been appointed General Agent for New Brunswick for the above Company, in the room of Alexander Balloch, Esq., who from ill health has been prevented from performing the duties of Agent, is now prepared to effect INSURANCES on reasonable terms. Country Agents will oblige by communicating their wishes at the earliest convenient date. Address Bank of British North America. H. JACK,
June 22.—vi AGENT.

SILKS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.
Selling Off, at Reduced Prices:

BLACK SILKS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.
June 1. J. ARMSTRONG & CO.

UNION HOUSE.

THE Subscriber has thoroughly fitted up this Hotel, in Union Street, and is prepared to receive PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARDERS on the most reasonable terms. A good Table and clean Beds will always be found at the Union House.

Large and commodious Stables are attached, with a good yard; and a careful and experienced Hostler always on hand; and persons coming to the City with Horses would do well to give the "UNION HOUSE" a call.

ISRAEL ATHERTON.

St. John, June 15, 1865. vis. c. sent. 3m. es.

BOARDING HOUSE.

THE Subscriber has opened a BOARDING HOUSE, No. 51 Germain Street (near King Street); where he is prepared to accommodate Permanent and Transient Boarders. [June 2.] A. YEOMANS.

GREY COTTONS!
REDUCTION IN PRICE!

OWING to the recent fall in the price of Cotton, we are now able to make a large reduction in the price of

GREY COTTONS,

Manufactured at the New Brunswick Cotton Mills, and we beg to inform the trade that we intend to supply them with our manufactures at a lower price, and of a better quality, than they can possibly be imported from England.

WM. PARKS & SON.

WAREHOUSE:
51, PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.

march 30.—piv 1m

SPERM OIL.—Three Hundred Gallons prime quality Sperm Oil, the cheapest and best oil for machinery.

Painter's Crystal Benzole.—3 bbls. Crystal Benzole Just received and for sale by

june 22 T. B. BARKER.

POTASH, FOR SOAP MAKING, &c.—3 casks containing 1500 lbs Common Potash. Just received and for sale low by [June 30.] T. B. BARKER.

FROM LONDON—JUST RECEIVED.—Nitrate of Silver, Chloride Gold; Bromine; Bromide Iodine; Bromide Cadmium; Iodide Cadmium; Iodite Potassium; Fluid Magnesia; Rowland's Kalydor; Keating's Lozenges; Silk Stockings' Elastic; White Wax for Flowers; Hypo Sulphite Soda. FELLOWS & CO.,
june 15. Foster's Corner.

SHOP TWINES.—Fifteen varieties of Shop Twines—received per Britannia. FELLOWS & CO.,
apr 27 Foster's Corner.

GENT'S UNDER CLOTHING.—Silk, Merino, Lamb's Wool and Cotton Pants and Shirts, at
Dec. 1. J. E. WHITTEKER, Prince Wm. street.

VICTORIA HOUSE,
Prince William Street.

RECEIVED per steamships Britannia, Asia and Europa, and ship New Lampedo—a large portion of our

NEW STOCK,

Consisting of Black and Coloured Coburgs, Lustres, Alpacas, Barathea, Paramattas, Henrietta Cloths, New Fancies in Mohairs, Poplinetts, Barages and Crapes, Printed Delaines, and many other new things.

SHAWLS, IN EVERY VARIETY;
HOSIERY and GLOVES.

In this department will be found our usual good assortment, with many new productions for the season.

Best French Kids, very low in price.

6-4 Silk Mixed Coatings, Fancy Doeskins and Tweeds, for Summer wear; Russel Cords and Alpacas, in the leading shades; Black Broads, Cassimeres and Doeskins, Melton Tweeds, and new Diagonals, for Manties.

White, Striped and Printed Cottons,

Very cheap; Grey Cottons, all qualities, in New Brunswick and British manufacture; Sheetings and Window Hollands, all widths; Osnaburgs, Towellings, Ticklings, Denims, Cotton Flannels, Moreens, New Skirtings, Oil Baizes, Cotton Warp, Batting, Wadding, &c. &c., at lowest market rates.

ALSO—A large Stock of Table Linens.

SMALL WARES, in great variety.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ A liberal discount given to purchasers for Cash.

"Victoria House,"
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
May 17. ST. JOHN, N. B.

