a strong corps of contributors. It will be called the "*Young People's Comrade*," and will cost 75 cts. a year. All who want to see specimen copies, or who will get up clubs, are invited to send their names and P. O. address to the publisher. All such will receive copies of the first number between the 1st and 15th of October. Address Z. POPE VOSE, Publisher, Rockland, Maine, with one cent stamp.

HISTORY OF THE GREAT FIRE IN ST. JOHN, is the tit leof Col. R. H. Cornwell's book. It is a work of 359 pages, well printed, neatly bound and cheap, being only $1.50. The author brought to the preparation of this book considerable experience, he having written the "History of the great fire in Boston," and also that of the Chicago fire. The events of the terrible 20th of June last are told in a pleasing yet graphic style. Under a guise of fiction the author introduces his readers to a city house, and then relates the particulars of the fire as affecting the dwellers in that house. His hero he calls David Tournay. The beginning and progress of the conflagration are described; scenes and incidents attending the fire are given. The city and people before the fire are described; and the same city and people after the fire-fiend had done its work, are pictured. He gives an historical sketch of St. John, with list and description of public buildings, &c. A couple of chapters are devoted to the Relief Fund, the donors to it, and its administration. The book is well written, its style attractive, its facts abundant and of great interest. Every one needs and is anxious to have a full and authentic record of the most disastrous fire known in the history of these provinces, and Col. Conwell's book furnishes that need. The volume has illustrations as follows: View of St. John before the fire; St. John in flames (colored); Plan of St. John; Academy of Music (colored); Victoria Hotel (coloured); Views of the Ruins; Reed's Point; the Post Office; &c., &c. There are also steel plate portraits of His Honor Governor Tilley, Mayor Earle, and John Boyd, Esq. The book is dedicated to Governor Tilley who is called by the author "The friend of humanity everywhere, and an active promoter of all legitimate measures for the relief of St. John."

MESSRS. Jones & Morrison, King St., are the New Brunswick publishers.

THANKS.

Our thanks are due the proprietors of the *Colonial Farmer*, and also those of the *Reporter* for favours kindly extended during the time the INTELLIGENCER was printed in Fredericton. We were allowed the use of their presses, and offered any other favours in their power we might need. We hope they never may be burned out, but if they are, any printing facilities under our control will be at their disposal.

N. S.

We hope our Nova Scotia friends are acting on the suggestion of last week. The one hundred names will be a very nice addition to the number of Nova Scotia names already on our books.

☞ There is no religious paper in the Dominion, so far as we know, that gives so much secular news as the INTELLIGENCER. It is therefore especially suited to those who can subscribe for but one paper.

TEA MEETING.—On Wednesday next (5th Sept.) a Tea Meeting is to be held by the Marysville Church. The object is to raise funds towards the payment of a debt on the church. The Tea Meetings heretofore held by the Marysville people were good, and the proposed one will be of the same kind. We hope it may be largely patronized.

☞ Miss Forrester, daughter of the late Dr. Forrester of N. S., has just gone as a missionary to India, under direction of the Presbyterian Board of Missions.

☞ The Baptist Convention of the Maritime Provinces met in Wolfville, N. S., last Saturday. One hundred and twenty-eight delegates were present. The next meeting is to be held in Fredericton in August 1878.

A SUGGESTION.—Will the ministers allow us to suggest that they speak a word to their congregations in behalf of the INTELLIGENCER at an early day, and distribute the papers sent them. The next Sunday after reading this would be a good time. Then forward the new names. You are sure to get them.

☞ Some of the ministers and other brethren attending will be interested in the notice on another page, concerning the Library of late Rev. T. H. Crowell. The books, we are informed, are in good order, some of them being quite new. They will be sold at a low price. Many of the friends of our lamented brother will probably be anxious to obtain something from his library, not alone for its worth, but as a fitting souvenir of a worthy and much loved brother now entered into rest.

☞ Will the Ministers and others who receive extra copies of the *Intelligencer* this week kindly circulate them amongst their non-subscribing friends. Perhaps they will at the same time speak a word that may win a subscriber. We send in advance our thanks for the answer.

An Ottawa despatch says the Marquis of Lorne (the Queen's son-in-law) is mentioned as the next Governor General of Canada.

☞ On Sunday evening the 19th inst., Prof. Geo. G. Foster delivered an address on temperance in the Free Baptist church, Woodstock. The *Sentinel* says, "The lecture was one of the very best ever heard in Woodstock." Bro. McDonald is continuing his temperance work. The other pastors and some leading laymen are now co-operating in the movement. May God give them to see the rum curse rooted out of the town.

THE LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

SPECIAL SESSION.

