RIVER DULOUP RAILWAY SOD TURNING.—About half past two o'clock on Tuesday afternoon the first sod of the River Du Loup Railway was turned. There were present on the occasion quite a number of the citizens of St. John and Fredericton and the surrounding country. The operation took place at the village of St. Mary's, just opposite Fredericton, in a field belonging to Robert McKean. The village was gaily decorated with various flags, and seemed to have arrayed itself in holiday attire.

Among others there were present on the occasion, His Excellency Lieutenant Governor, President of the Legislative Council, the Hon. Attorney General, Hon. Provincial Secretary, members of both bodies of the Legislature, Beveridge, Wedderburn, Willis, Robinson, Beckwith and others, while the railway company was represented by Temple, Randolph, Boyd, DeVeber, Thompson, &c.

When the proper time had arrived Sheriff Temple announced the purpose of the gathering, and presented his Excellency the Lieutenant Governor with the spade, which, he informed the assembly, had been used in turning the first sod on the E. & N. A. Railway in 1852, and subsequently that of Western Extension.

His Excellency then having dug two sods deposited them in a wheel-barrow, and, amidst the applause of the bystanders, wheeled them to the end of the platform erected for the purpose, and having emptied them from the wheelbarrow returned in triumph. He declined making a speech owing to state of weather and health, although cries for "a few minutes," and "a few words," resounded on all sides.

J. J. Fraser was then called for, and having come upon the platform proposed three cheers for Her Majesty the Queen. These having been given with a will, he proceeded to make a short and neat speech, in course of which he alluded to the growing interest of our country, and indulged in the hope that this road would be accomplished even before the Intercolonial. Although he was born on the North Shore, yet a friendship of twenty years had bound him to Fredericton and St. John. He called for John Boyd, Esq., who, with his usual beaming countenance, appeared on the rude platform. Mr. Boyd expressed the desire that the jealousy which had existed between St. John and Fredericton would be forever buried in the hole which his Excelency had just digged.

The purpose of the gathering was the commencement of operations, which should open up a highway of traffic during all seasons for our province, a highway which, he trusted, would be rendered passable at all times, by the direction of his Excellency, let the snow come to the depth of 15 or 20 feet.

He paid a tribute of respect to the Lieutenant Governor, to E. R. Burpee, and to Alex. Gibson. To the last named gentleman he referred in the most touching terms. He spoke of him as being a man who made his thousands yearly, and who, like a true man, spent it not on himself but in building churches and school-houses, and in all benevolent enterprises. He closed a forcible and touching speech of about 15 minutes, by giving some grand advice to the young men.

The Hon. Provincial Secretary was then called for, and stated that as long as he was a member of the Government he would do what he could to aid and encourage such works and wished to see it completed.

Willis next followed, as would be expected from the leader of the opposition, exhorting the citizens of St. John and Fredericton to lay aside petty rivalry and to let emulation in higher matters prevail. He felt it was the duty of Legislatures to aid such works, and having congratulated the company on the auspicious opening he wished them every success.

The Hon. Attorney General followed, and spoke of the gratitude which we, as citizens, should feel toward such men as were moved to such undertakings. A a citizen he wished it every success, and attributed all credit to the men of York, who had given their land for the passage of the road. He congratulated the member of York for representing such noble men, and was pleased to occupy "the stump" in York for the first time.

Wedderburn followed in an eloquent and effective speech. Under ordinary circumstances he would have declined, but he felt it his duty on the present occasion to make a few remarks. He hoped that as the Governor had been present and borne away the palm at the inauguration of the Railway between St. John and Bangor, even so would he be permitted to see the present work accomplished. The company must look for sunshine and shower, but he bid them take joyful notice of the fact that when his Excellency dug the first sod that the sun which had been struggling in vain for an appearance all day, came out most brightly as if to smile on the undertaking. He wanted to see our Province a gem in the Dominion, and also desired to see Fredericton and St. John as a sister city, with the whole Province, benefitted by this enterprise. He alluded to our duty as citizens, and strove to impress all with a spirit of determination to conserve and advance the interests of our Province.

Beveridge was happy to be present, and wished the Company every success.

Dr. Dow, in a few words, alluded touchingly to this his adopted country, and expressed a desire that we should advance, and that our country should be developed, and supplied with all the facilities which railroads afford. He referred to the perseverance of E. R. Burpee, and expressed himself of the opinion that he was the right man in the right place.

Needham then mounted the stage, and the crowd cheered. He spoke somewhat humorously, as is his custom, and excited the risible faculties of the gathering to a considerable extent.

The sun having then made his appearance, and rendered everything pleasant and warm, His Excellency felt constrained to offer a few remarks.

