EUROPEAN AND NORTH AMERICAN RAILWAY.—Traffic Receipts for the month ending Dec. 31st, 1864, also for corresponding month last year:

	1864.	1863.
Passengers,	$4836.17	$5736.38
Freight,	5877.03	5855.60
Mails and Sundries,	459.50	476.20
Totals,	$11,172.50	$12,068.28
Decrease in 1864,	$895.78.	

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

The "Asia" made a splendid winter passage to Halifax, having left Liverpool at 3.30 afternoon on Saturday, 24th ult., and arrived at Halifax on Wednesday at 1 o'clock in the morning. There is no very important news. Ex President Juarez had issued letters of marque to Americans against French ships, one of which with £200,000 was convoyed from Vera Cruz by a man-of-war. Bank of France has reduced its rate of discount to 4½ per cent., Bank of Holland to 6.

Army and Navy Gazette says there is not smallest pretext for saying Sherman was obliged to leave Atlanta, or that he could not have turned northwards eastwards and joined Grant's without opposition, had he been so minded.

Times has editorial on Seward's letter, in reply to Lord Wharncliffe's application to distribute among rebel prisoners. Says it is no slightest testimony to course taken by Her Majesty's government in its dealings with Federal America, and that Seward, with animus he cannot conceal, is driven to make the most of the opportunity offered him by a person wholly irresponsible as representative of the nation. His letter indicates the use he is prepared to make of the least official slip on part of British Cabinet or representative. Seward must be hard driven when he has to express so much indignation on so trifling an affair.

Times questions the wisdom and good taste of Lord Wharncliffe's offer, but it repudiates Seward's charges against British people, and concludes by saying: "He knows that in every one of the questions raised by civil war, we are only moving in lines already laid down for us by lawyers, statesmen, and the conscience and public opinion of the United States. We are in the same case as they are, and whatever abuse Seward chooses to lavish on us simply recoils on the heads of his own people."

A letter published in the City article of the *Times* on trading regulations with the South, contends they are calculated to impede rather than promote traffic. He asserts that the only available channel for getting cotton is through the blockade, and that difficulties of this trade have been increased, not by great efficiency of blockade, but by regulations of Confederate Government, tending to give itself monopoly of profits of blockade-running.

Reply of Papal Government to late Manifesto of Confederate Commissioners and Congress to European Powers is published: is dated Rome, December 2nd, signed by Antonelli. After acknowledging letter and Congressional Manifesto, Antonelli says: "Sentiments expressed in Manifesto, tending as they do to cessation of most blood thirsty war which still rages in your countries, and to putting an end to disasters which accompany the proceeding—to negotiations for peace being entirely in accordance with disposition and character of august head of Catholic Church. I did not hesitate a moment in bringing it to the notice of the Holy Father.

"His Holiness, who has been deeply afflicted by accounts of frightful carnage of this obstinate struggle has heard with satisfaction the expression of the same sentiments. Being Vicar on earth of that God who is author of Peace, he yearns to see those wraths appeased, and Peace restored. In proof of this he wrote to the Archbishops of New York and New Orleans as far back as October 1862, inviting them to exert themselves in bringing about this great and holy object. You may then, hon. gentlemen, feel well assured, whenever favorable occasion shall present itself, His Holiness will not fail to avail himself of it to hasten so desirable a result, and that all nations may be united in bonds of charity."

ITALY.—The King issued a decree, ordering as a measure of public utility, the occupation of Convents, Seminaries, and other establishments in Florence, necessary for the service of the State.

INUNDATION IN SPAIN.—The river Jucar, which has its source among the mountains of Cuencoa, flows through and fertilizes one of the most productive districts of Spain. On the night of Nov. 3d there was a copious fall of rain, which continued on the morning of the 4th, and towards the evening it seemed as if the windows of heaven had opened. Before midnight, the towns of Callera, Alciro, Carcagente and Jativa, with many adjoining villages, were submerged in water. In Alciro alone upwards of two hundred houses near the banks of the river were completely swept away; others have fallen since, and many have had their foundations sapped. The poorer classes, whose houses were of one story only, were obliged to get on the roofs to save themselves from being drowned. Thousands from their house-tops anxiously looked for the morning. There was no escape. The water had risen to a height of six or eight feet in the highest parts of the town—in the lowest part whole houses were covered. In the convent of Carcagente the water was fifteen feet deep. Except cats and dogs not a single domestic or farm animal has been left alive. Now that the waters have subsided, the streets and houses are full of the dead carcases of horses, mules, donkeys, pigs, goats and sheep. On the first entrance into the town twenty-one corpses were found in the streets; how many more are to be found in the houses that have fallen, how many drowned in their beds, and how many swept away with the flood no one presumes to estimate. Already above one hundred corpses have been taken to the church; but there is no place of interment for them, scarcely a vestige of the cemetery having been left. About one hundred square miles—the most fertile and populous that the province of Valencia can boast of—have been inundated.