On Tuesday the Local Legislature assembled in Fredericton for the despatch of business. At 2.30 P. M., Lieutenant Governor Tilley came to the Council Chamber, and the House of Assembly having been summoned, he delivered his address. We cannot find room for the full text, but give the substance as follows:

He regretted the circumstances rendering the calling together of the Legislature; expressed sympathy with the sufferers by the disastrous fire; referred gratefully to the people everywhere, who sent generous assistance to the sufferers, and rendered "thanks to Him who has made of one flesh all nations of the earth, that He has put it into the hearts of His people to succour those who are in want."

He also expressed regret at the calamities that had befallen St. Stephen and Woodstock during the summer. The principal object of the session he stated thus:—

"The Corporation of the City of Saint John having determined upon seeking further powers to deal with the present emergency, Bills will be laid before you to amend the law for the better prevention of conflagrations in the City of Saint John; to regulate the construction of buildings, and to provide for the due inspection thereof; to provide for rebuilding and replacing public property destroyed by the fire; to widen and extend certain public streets; to authorize the Board of Assessors of Taxes to grant relief in cases where taxable property has been destroyed, and to provide for deficiency in assessments; and to regulate the storage of petroleum and other inflammable articles within the limits of the city and the Town of Portland."

He expressed great faith in the future of the afflicted city, the enterprise of the people being shown in the progress already made in rebuilding; and is "convinced that at no distant day the city will be built of less destructive material, presenting a more imposing appearance, its trade and commerce in no way impaired, and its people chastened by their misfortunes, and strengthened by the exhibition of Christian charity which these misfortunes have called forth."

Fredericton, Aug. 20.—Mr. Beveridge introduced a bill to authorize the municipality of Victoria, to assess the County in aid of the sufferers by the Saint John fire.

Messrs. Fraser and Barker introduced similar bills for Fredericton and York Councils respectively; Mr. Marshall a bill to authorize the City Corporation of St. John to issue debentures to replace others destroyed by fire, also petitions of the Common Council in favor of the bill for widening Dock and Mill and Smyth streets, and extending Canterbury street; and the petition of W. Scovil, Jas. Lawton, G. J. Chubb and one hundred and forty others against widening Dock street. Both of the above petitions were, on motion of Mr. Marshall, read from the Clerk's table.

At 11 o'clock, Mr. Mackay moved the address in reply to the speech. He touched upon the extent of the St. John fire calamity and the aid and sympathy it called forth everywhere; referred to the necessities of the city growing out of the conflagration which had called for a special session of the Legislature; also to the calamities in St. Stephen and Woodstock, the aid extended by cities, towns and individuals everywhere; also approved of the postponement of the exhibition under the circumstances, and closed by expressing the hope that the session would be characterized by the quick transaction of the necessary business.

Mr. Flewelling seconded in the customary manner.

The Address passed to section three, when Mr. Covert rose to accord on the part of himself and other members of the opposition with the expression of sympathy from St. John in its calamity and the gratitude which he believed every one felt for the generous aid sent from all quarters for the stricken city.

Mr. Speaker said he wished he knew some way in which the House might mark the passage of this paragraph with unusual emphasis. The charity evoked by the great calamity and which had overwhelmed the citizens of St. John with unspeakable gratitude was as magnificent as it was spontaneous. At best he would ask the House to pass the paragraph by a standing vote.

All the members then recorded their votes by standing in their places.

The section passed without division.

The Speaker said that with unanimous consent he would allow the rules relating to the publication of local bills for the city of St. John, as well as the suspension of the rules relating to notice of motion in respect to such bills, to be relaxed. This must, however, be understood to relate to this session only.

Mr. Marshall introduced a bill to provide for the rebuilding and replacing of public property destroyed by the recent fire in St. John with a petition from the Common Council in favor of the same.

Mr. Humphrey introduced a bill to incorporate the Moncton Gas Light and Water Company, with petition of Messrs. H. T. Stevens, T. Crandall and others in favor of the same.

Mr. Jones gave notice of a motion to suspend the rules and to introduce a bill to enable the Carleton County Council to issue debentures for certain purposes.

In the Legislative Council, yesterday afternoon, Hon. Mr. Seely moved and Hon. Mr. Harrison seconded, the address in reply to the speech.

On the last paragraph of the address coming up, Mr. Covert said it was good as far as it went but did not go far enough. He moved to amend it by expressing the regret of the House that the Government had not caused the Consolidated Statutes to be printed in accordance with the understanding of the House in the matter, so as to prevent the inconvenience that has been experienced in the administration of the law.

The amendment was defeated as follows:—

Yeas—Willis, Covert, Burns, P. Ryan, Johnston, McLeod, Jones, Butler, Davidson, Tweedie and Cottrell.

Nays—Fraser, King, Kelly, Stevenson, McQueen, Crawford, Perley, Marshall, Murchie, Theriault, Flewwelling, Phillips, Beveridge, McKay, Ryan, Austin, Robinson, Dow, Barker, Humphrey, Pickard, Elder, Swim, Wood and McKenzie.