He referred to his early political life, to the origin of Responsible Government in New Brunswick, and to the growth and prosperity and prospects of our country. He gave the boys and young men some sound advice, and indulged the hope that ere long this work would be accomplished. Although we have England to help us we should help ourselves, and he hoped our boys and young men would take advantage of our Common School Act.

Three cheers were then given for the Dominion, three and one more for the Governor, and three for River Du Loup Railway.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.—There has been some discussion by correspondents in St. John and Fredericton papers as to the propriety of allowing Teachers the right to administer corporal punishment. At a meeting of the Teachers of this city on Saturday—the attendance being very large—the question whether such punishment could be absolutely dispensed with was very fully discussed, and was decided, with only three dissenting voices, that this could not be done at present, in all cases. The teachers held that even in schools in which corporal punishment was rare, if used at all, the knowledge of the fact that it could not be employed would lead to bad results in the case of some pupils.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, May 3.—To-day after the routine business had been disposed of, Sir John A. Macdonald rose at a quarter to four o'clock to introduce a bill to give effect to the Washington Treaty. He explained its provisions.

The first clause suspends the operation of the present Fishery Act; the second provides that during the existence of the Treaty, fish and fish oil of all kinds, except fish of the inland lakes and rivers, and fish preserved in oil, being the produce of the fisheries of the United States, be admitted free of duty; the third provides for the continuance of the bonding system; the fourth provides that the right of transhipment, contained in Article 29 of the Treaty, shall be insured to residents of the United States; the fifth and last provides that the Act shall come into effect on the proclamation of the Governor General.

Sir John entered into a statement of the history of events preceding the appointment of the Joint High Commission, the event which led to his appointment, the proceedings of the Commission, and the position Canada held throughout, but he brought out no facts not before known. He dealt at length upon the importance to Canada of the settlement of all difficulties between Britain and the United States, maintained that he would not have acted in the interests of Canada if he had not signed the Treaty, but stated that he would not have signed it if it had not been left to the Canadian Parliament to accept or reject its provisions, and they were now free to take either course, though the Government were committed to its acceptance. He spoke of the value to our fishermen of a free market for their fish in the United States, and said the privilege of fishing in American waters was of great value, as it was there that the best bait was obtained. He argued that it was a selfish policy at the best to oppose the Treaty because it did not secure greater reciprocity for the fishermen of the Maritime Provinces, who were, with a few exceptions, in favor of it and considered it a great boon. He went on to contend that it was a great mistake to suppose that our fisheries could be used as a lever to get reciprocity, because the Americans did not want our fisheries, except in the way of settlement of International difficulties. Their fishermen were protesting against it, while ours were in favor of it, and therefore the offer of our fisheries would be no inducement to Americans to yield reciprocity in trade. He appealed to Parliament to accept the Treaty as the settlement of all difficulties, and because it did substantial justice to Canada. He said he knew his words might be used against Canada's claims for compensation at the Halifax Commission; but the manner in which the Treaty had been misrepresented compelled him to use them.

He was making an appeal for the support of Parliament to the Treaty, when six o'clock came, and he sat down, amid loud cheers from the Government side of the House.

The first hour after recess will be taken up with private bills, after which Sir John will resume his speech.

OTTAWA, May 4.—After recess Sir John resumed speech on Treaty. He believed it was not all the country expected, but thought it should be accepted. It set at rest forever the disputed question as to whether Convention of 1818 was not set aside by Reciprocity Treaty of 1854. He never had any doubt on the subject himself, but it was well known how pertinaciously the U. S. urged their view of the question.

Under treaty 1783 they had right to fish anywhere in Canadian waters, but British government maintained that war of 1812 annulled that Treaty. This differance of opinion nearly led to war at one time, until the right claimed by Americans was renounced in 1818. Treaty at Washington admitted the correctness of British position, as Americans sought to buy the privilege of fishing in our waters After claims of United States for soverignity at St. Lawrence was one he regretted was given up; however there was no possible good in Canada retaining privilege and no harm in giving it up, as no territorial rights were yielded. United States had simply the same use of the river as Canadians, but for commercial purposes only, while we retained full control and management of our Canal. He explained that Fenian raid claims were not considered by Commission, through neglect of British Government, who had omitted mentioning them among difficulties to be settled. England had assumed responsibility for that omission. He defended the Policy of Canadian government in accepting guarantee from Britain in consideration of her neglect. He concluded his speech, lasting four and a half hours, at 10 o'clock, amid prolonged cheering.

OTTAWA, May 6.—Cartwright, in an able speech moved a resolution expressing regret that the Imperial Government withdrew the claims for the Fenian raids, and declaring the proposal to indemnify the people of Canada at the expense, direct or indirect, of the English people, impolitic, as likely to operate as a direct incentive to renewed outrages, to produce dissatisfaction in the mother country, and that the refusal of the British Government to press the claims was calculated to encourage the belief in the United States that a due discharge of international obligations towards Canada was a matter of comparative indifference to the Imperial Government.

