KING'S COUNTY.

The following are the returns:—

Vail	1616
Scovil	1586
Otty	1486
Ryan	1210
W. P. Flewelling	1119
George F. Flewelling	1073
McElmen	64

Three Anti-Confederates have been returned.

RESTIGOUCHE COUNTY.

McMillan and A. C. Desbrisay, are elected—both Confederates.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY.

Thomson	1107
Boyd	1185
Hill	1270
Gillmor	1185
McAdam	872
Stevens	557
Stevenson	417
Reynolds	234
Donald	404
Brown	366

The Parishes of Dumbarton, Grand Manan, and Baillie (St. James), not heard from. The four leading Candidates are Anti-Confederates.

The Postmaster-General announces that on and after May 1, the following Post Offices in N. B. are authorized to issue Money Orders payable in Great Britain, Canada, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, as well as in this Province:

Bathurst	Sackville,
Dalhousie	St. John,
Fredericton	Sussex Vale,
Chatham	St. Andrws,
Bend	Shediac,
Newcastle	Woodstock,

Richibucto.

The Post Offices of Grand Falls and Hillsborough, will issue Money Orders payable in Canada, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

NOTE.—*By agreement the amount of any one Money Order is limited to Ten Pounds Sterling.*

A building on the corner of Brussels and Union Streets, occupied by Messrs. Jacob Wilson & Sons as a Hay and Grain Warehouse, was partially destroyed by fire on Wednesday night. The Steamers and Hose Carts were promptly on hand—*News.*

HONOUR TO A NEW BRUNSWICKER.—We have great pleasure in stating that Mr. Alfred B. Atherton, of Fredericton, who has been attending Harvard Medical School, after a competitive examination with some of the oldest and best students of the Medical College, has come off first, and has received the appointment of Senior House Surgeon in the splendidly fitted up new City Hospital. Among his competitors were a graduate of Harvard College and one of Yale.—*St. Andrews Standard.*

The receipts of the railway are falling off. In February 1864 they amounted to $8,450; in February 1855, only $6,584. The decrease is some $1,871, or 22 per cent.—*Telegraph.*

Mr. Nassau C. Gowan, of Toronto, who died a few days ago in consequence of serious injuries received in an accident on the Grand Trunk Railway, was well known in the Lower Provinces in connexion with his efforts to establish the Society of British Good Templars. He was a young man of considerable ability. The Society referred to has gained a firm footing in our own Province. Last week a public meeting under the auspices of one of the Lodges was held in this city, and we learn from a Fredericton paper that on the 10th a Lodge was opened there. Two more applications for Lodges in the vicinity of Fredericton have been received by the Templars.—*Telegraph.*

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

THE DEFENSES OF CANADA.

HOUSE OF LORDS, Feb. 20.

Lord Lyveden called attention to the report of Col. Jervois on the defences of Canada, which he said, showed in unmistakeable language the utterly defenceless condition of the Canadian territory. He thought England ought not to rely upon the conciliatory intentions of the American people, as it was well understood, when there was a prospect of peace being concluded between the Northern and Southern States the other day, that peace and union meant war with England. He could not account for the intense hatred and hostility which the Americans appear to entertain toward England, unless they were offended at the neutrality which she had observed. After referring to the available forces in Canada and the measures thus far taken, he said that he did not complain of the apathy which had hitherto been displayed, both by the Imperial and Colonial Government; but he thought the time had now arrived for the inauguration of a more vigorous policy. The Government ought to be prepared either to withdraw the troops and leave the defences of the colony to Canada itself, or to take immediate measures for placing the territory in an adequate state of defence.

Earl de Grey and Ripon fully admitted the great importance of the question, but regretted that any doubt should have been expressed of the conciliatory intentions of the American Government. The papers which had been laid upon the table contained no information that was new to their lordships; but, as the Government proposed to ask Parliament and Canada to take their share in providing for the efficient defence of the colony, it was necessary, in the first instance, to show to Parliament the ground upon which its assistance was asked. In the estimates for the present year there would be included the sum of £50,000 for the improvement of the fortifications of Quebec, and it was proposed that the Canadian Government should undertake the fortification of Montreal and the important territory to the westward. In addition, the colony had taken steps for balloting 88,000 men into the militia, and Her Majesty's Government would afford every encouragement for the establishment of schools for the training of officers.

The Earl of Derby said he should have refrained from taking part in the discussion if the Government, by laying upon the table the report showing the defenceless state of one of the most important colonies, had not invited the opinion of Parliament upon the subject. He thought the avowal made by the Government was a most humiliating one to the country, at a moment when the question of peace and war depended not on the calm considerations of friendly Governments, but on the excited passions of popular assemblies, and a nation which indubitably, whether rightly or wrongly, did entertain extremely hostile feelings against England. He strongly censured the Government for having so long refrained from providing for the defences of Canada, and expressed a hope that a more definite statement would be made as to what was intended to be done in the way of naval preparation on the lakes. He ridiculed the notion of asking Parliament for a vote of £50,000 for the fortifications of Quebec, when £200,000 was required for placing them in an efficient condition.