Petitions in favor of the Victoria, York and Fredericton bills to enable those several Councils to aid St. John were presented by Mr. Beveridge, Barker and Fraser, respectively, and the House adjourned.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The Legislative Council went into consideration of the address in reply to the speech from the Throne.

On the 3rd paragraph, which is as follows:

We join readily in Your Honor's expression of sincere gratitude to the inhabitants of other Provinces of the Dominion, to our fellow countrymen in the United Kingdom, and to the citizens of the United States, for their prompt and generous aid in our distress, and we humbly render thanks to Him who has put it into the hearts of His people to succour them who are in want.

The Hon. Mr McInerney moved to amend so as to give the United States the first position.

His Honor contended that as the United States had far outstripped all others in the measure of her assistance to St. John, they should be mentioned in this connection ahead of either the United Kingdom or the Provinces of the Dominion.*

Hon. Messrs. Chandler, Hanington and Jones agreed with the mover that the post of honor had been fairly won by the United States, but deprecated any alteration in the wording of the address.

Hon. Mr. Young expressed a similar view.

Hon. Mr. McInerney then withdrew his motion, feeling satisfied from the tone of the discussion that he had attained his object, viz., to make the United States acquainted with the country's appreciation of their noble efforts.

The paragraph then passed, and the remainder of the address was adopted with little discussion.

THE NEWS AND THE PRESS.

