

# THE RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCER.

## THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

FREDERICTON, March 8.

The House opened at 3 o'clock, in the presence of a large concourse of ladies and gentlemen, when His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor opened the Session with the following Speech:—

**Mr. President and Hon. Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:**

It affords me satisfaction to meet you again assembled in parliament.

In accordance with instructions received by me since the close of the last Session a member of my Government was despatched to Quebec to attend a Council, summoned by the Governor General of Canada, from various British North American Colonies for the purpose of offering assistance to Her Majesty's Government in the negotiation of commercial treaties. I have directed the report of that gentleman to be laid before you.

The Government of the United States having announced a resolution to terminate the treaty existing between that power and Great Britain for the reciprocal regulation of trade, I despatched in right of the invitation of the Government of Canada, and with the concurrence of that of Nova Scotia, to despatch a delegate to Washington for the purpose of endeavoring, in concert with Her Majesty's Minister in that capital and delegates from the sister Provinces, to procure a temporary prolongation of an arrangement which has proved mutually beneficial to both countries, in the hope that time might be thus afforded for negotiations with a view to a permanent renewal of the treaty.

Smith indignantly replied that no one had the Government in charge. They would answer for themselves, and if voted re-elect to their trust, as Wetmore insinuated, would give place to others.

Cudlip assailed Wetmore, as changing base in attacking Government.

The Speaker closed the discussion.

Anglin asked if the Opposition would propose an amendment to the Address.

Connelly replied, if Anglin would vote for it he might consider it on the table!

[Special Telegram to the Morning Telegraph.]

Smith made a long speech on York election, and numerous exciting topics, assailing Fisher and Tilley on various points.

Two paragraphs of Address passed in the Legislative Council.

Motioned discussion on Fenianism.

McLellan charged that defence of Fredericton consisted of four guns, two of which were wooden.

A good deal of feeling exists here about Fenian movements on the borders.

The Opposition are strong and defiant.

The Speech and Address do not fully please either party.

The position of the Government is considered critical.

Nothing done during the afternoon, except adoption of Contingent Report, making provisions for stationery, &c.

Address in reply to Speech under discussion in Committee of whole house during morning.

Fisher wished it postponed for a few days, so that his mind may be made up as to effect of an *expeditio* law which he thought would create interminable trouble.

Attorney General, Fraser and others, quoted authorities to show that retrospective laws were numerous in England and this Province, and were necessary in exceptional cases like present.

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