Poetry.

THE STREAM OF DEATH.

There is a stream whose narrow tide
The known and unknown worlds divide,
Where all must go;
Its waveless waters, dark and deep,
'Mid sullen silence downward sweep
With moanless flow.

I saw there at the dreary flood
A smiling infant prattling stood,
Whose hour had come;
Untaught of all, it neared the tide—
Sank as to cradled rest and died
Like going home.

Follow with languid eye anon,
A youth diseased, and pale and wan;
And there alone
He gazed upon the leaden stream,
And feared to plunge,—I heard a scream!
And he was gone!

And then a form of manhood's strength
Came bustling on, till there at length
He saw life's bound;
He shrank, and raised the bitter prayer,
Too late! His shriek of wild despair
The waters drowned!

Next stood upon that surgeless shore,
A being bowed with many a score
Of toilsome years,
Earth-bound and sad, he left the bank,
Back turned his dimming eye and sank,
Ah! full of fears!

How bitter must thy waters be,
O death, how hard a thing, ah me!
It is to die!
I moved when to that stream came
'Tis the last pang—he calmly said—
"To me, O death, thou has no dread!
Saviour, I come!
Spread but thine arms on yonder shore
I see—ye waters, bear me o'er—
There is my home!"

Miscellaneous.

THEY ALL TAKE AFTER THEIR MOTHER.

In the providence of God, the seven first years of my ministry were spent in a new and enterprising section of our state. It was my lot to break the bread of life to the little churches in a large district, where there was no other minister of our order. It so happened when I was on one of my missionary excursions, about eight years since, after having preached to a little church one Sabbath, an aged man, venerable and respectable in his appearance, invited me to go to his house, about one mile and a half distant, to see his wife who was sick, and was expected to survive but a short time. I accompanied him, and upon inquiry found that he was a member of the church, but his wife was a Universalist. The old gentleman felt very tenderly for his aged companion, and said he was afraid she would die in her present belief. We arrived at the house, and I was convinced at first sight she had but very few days to linger on earth. I entered into religious conversation with her, and found that at all hazards she was resolved to die a Universalist. She was evidently a woman who had read, thought, and reflected much upon the subject of her creed, and was confident she was right. All I could say seemed not to affect her in the least. Before I left, her husband wished me to pray. I did so, and, to my astonishment, when we rose from our knees, she flew into a paroxysm of anger in view of the sentiments of the prayer. This, you must know, was very disagreeable, especially when you consider that a tender spirit was evinced, and kind but earnest language only used.

I left the house with gloomy feelings, and ere I passed that way again she had gone into the world of spirits. Her bereaved husband passed through the town of my residence, and called upon me. I condoled with him in his affliction. Amongst other inquiries I asked how many children he had?

'Eight,' was the reply, 'all settled in life.'

'Are any of them pious?'

'O, no!' said he, '*they all take after their mother!*'

The old gentleman, as he uttered this expression, stood trembling, both his hands resting on the top of his staff; his white locks lay curled upon his shoulders; the tears ran swiftly down his furrowed cheeks, and his feelings became too deep for utterance.

He soon left my house; but the whole appearance still remained vividly before me, and the solemn, choking accents of his voice rang in my ear, '*O no! they all take after their mother.*' My mind was deeply impressed with the force of this short expression. I have since become acquainted with several of his children. They are naturally bright, intelligent men. One of them has been honored with a seat in our State legislature; but his heart seems incapable of religious impressions. The same is true of the others. They are generous, kind neighbors, and are in easy circumstances in life, but against divine truth which addresses itself to the understanding and the heart, they are fully set. Their mother evinced the same spirit before them, and taught them never to believe in a God who would make any of his creatures eternally miserable. I did for a little time once have some hope that one of her sons would become pious. He was evidently somewhat serious; but at last he cast away all his seriousness, and returned to his former belief, with greater apparent confidence in it than he had formerly cherished. They still follow their mother's creed; and, so far as we can judge, will to their graves.

There is much force in that sentence uttered by the old gentleman; I have been watching it these eight years or more, and have seen its striking development in many families. For instance, in the city of —— lives Judge ——. He has a numerous family of children. It is delightful to mingle in that family circle; everything is pleasant, manly, agreeable and *Christian*. Once two of their little sons, one six years old, the other four and a half, as they were drawing their little waggon in the hall fell into a disagreement. The youngest claimed the right to draw it; the other resisted for a moment, while a few words passed between them; finally the eldest, with a noble, manly look, leaned toward his brother and spoke in the kindest tones, 'Well, we'll go and *ask mother*.' So off they ran, cheerful as the bird of the morning, to their mother's room. What was said by her I know not. They soon came skipping into the hall again perfectly cheerful and happy. The youngest took the waggon, and his brother seemed to rejoice in it as much as himself. O, thought I, how pleasant! 'They all take after their mother!'