ST. JOHN, N. B., AUGUST 31, 1877.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—The *Globe* says there are still some Commercial Bank bills in circulation.....The first instalment of trucks, about eight car loads, narrowed for the E. & N. A. Railway, have arrived at Carleton.....Shipments of fresh salmon from Newcastle station for week ending August 21 were 5,340 lbs.; fresh bass 513 lbs.; fresh mackerel 444 lbs. ....Owing to the presence of diphtheria, which is making sad havoc there, the Dorchester public schools will not re-open immediately upon the termination of the holidays.....The Police Magistrate imposed a fine of $30 and costs upon George N. Golding for selling liquor in Gaunce's livery stable on Sundays.....Twelve of the short term prisoners who had been sent from the police court, and whose sentences had not expired, were Thursday afternoon released by order of the sitting magistrate, to make room for others.....We regret, says the Moncton *Times*, to learn that Mr. George W. McCready, Esq., C. E., has suffered further heavy bereavements. Only two months ago, a promising boy of eight years was cut off by summer complaint, and now two more sons have gone. One, aged 6 years, died on Sunday last; the other, 4 years old, on Tuesday of this week—all of the same disease. Mr. and Mrs McCready's friends everywhere sympathize deeply with them in their severe affliction.....The St. Croix *Courier* says large schools of pollock are "in the river," and the hardy fishermen are improving the "golden moments." It is estimated that 1000 quintals are caught daily. A number of "up river" folks are down among the islands, and they too are reaping a bountiful harvest.....Mr. Chapman, at Rockland, will launch early next month a 250 ton vessel for the Union Free Stone Company and others. She is intended for the stone trade. The keel of a 1,000 ton ship for Taylor Bros., St. John, will be laid in a few days. About sixty men are employed.....After two months flames were seen among the ruins of Messrs. Everitt & Butler's building, Canterbury street, about eight o'clock Thursday evening, and a joint of hose was taken to the spot to stop the progress of the fire. ....The *Telegraph's* correspondent says disastrous fires are raging in the woods below Gagetown. He also reports that a freshet, occasioned by the heavy rains occurred on Thursday night, in Salmon River. On Friday morning, a large amount of meadow hay, logs, etc., were floating down the river. This is the second time within the fifty years settlement of the parish of Clifton, that a freshet has occurred while the hay was ready to cut. ....The *Telegraph* says: Richard Johnstone, of Wentworth, N. S., while engaged in shunting cars at Bathurst station on the 22nd, lost his hold of the break wheel and fell from the top of the box car upon which he was standing to the track below. The beam of the break struck him on the head, shattering his cheek bone and splitting his lip badly. He jumped to his feet and tried to get from between the cars but his foot doubled under him and he fell upon the track again; the wheels of one of the cars passed over his feet, cutting off his left heel, breaking his right leg above the ankle, and dislocating it at the knee. He is in a very precarious condition.....The *News* says. Mr. Perrault has been in town to stimulate intending exhibitors at the Paris exposition, and has engaged Mr. W. F. Burditt to act as secretary here. Shipments are to be made by November 1st. Several of our manufacturers intend to exhibit.....A large party numbering nearly forty, came from Yarmouth by steamer *Dominion*, Friday morning, on an excursion trip. ....The *Telegraph* says a $4 note of the defunct Westmorland Bank of New Brunswick was unwittingly accepted a few days since, by a New Glasgow N. S., man as good currency. It will be a nice little souvenir of "old times" for him to hand down to his descendants.....The timber sales in Fredericton on the 21st, 22nd and 23rd insts., resulted as follows: One hundred and twenty square miles on advance over the upset price, realized $5,868,50; and two thousand one hundred and three square miles sold at the upset price of $8 per mile, realizing $16,822. The total amount of sales was $22,692,50.....A Maine man named Boyd has been committed for trial for stealing cattle from Mr. Close of Kingsclear, York County.....The Fredericton correspondent of the *Telegraph* says: Two or three American gentlemen have opened a wareroom in Coy's Block, where they are astonishing the natives by converting sand into solid stone, moulding into all imaginable shapes, such as vases, door steps, brick, &c. They have also chemicals for converting the stone into any desirable color. They are anxious to sell the right of manufacturing in this province.....Postmaster Watt gives very favorable accounts of the new Kincardenshire colony. The breadth of land cultivated this season is considerable; the present prospects for an abundant crop very promising, and general contentment prevails among the colonists. So the *Sentinel* says. ....A number of gentlemen purpose entertaining the members of the Legislature during their coming visit to Fredericton, with a picnic or moonlight excursion.....Through the enterprise of D. McLeod Vince, Esq., a Fairbanks' Scale of the largest size, has been placed in Hartland, which will prove a great accommodation to the public generally.....The arrangement for leasing the Fredericton railway has fallen through. Mr. Temple, who assumes entire control, has gone to Portland Me., for the purpose of purchasing a new locomotive and making arrangements for narrowing the gauge of the road.....The *News* says the Breakwater is approaching completion. The crib-work is all in place, the ballast in, and the plank covering are nearly all on. The outer face is well protected by stone, but the backing is not very strong yet. ....On Friday Joseph McIntyre, a carpenter, fell from the Mansard roof of Mr. McMurry's new house, Orange street, to the ground floor, 35 feet, and broke three of his ribs.....The *Telegraph* says:—Professor John C. Karston, general superintendent of the Gilberg Silver Mining Company, of Newburyport, Mass., has been on a visit to the Lepreaux coal mine, for the purpose of reporting upon the value of the deposit of coal. His examination extended over three days, and he thinks the discovery is a valuable one.....Fifteen schooners with bricks arrived Saturday, principally from United States ports.....Mr. J. W. Montgomery's North American Clothing Store, head of King street, was robbed of a lot of cloth on Sunday night, and possibly clothing, but this could not be ascertained to-day. The burglar effected an entrance through a rear window, which is only about four feet from the ground.....The *News* says: It appears by the statement which the Water Commissioners laid on the table of the Common Council that, while their whole assessment on the City and Portland is $52,413, property on which $23,454 of this was levied was wholly or partially destroyed by the fire. The City portion of the assessment is $41,000, and the burned district, therefore, held about sixty per cent. of the taxable property, nothing of which is left but the land.... A post office was opened at Lower Caraquet on the 1st of August; and one at Passekeag on the same date. The following way offices have been made regular post offices:—Albert Mines, Co. Albert; Chapman, Co. Westmorland; Mouth of Keswick, Co. York; Point Wolfe, Co. Albert; Rusagornish Station, Co. Sunbury.....The City Engineer makes a call on all owners of property in the burnt district who are not actually engaged in building to have the streets and sidewalks in front of their lots cleared of obstructions.....Diptheria has carried off eleven persons from Petersville and vicinity within the last three or four months.... The Potato rust is causing great damage between St. John and Oak Point. Other crops, particularly buckwheat, are in fine condition.....Arthur Harris, a carpenter, working upon Mr. Monroe's building, Sydney street, fell from the beams of the second floor down to the first floor, breaking some of his ribs. He was taken to his home.