Cartier contended that he had no right to censure the Imperial Government while they were not present, and that the Volunteers were well commanded, when opposing the Fenians. He said England's apology for the Alabama ravages raises the character of Englishmen still higher. We could neither present the Fenian claims ourselves nor force England to present them. England spent as Canada in resisting the raids. Cartwright should have given them the benefit of his assistance.

McDougall argued that the Fenian claims were consequential, and, if not withdrawn, might have justified the claims of consequential damages, since claimed by the representatives of the United States. The guarantee proved, as Cartier said, that England wished to unite the Dominion to the Empire by new ties.

Hicks gave notice that in consequence of tariff changes recently made in United States, he would on Friday move for leave to repeal duties on tea and coffee, from the 1st July next.

ENGLISH AND FOREIGN.

LONDON, May 3.—In the Commons last night the debate on the bill to repeal the Unlawful Assemblies Act was protracted to a late hour. The motion was for a second reading, and several Irish members made speeches in defence of home rule as synonymous with Fenianism. Dr. Butt, member for Limerick, indignantly denied that he was a Fenian, and demanded a retraction from Hartington. He wanted for Ireland a local Government like that of the different members of the United States, and for the kingdom of a national legislature similar to the American Congress. Gladstone said the latter scheme was impracticable, and the American statesmen were divided in opinion as to its wisdom. The recent civil war in the United States grew out of collisions the system involved. The motion was rejected 27 to 145.

The strike of the Liverpool cartmen ended by the masters conceding their demands.

LONDON, May 4.—Don Carlos entered the town of Vera, Province of Navarre, yesterday and was greeted by the ringing of bells and cheering of people.

LONDON, May 5.—An engagement took place yesterday between the Government troops and the Carlists in Navarre, which resulted, after nine hours' fighting, in the capture of the entire insurgent centre.

The Court Martial of Bazaine will begin the present month, and it is likely to continue until September.

A memorial was presented to Granville on Saturday, urging the Government to secure a copyright treaty with the United States. It was numerously signed by most of the distinguished men of England.

The Carlist movement in Spain appears to have been completely squelched.

LONDON, May 6.—The dock laborers have joined the sailors of Southampton in a strike, which causes great inconvenience. The strikers gather in large crowds and make noisy demonstrations. A detachment of police has been sent from London to assist the authorities in preserving order.

The report of the French Committee on Capitulations censures the officers who command at Toul, Laon, and Soissons, because when they surrendered to the German troops they neglected to spike the guns on the fortifications.

On Monday, two hundred and fifty Communists sailed for New Caledonia to serve out their sentences.

The Session of the House of Commons last night, was devoted mainly to the Scotch education Bill. A resolution was introduced by Mr. Gordon, member for Glasgow and Aberdeen University, providing that the scriptures shall form a part of the instruction in schools, which was carried against the Government by a vote of 216 to 207.

MATAMORAS, May 6.—Steamer *Tobasco* has arrived at Rio Grande with several hundred government troops. Cevallo's available force is now about 2,000 regulars and 1,000 national guards. Martinez is coming with 2,000 cavalry to join Trevono and Quiraga, when another advance will be made on this city.

LONDON, May 7.—General John Hall, of the British army, is dead.

Isaac Butt, member of Limerick, in a letter on "Home Rule," asks for an Irish Assembly in which home rulers shall be fully represented, approve of a plan for a future union between Ireland and England, guaranteeing the authority of the Crown and draws the outlines of Federal union, which he says will be a satisfactory settlement of the relations of the two countries.

Bismarck is again indisposed; and has physician insist on absolute rest, or the consequences may be serious.

There is considerable excitement in Copenhagen over the arrest of the President and Treasurer of the International society in Copenhagen. Some demonstrations of violence were made, but they were suppressed. The public buildings are under guard. Several leading members of the society will be prosecuted for high treason.

LONDON, May 8.—Four hundred and fifty thousand dollars were withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day and a rise in the rate of interest is expected to-day.

Disastrous floods have visited the southern part of British India.

The town of Valore, in the presidency of Madras, suffered terribly and the number of lives lost is given at 1115,000. The The inhabitants lost every thing they possessed, the water having washed away their houses and left them perfectly destitute.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The Cincinnati nomination is generally considered a weak one, and it is expected that the Democrats will nominate another candidate.

A new point of misunderstanding has arisen between this country and England in relation to the consequential claims, and Secretary Fish has asked counsel of the proper Congressional Committee on the vexed question.

The leading democratic journals do not endorse the Cincinnati nominations, and the indications are that independent nominations will be made at the National Convention to be called.

The Republicans seem to think that Greeley's nominations will strengthen President Grant's prospects of re-election.