In the village of —— is a mother of education and refinement. In her circle of friends she is all loquacity *et suavissima* and agreeableness, with an *unusual faculty for embellishing* any subject, great or small. She has several sons and one daughter. Often my soul has been pained in watching the conversation of that naturally bright, interesting daughter, now becoming a young lady. I do not suppose she intends wilfully to misrepresent or tell falsehoods; but such is her habit, or powers of description, in honest candor, it is very often difficult to believe her a person of truth. Many times the thought, though disagreeable, rushes to my mind, 'Poor child, how much she does take after her mother!' That mother is a professor of religion, and may yet feel anxious for the salvation of her daughter; and may God grant that she may not be ruined by following the example of her mother. But my sheet is nearly full, and I have written a tithe only of what I designed when I commenced. Enough, perhaps you will say, unless it is better.—*Mother's Magazine.*

THE DELIBERATE PROCRASTINATOR--HER FATE.

A young lady residing in the city of ——, was one day visited by her pastor. She was an only daughter, young and volatile; the admired of admirers, the centre of attraction in the social circle; fond, lovely, gay and fascinating. She often frequented the ball chamber. Her parents being wealthy, every wish of her heart was gratified.

After the usual ceremonies incident to a visit, the pastor asked the young lady about her soul, about God and judgment. A change suddenly came over her fair brow. She evidently did not like to converse upon such serious subjects. Still the man of God urged upon her the duty of becoming a Christian, of giving her heart to God; but she sat and received his advice in a very pensive mood. When about leaving, he asked her if she wished him to pray for her. She was silent. He knelt down and bore her on the wings of his prayer before the throne of grace; and then, feeling that he could do no more for her at present, he left her.

Shortly after she retired to her chamber, and in musings the Holy Spirit deeply impressed upon her mind the solemn instructions she had just listened to. She was troubled; a dark cloud had come over worldly vision. She felt the keen gnawings of an enlightened conscience. Something must be done; she could not bear [illegible] came to the conclusion that she would give her heart to God, but not now. She thought that about four years longer would suffice to remain in the service of sin and Satan, and accordingly made a resolution to that effect.

To satisfy herself, and make it binding upon her, she would commit it to paper. She wrote as follows: "I hereby solemnly promise that in four years from this date I will give my heart to God." Then she attempted to sign her name, but her heart failed her, and she tore it up. Still her bosom heaved with anxiety. She could not bear the idea of dying without giving herself to God. She altered the time from years to months, and from months to weeks. This she signed. The thought of what she had done drove the flush of health from her cheek, and the spark of intellect from her eye. She sat silent and statue-like for a long time: and not appearing at the family board, her mother went to her room to learn the cause. As she opened the door and saw her pale and ghastly-looking child, she exclaimed: 'What's the matter; are you sick?

Pointing to the Bible she replied, 'I have sealed my doom—have done it calmly and deliberately.'

O, what pangs must have rent those hearts as they discovered the written and fatal resolution. At the end of the four weeks her cold form was placed in the silent tomb.

PRINCELY LIBERALITY.—If all Christians had generous hearts, like the merchant of St. Petersburg spoken of in the following paragraph, and equal faith in God, no benevolent enterprise would languish:

I know a rich merchant in St. Petersburg, who, at his own cost, supported a number of native missionaries in India, and gave like a prince to the cause of God at home. I asked him one day, how he could do it. He replied, 'When I served the devil, I did it on a large scale, and at princely expense, and when by his grace God called me out of darkness, I resolved Christ should have more than the devil had had. But how I can give so much you must ask God, who enables me to give it. At my conversion I told the Lord his cause should have a part of all that my business brought me in; and every year since I made that promise it has brought me in about double that it did the year before, so that I can and do double my gifts in his cause." How true what Bunyan said:

"A man there was, some called him mad;
The more he cast away the more he had."

'There is,' saith God, 'that giveth, and yet increaseth; and there is that withholdeth more than is meet, and it tendeth to poverty.'

God will be debtor to no one. He pays compound interest for all that by faith is put into his bank.

WHEN OUGHT WE?—One day a lady was teaching a class of little girls in a Sunday-school. She was talking to them about love to God. 'My dear children,' she said, 'how soon may we give our hearts to God, and become true Christians?' They didn't answer at first. Then she spoke to them one by one. Turning to the oldest scholar in the class, she asked, 'What do you say, Mary?'

'When we are thirteen?'

'What do you say, Jane?'

'When we are ten.'