NOVA SCOTIA.—The Nova Scotia Provincial Exhibition is to be held at Kentville on 15th October. The Lieut.-Governor of Nova Scotia will open the Exhibition.....Bear River, N. S., says the *Globe*, is getting a bad name for incendiarism. A second saw mill—one owned by W. F. Porter, Esq.—has just been burned by an incendiary. No insurance. ....It is said by the Halifax *Herald* that on Tuesday morning, Policeman McNally arrested, at the railway station in that city, a girl named Annie Carey, who had stolen a sum of money amounting to $176.50 from one John Phillips, formerly of St. John, who has for some weeks been store-keeping on Upper Water Street. She also stole some articles of jewelry from Phillips, and was making for the train when successfully intercepted by McNally. ....A correspondent at Guysborough writes the *Herald* that a sad affair happened there on Sunday night. Three men from Crow Harbor arrived at Guysborough in a boat, in which they slept alongside a schooner. In the morning one of the men (Matthew O'Donnell) could not be found, and as his hat was in the boat he was believed to have fallen overboard. The water was dragged, and the body was recovered. Two cuts were found on O'Donnell's face.....Lumber is being shipped by two saw mills at River Herbert, Cumberland Co., to St. John.....A Halifax man was fined $5 for firing half a score of bullets into the body of a Newfoundland dog.....The Halifax *Recorder* reports the bravery of a young man named Charles Waterfield, who rescued from drowning Jerry Leary, at the North West, on Sunday.....Of the crops about River Philip it is said a good deal of hay has been badly damaged by the late rainy weather. Some grain has been cut. To all appearance there will be a good crop of buckwheat. Potatoes look well in the field.....The Hawkesbury *News* says: The headless body of a man was found floating with the tide between River Bourgeois and D'Escouse on Sunday morning. It was identified by the clothing as one of the unfortunate men who were drowned by the swamping of the ferry boat a short time ago. ....A fire broke out at 11 o'clock on Thursday, in the Oxford Woodenware Manufacturing Company's factory. The flames communicated with a saw mill, W. W. Thompson's house and the Drill Shed, and all of which are completely destroyed. By great exertions the house of William Wood and the Company's warerooms were saved. The loss is very heavy, but cannot be estimated now. A great deal of lumber was consumed and all the machinery, a great deal of which was new and expensive, including a new engine and boiler. The ladies turned out and passed empty buckets, which was a great aid to the men.....Last Monday afternoon, James, aged twelve years, second son of Mr. W. Pruffee, of Bridgetown, N. S., was drowned while swimming in the river near the Railway Bridge at that place.....Summary of coal shipped from the port of Pictou for week ending Saturday, Aug. 18th, 1877:

Halifax Company	3,656
Intercolonial "	1,608
Nova Scotia "	1,907
Acadia "	745
Vale "	925
	8,913
Total to date.	
Halifax Company	17,274
Intercolonial "	26,613
Nova Scotia "	18,466
Acadia "	19,285
Vale "	13,782
	95,420

GENERAL.—It is generally considered that the United States wheat crop this year is larger than ever before, being one hundred and seventy million bushels. The prospect is also good in the wheat producing regions of Canada.....A despatch from Fort Fairfield, Me., Aug. 23, says Mrs. Louisa Hall, wife of Joseph S. Hall, Deputy Sheriff, of this town, to-day confessed to having poisoned their son Zenas, 11 years old, who died on Tuesday night. Mrs. Hall has twice been at the Insane Asylum. ....The silk crop of France for the present year, it is estimated, will be more than three times as great as that of last year, when it was generally a failure ....Hog cholera prevails extensively in several counties of Kentucky.....According to the last census the number of Jews residing in the Kingdom of Italy is 35,356. This shows an increase over the census of 1861 of only 1633 souls.....Highly promising silver deposits have been discovered on the shores of Lake Nipissing, Ontario.

ENGLISH AND FOREIGN.

London, Aug. 25.—A Russian official bulletin admits that the Russians, after defeating the Turkish attack upon Aghaslar, on Thursday morning, were compelled by strong Turkish reinforcements, to retire to Sultan Koi.

Mahomet Ali's bulletin gives the Russian loss in the operations as 400 killed and many wounded.

A Russian bulletin relative to the battle of Shipka Pass says: "Fighting continued all Friday, our troops retain all their position: our losses during four days fighting have been considerable, 27 wounded officers and 900 men being brought to Gabrova. The number of killed are unknown. The cannonade in the pass was resumed on Saturday morning."

Constantinople, Aug. 36.—A despatch received on Sunday says that a telegram from Suleiman Pasha announces that he has taken two principal Russian works in the pass.

The Turkish armies are now acting under one supreme direction. A correspondent at Bucharest writes that their forces now number 50,000 men at Rasgrad; 40,000 with Osman Bazar; 40,000 with Suleiman Pasha, and 50,000 at Plevna and Loftscha. To-day they are faced by 200,000 Russians. The engagement in Shipka Pass was only one feature of the general advance of the Turks. A movement is tending in the direction of Tirnova.

A Russian bulletin, dated Gornystudeni, Sunday, says:—"Fighting continued Saturday in the Pass, with terrible violence. Our troops maintained their position, and have repulsed several powerful attacks. To-day (Sunday) General Doraschinsky, who commanded the force, holding the Pass for the first three days, met a hero's death."

London, Aug. 26.—A telegram from Constantinople contains the following—Ahmed Vefik Pasha, President of the Chamber of Deputies, was appointed Govenor of Adrianople.

Paris, Aug. 26.—It is stated that the despatch announcing the evacuation of Shipka Pass was received here from Russian sources.