Earl Granville thought Lord Derby took an exaggerated view of the question, and reminded the House that it was only in November that any question arose with regard to the lakes. He believed that a strong feeling of attachment did exist between the colony and the mother country; and so long as the colony was prepared to take its fair share, both in money and men in its own defence, the mother country was bound to come forward in a way in which a great country like England should come forward to assist the efforts of such a colony.

The Earl of Malmesbury complained of the smallness of the sum which the Government were about to ask for the fortifications of Quebec.

The Earl of Ellenborough expressed a similar view, urging that England was bound in honor to do all in her power to defend Canada, but at the same time the people of Canada should clearly understand that her assistance would be inefficient and comparatively useless unless they were prepared to defend themselves with vigour and energy.

Earl Russell regretted that the question had been introduced, and said that it was impossible to have come forward earlier, as the Canadians had hitherto persistently declined to take any steps for their own defence, and under such circumstances no Government would have been bold enough to ask Parliament for a large grant of money. During the past year a different disposition had been displayed by Canada, and Her Majesty's Government at once came forward to assist them.

The Earl of Derby asked what steps had been taken to avert the danger of an absolute naval superiority on the lakes on the part of the United States?

The Duke of Somerset said the notice of the intention to terminate the convention was only given in November, and the subject was now under consideration.

Earl de Grey and Ripon said it would be impossible to expend £200,000, in the working season at Quebec, it it was voted. It was upon that ground that only £50,000 would be asked for.

After a few words from the Earl of Longford, the subject dropped.

ARRIVAL OF THE "AFRICA."

HALIFAX, March 16, 1866.

The "Africa" left Liverpool on the 4th, Queenstown on the 5th, and arrived at Halifax at 7 A. M., on the 16th. She has 39 Halifax, and 25 Boston passengers.

The news per "Australian" of the fall of Charleston, caused much sensation. The immediate effect was an advance of 2 per cent, in U. S. Bonds, and a decline of 4 per cent in Confederate Loan.

The London *Times* says the influence of the succes at Charleston can hardly be exaggerated; the moral effect cannot but be most powerful on the conduct of the war.

The *Star* regards the fall of Charleston as premonitory of the overthrow of the rebellion.

The Army and Navy *Gazette* says, the evacuation of Charleston and Columbia, and the concentration of garrisons, will strengthen the hands of Beauregard, Hardee and Hill; but the Confederates are placed in a position of exceeding danger, from which it will require greater genius than ever Lee and Davis have as yet exhibited, to extricate them. The purpose of Grant becomes more obvious as the campaign proceeds. He holds Lee fast, and thus paralyzes the strongest arm and neutralizes the greatest force of the Confederacy.

The news was published too late on the 3rd for the Liverpool and Manchester markets. But the first effect was one of depression, and cotton declined.

The rebel ram Stonewal continues at Ferol, watched by Federal vessels.

In the House of Commons on the 3rd, Shaw Lefevre asked whether the attention of Government had been directed to a certain minute of instructions alleged to have been issued by the Confederate Government, with reference to the seizure and disposal by Confederate cruisers of neutral vessels without adjudication by a prize Court, and whether such instruction met with the approval of the Government, and if not, what measures would be taken to prevent their being carried out. Mr. Layard replied that the attention of the Government had been given to the instructions in question, and they were entirely disapproved. It would not however be consistent with the interest of the public service to state what steps have been taken regarding them.

The Liverpool *Post*, in an editorial contending against a probable war between England and America says, in a note from a member of the Government received in Liverpool on the 2d, occurs the following passage:—"I hear the city is uneasy about America. We have, however, more pacific and satisfactory declarations from the United States Government than for a long time past has been the case."

Sir F. Bruce is officially gazetted as Minister at Washington.

Senator Foote had issued an address, dated London, Feb. 24th, to the sovereign people of the State of Tennessee, in which he explains the reasons which led him to disconnect himself from the Confederate Legislature and seek refuge in England. He reiterates his denunciations against the Rebel Government.

TURKEY.—In a fire at Constantinople, convent and numerous houses were destroyed, and one hundred lives lost.

INDIA.—Private Calcutta telegrams of February 28 report panic under American peace news,

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—Funds quiet but steady, discount demand pretty active at Bank, which had reduced minimum to 4½; supply, however, good.