'What do you say, Susan?'

'When we are six.'

At last she came to little Lillie, the youngest scholar in the class.

'Well, Lillie,' she said, 'and how soon do you think we may give our hearts to God?'

'Just as soon as we feel that we are sinners, and know who God is!' said Lillie.

How beautiful an answer that was! and how true! Yes, 'as soon as you feel that you are a sinner, and know who God is,' you may give him your heart, and become a Christian.

USELESS YOUNG LADIES.—It scarcely admits of doubt that the number of young ladies is constantly increasing who think happiness dependent on freedom from responsibility and labor, and wish to have nothing to do but read novels, and give themselves to pleasure. A contemporary says:

"The number of idle, useless girls in all our large cities seems to be steadily increasing. They lounge or sleep through their mornings, parade the streets during the afternoon, and assemble in frivolous companies of their own and the other sex to pass away their evenings. What a store of unhappiness for themselves and others are they laying up for the coming time, when real duties and high responsibilities shall be thoughtlessly assumed! They are skilled in no domestic duties—nay, they despise them; have no habits of industry nor taste for the useful. What will they be as wives and mothers? Alas for the husbands and children, and alas for themselves! Who can wonder if domestic unhappiness and domestic ruin follow!"

WHEN THE DEVIL SOWS.—The seeds of vice are dropped into young hearts in nearly every case *between sun-set and bed-time, away from home.* The boys and girls step out of the family circle, and spend their time—how? In spending money they never earned—opening the doors of confectionaries and soda fountains, of beer and tobacco shops, of the circus, the negro minstrels, the restaurant, and dance; then follows the Sunday drive and the company of those whose steps take hold on hell. In forty-nine cases out of fifty, the destinies of children are fixed between the ages of eight and sixteen, *those few years*, when the devil will perempt the precious soil, unless the parents are vigilant to make home more attractive than the streets.

PAINTS, OILS, BLUE VITRIOL, &c.

NOW landing ex Eleanor, and to arrive per Ensign:—
2 tons Brandram's Raw and Boiled Linseed OIL;
1 ton Galipoli Olive Oil; 286 kegs Brandram's No. 1 White Lead—in 28, 56, and 1 cwt. kegs;
50 kegs Brandram's Colored Paints; 16 cask Paris White;
50 casks London Whiting; 8 do. (4 tons) ALUM;
8 do (8 tons) Blue VITRIOL; 3 do (1½ tons) Copperas;
7 do Ground LITHARGE; 4 do. Washed RED LEAD;
1 do Indian RED; 1 do. Umber; 2 do Paris Green;
1 barrel Vermilion; 1 cask Refined SALTPETRE;
4 casks Epsom SALTS; 20 do. Bicarbonate SODA;
3 cases Refined CAMPHOR; 1 do. MAGNESIA;
1 cask Refined BORAX; 1 case CASSIA;
4 cases E. I. CASTOR OIL; 1 bale Senna Leaves;
1 case Castile SOAP; 1 do Oil of Lemon; 1 do Quinine;
1 do Gum Shellac; 1 do Oil Bergamot;
1 cask Gum Acacia; 1 do Linseed Meal;
12½ chests Florence Oil; 1 case 15,000 Large Deep GOLD LEAF. Wholesale and Retail, at lowest market rates.
GEO. A. BAYARD,
nov 11. Successor to J. M. Walker, 7 Market Square.

GENERAL LEATHER AND FINDING STORE.—Constantly on hand, a large and well selected Stock of English, French, American, and Domestic Leather and Shoe Findings, at the lowest possible prices for Cash.
J. J. CHRISTIE, 55 South side King-street.
P.S.—All orders attended to with punctuality and dispatch.
J. J. C.
Dec. 5, 1861.—wpi.

CHARLES KIRKPATRICK has received per various steamers, a variety of NEW AND USEFUL GOODS, in Shawls, Dress Goods, in every new style; Balmoral Skirtings, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Velvets, Terrys, Ladies' Hats, Worked Muslins, with the usual assortment of Domestic Goods, wholesale and retail.
sept 23. 58 PRINCE WM. STREET.

GRAHAM'S PAIN ERADICATOR AND MAGNETIC OIL.