UNITED STATES.

The Federal papers are in ecstacies at the achievements of Sherman. No doubt but his march through Georgia and capture of Savanah must have a withering effect upon the Confederacy. The *N. Y. Observer* says:—

If we could compose a piece of music as readily as a leading article, it should celebrate and be entitled Sherman's Grand March, from Atlanta to the Atlantic. Now that the path he trod has been illuminated by the pen of history, we are made certain that he has led an army of sixty thousand men through the heart of a hostile county, with but a trifling loss of men, sustaining his troops from the stores of the enemy, and at last after a journey of 300 miles in less time than was originally oiloted to the march by the general, he captures one of the chief cities of the enemy, and is doubtless preparing to move on towards the cradle of the rebellion, which we hope soon to hear has fallen before him. At the outset he divided his grand army into three columns, sent them on by different roads thus confounding all calculation as to his final intentions, prescribed the number of miles to be marched each day, and appointed places of rendezvous at fixed dates.

From the accounts we have received it would appear that this march through the country has been marked by the destruction of such property as might be of service to the enemy, and by no more injury to private property than would be inevitable in the progress of such an army into the heart of a hostile country.

The following special despatch to the *N. Y. Times*, gives a cheering view of the present posture and prospects of our armies:

WASHINGTON, Monday, Dec. 26th.

Universal and unbounded joy is felt here at the glorious aspect of the military situation for the Union cause. The horizon is bright all round, while throughout the Confederacy a wail of despair deep and prolonged goes up. Before Sherman the path of conquest and glory lies open. He states that his army is flushed with victory, and demands to be led into South Carolina, and the General expects to have Charleston by the 1st of January. Meanwhile the fleet will ascend to Augusta, and the line of Savannah will be held *en permanence*. Butler, largely reinforced, is not confining his efforts to a direct attack on Wilmington, but, according to the statements of the Richmond Press, he has a powerful force moving up the Roanoke to sever communications between Wilmington and Richmond.

From Tennessee the news is equally auspicious. Hood finds himself without trains or artillery, brought up at the Tennessee River, which swollen by the late heavy rains, is thoroughly impassable. Gen. Thomas with his magnificent army is within six miles of Hood's rear. Meanwhile another column is moving on Corinth, while still another is advancing on Mobile.

The weather is such that no movement can take place in the Army of the Potomac, and many of the officers are going home on furlough.

ATLANTA PLUNDERED BY THE REBELS.—As soon as Gen. Sherman left Atlanta, or the remains of it, it was invaded by the inhabitants of the surrounding country, who carried off all they could lay their hands on. A letter from the City Marshal of Atlanta, who has returned to that city, gives an account of what has been done to that unfortunate city. It says:—

"From the best information I can get there have been from fifty to three hundred wagons per day in Atlanta since the Federals left, hauling off iron, furniture, wagons, window blinds, door locks, books, lumber, &c., amounting to about fifteen hundred wagon loads. They came from fifty to one hundred miles in every direction. They broke open all the houses that were left, including the churches in which the exiles' furniture was stored, and plundered indiscriminately. Wesley chapel and Trinty, the First and Second Baptist, First and Second Presbyterian and Catholic churches are standing. The First Episcopal church is standing, but badly damaged. The Yankees used it, I have been told for a tenpin alley. Every depot, railroad turn-table, water tank, pump, crosstie, bridge, blacksmith shop (except one), and all the mills are burned. I think more than two-thirds of all the residences in the city are destroyed: but I can give but a faint idea of the destruction."

SIGNS IN THE SOUTHERN SKY.—Everything indicates the downfall of the military power of the rebellion. The surrender of Savannah without a show of defence, the ignominious flight of Hardee with 15,000 men who were left to defend a fortified city, the retreat of Hood after the loss of 17,000 men in an expedition scarcely to be reconciled with the possession of reason, but more than all the tone of the Southern press, are signs of the end at hand.

The Richmond *Whig* of the 22d has a review of the resources of the Confederacy in fighting men. The number of white males between the ages of seventeen and fifty in 1860 was estimated at 1,431,356. After making account of losses by every means, and all deductions, the present number subject to military duty is set down at 729,257. The resources at their command for replenishing their armies, which consists of youths passing annually from sixteen to seventeen years, is calculated at 62,467.

If this is the best show that can be made on paper, it is plain that the fighting material is nearly exhausted.

Mr. Foote, in the Rebel Congress, made a speech a few days ago, in which he denounced the conduct of the war in the strongest language, declared that ruin was impending, and he was resolved to quit and look out for himself.