LATEST VIA LIVERPOOL.—*March 4th, Evening.*—*Times* says fall of Charleston is a victory which will recompense Federals for many labours, and encourage them to pursue with renewed vigor conquest of the South; believes, although South is now shut out from the world, it will continue to show unabated obstinacy in defence.

Daily News contents itself by editorially detailing operations of Sherman in strain of eulogy.

Morning *Post* argues that Charleston was evacuated as strategical necessity; says Sherman's movements have been characterized by foresight and accurate calculation, results which place him in foremost rank of generals of the present day.

European politics unimportant. Fall of Charleston caused considerable sensation. *Times* says influence in favor of Federals can hardly be exaggerated. Federal securities improved two, and Confederate declined four per cent. Cotton also depressed.

Breadstuffs dull. Provisions inactive.

Consols 88⅞ a 89.

UNITED STATES.

The progress of the Federal arms seems to be onward. Very few aggressive efforts seem to be put forth by their opponents, and these few are quite unsuccessful. If Grant and Sherman form a junction, and the former seems to be commencing operations designed to act against Richmond, we may soon hear of stirring news. The Federals must feel flushed by victories, and strong in numbers and resources. The Confederates are brave and disciplined; but in numbers, equipment and supplies, they must be vastly inferior to their successful opponents.

BOSTON, March 15.

At Quebec yesterday, the Minister of Finance submitted to Parliament the Estimates for the current year, including one million for the permanent defences of the country.

Reports from Richmond state that a great panic was caused in that city on Saturday and Sunday, by information that Sherman was destroying Bever Mills aqueduct on James River, 20 miles from the city, thus cutting the canal which is the main feeder of Richmond.

It was believed that it was Sheridan's purpose to cross the James and strike the Danville Railroad near coal fields, and from thence make a junction with Grant.

Gold opened at 178.

The noted guerilla of Kentucky, Jerome Clark, *alias* Sue Munday, who was captured some time ago, is to be hung to-day.

Despatches just received state that Gen. Sherman has captured Fayetteville, N. C.; also that Scofield has taken possession of Kinston, driving Bragg out.

Richmond papers of the 13th say the condition of affairs is desperate. They fear Sheridan will destroy all the railroad communications between Richmond and the rest of the Confederacy.

Gold closes at 174.

BOSTON, March 16.

President Lincoln has ordered that all American citizens detected as having been engaged in blockade running be arrested and imprisoned; and that all foreigners implicated in the same shall leave the country within twelve days.

The Federals have captured Kinston, North Carolina. Several gold operators failed yesterday.

Flour declined 10 to 15 cents. Wheat 5 to 10 cts. Corn 2 to 3 cents. Butter and lard 1 to 2 cents. Pork $1.25. Cotton 3 cents.

General Sherman, when he entered Cherawa, S. C., captured 21 pieces of artillery after a slight skirmish.

Richmond *Despatch* of the 12th, says it is reported that the reason of Davis asking Congress to postpone time of adjournment, was that Napoleon had promised intervention if the Confederate Government would cede to France Louisiana and oppose the Monroe doctrine. Gold 174.

DRUNKENNESS IN THE AMERICAN ARMIES.—It is said that drunkenness in the armies of both of the North and South, exists to a most alarming degree, and that the most fearful disasters have in several instances occurred through drunkenness; while also, the fate of battles has been decided by it. The State Temperance Society of New York presented through a Committee for that purpose, an address to President Lincoln on the 11th inst., which says:—

Sir, the people are willing to give their loved ones to any fatigue, to any suffering, and to death for their country; but they are not willing to have them subjected to and led into battle by drunken officers. They are willing that officers should be a privileged class; but they are not willing that granted privileges should expose their husbands, brothers and sons, as they believe they now do, to the most terrible calamities, and their country to certain ruin.

If liquor is bad for the private it is equally bad for the officer; and is often a hundred-fold worse in its consequences. If it should not be carried over the lines for the private, as is now forbidden, it should not be for the officer. If the drunken private should be punished with expulsion from the service for his drunkenness, much more should the criminal officer in view of his high responsibilities. Most deferentially, but earnestly, would the Society lay before you these truths. They come from disquieted and anxious breasts throughout the country. They come from a widespread belief that drunkenness in officers has often been the cause of most distressing calamities to soldiers, and of failures in well-planned actions;—that it is because officers are in many respects a privileged class in the attainment and use of liquors, that drunkenness so extensively prevails among them; and that, if they were all total abstainers, it would, in the language of a distinguished Commander, be worth fifty thousand men to the armies of the United States.