THE Best Remedy known for the following complaints—Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Complaints, Felon Whitlow, Broken Breasts, Sores, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Wounds, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Salds, Hives, Diptheria, Influenza, Asthma or Phthisic, Coughs, Colds, Pains in the Chest and Back, Ear Ache, &c. It quickly and effectually reduces Inflammation, and eradicates Pain and Humor.
Prepared by THOMAS GRAHAM,
Late of Canning, Cornwallis, N. S.
Now T. Graham & Co., Carleton, St. John.
Price 25 Cents. Sold by all respectable Druggists and dealers in Patent Medicines generally.
july 8—i

POPULAR Cough Remedies.—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Sharp's Balsam of Hoarhound; Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Wilbor's Cod Liver Oil and Lime; Jayne's Expectorant; Powell's Balsam of Aniseed; Wistar's Cherry Pectoral; Mrs. Gardner's Balsam of Liverwort; Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam; Keating's Cough Lozenges; Wattney's Black Currant Lozenges; Brown's Bronchial Troches. For sale by
Colman Dixon.

TAMARINDS—Just received—One Barrel Tamarinds.
dec 2 GEO. A. BAYARD, 7 Market Square.

CHINAWARE.—White and Gold China Tea Sets; Plates Dishes, Teas and Coffees, by the dozen.
GLASSWARE.—Breakfast, Dinner, and Tea Sets; Toilet Ware, Pitchers, Butters, &c.
JELLY CANS.—100 dozen Jelly Cans.
STONE CROCKS.—Preserve, Butter, and Cream Crocks, all at the lowest figure. THOS. CLERKE.
sept. 2. 42 Market Square.

CAUTION!—All persons indebted to the subscriber by Book Account, for a longer period than three months, are hereby notified to call and settle the same immediately, and by so doing save expense, as all such debts remaining unsettled will—after the 15th of February next—be handed to an Attorney for collection.
jan 27. SIMON NEALIS.

CAUTION! CAUTION! CAUTION!

THE Proprietor of PICKSTONE'S WASHING AND CLEANSING CRYSTAL, deems it his duty to caution the public against spurious imitations of his highly celebrated Washing Crystal, which is the most harmless compound extant. It is free from Lime, Vitriol, and all other deadly mixtures so common to be found amongst washing compounds. Try Pickstone's Washing Crystal, if you want ease, comfort, and economy in washing, which washes every thing, and has rapid sale.

It will be found invaluable for the following domestic pposes, viz.:—It washes all fine things, such as Muslin, Lace, Crotchet Work, Baby Linen, &c.; cleaning Sponges, Combs, and Brushes; removing stains from the hands, and grease from Carpets, Cloth, Flannel, &c. It makes Hard Water Soft, and may be used with good effect in Baths, as it immediately removes all condensed perspiration from the skin. A small quantity should also be used in the foot pan. It forms a cooling and cleansing wash for the head, by dissolving a teaspoonful of the Crystal in a quarter of a pint of water; and for cleansing the Mouth, Teeth, and Gums, it is quite a luxury, by adding a teaspoonful to a tumbler of water. It renders linen beautifully white, and unlike other preparations, at the same time preserves the fabric. It contains nothing injurious to life. A child eating it by mistake, will not be injured.

If you have not used this Cleansing Crystal, lose no time in obtaining it. Nothing has ever been introduced into this country which has effected such a wonderful change upon Washing Days. It saves your time—saves your clothes—saves your money; and it does not injure the most delicate hands. Pickstone's Cleansing Crystal makes washing a pleasure, reduces the cost of fuel, the wear and tear of labor, and improves every article washed. For Linens, and heavy washes, it cannot be surpassed; for Laces, and fine fabrics, it is unequalled. It does not injure the color of Prints, but strengthens and improves them—by its use they retain their original brilliancy. Flannels become white and soft like new. White things are much improved, and keep their color, even if put by for months. Thousands of Families made happy! No misery on a Washing Day, with PICKSTONE'S Cleansing Crystal.
Agents for Saint John:
oct 14. JOHN ARMSTRONG & CO.

The New York *Tribune* says, "the reason why Drake's Plantation Bitters are so universally used, and have such an immense sale is, that they are always made up to the original standard, of highly invigorating material and of pure quality, although the prices have so largely advanced," &c.

The *Tribune* just hits the nail on the head. The Plantation Bitters are not only made of pure material, but the people are told what it is. The Recipe is published around each Bottle, and the bottles are not reduced in size. At least twenty imitations and counterfeits have sprung up. They impose upon the people once and that's the last of them.

The Plantation Bitters are now used in all the Government Hospitals, are recommended by the best physicians, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. Facts are stubborn things.

"* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

"* * * Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefitted by their use.
Thy Friend, ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa."

"* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.
REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y."

"* * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which are daily increasing with the guests of our house.
SYKES, CHADWICK & CO.,
Proprietors Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C."

"* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers, with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, with which I was laid up prostrate, and had to abandon my business.
H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O."

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and the urinary organs that has disturbed me for years. It acts like a charm
C. C. MOORE, 254 Broadway."