The Richmond *Sentinel* deprecates the spirit of dissension that has broken out in the "Confederacy," and predicts the most lamentable consequences. It states that some of the papers "are diligently assuring the people that the President is incompetent, tyrannical, usurping, vindictive; that he squanders our resources, mismanages our affairs, and is intent only on overturning our liberties, and securing to himself despotic power. They declare also that Congress is weak, obsequious and corrupt; and that it is bent on such treacherous and fatal designs against our liberties as are not publicly discussed." And after this exposition of internal division and discord, the *Sentinel* concludes:

"Let us all hang together," remarked one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence in 1776. "Yes," replied another, "for if we do not hang together we will all hang separately." Let us take the lesson to ourselves. If we do not cease these bickerings and criminations among ourselves, if we do not rally together, and rally around our constituted authorities; if we do not unite to strengthen the hands that are entrusted with the conduct of our cause; then our cause will go down, and we shall be ruined, forever ruined. Again we tell the people that we are in serious peril. The beginning of strife is as the letting out of waters. The leak in the levee soon becomes a roaring crevasse. We implore all good citizans who have fallen into censorious tempers to pause and take their bearings anew. Why should we do the enemy's work? "A long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether," can only save us, with the blessing of God, in the exigency that is upon us. To wrangle is to die.

The Richmond *Whig* of Dec. 22 contains the proceedings of the North Carolina House of Commons, by which it appears that resolutions declaring that the States in their sovereign capacity have the right to decide the question of peace or war for themselves, were tabled by two majority. Here we see that nearly one-half of the Lower branch of the Legislature are in favor of seperate action, by the State, to determine the question of peace or war. This is hopeful. There must be some noble, patriotic men, Union-loving men, in that old State, who are making their voices heard and their influence felt in favor of putting an end to this fratricidal war. All these signs are encouraging. There is but one speck in the whole Southern sky that is not bright and promising. If General Grant would stop up the outlet and the inlet of Richmond, and there is certainly the power at hand to do it, the military power of the rebellion would be strangled.

BOSTON, Jan. 3.

Gov. Fenton was inaugurated and issued a proclamation, urging the people of New York State to fill the last call for troops with volunteers.

Refuges from Charleston state that great scarcity and suffering prevails in that city, and all are leaving who have means to get away.

Several blockade runners are in port desirous of running out.

A force of 300 rebels made a dash upon Grant's lines and drove within the entrenchments, killing and wounding several and capturing 35. They then retired.

BOSTON, Jan. 4th.

Advices from Richmond have been received, indicating that the Rebel Congress has secretly given power to the Commander in Chief to detail 50,000 slaves for service in their army as soldiers.

The result of an explosion at the bulk head of the Dutch Gap Canal on Sunday was the filling up of the work, thus temporarily defeating its object and compelling a resort to dredging, should the projector persevere in its completion.

Provost Marshal General Fry has issued an order that none but infantry volunteers are to be raised by the U. S. officers.

Gold 232.

Correspondence from Savannah shows a strong Union feeling among the citizens. The mayor had called a public meeting, largely attended, at which pacific measures were adopted, among them one requesting the Governor to call a convention of the people of Georgia, to say whether they want the war continued.

Savannah River is being cleared of obstructions. Sherman was preparing to advance on Charleston.

The Richmond *Sentinel* of the 31st ult., says "if we are overcome, give us political alliance and association with England, France, Spain, or any other nation, rather than subjugation by the Yankees."

The storm which Admiral Porter's fleet rode in safety through, is said to have been the most severe that has occurred on the coast for years.

Gold 233.

BOSTON, Jan. 5th, 1865.

A Federal transport arrived here from Charleston Bar 30th, reports that the fleet of iron clads had returned to Charleston harbor and were to co-operate with Gen. Sherman in an attack on that city.

It is reported that Hardee had been brought to a stand, and would probably be obliged to surrender.

Despatches from Nashville state that news from Gen. Thomas will hereafter be received from another direction. His whole army is under marching orders All the sick and wounded have been sent to Nashville.

The Richmond *Sentinel*, Jeff. Davis's organ, urges the abolition of slavery in exchange for Foreign recognition.

Steam blockade runner Julia, from Charleston for Nassau with 400 bales of cotton, has been captured. An English steamer in the same business was destroyed.

A new loyal paper called the *Republican* has been started in Savannah.

There was a grand review of Federal troops there on the 30th, and a great degree of enthusiasm for the old flag was manifested.

Newspaper correspondents state Sherman will take Augusta, Georgia, and then march into South Carolina, concentrating his army in the rear of Charleston.

The iron clad fleet now in the harbor will make a naval attack in conjunction with Sherman.

Rebel newspapers confirm this supposition and speak gloomily about the prospect. Lee is being strongly urged for Dictator. Gold 226.

TEA MEETING.—A Tea Meeting will be held in the Free Baptist Chapel, Roachville, Studholm, Thursday, Jan. 12th, 1865. The proceeds of the meeting will be appropriated for repairs on the building. Speeches will be delivered by Rev. G. A. Hartley, Mr. Alfred A. Stockton, and others. Tea on the tables at 5 o'clock. Refreshments at the close of the meeting. Tickets for the Tea Meeting, 40 cents, and for the Speeches, 10 cents.