Your petitioners, therefore, true and loyal citizens of the Union, in behalf of anxious relatives and friends, both of officers and soldiers; in behalf of humanity, of righteousness, and of God, do ask that an order or orders may be issued, which shall put an end to whatever may be considered a privilege in this matter to officers, but which proves to the army an unmitigated curse; and do beseech that the most efficient measures may be taken, both in the army and navy, to preserve all, officers, soldiers, and sailors from this great destroyer.

That the Southern army is no better, may be seen by the following extracts from a Southern paper:—

I have seen an officer in command of a corps retreat from a battle-field so drunk that his staff had to assist him off, and I have seen surgeons so stupefied by liquor that they could not distinguish between a man's arm and the spoke of a wagon wheel, and who would just as soon have sawed off the one as the other. I once saw, upon the eve of battle, a brigadier-general placed under arrest by a drunken senior brigadier, and it was not without hesitation that the Commander-in-Chief released the prisoner, though he had been guilty of no offence, and was one of the most meritorious officers in the army. The last I saw of the senior brigadier on the retreat that night, he had separated himself from his command, taken the road, and was rearing, and charging, and shouting along the highway, like a drunken dervish. The junior officer is now full general, commanding one of our principal armies.

A CROWN OF GOLD or a coronet of pearls is the privilege of few to have, but any lady can rejoice in a glorious head of hair—Nature's own diadem and title to dignity—by the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, or Hair Dressing. Every Druggist sells them.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious pulmonary affections, oftentimes incurable. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief. They have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputations they have justly acquired. *As they are imitations, be sure to* OBTAIN *the genuine.*

Receipts for the "Religious Intelligencer" to Mar. 17.

Subscribers will please see that their money is correctly acknowledged. The whole number of the paper to which they pay, follows the amount paid.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—Abner Freeze, $2.00, 632; Daniel Schriver, 2.00, 632; Nathaniel Rideout, 2.00, 584; Wm. Hallett, 2.00, 589; Daniel Collings, 1.00, 608; Thos. Merscereaux, 70c.; Israel Smith, 5.00, 560; James Coperthwait, 2.00, 624; C. P. Craig, 2.00, 640; Isaac Burpie, 2.00, 632; W. Watt, 2.00, 582; W. McKenzie, 1.00, 608; D. Allen, 2.00, 633; James Sullivan, 2.00, 624; W. S. Teakles, 2.00, 624.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.—In external inflammation there is an unnatural rush of blood to the part affected. The effect of the Ointment is to disperse the local fever. The Pills relieve the system through the bowels of all morbid and irritating influences.

Sold at the manufactories, No. 80 Maiden Lane, N. York, and No. 244 Strand, London, and by all Druggists. If the reader of this notice cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the Drug Store in his place, let him write to me, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make 25c. 62½c., and $1 per box.

DR. RIDGE'S FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS is so carefully and scientifically prepared that it is immensely superior to Arrowroot, Sago, Tapioca, Bread, Biscuit, Corn Flour, or any other kind of farinaceous food for infants, not alone from its purity, strength, and great nourishing properties, but also from its having been peculiarly and thoroughly cooked in its manufacture, which renders it more easily digestible. It cannot cause Acidity or Wind. It is very agreeable, and from the nature of its composition is exactly adapted to all conditions of the stomach. It can be made ready for use without trouble in two or three minutes. Mixed in Beef Tea, Milk, or any other fluid, the *PATENT FOOD* is pre-eminently suited to Invalids, from its wholesome and strengthening qualities. It is a real blessing, and from its remarkable cheapness accessible to all. For sale only by

GEO. A. BAYARD,
Successor to JOHN M. WALKER,
nov 4. No. 7, Market square.

LONG POINT, N. S., March 8th, 1864.

I had been afflicted with Rheumatism for twenty four years, and for the last nine of that time I was constantly suffering pain, which had rendered me for six months unable to work, until I commenced the use of GRAHAM'S PAIN ERADICATOR, and was cured by the use of less than one bottle, and to my own astonishment, as well as that of others, I have remained free of pain, and from its results and its effects in other cases, as well as my own, I consider this medicine a blessing to mankind.

JOSEPH GRIMES.

Price 25 Cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Patent Medicines.

jo ne 26 THOMAS GRAHAM.

MARRIAGES.

On Thursday, 9th inst., by the Rev. George Armstrong, Francis J. Leslon, Esq., merchant, to Miss Isabella Jane, second daughter of George Kerr, Esq., all of Chatham.

On the 14th inst., by the Rev. William Alves, A. M., Mr. William McAfee, Jr., of this city, to Miss Catherine Jane Hutchinson, of Portland.

On the 15th inst., by the Rev. Oliver Brown, Mr. Thos. F. Barker, to Miss Louisa C. Crosby, both of this city.

On the 8th inst., by the Rev. B. Merritt, Mr. Adam G. Todd, of Johnston, to Miss Sarah A., eighth daughter of the late Mr. George Slipp, of Hampstead, Q. C.