JUST RECEIVED, at No. 60 Prince Wm. street—Rubber Spittoons, for Hotels or Steamboats; Rubber Spittoons for Dwelling Houses; Rubber Wagon Aprons; Rubber Blankets. Also, some low priced Fishing Rods.

June 30. Z. G. GABEL.

VERY FRESH SEEDS.

COMPRISING all the varieties of Beet, Cabbage, Carrot, Cauliflower, Radish, Turnip, etc., with a good assortment of Flower Seeds. ROBINSON BROS.,
Successors to P. Robertson Inches,
apil 27. 80 Prince William street.

GRANITE HALL,
No. 10, MARKET SQUARE.

SPRING OF 1865!

Immense Supplies of READY-MADE

CLOTHING,
Hosiery, Gloves,
FURNISHING GOODS, &c.,
SUITABLE FOR THE RETAIL TRADE.

Goods all manufactured from Sound Materials, the newest Styles, and the best of workmanship.

NOW OPEN, AND READY FOR INSPECTION:

DRESS CLOTHING,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
BUSINESS CLOTHING,
OF ALL KINDS.
Strong Working Clothes,
VERY CHEAP!

Comprising an assortment unequalled in the City; and in all qualities, from the lowest quality to the best used.

Rubber Clothing!

In great variety, among which will be found

THE CELEBRATED MACINTOSH PATENT,
In Silk, Alpaca, Cloth, and Plain Rubber.

ENGLISH-MADE LEATHER

Trunks and Overlands.

AMERICAN

TRUNKS AND VALISES.
HATS AND CAPS.
CLOTHS,
VESTINGS,
AND
TROWSERINGS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.

☞ Garments made to order in a superior manner, under the superintendence of a first-rate mechanic, with promptness, and at low prices.

SEAMEN'S OUTFITS.

☞ Strangers from the Country, and all others, will find here every article in the line requisite; and the prices will be guaranteed to please all.

THOMAS R. JONES.

May 15.—1y

THE TORONTO "GLOBE!"

IS the largest and most extensively circulated Journal in British America. It contains the very latest news by Telegraph and Mail from all parts of the world, editorials on Politics, social questions, public improvements, and everything which interests the British American people. It supports the Confederation of the Provinces on a just basis, and the economical and pure working of the new Government.

THE GLOBE:

Daily, ...$6 per annum.
Weekly, ...$2 "

The *GLOBE* has a much larger circulation than any other Journal in British America, and larger than any other paper published, in proportion to the population among whom it circulates. By one advertisement and one payment every part of British America can be reached. Persons having Lands or Houses to sell or let; merchants, manufacturers, and others, will find it to their advantage to advertise in the *Globe*.

Subscribers in the Lower Provinces will be charged for Postage in addition to the above rates, as follows, viz.: on the Weekly Globe, 20 cents; on the Daily Globe, $1.60, a year. Publisher and Proprietor,

George Brown, Toronto, C. W.

Agents for New Brunswick—
may 4. BARNES & CO.

THE "CANADA FARMER!"
AN EXTRAORDINARY SUCCESS!
Circulation ..... 20,000 Copies.

THOROUGHLY established and continually advancing in circulation and efficiency. More profusely illustrated than any other *Agricultural Paper in Europe or America.* Quoted as an authority on agricultural affairs by the chief foreign journals. A large sheet, clearly printed, and well filled with an immense variety of editorials, correspondence, and extracts from other Journals on Agriculture, Horticulture, and rural affairs. The best Paper for a New Brunswick Farmer to read, and also the cheapest! Twenty-four numbers of 16 large pages each, forming a volume of 384 pages per annum, with a copious index, for the sum of

ONE DOLLAR!

And to Clubs—10 Copies for Nine Dollars.
Postage, 15 cents per copy per annum.

George Brown, Toronto, C. W.

Agents for New Brunswick—
may 4. BARNES & CO.

R. P. & W. F. STARR,
Dealers in
Coal, Salt, Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Flour, Corn Meal, Beef, Pork, Tobacco, &c.
SMYTH STREET, (opposite Messrs. Cud y & Seider's).
St. John, N. B., July 1, 1864.—vpily

STEPHEN K. BRUNDAGE,
Importer and Dealer in
Flour, Meal, Pork, Tea, Tobacco, Oranges, Lemons
AND GENERAL GROCERIES,
Butter, Cheese, Dried Apples, Beans, Hams, and Fruit and Produce of all kinds. Wholesale and Retail. Prices low.
july 3—3m 4 WATER ST., St. John, N. B.