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., Nov, 24, 1863.
DEAR SIR—I have been afflicted many years with severe prostrating cramps on my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicine failed to relieve me. Some friends in New York who were using Plantation Bitters, prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wine glassful after dinner. Feeling better by degrees in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I had not done for years. I feel like another being. My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters. Respectfully, JUDITH RUSSELL."

If the ladies but knew what thousands of them are constantly relating to us, we candidly believe one half of the weakness, prostration and distress experienced by them would vanish. James Marsh, Esq., of 158 West 14th St., N. Y., says, "he has three children, the first two are weak and puny, his wife having been unable to nurse or attend them, but that she has taken Plantation Bitters for the last two years, and has a child now eighteen months old which she has nursed and reared herself, and both are hearty saucy and well, The article is invaluable to mothers," &c

Such evidence might be continued for a volume. The best evidence is to try them. They speak for themselves. Persons of sedentary habits, troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, diabetes, &c., will find speedy relief through these Bitters.

Every bottle for exportation and sale out of the United States, has a metal cap and green label around the neck.

Beware of refilled bottles. See that the cap has not been mutilated. Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon, is an imposter. We sell it *only* in bottles.

Sold by principal dealers throughout the habitable globe.
F. H. DRAKE & CO.,
Oct. 13.—vi 6 m. New York

OLD EYES MADE NEW.

A PAMPHLET directing how to speedily restore sight, and give up spectacles, without aid of Doctor or medicine. Sent by mail free on receipt of 10 cents. Address
sept 16. E. B. FOOTE, M. D., 1130 Broadway, N. Y.

WESTON'S METALLIC ARTIFICIAL LEG.

THE Lightest, Cheapest, most Durable, and most natural ever invented. Price $75 to $100. Send for a Pamphlet.
J. W. WESTON,
sept 16. ip 491 Broadway, New York.

GRAPES, ORANGES, LEMONS, &c.—Just received from New York via steamer New England—3 cases Catawba GRAPES; 4 boxes LEMONS; 4 bbls. ORANGES 2 do. Chestnuts. For sale low by
JOSHUA S. TURNER,
dec 8. 22 and 24 Water street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
HEAVY WINTER CLOTHS,
JUST OPENED.
SIBERIAN CLOTH,
A SUPERIOR ARTICLE FOR
WINTER OVERCOATS.
A. & T. GILMOUR,
sept. 30—pi 10 King Street.

PROVINCIAL SCHOOL BOOKS.

FIRST, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Book of Lessons; Spelling Book Superseded; Lennie's Grammar Carpenter's Spelling Book.
Also—200 dozen Swan's Copy Books, 100 dozen Dunton & Scribner's do., } All Nos.
BARNES & CO
june 11.

STAPLES & WHITLEY,
No. 67 King Street, Saint John, N. B.
IMPORTERS and Dealers in every description of *BRITISH AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS.*
Cheap for Cash. Wholesale and Retail.
Particular attention paid to Country orders. Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.
☞ Wanted—Homespun Cloth, Socks, Mitts and Yarn.
Sept. 15.—vpi.

ENGLISH GOODS!
TEAS, COFFEES, RICE, SPICES, &c.

THE subscriber has received per Eleanor from London, and Thetis from Liverpool:—
60 chests fine Congou and Souchong Teas; 30 hf chests do;
20 hf chests extra fine Oolong do; 1 ton Java Coffee;
2 bales Mocha Coffee; 23 tons East India Rice;
4 cases refined Table Salt; 10 do Colman's No. 1 Starch;
3 do Patent Starch; 20 kegs J. & J. Colman's Mustard;
2 cases Mustard, in tin and tin foil; 1 do Crown Blue;
2 do Colman's No. 1 Black Lead; 10 bags Black Pepper;
1 do mixed Spice; 1 do ground Cassia;
1 do White Pepper; 1 cask Walnuts;
1 do soft shell Almonds; 1 do Alum; 1 do Sulphur;
2 boxes Vermicelli; 2 casks Crosse & Blackwell's mixed and assorted Pickles; 1 do Crosse & Blackwell's Sauces and Ketchups; 1 case Madras Indigo;
1 cask Cream of Tartar; 8 boxes Sugar Candy;
1 case Cox's Gelatine; 3 do Robinson's Patent Groats and Barley; 1 do Candied Citron; 1 do Lemon Peel;
20 kegs Bicarbonate of Soda; 15 casks Sal. Soda;
3 casks E. Lazenby & Son's mixed and assorted Pickles;
2 do Sauces; Tomato, Walnut and Mushroom Ketchup;
1 case French and Spanish Olives; Patent Prepared Mustard, Sardines; bottles Preserved Rhubarb; Gooseberries, Raspberries, &c.
Which, with a general assortment of *GROCERIES*, will be sold wholesale and retail, at lowest market prices.
july 13.—wpi JOHN CHRISTY, 75 King street.