At St. Andrews, on the 9th inst., by the Rev. W. Q. Ketchum, assisted by the Rev. A. D. Street, A. Burnet L. Street, Esq., of St. John, to Mary M., eldest daughter of Alfred L. Street, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.

DEATHS.

On Monday, 13th inst., at his residence Pond Street, Mr. James Bryden, aged 52 years, leaving a wife and four children to mourn their loss.

On Sunday, 12th inst., Catherine, relict of the late Mr. Patrick Harrigan, in the 55th year of her age, leaving nine children to mourn their bereavement.

On Sunday, 12th inst., after a short illness, Frederick A. Nagel, aged 23 years.

On Saturday, 11th inst., Freddie T., youngest son of William and Mary Lewis, aged 1 year and 5 months.

On the 10th inst., of inflammation of the lungs, Sarah Jane, beloved daughter of Samuel and Mary Watkins, aged three months and ten days.

In Carleton, on the 8th inst., of consumption, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of George Rawley, in the 18th year of her age.

At Milltown, St. Stephen, on the 7th inst., of diptheria and croup, Catherine Amelia, youngest daughter of James and Eliza Steele, aged 4 years 4 months and 7 days.

At Oromocto, on the 2nd inst., after a short illness, Charles Hazen, Esq., in the 71st year of his age.

At Salisbury, on the 6th inst., Emma May, only child of Mr. Alex. L. Wright, aged 5 years, after a few days illness of scarlet fever.

On the 15th inst., after a short but severe illness, which he bore with christian resignation to the Divine will, Moses W. Dykeman, Esq., in the 47th year of his age.

On the 16th inst., Mrs. Elizabeth Bell, relict of the late William Bell, in the 77th year of her age.

On the 16th inst., Jane, wife of the late William Harding, of King's County, aged 67 years.

At Fredericton, on the 13th inst., Nancy A., aged fourteen months, child of David and Sarah Carr.

At Southampton, on the 7th inst., Mr. Gideon Freeman, aged 27 years. He had been sick with consumption for some time, and died in full assurance of immortality and eternal life through Jesus Christ. His funeral was attended by Rev. J. T. Parsons, who preached to a large congregation, from Psalms xxiii. 4.

At Douglas, on the 7th inst., after a short illness of consumption, Ida Pamelia, eldest daughter of Joseph and Julia Hallett, aged 17 years and 8 months.

At Studholm, on the 5th inst., Harriet, wife of Valentine Secord, aged 22 years, leaving an infant child, a disconsolate husband, and fond parents to lament their loss.

At Pugwash, N. S., on the 25th Feb., Thomas Charles, youngest child of Rev. Edwin Clay, M. D., aged 1 year and two months.

At New York, on the 14th Feb., after a lingering illness, Lawrence S. Sloan, aged 27 years, a native of this city. His end was peace.

On Sunday, 19th Feb., at Braunton, North Devon, England, Colonel Oliver Robinson, formerly and for thirty-four years in the 2nd or Queen's Royal Regiment. At the assault of Ghuznee (Campaign to Cabul), he received a severe sabre wound on the head, from which he never quite recovered. The deceased was the brother of the wife of the Hon. Judge Parker, of this city, and first cousin of the Hon. Treasurer of this Province, and of J. M. Robinson, Esq., Barrister, of this city.

LORILLARD'S SCOTCH SNUFF.—2 Brls. Lorrilard's Scotch Snuff, in Bladders—just received and for sale by [mar 16.] T. B. BARKER.

TO LET—For one or more years—the Shop now occupied by Mr. Sabiston, No. 52 King Street. Enquire of march 16. J. F. SECORD, King Square.

RECEIVED, via Halifax, overland: 1 case Black Silks. Will be sold very low. FERGUSON BROS., march 16. 55 King street.

ROOM Paper.—ENNIS & GARDNER have new English *ROOM PAPERS*, good styles, from 5 cents per roll. march 16.

LEMONS, Coffee, &c.—Just received ex steamer New Brunswick from Boston: 5 boxes Lemons; 4 do. Coffee, 16 papers; 6 do. Ground Cinnamon; 5 brls Corn Balls. For sale low by J. S. TURNER, march 16. 22 and 24 Water Street.

HOSIERY.—Ennis & Gardner will sell the balance of stock of Winter Hosiery at reduced prices. mar 16.

NEW CROP MOLASSES.—Landing ex Christina, from Cienfuegos—354 Puncheons and 50 Tierces New Crop MOLASSES, for sale by DeFOREST & PERKINS. march 17. 11 South Wharf.