PAPERS TO GIVE AWAY!—We have on hand two or three hundred copies of miscellaneous numbers of the *Intelligencer*, extending back two or three years, which we would be glad to have distributed where they would be likely to do some good. At least two pages of each number contain reading matter which would be as interesting and useful now, to those who had not previously read it, as when first printed. These papers would afford profitable reading for families who take no religious paper; or would answer a useful purpose during the winter evenings in the camps of lumbermen. They of course, can be forwarded by mail (free) to any party who will engage to distribute them among those who will be likely to read them. Persons wishing any of those papers can inform us by letter.

WHO IS MRS. S. A. ALLEN?—As this question is often asked us, we with pleasure give a little history of her. Some twenty years ago, a lady in New York City observed that her hair was rapidly losing its natural color, and getting quite grey, and, disliking the idea of becoming grey, and equally averse to using any dye (knowing them to be injurious), concluded that she would try and invent something that would restore her hair to its original life color; and, by dint of study and perseverance in experimenting, she succeeded in finding that the articles that she had compounded would not only restore the hair to its original color, but also render it pliable, and give it the natural moistness a healthy head of hair should have. This was even more than she had hoped for, and, without the slightest intention at first of making a business of it, she was actually forced to commence making it for sale, by the number of persons of her acquaintance and others, whom her acquaintances had informed of the remarkable change in her hair, calling at her residence to procure the article; and she now probably does one of the largest cash businesses in the City of New York. Owing to the large demand from foreign countries, she has been obliged to establish a depot for the exclusive sale of her Hair Preparations in London, at 205 High Holborn. Principal Manufactory and Sales Office, 198 & 200 Greenwich St., New York

RENEWED HIS AGE.—The most wonderful results are produced by the use of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, or Hair Dressing. They never fail to restore, invigorate and beautify the hair; youth renewed. No more grey hairs. The hair is restored on bald spots. It imparts a most delightful fragrance. You can procure them at any Druggist's.

SUDDEN CHANGES OF WEATHER are productive of Throat Diseases, Coughs, Colds, &c. There is no more effectual relief in these diseases to be found, than in the timely use of "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*." They possess real merit, and have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, and have received testimonials from eminent men who have used them.

Receipts for the "Religious Intelligencer" to Jan. 6.

Subscribers will please see that their money is correctly acknowledged. The whole number of the paper to which they pay, follows the amount paid.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—A. B. Cronkhite, $1.00, 590; J. D. Giberson, 1.50, 593; Mrs. James Giberson, 50c., 585; Moses Coburn, Esq., 2.00, 624; Malon B. Knox, 2.00, 624; Thos. Roach, 2.00, 624; C. Fisher, 2.00, 624; F. A. Perley, 2.00, 624; Charles Connell, 2.00, 624; G. H. Connell, 2.00, 624; R. A. Hay, 2.00, 624; J. T. Allan, 1.00, 596; Andrew Little, 1.00, 601; Mrs. F. Carpenter, 1.00, 572; S. D. Nevers, 1.00, 566; B. Atherton, 2.00, 624; Israel Atherton, 2.00, 624; E. C. Freeze, 1.00, 592; Oran Smith, 1.00, 600; Alfred Hatch, 2.00, 628; Mrs. Z. J. Currey, 2.00, 615; S. W. Parent, 2.00, 624; W. McKeen, 2.00, 630; J. Wilbur, 1.00, 587; Alex. Brown, 2.00, 636; Hugh Brown, 1.00, 590; Rev. E. Wayman, 2.00, 624; D. W. Clark, 2.00, 641; Calvin Green, 2.00, 615; Miss Masson, 2.00, 646; George Clark, 2.00, 624; Richardson Hutchison, 1.00, 598; Captain B. Vaughan, 2.00, 587; Solomon Belyea, 2.00, 499; P. Steves, 2.00, 624; W. Farnham, 2.00, 622; James McFarlane, 3.00, 609; Jesse Mires, 2.00, 607; G. L. Good, 2.00, 624; George McCully, 2.00, 624; James Williams, 2.00, 624; Thomas Souther, 2.00, 624; Wm. Souther, 2.00, 624; Wm. Fox, 2.00, 624; George L. Slipp, 2.00, 624; Mrs. Wm. McLeod, 2.00, 624; W. H. Redstone, 2.00, 624.

NOVA SCOTIA.—Rev. J. Noble, 1.00, 578; R. Deliver, 4.00 617; Asa Morine, 1.00, 578; James Cushing, 1.00, 587; Chas. Cushing, jr., 1.00, 648.

LONG POINT, N. S., March 8th, 1864.