NEW FANCY DRESS TWEEDS.

2 CASES just received, and will be sold under market prices. They are elegant goods, and just the thing for Ladies Winter Wear.
dec. 8. ENNIS & GARDNER.

JUST RECEIVED AT No. 90 PRINCE WM. ST

RUBBER GOODS—consisting of Coats, Cloaks, Talmas, Pouches, Horse Covers, Bags, Over Alls, Cushions, Bed Pans, Sheeting, Piano-Forte Covers, Life Preservers, Ladies' Aprons, Hand, Bat, and Foot Balls, &c.
HARD RUBBER GOODS—Such as Pipes, Thimbles, Combs, Cups, Syringes, Tops, Knitting Needles, Tattan do., Tooth Picks, Pencils, Pen Holders, Finger Rings, &c.
RUBBER BELTING, Packing and Hose.
LEATHER BELTING, Jute, Flax, and Hemp Packing.
FISHING TACKLE—consisting of Rods, Reels, Lines, Hooks, Tied Hooks, Casting Lines, Oiled Silk Lines, Flies, in variety; Fly Books, Gut, Landing Nets, Baskets, Baits, Sinkers, Swivals, &c. For sale cheap for cash by
may 4—wvpi Z. G. GABEL.

HARDWARE.—NEW FALL STOCK!

PER steamers Hecla, Asia, and Thames:—4 casks of HARDWARE.
Per ships Carrig, Sea Gem, Princess Royal and Wanderer;
153 Casks HARDWARE; 7 casks Paint OIL;
4 do. PUTTY; 10 bbls. TAR; 10 do. PITCH;
32 bundles OAKUM; 12 casks SHOT; 12 do. Lead Pipe;
7 casks Sheet ZINC; 11 do. SAD IRONS; 3 do. Borax;
3 do. Hook and Hinges; 16 do. TRACE CHAINS;
4 do. HARNESS MOUNTING; 3 cases Superior Axe Steel
341 bags Horse Wrought NAILS; 94 do. Ship SPIKES
20 bags Oval and Flat Clinch Rings; 13 bundles WIRE;
4 crates Galvanized COAL SCUTTLES; 14 Smiths' Anvils;
6 bundles SPADES; 10 tons Chain CABLES, ass'd;
93 boxes TIN PLATES; 47 bndls Galvanized Sheet Iron;
15 bundles FRYING PANS; 44 do. HASP IRON;
60 PLOUGH MOULDS; 2 rolls Sheet Brass and Copper;
3 rolls Sheet LEAD; 2,760 sheets of NAIL IRON.
A LARGE STOCK OF
Silver Electro-Plated and Albatta Spoons, Forks, Cake Baskets, Cruet Stands, Kettles, &c., &c.; Britannia Metal Goods—Enamelled Baking Dishes and Preserving Kettles; Crook, J. Rogers & Son, and other good makes of Table and Pocket Cutlery, Butcher's and other superior makes of Files; Steel Fire Irons, Hearth Brushes, Coal Scuttles, Guns, Percussion Caps, Powder, Shot, &c; Griffin and E. Lansley's Horse Nails; Wilkie's Plough Mounting, Hollow Ware, Rope, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Zinc, Grindstones and Rollers; Glue; Harness Mounting, Sheet, Hoop, and Bar Iron; Tin Plates, Mill, Cross-Cut, and Hand Saws, Shingle Knives and Frows; Broad's and Spiller's Axes, Adzes, &c.; Whips, Shoe Thread, Whip Lashes, Augers, Shovels, Tea Kettles, Smiths' bellows and Vices; 500 pair Skates. A variety of Hardware and Fancy Goods too numerous to mention.
☞ Manufacturers of CUT NAILS and SPIKES, from superior Iron. Wholesale and Retail.
oct 6.—ip L. & E. BURPEE, Prince Wm.-street.

CITY OF GLASGOW
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF GLASGOW.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
GOVERNOR—The Right Honorable the Earl of Glasgow.