The most popular Book of Pianoforte Instruction is Richardson's New Method, having a regular sale of Twenty-five Thousand Copies a year. It is superior in excellence to all other "Methods," and THE BOOK THAT EVERY PUPIL NEEDS for the acquirement of a thorough knowledge of Pianoforte playing! It is adapted to all Grades of Tuition, from the Rudimental Studies of the youngest, to the Studies and Exercises of Advanced Pupils. Two editions are published, one adopting American, the other Foreign Fingering. When the work is ordered, if no preference is designated, the edition with American Fingering will be sent.

☞ Be sure that in ordering it you are particular in specifying the "New Method." Price $3 75. Mailed, post paid to any address. Sold by all Music Dealers.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers.
March 17. 277 Washington-street, Boston.

APPLES.—Just received ex Alice Mills from Annapolis, 37 brls Choice Apples. For sale by
march 16. JOSHUA S. TURNER.

Skeleton Skirts.—Women's and Misses's Skeleton Skirts.—1000 dozen now offered, newest styles and great bargains. [mar 16.] ENNIS & GARDNER.

WHITEWASH BRUSHES.—160 DOZ. Whitewash Brushes—assorted sizes. Just received and for by [mar 16.] T. B. BARKER.

FIRE PROOF PAINT.—10 Brls. Fire Proof Paint. Just received and for sale by
mar 16. T. B. BARKER.

PAINTER'S BENZOLE.—10 BRLS. Deodorized Benzole, for Painter's use. Just received and for sale by
mar 16. T. B. BARKER.

ENGLISH AND PARIS WHITING.—Fifty Casks of English and Paris Whiting—on hand and for sale by
mar. 16. T. B. BARKER.

FIVE gross BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES for coughs and sore throat.
5 gross MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.
10 gross Ayer's Pills.
5 gross Sharp's Balsam of Hoarhound and Aniseed.
7 gross English and French Hair Oils, 14 varieties.
Wholesale & Retail. [mar 16.] FELLOWS & CO.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES.—Now is the time to buy Cheap Boots and Shoes.—As the Store which we occupy on King Street has been rented from the first day of May next for a Clothing Store, we have commenced selling off the BOOTS and SHOES contained therein, at COST PRICES, in order to clear out the whole Stock prior to the 20th April. As the Stock is mostly new, and in good order, Families and Country Merchants wishing to buy parcels at very cheap rates, will find this a first rate opportunity of so doing.
March 9. S. K. & G. L. FOSTER.

Butter, Yeast Cakes, Cheese, &c.—Just received ex steamer New Brunswick—35 tubs choice Butter; 2 cases Hop Yeast Cakes; 20 boxes Cheese; 1 case Preston & Merrill's Yeast Powder; 5 boxes Fairmount Tobacco, choice. For sale low by JOSHUA S. TURNER,
march 9. 22 and 24 Water street.

Apples.—Just received ex Alice Mills from Annapolis—79 brls Choice Apples. For sale by
march 9. J. S. TURNER.

NOTICE.—Is hereby given that Rev. WILLIAM E. PENNINGTON, of Moncton, has been appointed Agent in the St. John River Counties for the Petitcodiac Mining and Manufacturing Company. W. W. PRICE,
Petitcodiac, March 2.—1w5i President.

FLOUR.—To arrive per schrs. A. Perkins and Gilbert Bent, from New York—600 brls Reindeer Flour; 500 do Bellefontaine do; 200 do Corn Meal.
Per Mary Jane—500 brls Canada Flour. For sale by
march 10. HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

COUGH MEDICINES.—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Sharp's Balsam of Horehound; Brown's Bronchial Troches; Keating's Cough Lozenges; Down's Elixir; Pure Cod Liver Oil; Wilbur's Cod Liver Oil and Lime; Winchester's Hypophosphites; Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. For sale by
march 10. C. P. CLARKE, 85 King-st.

CANADA.—Just received, a full supply of Dr. Ridges' unrivalled FOOD. For sale by
march 10. GEO. A. BAYARD, 7 Market-square.

Butter.—24 firkins Choice Canada Butter, ex steamer New Brunswick. [march 9.] G. BENT.

CHEAP ROOM PAPER.

ENNIS & GARDNER have received their early Spring supply of PAPER HANGINGS, assorted as usual to suit the Wholesale Trade.

Also—A great variety of Elegant and Cheap PAPERS, for the Retail Trade.
march 9. ENNIS & GARDNER.

LEMONT'S VARIETY STORE!
FOR CASH!

BEADS! BEAD WORK! INDIAN STONE PIPES, &c. &c. &c.