Mukhtar Pasha telegraphs from Guedikter, on Saturday, as follows: "We have gained a great victory, having carried the heights of Ziziliepe during the night, and repulsed three Russian attempts to retake them. Two hundred cannon were brought into action. The engagement became a great battle lasting until six o'clock Saturday evening. The enemy were routed along the whole line with a loss of four thousand killed and wounded. We captured an immense quantity of arms and ammunitions. Gen. Tchoulchotoassoff, commanding the Russian cavalry, was killed. We lost 1,200 killed and wounded, including several officers. My horse was wounded."

Dervish Pasha, telegraphing from Batoum on Friday, claims to have captured the redoubt of Djinguir. One hundred Russians were killed.

A Blue Book is published containing Colonel Wellesley's report. He says that although he has not visited the alleged scenes of atrocities, he has, from examining reliable English and other witnesses of operations, arrived at firm and honest conviction that accusations against the Russians are entirely unfounded. War, however, is one in which little quarter is given on either side.

London, Aug. 27.—Notices of reduction of five per cent in the wages, which the cotton spinners of Boston district served out their workmen, expires on Thursday, and on Friday, unless there is a settlement in the meantime, upwards of ten thousand operatives will be on strike, the majority of whom are unconnected with any union as yet. The operatives are determined to resist the reduction. The masters, who have an association, are also firm. It is no secret that some millowners have accumulated large stocks, varying in value from one hundred to five hundred thousand pounds sterling, and declare a reduction the only alternative.

Accounts from the Indian famine districts are still very bad. No sufficiency of rain anywhere except in Canara district. Madras famine, it is expected, must last till January, and the failure of the October rains may prolong it till next August. The Government here has determined to exercise the utmost care in expenditures. The Madras famine, alone, has already cost £8,000,000 sterling, and is costing £500,000 per month.

A despatch to the *Daily News*, of the 25th, says: The Turks took Kizilthe, and in attempting to take Kurak Daror they were entirely defeated. The Russian Generals Komaroff and Tchavscherad were wounded.

The *Telegraph* prints a sensational telegram from Pera alleging that Gladstone has written letters to a Greek merchant in Constantinople, urging the Greeks to unite with Slavs in an attack on the Turks.

The *Times'*-Vienna correspondent telegraphs the following explanation of Mehemet Ali's operations:—The object of the movement on Aghalar seems to have been to get between the positions occupied by Russians on the river Lom and those occupied by them on the line from Tirnova to Osman Sazar, although by the Aghalar, the right of the Russian position on the Lom has been turned by the Turks; communication between the Russian division on the Lom, and that on the road from Tirnova to Osman Sazar has not been interrupted. Two divisions of the Thirteenth corps are ready to co-operate against any further advance of the Turks from Aghlar.

Pokoi, near which these two divisions are concentrated, is steady flanking the positions of the Turks. If they advance from Aghaslar they cannot leave it aside, but must either take it or manoeuvre the Russians out of it.

A Belgrade despatch to the *Times* says there are very strong indications that Servia will again try her fortune in war. District officers have received orders not to give up their passports to any militia men who wish to go to the interior or abroad. There are uninterrupted daily communications with the Russian headquarters.

A Russian bulletin dated Gorny-Studen, Sunday evening, says:—Yesterday, our troops maintained their positions in Shipka Pass. During the days fighting, which lasted from nine in the morning till ten in the evening we lost 30 officers and 400 men killed and wounded. During the night the Turks renewed the engagement with fresh troops, and the fighting was still going on desperately at noon, Sunday, when the despatch containing the information left the pass. The Russians then had still maintained their positions.

Reuter's Belgrade telegraph of to-day says: At a ministerial council yesterday, at which Prince Milan presided, the cooperation of the Servian army with the Russians in Bulgaria was determined upon, and commanders of the various corps nominated.

Rome, Aug. 27.—A bull regulating the procedure of the conclave of Cardinals of the Pope has been completed at the Vatican. It empowers Cardinal Camerlenji to either summon the conclave at once or await the arrival of foreign cardinals.

The death of Cardinal Bizzarri is announced.

Constantinople, Aug. 29.—A despatch from Suleiman Pasha, of the 26th, details the operations to that day. It says that the Turks occupied Alekridjetel Heights to the left of the enemy's works, threatening their line of retreat on the 21st, but the Russians succeeded on Friday in dislodging them. On Saturday Vesiel Pasha with two brigades succeeded in gaining a footing and the fighting continued all night. By three o'clock on Sunday morning the Russians were completely driven from the heights. The Russians receiving reinforcements, made a final assault, but were unsuccessful, and returned to their fortified works. The cannonad econtinued all Sunday, without effect. Suleiman concludes thus: "The matter is not ended yet, as we have not taken the enemy's fortified works. Our losses are not yet known. One thousand Russian dead were found when the enemy were driven from Alekridjebel heights."

Suleiman Pasha telegraphs on the 28th: "Our entrenched line of investment is only 150 paces from the enemy's fortifications."