Subscribed Capital	£600,000
Accumulated Fund	480,000
Annual Revenue	103,000
Existing Assurances	2,700,000

WALTER BUCHANAN, of Shandon, Esq., M. P., Chairman.
W. F. BIRKMYRE, Esq., Manager and Actuary.
VARIOUS MODES OF ASSURING.
Half Premium System, without debt or interest.
Endowment Assurances.
Partnership Assurances.
Short Term Assurances.
THE "City of Glasgow Life Assurance Company" was established in 1838, by special Act of Parliament. It has now been conducted with much success for 25 years, which is attributable not only to the perfect security which it affords for the due fulfilment of every contract, but likewise to the Company's extensive and influential connexions and to the liberality of its dealings.
The Premiums are equitably graduated. The Profits are distributed with a due regard to the claims of all classes of Policy-holders.
The last declaration of Bonus was made 20th January, 1864, which is the close of the Company's financial year, when a Bonus at the rate of one and a half per cent. on the sums assured was declared for the past year. In place of the surplus being annually divided, the profits will in future be ascertained and allocated quinquennially. Policies participate from the date of their issue, but the Bonuses do not vest until they have been five years in existence. Rates of Assurance and all other information may be learned from the Agent, WILLIAM MACKAY,
july 13.—wpv 1y Custom House Building.

THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, 92 Lombard-street, London, and Royal Insurance buildings, Liverpool.
Chairman of the London Board.—SAMUEL BAKER, Esq.
Chairman in Liverpool.—CHARLES TURNER, Esq.
The Royal Insurance Company is one of the largest Offices in the kingdom.
At the Annual Meeting held in August 1859, the following highly satisfactory results were shown:—
FIRE DEPARTMENT.
The most gratifying proof of the expansion of the business is exhibited in the one following fact—that the increase alone of the last three years exceeds the entire business of some of the existing and of many of the recently defunct fire insurance companies of this kingdom.

The Premiums for the year 1855 being	£130,060
While the Premiums for the year 1858 are	196,148
Showing an actual increase of	66,088

or upwards of 50 per cent. in three years.
The recent returns of duty made by Government for this latter year (1858) again show the "Royal" as more than maintaining the ratio of its increase as stated in former years. Only one among the London insurance offices exhibits an advance to the extent of one-half the increase of the Company, while all the others respectively fall far short of the moiety of its advance.
LIFE DEPARTMENT.
The amount of new Life Premiums received this year is by far the largest received in any similar period since the commencement of the business, and must far exceed the average of amount received by the most successful offices in the kingdom. The number of policies issued in the year was 832, the sum assured £387,752 6s. 5d., and the premium £12,354 5s. 4d. These figures show a very rapid extension of business during the last ten years. Thus:—

Years.	No. of Policies.	Sums Assured.	New Premiums.
1848	98	£48,764 17 0	£1,380 9 1
1850	190	95,659 9 11	2,627 4 7
1852	422	181,504 10 6	5,828 5 0
1854	403	161,848 13 4	4,694 16 0
1856	703	297,569 16 8	8,850 3 11
1858	832	387,752 6 8	12,354 5 4

The remarkable increase in the business of the last four years is mainly consequent upon the large bonus declared in 1855, which amounted to no less than 22 per cent. per annum on the sums assured, and averaged 80 per cent. upon the premiums paid.
PERCY M. DOVE, Manager and Actuary.
JOHN M. JOHNSTON, Secretary to the London Board.
All descriptions of property taken at fair rates, and Fire losses paid promptly on reasonable proof of loss—without reference to the head Establishment.
JAMES J. KAYE, Agent for New Brunswick
Princess-street,
Feb. 16 opposite Judge Ritchie's Building.

VICTORIA HOUSE.

WINTER
Clearance Sale
FOR
CASH!
TO MAKE ROOM FOR
SPRING
IMPORTATIONS.
THE BALANCE OF
STOCK
AT THE
VICTORIA HOUSE,
IS NOW BEING SOLD AT
Greatly Reduced Rates.
SALE WILL CONTINUE
THIRTY DAYS!
TERMS:
"CASH ONLY"
FOR GOODS AT
PRESENT PRICES.
VICTORIA HOUSE.
St. John, N. B., February 9th, 1865.

FALL OF 1864!
GRANITE HALL,
No. 10, MARKET SQUARE.
Immense Stock of Fall and Winter
CLOTHING,
Suitable for all Classes—Manufactured from
SOUND CLOTHS, SUPERIOR TRIMMINGS,
AND THE BEST OF WORKMANSHIP.
FURNISHING GOODS,
In all qualities, consisting of
TIES, STOCKS,
LAMBS'-WOOL SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
OF THE BEST MAKES.
Linen Shirts, Collars, Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.
ENGLISH-MADE SOLID LEATHER
TRUNKS, VALISES,
AND
"Overlands."
THE CELEBRATED MACKINTOSH
Rubber Clothing!
The only reliable Waterproof Clothing in this Market!
A LARGE VARIETY OF
HATS AND CAPS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.
Moscow and Waterproof Beavers
FINE FINISHED DO., IN ALL COLOURS.
The Celebrated Dublin Make of
Irish Friezes and Eblana!
THE MOST DURABLE GOODS FOR
Over Coats
KNOWN!
☞ Strangers from the Country, and all others, are requested to examine
THE STOCK,
previous to purchasing elsewhere, as they will find that their wants can be supplied—
With the least amount of Money for the greatest Value!
150 Buffalo Robes,
LINED AND UNLINED.
THOMAS R. JONES,
nov 3.—piv 10 MARKET SQUARE.