I had been afflicted with Rheumatism for twenty four years, and for the last nine of that time I was constantly suffering pain, which had rendered me for six months unable to work, until I commenced the use of GRAHAM'S PAIN ERADICATOR, and was cured by the use of less than one bottle, and to my own astonishment, as well as that of others, I have remained free of pain, and from its results and its effects in other cases, as well as my own, I consider this medicine a blessing to mankind.

JOSEPH GRIMES.

Price 25 Cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Patent Medicines.

june 26 THOMAS GRAHAM.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Prompt Relief.—No sooner do these searching Pills influence the system, than the stomach and bowels begin to perform their duties vigorously, the appetite returns, and new life seems infused into the patient.

Sold at the manufactories, No. 80 Maiden Lane, N. York, and No. 244 Strand, London, and by all Druggists. If the reader of this notice cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the Drug Store in his place, let him write to me, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make 25c. 62½c., and $1 per box.

MARRIAGES.

On the 29th ult., at the residence of the bride's brother, Indiantown, by the Rev. E. C. Cady, Mr. George E. Day, of Portland, to Miss Fanny M. Belyea, of Westfield.

On the 3d inst., at the pastor's residence, by the same, Mr. Gilbert H. Cunnie, to Miss Rebecca Colwell, both of Portland.

On Monday evening, by the Rev. S. Robinson, Mr. Joseph B. Stubbs, to Miss Jane, third daughter of Mr. George McFarland, all of this city.

On Friday, 30th December, by the Rev. Maurice Swabey, A. M., Mr. Joseph Scott, to Miss Fanny Davis, both of this city.

By the same, on Monday last, Professor Frederick A. Jones, of the Saint John Gymnasium, to Miss Carrie E. Barnes, only daughter of Mr. A. B. Barnes, proprietor of the Lawrence Hotel in this city.

On the 3d inst., by the Rev. E. McLeod, Mr. Daniel Gallishan, of Maryland, to Miss Helen Louisa J. Kenney, of Burton.

At the Baptist Seminary, Fredericton, on the 29th Dec., by the Rev. C. Spurden, D. D., Mr. Partelow Brown, to Miss Sarah Day, both of Sheffield.

On the 24th December, in Jacksontown, by the Rev. B. Franklin Rattray, Mr. Cornelius J. Connolly, to Miss Mary Jane Cameron, both of the same place.

At Shag Harbour, N. S., on the 15th ult., by Rev. W. C. Weston, Mr. Judah Crowell, to Mrs. Hannah Nickerson, both of that place.

At Plymouth, N. L., on the 8th ult., by Rev. C. Knowles, Capt. Nehemiah D. Crocker, to Miss Sophronia Norton, daughter of Mr. Robert Sims.

DEATHS.

In Portland, St. John, at the residence of her son-in-law, Rev. E. C. Cady, on New Year's Eve, of consumption, after years of suffering, Mrs. R. J. Dodge, late of Western Vermont, in the 53d year of her age, quietly and peacefully falling asleep in Jesus.

On the 3d instant, Walter, youngest son of Frederick L. and Mary B. Thomas, aged 10 months.

On Friday morning, in the 22d year of her age, Maggie, second daughter of the late William Flaherty, of this city.

On Thursday evening, after a long illness, Charles Logan, aged 61 years, a resident of Indiantown for the last twenty years, respected by all who knew him. His end was peace.

On Monday morning last, Mr. Daniel Daly, aged 27 years.

Suddenly, on the 2d inst., Mary Ann, the beloved wife of Mr. Abner Vesey, aged 21 years.

At Lower Woodstock, on the 17th inst., Robert Bruce, second son of Robert Hay, aged 2 years and 11 months.

At Oak Hill, St. James, 20th ult., Susan, relict of the late Mr. John McGaw, aged 81 years, a native of Galloway, Scotland.

At Dorchester, on Tuesday last, Andrew Weldon, Esq., in the 63d year of his age, deeply regretted.

At Springfield, K. C., of consumption, Miss Lucretia S. Northrup, third daughter of Benjamin J. Northrup, aged 17 years and 1 month. Her end was peace.

On the 29th Dec., 1864, Joseph, youngest son of the late Mr. Peter McAlpine, of Upper Hampstead, Q. C., aged 23 years. He was an intelligent, worthy young man, and an upright, pious member of the F. C. Baptist Church. The Saviour embraced in health supported him in his sickness, and gave him the victory over death. He was fondly beloved in the family circle, and justly respected in the community.

How blest is our brother, bereft
Of all that could burden his mind;
How easy the soul that has left
This wearisome body behind!

This languishing head is at rest,
It's thinking and aching are o'er;
This quiet, immovable breast
Is heaved by affliction no more.

The lids he so seldom could close,
By sorrow forbidden to sleep,
Now sealed in their mortal repose,
Have strangely forgotten to weep!

FAT MACKEREL.—Thirty half-barrels more, just received. jan 6. G. BENT.