London, Aug. 29.—The *Times* in a summary of the war, says: For many days the army of the Grand Duke Nicholas has been closing together against Plevna, with a view to an attack on that place. The headquarters are reported to be on the point of moving from Studeni to Bulgareni.

A Vienna correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs that the mere fact of Servia trying again the issue of war with Turkey would scarcely be in itself a sufficient motive for Austria to change her expectant and watchful attitude. She could pretty well afford to look on as long as her interests are untouched. On the other hand Austria might be provoked into action without a single battalion of the regular Servian army crossing the Servian frontier if Servia lent herself to become the focus of a pan-slav revolutionary agitation, and tried to spread this agitation by sending bands across the River Drin into Turkish provinces bordering on Austria. This seems to have been understood in Belgrade. Servia is preparing to act as a part of the Russian army.

A Russian newspaper, *Vedemost*, after an elaborate review of the sums already expended on the war draws the conclusion that if the war lasts till next autumn, will cost not less than 850,000,000 roubles, of which 232,000,000 already expended.

Vienna, Aug. 29.—A Bucharest special asserts that Romania has not concluded any military convention with Russia. The Roumanian army will preserve its individuality, although they are acting in concert with the Russians.

Prince Charles, with the balk of the army, will shortly follow the Vanguard, which have already crossed the Danube at Korabia.

Constantinople, Aug 29.—Suleiman Pasha telegraphs on the 28th: "Our intrenched line of investment is only 150 paces from the enemy's fortifications."

Rain has fallen in torrents all over the north of Scotland since last night.

The harvest reports from all quarters are most desponding.

Floods caused great damage in South Wales. The weather in English midlands and elsewhere is also very bad.

Gen. Grant and wife arrived in Edinburgh, and are the guests of the Lord Provost.

Mme. Titiens was operated on again yesterday. She is very weak and suffers greatly.

The *Times'* financial article, commenting on yesterday's change in the bank rate, says:—Independently of the possible further withdrawals of gold by the German Government, the bank had to consider more what is likely to be the export of bullion to America in future than what has actually been sent thither. Bills sent in for discount, yesterday, were probably negotiated in anticipation of a wild advance of gold to-day for the quarter to meet grain shipments, and whether or not.

A great many people have asked us of late, "How do you keep your horse looking so sleek and glossy?" We tell them. Its the easiest thing in the world; give *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* two or three times a day.

IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY.—Everybody wishes most certainly to be well. How to obtain that desirable state and keep free from coughs and colds, the forerunners of consumption, was a disputed question prior to the introduction of Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam. No one need hesitate to take this balsam to banish his cough. It will cause an expectoration of any matter which may have entered into the lungs, and thereby, by casting out such noxious matter, prevent the formation of any tuberculous deposit. It acts so gently and is so pleasant to take, properties peculiar to itself, which preclude it from being unsuited for any constitution, or proving hurtful under any circumstances.

The world-wide renown of Dr. Wilson's Anti-bilious and Preserving Pills is too well known to require much comment from us; but they are without doubt the most efficacious remedy for all the ills flesh are heir to. Many of our readers have derived immense benefit from using these pills in case of bile and general derangement of the stomach and bowels, and no disordered liver can resist their effect.

CCNSUMPTION.

Extract from a letter from C. H. S. Cronkite, Esq.:—

CANTERBURY STATION, York Co., N. B. Oct. 10, 1876.

MR. J. H. ROBINSON,

Dear Sir: "In reply to your letter of enquiry, I would say that your 'Phosphorized Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Lacto-Phosphate of Lime,' is the best preparation of the kind I have ever seen or taken.

I was ordered by my physician to take it, and commenced about the last of August, and since that time I have felt like a different man, and also look differently, and all for the better, as the doctor can testify.

I was unable, in the summer, to walk any distance without much fatigue. I can now take my gun and travel all day, and feel first-rate at night, and eat as much as any lumberman. Have not bled any since I took your preparation, and can now inflate my lungs without feeling any soreness, and I think I can inflate them up to full measurement, same as before I was sick. I have also gained in flesh; my weight in the summer was 173 lbs., and now it is nearly 190 lbs., which is pretty well up to my former weight.

The foregoing is a correct statement, which I am prepared to swear to, and I hereby authorize you to give it publicity in my name.

I am, dear sir, yours truly

(Signed) C. H. CRONKITE.

We, the undersigned, hereby consent to have our names published as witness to the effects of "Robinson's Phosphorized Emulsion" on the person of Mr. Cronkite, and do assert that the foregoing statement is correct in every particular.

(Signed) ALEXANDER BENNETT, J. P., WILLIAM MAIN, REV. THOMAS MARTIN.

Robinson's Phosphorized Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Lacto-Phosphates of Lime, is for sale at the Drug Stores.