IF you want pure Albertine and Portlandine Oil, buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want cheap Table, Side or Hand Lamps, buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want cheap Chairs, Bureaus, Table, Washstands, Bedsteads—in fact all kinds of Furniture—buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want cheap Crockery or Glass Ware, buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want single and double Iron Bedsteads, buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want cheap Knives and Forks, buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want Table, Dessert and Tea Spoons, buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want cheap Looking Glasses, all sizes, buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want cheap Feather Beds and Mattrasses, buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want cheap Table Trays and Plated Table Ware, buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want cheap Wooden Ware, all kinds, buy of LEMONT & SON.
If you want hundreds of articles in use for household, buy of LEMONT & SON.
Our Goods are bought at the manufacturers, and will be sold at from 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than formerly sold by us. LEMONT & SON.
If you want to sell and get good prices for Furs of all kinds, Moose Hides, &c., call at Lemont & Son's,
march 3. Queen Street, Fredericton.

MITTS AND SOCKS.—150 dozen Country Socks; 60 do Wool Mitts. For sale at reduced prices—$1.50 per dozen upwards. [feb 24.] SIMON NEALIS.

HOOP SKIRTS.—In all the fashionable styles, at greatly reduced prices. Imperial Buildings, 2 King st.
feb 24. SIMON NEALIS.

A Remarkably Fine Collection of Music for the Piano Forte.—1,000 Pieces for $12.50.

THE following Books are of uniform size and style, and form the best assortment of Choice Music for the Pianoforte ever published. The HOME CIRCLE, a collection of Piano Gems, 2 vols. The SOWER OF PEARLS, a collection of Choice Vocal Duetts, with Piano accompaniments. The SILVER CHORD, a collection of Songs, Ballads, Quartettes, Duets, etc. etc., with Piano accompaniments. OPERATIC PEARLS, a collection of the Vocal Beauties of the best Operas, with Piano accompaniments. All of the above sent, post paid, for $12.50, or singly as the following prices:—Piano, $2.50, Cloth, $3.00, full Gilt, $4.
feb 24. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

HOW to Play any Musical Instrument—with a Teacher—With a collection of choice Music, will be found in "Winner's Perfect Guide" for the Violin, Flute, Guitar, Piano, Melodeon, Accordeon, Fife, Clarionet and Flageolet, designed to enable any one to learn without a Teacher. 5 Books. Price of each seventy-five cts. Mailed post paid. OLIVER DITSON & CO.,
feb 17. Publishers.

PORK AND MEAL.—Landing ex Walrus, from New York—100 brls Napier Flour; 100 do Corn Meal.
feb. 17 DEFOREST & PERKINS, 11 South Wharf.

APPLES.—Hourly expected ex brig Union T., from New York—20 brls Newton Pippin Apples; 20 brls other varieties New York do. For sale low on arrival by
dec 30. JOSHUA S. TURNER.

NOTICE.—All persons having demands against the estate of the late David Berry, Blacksmith, of the Parish of Greenwich, King's County, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within three months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. SARAH E. BERRY,
Greenwich, K. C., Feb. 10, 1865. 1m* Executrix.

BENZINE!—10 bbls. of the above will be sold low to close consignment. CHAS. A. BOVEY,
Feb 17. No. 12 North Market Wharf.

HEAVY BLACK OATS.—500 bushels. For sale by
feb 9. G. BENT.

JUST RECEIVED.—New RIBBONS; Shetland Falls; Berlin Ties; Corsets; Gloves, &c.
Also—Men's Fancy PAPER COLLARS; New Neck Ties; Linen Collars, &c. Wholesale and Retail.
feb 2. FERGUSON BROS.

SLEIGH AND RAILWAY RUGS.—A few of the above will be sold very low.
Jan. 26. FERGUSON BROS.

"THE HUMAN FACE DIVINE."—A New System of Physiognomy—Eyes, Ears, Nose, Lips, Mouth, Head, Hair, Hands, Feet, Skin, with all "Signs of Character," and How to Read them, given in the PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL AND LIFE ILLUSTRATED, for 1865. S. R. WELLS, Editor. Portraits of Remarkable men, in every calling, illustrating different Phases of Human Character, the sane and the insane, the virtuous and the vicious.—Physiognomy, Ethnology, Phrenology, Psychology, etc., in each number. New Volume, 41st. Only $2 a year. "Now is the time to subscribe." Sample numbers by first post, 20 cents. Please address to Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway, N. Y. dec 2—3mip

GREY COTTONS!
AND COTTON WARPS!
Manufactured at the New Brunswick Cotton Mills
WAREHOUSE,
51, PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
And at the Mill.
oct 20.—ply 1m

ENGLISHMAN'S COUGH MIXTURE.