WOOLLEN AND PAISLEY SHAWLS.—200 New Woollen and Paisley Square and Long Shawls, will be sold low—wholesale and retail. jan 5. FERGUSON BROS.

WOMEN'S SKELETON SKIRTS.—Commencing at 1 Cent. per Spring. jan 6. ENNIS & GARDNER.

LATEST STYLES FELT HATS.—Commencing at 25 Cents. (jan 6.) ENNIS & GARDNER.

LEECHES.—Received per New England. For sale by jan 5. P. R. INCHES.

BURNETT'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS.—Just received and for sale by P. R. INCHES, Druggist, jan 5. 80 Prince Wm. street.

KENNEDY'S DISCOVERY.—Received from the United States and for sale by P. R. INCHES, jan 5. 80 Prince Wm. street.

SOZODONT.—For cleaning, beautifying and preserving the Teeth. Received and for sale by jan 5. P. R. INCHES.

HONEY.—A lot of extra fine strained Honey. Just received from Nova Scotia. P. R. INCHES, jan 5. 80 Prince Wm. street.

BLANCHARD'S PILLS of Iodide of Iron, not liable to change. Approved by the Academy of Medicine of Paris. For sale by P. R. INCHES, jan 5. 80 Prince Wm. street.

FLANNELS AND BLANKETS.—1 bale Flannels and Blankets. Will be sold low, wholesale and retail. jan 5. FERGUSON BROS., 55 and 57 King st.

1865!

FURTHER REDUCTION IN PRICES!

GREAT Sale of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c., still going on at the NORTH AMERICAN CLOTHING STORE, 19 North side King St.—R. HUNTER has commenced selling off, at a still further reduction in prices, the balance of his very superior stock of Clothing, Gents. Furnishing Goods, &c., being determined on effecting a complete clearance previous to the first of April, in order to make room for his large stock of Spring Goods.

In the CLOTHING DEPARTMENT will be found Garments of every description (in all materials) in present use, and at such variety of prices as renders it quite impossible to enumerate, and for good value defies competition from any pretext whatever. On hand—a splendid assortment of Cloths, which will be made up to order in the most fashionable style and on the most reasonable terms. An early call is respectfully solicited. jan 5.

Mrs. Jamieson's Syrup.—Just received, ½ gross of the above Syrup, for the effectual cure of Coughs, Colds, etc. Only 25 cents per bottle. For sale by jan 5. J. F. SECORD, King square.

Soothing Syrup.—Just received, 1 gross Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For sale by jan 5. J. F. SECORD, King square.

OIL and Chimnies.—Just received, 10 brls best Paraffine Oil, and 200 Chimnies, assorted. For sale by jan 5. J. F. SECORD, King square.

WAITERS.—Silver Plated Waiters; Papier Machie Waiters; Japanned Iron Waiters, all sizes, suitable for the New Year Day, at 48 Prince Wm. Street. dec 30. F. A. COSGROVE.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL STEEL GOODS.—Received this day, Steel Belt Buckles, Steel Brooches, Steel Ear Drops, Steel Crosses, Steel Cravat Pins, Steel Cuff Pins, Steel Belt Clasps, etc. The above choice assortment of Steel Goods, in newest styles, not having arrived in time for Christmas Gifts, are offered at greatly reduced price for New Years. [dec 30.] F. A. COSGROVE.

PROCLAMATION!

GENERAL ORDERS, NO. 90, PRINCE WILLIAM STREET!

WHEREAS—General JOHN FROST, aided by his irresistible Warriors, BORAX, HAIL, RAIN, SNOW and SLEET, are about to invade the homes of the good and loyal people of the city of St. John and vicinity with unusual severity, and to enforce a DRAFT that spares neither age nor sex, employing Provost Marshals that bid defiance to Locks and Bolts, and Agents whose siren whisper through the shrinkage of a Door or Window cause countless miseries to the loyal people aforesaid.

Now, therefore, this Proclamation is issued for the purpose of emancipating the people from the tyranny of these Elemental Intruders, by fortifying their shrunken Door and Windows with

Gabel's Vulcanized Rubber Weather Strips.

They exclude Wind, Rain, Snow, Dust, and Noise; they more than pay their own cost the first year in Coal as Doctor's Bills; they can be applied to the Tops, Bottoms, Sides and Centres of Single and Double or Sliding Doors Windows and Skylights of every description; they will last for numbers of years; are easily put on by any handy person; at the same time one one who perfectly understand it is always on hand to do it, at

No. 90 *Prince William Street.*

☞ The Wood part either Oak or Walnut, as desired dec 29.—ipv

ORANGES, LEMONS AND RAISINS.—Just receive ex steamer from Boston: 4 brls Oranges, nice; 4 box Lemons; 50 boxes and 50 qr. boxes Layer Raisins. For sale low by JOSHUA S. TURNER, dec 30. 22 and 24 Water street.