1865. 1865.

SPRING GOODS!
A VERY CHOICE SELECTION OF
DOESKINS and FANCY COATINGS!
A. & T. GILMOUR,
april 20. 10, King Street.

FLX New England.—The subscriber has just received from Boston—25 boxes ORANGES; 10 do. LEMONS, which, with other articles in the Grocery line, will be disposed of at lowest rates by JOHN CHRISTY,
april 20. 75 King Street.

HARDWARE.—NEW FALL STOCK!

PER steamers Hecla, Asia, and Thames:—4 casks of HARDWARE.

Per ships Carrig, Sea Gem, Princess Royal and Wanderer;
153 Casks HARDWARE; 7 casks Paint OIL;
4 do. PUTTY; 10 bbls. TAR; 10 do. PITCH;
32 bundles OAKUM; 12 casks SHOT; 12 do. Lead Pipe;
7 casks Sheet ZINC; 11 do. SAD IRONS; 3 do. Borax;
3 do. Hook and Hinges; 15 do. TRACE CHAINS;
4 do. HARVEST MOWERS; 3 cases Superior Axe Steel
341 bags Horse Wrought NAILS; 94 do. Ship SPIKES
20 bags Oval and Flat Clinch Rings; 13 bundles WIRE;
4 crates Galvanized COAL SCUTTLES; 14 Smiths' Anvils;
6 bundles SPADES; 10 tons Chain CABLES, ass'd;
93 boxes TIN PLATES; 47 bndls Galvanized Sheet Iron;
15 bundles FRYING PANS; 44 do. HASP IRON;
60 PLOUGH MOULDS; 2 rolls Sheet Brass and Copper;
3 rolls Sheet LEAD; 2760 sheets of NAIL IRON.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Silver Electro-Plated and Albatta Spoons, Forks, Cake Baskets, Cruet Stands, Kettles, &c., &c.; Britannia Metal Goods—Enamelled Baking Dishes and Preserving Kettles; Crook, J. Rogers & Son, and other good makes of Table and Pocket Cutlery, Butcher's and other superior makes of Files; Steel Fire Irons, Hearth Brushes, Coal Scuttles, Guns, Percussion Caps, Powder, Shot, &c; Griffin and E. Linsley's Horse Nails; Wilkie's Plough Mounting, Hollow Ware, Rope, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Zinc, Grindstones and Rollers; Glue; Harness Mounting, Sheet, Hoop, and Bar Iron; Tin Plates, Mill, Cross-Cut, and Hand Saws, Shingle Knives and Frows; Broad's and Spiller's Axes, Adzes, &c.; Whips, Shoe Thread, Whip Lashes, Augers, Shovels, Tea Kettles, Smiths' Bellows and Vices; 500 pair SKATES. A variety of Hardware and Fancy Goods too numerous to mention.

☞ Manufacturers of CUT NAILS and SPIKES, from superior Iron. Wholesale and Retail.

oct 6.—ip I. & F. BURPEE, Prince Wm. street.

RECEIVED PER RECENT ARRIVALS.

34 BBLS. OATMEAL, fresh ground, and of superior quality; 34 do. Double-refined Kerosene OIL;
25 gross Bohemian and Disconw's STOVE POLISH;
15 cases Friction MATCHES; 10 tubs Leaf LARD;
50 boxes Layer RAISINS; 10 bbls. Zante CURRANTS;
20 Chests Fine Congou TEA; 15 casks Muscovado MOLASSES; 14 casks Cuba SUGAR;
20 casks very Bright Porto Rico SUGAR. For sale by
jan 26—pl JOHN CHRISTY, 75 King-street.

EAGLE IRON FOUNDRY,
STEAM ENGINE and MACHINE SHOP,
Albion and Saint David Streets, St. John, N. B

HAVING been enlarged to meet the increasing demand of its business, the Proprietor would call public attention to the same, and inform them that his recently improved facilities for executing work induces him to solicit further patronage.

STEAM ENGINES, High or Low Pressure, for Steamboats; Pumping, Clearing and Working Mines; for Saw and Grist Mills; and propelling every kind of Machinery—made to order.

STEAM ENGINE BOILERS, for Marine or Land Purposes, made or repaired.

IRON or BRASS CASTINGS, of all descriptions, made to order, and Patterns furnished.

ALWAYS ON HAND—Rudder Braces