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.—The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for *Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency* and all diseases that follow as a sequence of self-abuse; as *Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age* and many other diseases that lead to *Insanity and Consumption* and a *Premature Grave*. ☞ Price $1 per package, or six packages for $5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address WILLIAM GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada. ☞ Sold in St. John by all druggists.

REMARKABLE RESULTS FOLLOW.—Pain ceases, swellings subside, fever abates, and a natural and healthy state exists after using this great and wonderful preparation known as Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Thousands testify to the happiness resulting from the use of this preparation. Why not procure a bottle at once? The cost is trifling and effect sure. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents' worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures catarrh, asthma and croup. Fifty cents worth has cured trick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical:

Thomas Robinson, Farnham Centre, writes: "I have been afflicted with Rheumatism for the last ten years, and have tried many remedies without relief, until I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and since then have had no attack of it. I would recommend it to all."

See what the Medical Faculty say: Dr. Beaudoin, Hull, P. Q., says: "I have sold 'Thomas' Electric Oil for two years, and I never sold a medicine which has given more thorough satisfaction. I have used it in my own case on a broken leg and dislocated ankle, with the best results.

A. H. Gregg, Manufacturer of Mowing Machines, Truemansburg, N. Y., says; "My thumb was caught in a machine and badly injured, being away from home, for two days, was obliged to apply such remedies as I could get, but without releiving the pain. Immediately upon reaching home I applied the ECLECTRIC OIL, with almost instant relief. I have a large number of men employed, and your Oil has established for itself such a reputation that nearly every one of them keep it."

A gentleman in the eastern part of the state, who was about having his leg amputated on account of its being bent at right angles and stiff at the knee, heard of *Johnston's Anodyne Liniment*. After using it a short time, his leg became straight, and is now as serviceable as the other.

DISTRICT MEETINGS.

Third District—To be held with the church in Middle Southampton, on *First* Saturday in September, 1877. To attend—Rev. C. T. Phillips, Bro. J. W. Clark, and Rev. J. Henderson.

Fourth District—To be held with the church at Lincoln on the *Second* Saturday in September, 1877. To attend—Revs. A. Taylor, Wm. Kinghorn, O. M. Bubar, and J. R. Shaw.

Seventh District—To be held with the church at Quaco on *First* Saturday in September, 1877. To attend—Revs. A. Taylor, W. Kinghorn N. L. Price, C. T. Phillips, and G. W. McDonald.

NOTICE.

Through the kindness of Mr. Fishwick, all persons going to the Free Baptist Yearly Meeting, at Cape Island by steamer "*Edgar Stuart*," on paying one full fare may return free by presenting certificate from clerk of conference of their attendance at such meeting.

NOTICE.

Pastors of our churches and all others interested in the Foreign Mission Society of the Free Baptists of Nova Scotia, are requested to do all in their power toward raising as largeanamount as possible before Yearly Meeting.

JOHN M. LOWDEN, Sec'y of F. B. F. M. Society of N. S.

NOTICE.

The Annual Free Baptist Conference of Nova Scotia, will meet in the new church at Clark's Harbor, Cape Island, on Thursday, the 13th of September next, at 10 o'clock, a. m. The officers of the churches will please attend to the collection and forwarding of the Conference dues.

J. J. PORTER, *Clerk*.

Barrington, July 31st, 1877.

NOTICE.

The Library of the late Rev. Theodore H. Crowell, is for sale at the residence of William O. Crowell, Barrington.

Any Ministers or friends attending Conference or wishing such books, will do well to call.

Barrington, N. S., August 20th, 1877.

WOMAN'S FOREIGN MISSIONARY AID SOCIETY.

Received from Maggie Bancroft, Grand Manan, ...$6.00
" Lizzie Owen, for Sec'ty, Tracey Mills, 2.00
MRS. WM. PETERS, *Treasurer*.

MARKETS.

Butter in firkins,	$0 20	@	$0 22
do. in rolls,	0 25	"	0 00
Mutton, ℔ lb.	0 05	"	0 07
Hams (smoked)	0 11	"	0 16
Hides, ℔ lb.	0 05½	"	0 00
Calfskins, ℔ lb.	0 09	"	0 10
Pork, ℔ lb.	0 00	"	0 06
Veal, ℔ lb.	0 05	"	0 08
Tallow, ℔ lb.	0 06	"	0 08
Beef, ℔ lb.	0 06	"	0 07
Eggs, ℔ dozen	0 18	"	0 19
Hogs Lard,	0 14	"	0 18
Oats, ℔ bushel	0 60	"	0 65
Potatoes, ℔ bushel	0 55	"	0 60
Cheese, dairy, ℔ lb.	0 10	"	0 12
Chickens ℔ pair	0 40	"	0 60
Geese	0 60	"	0 00
Ducks, ℔ pair	0 60	"	0 70