NEW and Entertaining Games for Winter Evenings.—Reynard the Fox, or the Court of King Leo; London Cries; The Surprising Adventures of Baron Munchausen; Quartett's of the Royal Family of England Bee and Butterfly, or Good and Bad Passions; Comic Recess—a merry game; Silver Bell, or Crystal Palace; Mouse to furnish; Enchanted Bird, or Frolics of Robin Goodfellow; Fancy Bazaar, or Aristocratic Trader—a comic Game; The Temple of Flora, or Birds, Fruits and Flowers; Uncle Tom's Cabin; My Grandmother. dec 29.—ipv F. A. COSGROVE.

Women's Fine Black Cloth Boots, thick soles, at only 90 cents a pair, at our store in King street. dec 29.—ivp S. K. & G. L. FOSTER.

SHIRLEY'S PATENT SKATES.—Ladies' Skates, $1.50 Misses' Skates, $1.50; Boy's Skates, 35c.; Men's do., $1; together with a splendid variety of the most expensive. Also—Straps and Gimlets, at 48 Prince William street. dec 29. F. A. COSGROVE.

NAPIER FLOUR.—Landing schr. Ransom—200 bbls Napier Flour; 10 do. Ambrosial Flour. For sale by dec 30. CHAS. A. BOVEY.

TOBACCO.—Landing ex Union T. from New York; 10 boxes Isabella Tobacco. For sale by dec 30. JACOB D. UNDERHILL.

FLOUR.—Landing ex Union T. from New York—10 brls Napier Flour; 20 do Extra Family do. For sale by [dec 30.] JACOB D. UNDERHILL.

SOLID SILVER!—Forks, Mugs, Napkin Rings, Fruit Knives, Butter do., Rattles, Card Cases, Snuff Boxes, Knife Rests, Hoquet Holders, Fish Slices, Pie Knives; Knife, Fork and Spoon, in setts; Tea Spoons, Table do., Sugar, Salt, Mustard do.

An elegant assortment of SILVER PLATED Cake Basket Card do., Tea Pots, Coffee do., Sugar Bowls, Castors, Pick Stands, Wine do., Tea Services, Salt Stands, Dessert Knives, Table do., Spoons, Forks, Nut Picks, Nut Crackers, Cups, Goblets, together with a great variety not enumerated.

Also, a full stock of Choice Fancy Goods, in almost endless variety, at 48 Prince William Street. Call early. dec 29.—ipv F. A. COSGROVE.

LONDON HOUSE.—Just received per R. M. S. Canada—5 Cases, containing—New Plain, and Fancy DRESS GOODS; New Printed FLANNELS; New Scarf and Blue do; New White and Anti-rheumatic do.; New TARTAN RIBBONS; New Hair Nets, Lace Veils, &c.; New Bugle Trimmings, in every width, &c. dec 29 DANIEL & BOYD.

NAPIER FLOUR.—Landing ex Ransom—200 brls Napier Flour; 10 brls Ambrosial do. For sale by dec 24. CHAS. A. BOVEY.

CHEAP Flannels and Blankets, at nov 24. ENNIS & GARDNER'S.

LARD.—A few Tubs, for sale by dec 23 G. BENT.

RAISINS.—20 whole and half boxes Raisins—new fruit For sale low by (dec 22) CHAS. A. BOVEY.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

SILVER and Silver Plated Goods, as Spoons, Fork Butter Knives, Sugar Spoons, Fruit Knives, Cake do Children's Knife, Fork and Spoon, in cases, Napkin Rings Tea Setts, in setts or separately, Water Kettles, Pitchers Urns, Mugs, Butter Coolers, Sugar Basins, Waiters, Six Dishes, Dish Covers, Dinner and Breakfast Castors, Cake Baskets, Card do., Pearl and Ivory handle Knives and Forks, in cases, Liquor Stands, Bronzed Urns, etc.

FANCY ARTICLES, in Paper Machie Goods, Album Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Card Cases, Gold, Silver and Shell Frame Eye Glasses, Dressing Cases, Brickgammon Boards, Chess Men, Ink Stands, Stereoscopes and Slides Opera Glasses and Field Glasses.

CUTLERY—Crooks' and J. Rodgers & Sons' Table and Pocket Cutlery.

SKATES—Ladies', Gents.' and Boys' Skates, assorted dec 22. I. & P. BURPEE.

FOR CHRISTMAS FESTIVITIES, &c.

IN STORE—200 brls Choice Apples, different kinds; boxes Raisins, new fruit; 6 brls Zante Currants; 8 sacks Walnuts; 20 brls Filberts; 5 sacks Brazil Nuts; 2 do Almonds; 5 brls Chestnuts; 1 do Hickory Nuts; 15 box Candied Citron, Orange and Lemon Peel; 3 cases Confectionary, in Gum Drops, Lozenges, Sugar Hearts, Sugar Toys, Watches, Beer Toys; 1 case Chase's Lozenges; brls Onions, together with a varied assortment of Grocerie Sauces, Pickles, &c., at 22 and 24 Water street. dec 22. J. S. TURNER.