NEW YORK, May 6.—An important secret meeting was held at Washington on Saturday between the President and members of the Committee on Foreign relations, relative to the Treaty of Washington.

Port of Marshalltown, Iowa, was burned on Saturday. $300,000 loss.

Niblo's theatre was entirely destroyed by fire this forenoon, the Metropolitan Hotel was damaged fifteen thousand dollars, and Hembold's buildings was burned out. The total loss is estimated at half a million of dollars. Another fire nearly destroyed Manhattan Market, involving a heavy loss.

NEW YORK, May 7.—There is a partial strike of carpenters and laborers in Chicago. The former demanding three dollars and fifty cents, and the latter three dollars per day.

NEW YORK, May 8.—New Hampshire, in electing delegates to the Republican National Convention, at Philadelphia, have instructed them to vote for Grant for President and Senator Wilson for Vice-President

Gold 113¼. Exchange steady.

COUNTRY MARKET.

Reported for the *Intelligencer* by MR. J. W. POTTS, Produce Dealer, No. 6 Market Street.

Thursday, May 9, 1872.

Butter, rolls, per lb.,	25 to 27c.
Do. Dairy packed per lb.,	22 to 23c.
Do. Store, " "	20 to 21c
Lard, per lb.,	14 to 15c.
Eggs, per dozen,	14 to 15c.
Oats, (Prov.) per bushel,	55 to 57c.
Oats, (P. E. I.) "	60 to 62c.
Potatoes, (kidney)"	90 to 1 00 c.
Potatoes, "	70 to 60c.
Cheese, Dairy, per lb.,	14 to 15c.
Beef, "	10 to 11c.
Mutton "	10 to 12c.
Veal, "	5 to 8c.
Pork, "	9 to 10c.
Lamb, per quarter,	1 50c.
Chickens, per pair,	80 to 90c.
Geese, each,	50 to 70c.
Turkies, per lb	20 to 25c.
Ducks, per pair,	70 to 80c.
Squash, per 100 lbs.	1 25 to 1 50
Turnips, per bushel,	30 to 35c.
Parsnips per bushel	60 to 70c.
Carrots per bushel	45 to 55c.
Lamb-skins,	55 to 64c.
Calf-skins,	12 to 14c.
Hides,	6 to 60c.
Yarn, per lb.,	60 to 70c.
Partridges, per pair,	35 to 45c.
Hams (green),	8 to 9c.
do. smoked,	9 to 10c.
Buckwheat Meal (grey),	2 40 to 2 50
Do. (yellow),	1 60 to 1 70
Maple Candy,	22 to 25c.

The *Times* says Dr. Walpole has lost his beautiful chestnut mare. She died suddenly in harness, it is supposed from bots or pin worms. If the Doctor had used *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* he would no doubt have had his mare to-day—they are death on worms.

Chapped hands are very common with those who have their hands much in water. A few drops of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* rubbed over the hands two or three times a day, will keep them soft and white. Fishermen, sailors, and others will do well to remember this.

THE STRONG POINTS supporting the use of Fellows' Compound of Hypophosphites are, that while it takes immediate hold upon the system, in stimulating the Liver, regulating and strengthening the muscles of the Heart, Stomach, Lungs, &c., it has no dibilitating effect under any circumstances; and while its continued use is marked by the general toning of the system, without producing constipating effects, it may be stopped at any time without the usual disagreeable effect following the discontinuance of some otherwise valuable tonics. These characteristics are particularly valuable to consumptives and other debilitated invalids, and are peculiar to this preparation.

EARNEST COUNSEL.—Every one who is suffering from only as yet a slight cough, but who knows that if it is neglected it will assuredly leave him to languish on a bed of sickness, should be earnestly exhorted to give an impartial hearing to the merits of Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam in removing all cause of apprehension to those troubled with weak lungs. No other preparation can come for an instant into competition with this Balsam. Provided with this remedy, the most delicate consumptively inclined patient will have nothing to ask for to desire or to fear.

Clark's Derby Condition Powders remove all inflammation and fever, purify the blood, loosen the skin, and invigorate the whole body, enabling the horse to do more work with the same feed. The action of these powders is direct upon the secretive glands and therefore they have the same effect upon the ox and all other bivorous animals.

Dr. Wilsons' Anti-Bilious and Preserving Pills may be pronounced the best family medicine of the age. Compounded with the strictest care and from the purest vegetable medicines, persons whose business is out of doors will find them invaluable, as exposure to our changeable climate, when taking them, is no more injurious than if they remained in doors.

A sprain cannot always be prevented, as an accident will sometimes befall the most wary, but a speedy and sure cure may be obtained by the use of Dr Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment. It immediately allays the inflammation and soothes the irritated cords. It gives freedom of action to the stiffened sinews and strained ligaments. No other Liniment posesses such rapid influence or such curative agency.

NOTICE.