Barnes's New Brunswick ALMANACK, for 1865.
Just published, and for sale Wholesale and Retail.
Oct. 6. BARNES & CO., Prince Wm. Street.

R. P. & W. F. STARR,
Dealers in
Coal, Salt, Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Flour, Corn Meal, Beef, Pork, Tobacco, &c.
SMYTH STREET, (opposite Messrs. Cudlip & Snider's).
St. John, N. B., July 1, 1864.—vpily

A HINT TO THE WORTHY CITIZENS OF NEW BRUNSWICK—BE WARNED IN TIME!

ALL parties purchasing my Pills and Ointment for their several complaints, are respectfully warned against purchasing either Pills or Ointment purporting to be my preparations, that have a **United States Stamp around the Boxes or Pots.** There is no Treaty between the people of the States and the Home Government, therefore an American Stamp does not protect my preparations. There are no stamps upon my Canadian style of Pills or Ointment coming from the United States. I rely only for protection on the water mark in the book of directions around each Pot or Box. Before you purchase them, see that **there are no U. S. Stamps** upon the Box of Pills or Ointment. Purchase none that have United States stamps on.
dec 23—ptly T. HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

PARAFFINE OIL.—Just received: 10 bbls best Paraffine Oil. For sale by J. F. SECORD,
nov 3.—piv King square.

CUBA SUGAR.—14 hhds bright Cuba Sugar. For sale low to close consignment.
jan 27. DEFOREST & FERKINS.

WHITE'S TYPE FOUNDRY, 63 & 65 Beekman street—Established 1810—Book, News, Job and fancy TYPE, Borders, Ornaments, Brass and Metal Rule PRESSES, Chases, Cases, Galleys, Inks, &c., for sale upon the most reasonable terms. Our *Improved Metal*, having been tested by many of the most extensive printers throughout the country, and pronounced unrivalled for Durability, we are now using it exclusively in the manufacture of our Type, and invite printers to test it by giving us a trial.
FARMER, LITTLE & CO.,
Successors to CHAS. T. WHITE & CO.
N. B. Messrs. BARNES & Co., of St. John, N. B., are our authorized Agents, through whom orders will be filled upon as favorable terms as though purchased direct. Our Specimen Book may be found and consulted at their Office.
☞ This paper is printed on type from the above Foundry. April 10.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S Hair Restorer.
AND
ZYLOBALSAMUM.
The great unequalled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying, and Dressing the Hair,
Rendering it soft, silky, and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall, and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair.
IT NEVER FAILS to restore GRAY HAIR to ITS ORIGINAL YOUTHFUL COLOR.
IT IS NOT A DYE,
But acts directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth.
Rev. Mr. THACHER, of New York, in a letter, says: "My age is sixty. One year ago my hair was very gray, and falling. I used Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer according to directions, and now my hair is restored to its natural color, and has ceased to fall.
"The Zylobalsamum I have found the best and most agreeable hair-dressing I have ever used."
FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN
Whose Hair requires frequent dressing, the Zylobalsamum has no equal.
No lady's toilet is complete without it.
Sold by Druggists throughout the World.
PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE,
198 & 200 Greenwich Street, New York City.
Mrs. S. A. Allen's ZYLOBALSAMUM.

WM. PETERS Manufactures and keeps on hand—Sole Upper, Belt, Harness, Lacing, Hose, Buff, and all the various kinds of Leather usually found in Tanneries in the Province. Also, Soap and Candles.
N. B.—Tanners in the country supplied with Oil, Tools, Rubstones, &c., at short notice. Cash paid for Hides, at highest market price. Jan 17.

It is Not a Dye—It is Not an Oil.
It is Not a Humbug,
BUT A PERFECT HAIR RESTORER,
And the finest Hair Dressing in the world. Never failing to change Grey and Faded Hair or Whiskers to the original color, and promoting a new and healthy growth of Hair, where it has become thin or fallen out. Does not stain or injure the skin, does not cost one half the price of other hair restoratives, and is of twice the value. The ingredients are simple, and can be obtained at any Drug Store. We will send Receipe for making, post paid and securely sealed, on receipt of 25 cents, coin. Address, post paid
Dr. J. QUINCY FITCH,