AT this season of the year, in which so many persons are troubled with Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, &c., the subscriber would again recommend the Englishman's Cough Mixture to all who are thus afflicted, as one of the very best remedies ever used, a proof of which is its rapidly increased sale since it was first offered to the public, and the numerous testimonials received from those who have been benefitted thereby. Let those who are afflicted with Coughs, Colds, &c., TRY IT, and they will soon find its superiority over the common Cough Remedies. Prepared and sold only by T. B. BARKER,
dec 1. 55 King street.

1865.

INTERNATIONAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY!—The splendid sea-going Steamer "NEW BRUNSWICK," E. B. WINCHESTER, Master, will leave Reed's Point Wharf, every MONDAY, at 8 o'clock, A. M., for Eastport, Portland and Boston, until further notice.

FARES:

From St. John to Eastport	$1.50
" " to Portland	4.00
" " to Boston	5.00
By steamer and Railway to Boston	6.00

All Fares and Freights payable in New Brunswick Currency at St. John.

Passages and State Rooms secured at the Company's Office, East end Warehouse, Reed's Point Wharf.

All Freights must positively be paid on delivery of Goods.
Feb. 23. B. ANSLEY, Agent.

E. & N. A. RAILWAY.—RUNNING OF TRAINS.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, 1864.—On and after MONDAY, 21st November, trains will run as follows:—
Leave St. John at 9 a. m., and 4.30 p. m.;
Leave Shediac at 10 a. m.;
Leave Sussex at 7 a. m.;
The 4.30 Train from St. John goes no further than Sussex
All these Trains will carry Passengers and Freight.
R. JARDINE,
Railway Commissioners' Office, 9th Nov., 1864. Chairman

WARREN'S
COUGH BALSAM!
HAS BEEN FOUND BY EXPERIENCE TO BE THE
BEST REMEDY
for the various diseases of the Lungs and Throat, such as
Diptheria, Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption, Croup, Influenza, Pleurisy, Pneumonia, or Inflammation of the Lungs, and Whooping Cough.

IN THESE COMPLAINTS, this Medicine has no superior; and while thus efficacious, it is perfectly safe to administer to persons of all ages. At all times of the year this Balsam is found useful, especially in the Autumn, Winter, and Spring; and many Colds and Coughs, which, if neglected, might prove fatal, may be cured at once by a few doses of this invaluable remedy.

The Cough Balsam possesses the two fold advantage of being at once valuable as a curative, and invaluable as a preventive of all the diseases of the Throat, Lungs, and Bronchia.

In DIPTHERIA, this Balsam has proved itself unexpectedly efficacious. When given at the first onset of the pestilence, it checks it at once; and in many cases it is believed by those who have taken it, to have saved their lives.

In ASTHMA, however violent and distressing, this Balsam gives prompt relief.

In BRONCHITIS and PNEUMONIA it relieves the irritation, lessens the Cough, and promotes a favourable expectoration.

In CROUP, its powers are almost magical. This insidious disease, coming literally "like a thief in the night," may be speedily and effectually arrested by a few timely doses of this Balsam.

In WHOOPING COUGH, it moderates the paroxysms, prevents the disease from assuming its severest and dangerous form, and shortens its course.

Every family should keep it in the house, and thus avoid the dangerous delay occasioned by sending out for the medicine, when needed for immediate use.

The best recommendation for a good medicine, is found in its use. If the following certificates from persons who have used it, do not give you confidence in it, try one bottle for yourself, and you will be convinced. It will cost you but THIRTY-FIVE CENTS, and may save you as many dollars in time and doctors' bills.

I have used it myself, also in my family and Department, and recommend it to the public generally.
ELIJAH LOW, Provost Marshal.

We all pronounce the article SOUND: so does our Brigade Surgeon, Dr. Dyman, of Boston, to whom I presented a bottle. CHARLES W. ROBERTS,
Col. commanding 2d Reg't, Me. Vols.

[From Ex-Mayor Hayward.]
BANGOR, Sept. 10, 1864.

Dr. A. Warren—Having used your Balsam in my family for some time past, I have no hesitation in recommending it as the very best remedy for coughs, colds, and for children, in cases of Croup. CHARLES HAYWARD.

WHITE & BROS., St. John, General Agents for New Brunswick. For sale by Druggists generally.
Feb. 10.—3m. i.

CHEAP COTTONS.—Grey Cottons, White Cottons, Calicoes, Striped Shirtings, Bed Ticks, Denims, Cotton Flannels, Jeans, etc. Selling at Cost.
feb 10. SIMON NEALIS.

LIFE PRESERVERS.—Sheepskin COATS—a splendid article for Water—at less than half price.
feb 10. SIMON NEALIS.

TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.—Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags, of every description, at low prices.
SIMON NEALIS, Imperial Buildings,
feb 10. 2 King Street.

BUTTER AND SHAD.—90 fir