All persons having books or magazines belonging to the subscriber are hereby requested to forward them to him, at Fredericton, at their earliest convenience.

JOS. MCLEOD.

Receipts for the 'Religious Intelligencer,' to May 10.

Subscribers will please see that their money is correctly acknowledged. The whole number of the paper to which they pay follows the amount paid.

Joseph Ebbitt, $2, 998; Albert J. Hoyt, 2, 960; Edward Montgomery, 2, 996; Leonard Porter, Esq., 2, 990; Mrs. Thomas Estey, 66c.; S. H. Shaw, Jr., 2, 1006; Charles Rideout, 1, 979; Wm. Guptil, 2, (U. S. cy.,) 1060; Edw. Carrol, 2, 1001; John W. Page, 3, 951; James Logan, 2, 988; Henry DeLong, 1, 980; David Morrow, 5, 1002; R. McLeod, 2, 996; Hugh Walker, 2, 998; Amos E. Belyea, 2, 988; Joseph Belyea, 1, 981; D. Mullin, 2, 988.

Second Union Sunday School Convention of the Maritime Provinces.

We are requested to publish the following:—

To Sunday School Workers:

The Executive Committee have made arrangements to hold the next Union S. S. Convention in New Glasgow, N. S., commencing July 19th, at 2.30 P. M.

It is desirable that the Convention should consist, from 1st, of one delegate from each S. School; 2d, one from each S. S. Teachers' Association; 3d, one from each Provincial or County Convention; 4th, one from each Sunday School Union or other S. S. organization.

Secretaries of the various Sunday School organizations, and superintendents of Sunday Schools are requested to send, in condensed form, statistics of their work, and to signify their intention of sending delegates by addressing Mr. A. C. Bell, New Glasgow, N. S., as early as possible, in order that accommodation may be provided.

Usual arrangements will be made with railways and steamers to provide delegates with free return tickets.

L. W. WILLIAMS,
Sec. Ex. Committee.

St. John, April 29th, 1872.

MARRIAGES.

At the Free Baptist Parsonage, Waterloo Street, on the 2nd inst., by the Rev. J. T. Parsons, Mr. William G. Gilchrist, of Cambridge, Queen's County, to Miss Diana Coleman, of Wickham, Queen's County.

On the 8th inst., at the same place, by the same, Mr. John V. Ross, to Miss Ella, only daughter of Mr. Charles Jones, all of this city.

On the 8th inst., by the Rev. A. McLeod Stavely, Mr. John Baxter, of this city, to Eliza, daughter of the late Mr. Alexander Steele, of Upham, King's County.

On the 20th ult., by Rev. G. M. W. Carey, A. M., Mr. Simeon F. Brown, to Miss Mary A. Chase, both of St. John.

On the 1st inst., by the same, Mr. William Allen, of Botsford, Westmorland, to Mrs. Roxanna Trenholm, of the same place.

At the residence of the bride's father, Portland, on the 2nd inst., by Rev. W. B. Boggs, Mr. George R. Johnson, to Eleanor, daughter of Capt. W. A. Finley.

At White Head Island, Grand Manan, on the 22nd ult., by the Rev. F. Babcock, Mr. William J. Morse, to Miss Clara J. Cook, all of White Head.

On the 1st inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. G. W. McDonald, Mr. Thos. White, to Henrietta, third daughter of A. E. Hartley, Esq., of Wicklow, C. C.

At the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Joseph Noble, Mr. John Somervell, to Miss Gertrude A. Belding, both of King's County.

On the 29th ult., by the Rev. Thos. Todd, Mr. Martin Ward, of Rockport, to Miss Ada Stults, of Sackville.

On the 25th ult., by the same, Mr. Chipman Richardson, of Sackville, to Miss Emma Snowdon, of Woodpoint.

On the 1st inst., by the same, Mr. Wilson Pearson, to Miss Melinda J. Bowser, both of Sackville.

DEATHS.

Suddenly, on the 1st inst., Adeline G., wife of W. H. Venning, Esq., Inspector of Fisheries.

At Fredericton Junction, Sunbury County, on the 7th inst., Hannah, aged 71 years, wife of Deacon Thos. Nason.

At her residence in Simonds, C. C., on the 18th Nov., Elizabeth, beloved wife of Elijah L. Shaw, aged 34 years, leaving a husband and father and a large circle of near kindred to mourn their loss. She had been a member of the Free Baptist Church in this place about 16 years. She died in hope of eternal life.

At Lakeville Corner, Sheffield, on the 24th ult., George S. Ferguson, aged 30 years. Universally beloved and respected in life and lamented in death, he has passed over the river and reached the better land. He leaves a sorrowing wife and little son, besides a very large circle of friends, to mourn their loss. Funeral attended by Rev. Messrs. Wilson and Brown, and an appropriate sermon by Mr. Wilson, from the text, "Wait."