JUST RECEIVED!

EX steamer New England:—10 brls Kerosene Oil; cases Hop Yeast Cakes; 10 tubs new Butter; 1 barr Spiced Mixed Pickles; 5 boxes Fairmount Tobacco; 3 cas Natural Leaf do.

And ex 'Acme'—31 boxes Choice Cheese; 3 cases Cream Tartar; 1 case Preston & Merrill's Yeast Powder. For sale low at 22 and 24 Water Street. dec 22.—pl J. S. TURNER.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL!!!

WALKING CANES, Silver, Gold, Plated Mounted and Plain—from 12 cents to $12 each;

Fortemonnaies, from 20c. to $4 each;

Sponges, Turkey Cups and Mediterranean, from 15 cents to $5 each;

Hair Brushes—Buffalo inlaid, Ivory, and Rare Woods from 25c. to $2.50 each;

Dressing Combs—Tortoise-shell, Ivory, Horn, and India Rubber—from 20c. to $4.50;

Pomades and Hair Oils—from 15c. to $1.25 each;

Soaps, in Fancy Boxes—15c. to 60c. each;

Soaps, highly perfumed, from 10c. to 60c. per cake;

Farini Eau de Cologne, Fine and Old—from 40c. to $2 per bottle;

Rondeletia—from 60c. to $1.50 per bottle;

Lubin's Favorite Extracts, in boxes of six.

Bailey's Gas Bouquet.

Rigg's Vegetable Essence. FELLOWS & CO.,
dec 22. Foster's Corner.

CHOICE PERFUMES, Toilet Soaps, Hair Brushes, and Dressing Combs; Toilet Bottles, Smelling Bottles; Pomades, Oils and Washes for the Hair; Confectionary, Flavoring Extracts, superior Syrups, Dumb Bells, Portemonnies, Walking Sticks. Fine Havana Cigars, in boxes of 100 each. For sale by C. P. CLARKE, dec 30. 83 King st.

NEW ARRANGEMENT!

UNION LINE OF STAGES.—FOUR-HORSE TEAMS BETWEEN ST. JOHN AND FREDERICTON!!

WE beg to inform our friends and the public generally that the Union Line of STAGES have commenced running between the above Cities, leaving each place at 8 o'clock Every Morning.

Books kept at Stubb's Hotel, Waverley Hotel, and American House, St. John; Barker House and Brayley House, Fredericton, and at our offices.

Extras furnished at the shortest notice.

☞ We will also run a Stage on the River as soon as the ice will permit. CHRIS. A. ROBERTSON, BROWN & HAMM, G. R. ATHERTON, ROBERT ORR.

The night stages owned by Messrs. Atherton and Son, run constantly, summer and winter, for the conveyance of the mails, by the Nerepis road, between St. John and Fredericton: leaving each place about six o'clock, P. M. These also convey passengers, and covered stages are generally employed as a protection from the cold.

By these lines of stages persons can leave St. John or Fredericton every morning and every evening, and be sure of a speedy and comfortable conveyance right through without any delay.

Fredericton, Dec. 23, 1864.—i

B. ATHERTON'S GROCERY STORE!

Next Door to the City Hotel, Queen Street, Fredericton.

THE subscriber has now on hand a large and carefully selected Stock of GROCERIES, of all descriptions, FRUIT, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, DRY GOODS, etc. etc.—

FLOUR, PORK, FISH, Dry and Pickled; SUGAR, White and Brown; TEA, COFFEE, TOBACCO, RAISINS, FRUIT, of all kinds; CUTLERY, NAILS, GLASS, PUTTY, &c., &c.

This stock of Goods is offered at as low rates as any other store in the City. B. ATHERTON.

Fredericton, Dec. 23, 1864.—i

Cheapest and Best---Carefully selected Stock!

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.,

Fisher's Brick Building, Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

LADIES' SHOES and BOOTS, in Kid, Calf, Serge, and Felt, of the newest and latest styles. Also—Misses and Youths' of the same description.

Gentlemen's BOOTS—Coarse, Kip, and Calf; Gaiter Boots, Bootees, and Shoes, of all descriptions. Children's do, in every variety.

HATS, CAPS, &c.—Gentlemen's Beaver Hats, of the newest styles; Felt Hats, of every description. Also—Cloth and Fur Caps, for Men and Boys. Ladies Beaver Hats, of newest style; Caps, Capes, Muffs and Furs, of various descriptions.

Gloves, Neck-Ties, Braces, Collars, Thread, &c., in variety. The above stock has been selected with care, and is sold as low or lower than any similar goods in Fredericton. ISRAEL ATHERTON.

Fredericton, Dec. 23, 1864.—i

USEFUL PRESENTS!!

FOR LADIES.—SHA