On the 27th ult., Charles F. Anderson, aged 11 years and 7 months, son of Charles and Eleanor Anderson, of Blissville, Sunbury County.

At New Carman, on the 1st March, Adella L., daughter of Solomon and Carrie Thorn, aged one year and four months.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN—ARRIVED.

May 2.—Brigt. J. R. E., Lant, Barbadoes; schrs. S. K. Howard, Rourke, New Rork, D. J. Seely, bal; Frances, McLauchlin, Portland, Scammell Bros., bal.; W. F. Adams Pitt, Boston, Master, gen. cargo for Fredericton; Marysville, Williams, Newburyport, Scammell Bros., bal.; Bloomer, Martin, Fall River, D. J. Seely, bal.; Sea Bird, Whipple, Elizabethport, H. W. Wilson, coal to J. Hope.

3.—Schrs. Portland, Nelson, Philadelphia, R. P. & W. F. Starr, coal; Impudence, Baker, Providence, Scammell Bros., bal.; Eliza S., Munroe, Portland, W. G. Shanks, gen. cargo; Digby, Patten, Yarmouth, C. McLauchlan & & Co., molasses and sugar.

4.—Steamer New Brunswick, Pike, Boston, H. W. Chisholm; mdze and passengers; ship Huron, Londonderry; schrs. Martin, Guptil, Grand Manan, Master, fish; Iris, Buckard, New York, S. M. Taylor, gen. cargo.

6.—Brigt. Oromocto, McAllister, Liverpool, Geo. McKean, gen. cargo; schr. Cuba, Baldwin, Philadelphia, Luke Stewart.

7.—Steamer New England, Field, Boston, H. W. Chisholm, mdze and passengers; S. S. Milbanke, Smith, Liverpool, via Halifax, G. McKean, passengers and gen. cargo; Steamer M. A. Starr, Fielding, Halifax, Hanford Bros., leather, butter, &c.; schr. N. S. Vaughan, Card, Economy.

CLEARED.

May 2.—Stmr. New England, Field, Boston, H. W. Chisholm; schrs. J. W. Woodruff, Haskell, Fall River, Scammell Bros.; Georgiana, Rolston, Boston, S. T. King & Sons; The Star, Sadler, Newport, Jewett Bros.; M. L. St. Pierre, Haley, Providence, Quill & Goodwin.

3.—Ship Edith Troop, Smith, Liverpool, A. Gibson and others; bark Arethusa, Conway, Sligo, R. Rankin & Co.

4.—Schr. Arizona, Williams, Boston, E. G. Dunn & Co.; Humming Bird, Finlay, Boston, J. C. Brown.

7.—Brigt. C. M. Reynolds, Young, Matanzas, Wm. Thomson & Co.; schrs. Prairie Bird, McLean, Matanzas, Scammell Bros.; James Wilson, Bradshaw, Haverhill, Mass., John Clark.

7.—Schrs. Island Belle, Newcombe, Parrsboro, Master, gen. cargo; Ellen Gertrude, Lord, Master, for a fishing voyage.

TOILET SOAPS, &c.—3 cases of Choice Toilet Soaps, Hail Oils, Perfumes, &c. Just received and for sale by
may 9 T. B. BARKER & SONS.

MADRAS INDIGO.—2 chests Fine Madras Indigo, just received ex Cambria For sale by
may 9 T. B. BARKER & SONS.

RADWAY'S MEDICINES.—8 cases Radway's Pills, Resolvent and Relief, just received and for sale by
may 9 T. B. BARKER & SONS.

OIL OF CASSIA.—3 coppers very fine Oil of Cassia, just received.
may 9 T. B. BARKER & SONS.

BRECKNELL'S SKIN SOAP.—A large lot of this Choice Toilet Soap, just received at
HANINGTON BROS.,
may 9 Foster's Corner.

WALKING CANES.—We have just opened a very large lot of choice Walking Sticks, in Orange Wood, plain and mounted; Olive, Malacca, Black Thorn, Brown Holly, White Holly, Oak, Brier, &c. There are in the lot a few large English Oaks, weighing about two pounds each. We consider this lot of Canes the best we have ever imported. HANINGTON BROS.,
may 9 Foster's Corner.

CORNMEAL.—To arrive—500 brls. Choice Kiln Dried Cornmeal.
april 12 G. BENT.

R. S. STAPLES & CO., 46 Prince Wm. Street, have pleasure in announcing the arrival of the Spring portion of New Goods, per Steamers Nestorian, Alexandria, Niger, Olympia, Moravian, and Sarmatian, consisting of a choice and varied stock of New and Seasonable Goods, which are now open and ready for inspection.
may 9

R. S. STAPLES & CO. are now opening their New Stock of Hats—Ladies', Misses' and Children's, in all the leading shapes; Men's, Youths' and Boys' Hats, in variety. Caps, in Cloths, Velvets, Tweed, Velveteen, &c. Styles—Balmoral, Glengarry, Naval, &c.
may 9

R. S. STAPLES & CO. invite inspection to their New and Choice Stock of Flowers and Feathers, Mantles and Shawls, Millinery, Infants' Bonnets and Hats, Ribbons, Parasols, Hosiery and Gloves, all of which will be sold at our usual low prices, wholesale and retail. R. S. STAPLES & CO.,
may 9 46 Prince Wm Street.

NURSERY RHYMES, No. 6.

SIMPSON'S CATTLE SPICE—FINAL NOTICE.—The Subscriber would call the attention of Farmers, Drovers, and keepers and raisers of Kine, to his large and choice stock of this celebrated Hog Fattening, Cattle Expanding, and Poultry Pacifying Compound. If the present large stock of "Cattle Spice," which is pronounced by competent judges to be ten years old, is not disposed of within one month from date, it will be advertised

"Until not one thin sheep remains
To graze on stern New Brunswick's plains."
—*James Hogg, the Ettrick Shepherd.*

An Oil Painting, representing the marvellous effects of Spice on Cows, Sheep, etc., will be on exhibition in the window of the Pharmacology.
GEO. STEWART, Jn.,
Pharmacopolist,
may 9 24 King Street.

NOW OPENING.—46 Prince William Street.—3 bales best Scotch Carpet; 2 cases Dress Goods; 1 case Kid Gloves; 1 case Hosiery. In the above goods may be found the newest and most elegant designs and patterns.
R. S. STAPLES & CO.,
may 9 46 Prince Wm Street.

NEW GOODS, per Steamship Niger.—Flowers & Feathers, Costumes, White Skirts, Linen Doylcys and Napkins, Window Hollands, White Irish Linens, White Cottons.
may 9 MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

NEW WASHING MATERIALS, for Ladies' Costumes.—Cambrics, Percales, Piques, Satin Stripes, Sateens, Yo Semites, Mariposas, Crapes, Batists. Dolly Vardens, in great variety.
may 9 MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

GENTLEMEN'S LINEN COLLARS and CUFFS.—All the New Styles for the Season. Just received.
may 9 MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th April, 1872.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 10 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
may 2 Commissioner of Customs.

NOTICE.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 10th April, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency the Governor-General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 19th instant, and under the authority vested in him, by the 3rd section of the 34th Victoria, Cap. 10, has been pleased to order and direct that the following article be transferred to the list of goods which may be imported int Canada free of duty, viz.:

"Three, four and six ply white and colored unfinished cotton thread in hanks, not under number twenty yarn."

By Command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
may 2 Commissioner of Customs.

PUBLIC NOTICE

UNTIL further notice, Mails for Digby, Annapolis, Halifax, &c., per Steamer "Scud," will close at this Office at 7 o'clock on the mornings of Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. J. HOWE, P. M.
P. O., St. John, April 26, 1872. may 2

CORNMEAL.—To arrive ex Sea King—200 brls. best Kiln Dried Cornmeal.
april 26 G. BENT.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

COMMENCING THIS WEEK, Mails for United Kingdom, via Quebec, will close at this office every THURSDAY, at 6.30 a. m. J. HOWE, P. M.
P. O., St. John, April 30, 1872. may 2

WOOL WANTED.—The subscriber wants 20 tons of Wool, for which he will pay the highest cash price, at his office, Hay Market Square, Marsh Bridge.
JOHN KIMBLE,
april 26—1m Waterloo Street.

BRUSSELS KID GLOVES, for Promenade and Evening wear, in Double Buttons.
MACKENZIE BROTHERS,
april 26 45 King Street.

EX NEW ENGLAND.—10 boxes Messina Oranges; 10 boxes Lemons; 30 boxes, 2 lb. cans, Peaches; 5 cases can Tomatoes; 2 brls. Fine Pickles; 1 brl. Medium Pickles; 3 boxes Tomato Ketchup, pints; 2 boxes Tomato Ketchup, quarts. For sale by J. S. TURNER,
april 25 24 Water Street.

PERFECT FITTING Spanish Shaped New Cotton HOSIERY, for Ladies, Misses and Children, Ribbed and Plain. MACKENZIE BROS.,
april 26 45 King Street.

OTTO OF ROSES.—30 ounces Virgin Otto of Roses. Just received and for sale by
april 18 T. B. BARKER & SONS.

NEW SPRING GOODS.—MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON have much pleasure in stating that they have receive a large portion of their New Spring Stock, per steamships Sarmatian, Scandinavian, North American, Caspian, Alexandria, Lady Darling and Nestorian. At 4 respectfully solicit an inspection.
april 18 Market Square.

LONDON GOODS.—Just received ber steamship Lady Darling—35 packages Drugs, Chemicals, Essential Oils, &c. For sale by
april 18 T. B. BARKER & SONS.

RED CLOVER SEED.—6 tons, 12,000 lbs., best Northern Red Clover Seed, just received via Grand Trunk Railway. Wholesale and reard.
april 18 T. B. BARKER & SONS.

TO WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS.—NEW GOODS.—Just opened—Dress Goods, in the newest styles; Black Velveteens, Grey Cottons, White Cottons, Printed Cottons, Scotch Tweeds, White Marsailles Quilts and Piques, Hallands and Towellings, Table Linens, Table Cloths, Hosiery and Gloves, &c. &c. Also—New Goods by each following steamer and sailing vessels.
R. S. STAPLES & CO.,
april 18 46 Prince Wm. Street.

DISINFECTANTS.—Calvert's Carbolic Acid; Calvert's Carbolic Powder, in 4lb. and 1lb. tins; Calvert's Carbolic Soap; Chloride of Lime; Chloralum, and other Disinfectants. Just received at
HANINGTON BROS.,
april 18 Foster's Corner.

BRECKNELL'S SKIN SOAP, &c. &c.—20 doz. Brecknell's Skin Soap; 3 doz. Guerlain's Shaving Cream; 3 doz. Extract Coffee; Rowland's Odondo; Clarke's Liquid Rennet; Du Barry's Revelentia; Lamblough's Salme; Norson's Chamomile Pills; Egg Powder; French Capsules, &c. &c. Just received at
HANINGTON BROS.,
april 18 Foster's Corner.

LONDON GOODS.—Per Steamship Alexandria.—1 case Castile Soap, mottled; 1 case do. do., white; 1 case Carbolic Acid, Calvert's pure; 1 case Carbolic Acid Toilet Soap; 1 case Carbolic Acid Powder, for disinfecting; 1 cask Liquid Annatto, in half gallon bottles; 1 case containing 100 dozen Trusses, assorted; 1 case Churchill's Syrup Ferri; 252 lbs. Pure Arctic Acid, in stone; 1 case Elastic Stocking Knee Caps, &c.; 1 case Genuine Farina Cologne, in 4 oz. and 8 oz. wicker bottles; 6 casks Drugs, Chemicals, Oils, Patent Medicines, &c. Wholesale and retail. HANINGTON BROS.,
april 18 Foster's Corner.

SEEDS. 1872. SEEDS.

T. B. BARKER & SONS beg leave to state that although they have lost 13 sacks of Seeds in the "Dacian," their first importations will be sufficient to meet the requirements of their customers till another lot of THIRTEEN SACKS, which was ordered by Atlantic Cable on the 10th inst., shall arrive, probably about the 1st of May. The Seeds which were lost were turnips and other Agricultural Seeds not required till May and June.
april 18 T. B. BARKER & SONS.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—Mails for Carleton will close at 6.30 a m. and 5.30 p. m., until furtner notice.
J. HOWE, P. M.
P. O., St. John, April 24, 1872. april 26

GENTLEMEN'S SPRING GLOVES, every variety, including many new makes, now ready.
MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON,
april 24 2 Market Square.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

MAILS for Indiantown will close at this office daily, until further notice, at 7 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.

The letter boxes near St. Luke's Church and Orange Corner, Portland, will be visited at 7.30 a. m. and 8 p. m.
J. HOWE, P. M.
P. O. St. John, April 17, 1872. [april 25

PUBLIC NOTICE.

MAILS for the West Indies, British and Foreign, and for Demerara, British Guiana, Belize, British Honduras, will be despatched from New York on the 15th of each month, until further notice.
J. HOWE, P. M.
P. O., St. John, April 17, 1572. april 25

TO ARRIVE, ex Juliet from Halifax—100 boxes Chocolate; 100 boxes Chocolate Sticks; 5 boxes Broma; 1 box Liquor Chocolate.
april 19 J. S. TURNER.

ESMAR WASHING SATEENS.—A new and beautiful article for Spring Dresses. Patterns sent by post on application. MACKENZIE BROTHERS,
april 12 45 King Street.

APPLES.—Landing ex schr. Rose—46 brls. Apples—Choice Fruit. For sale by J. S. TURNER,
april 12 24 Water Street.

DRY AND PICKLED FISH.—100 brls. Large, Fat Canso Herrings; 100 brls. Labrador do.; 40 brls Mess Shad; 30 half-brls. do.; 20 half-brls. Mackerel; 200 qtls. Pollock; 100 qtls. Codfish. For sale at lowest market ratds, by
april 12 G. BENT.

SPRINGFIELD EXTRA.—Landing ex schr. Unexpected—100 brls. Flour, Springfield Extra.
april 12 G. BENT.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.—Cherry Tooth Paste, Chest