by Rev. Joseph Elliot; "Ingersoll's Attack on the Bible," by S. V. Leech, D.D.; "Weak Points; or, Leakages of Power in State and in Church," by C. Y. Swan, D.D.; "The Relation of Christianity to Intellectual Culture," by C. N. Sims, D.D.; "Sinai Sends Sinners to Calvary," by Theodore L. Cuyler, D.D.; "Destructiveness of Skepticism," by J. L. Burroughs, D.D.; "A Translated Bible is the Word of God," by Thomas H. Skinner, D.D.; "Redeeming the Time," by R. S. Storrs, D.D.; Children's Service: "The Best Robe," by Rev. David Winters; Anniversary Service: "The Elements of Grandeur in a Church," by J. M. Buckley, D. D. In addition to the above we have a very able paper on "Expository Preaching," the first of a series, by William M. Taylor, D.D., whose sermons ably illustrate the advantages of this method of sermonizing; also a "Text Study," by Dr. Geikie, the author of the "Life of Christ." "The Preachers Exchanging Views" Department is of special interest, as several of our leading clergymen tell how they prepare their sermons and give other bits of experience. The "Suggestive Commentary on a Harmony of the Gospels," by the Editor, is continued. Under "Sermonic Criticism" we have "Elements of Power in Dr. Storrs' Oratory," and a remarkable interview with a business man, who severely criticizes clergymen. This number is of more than usual interest. Published by The Religious Newspaper Agency, New York. Price, 25 cents per number; $2.50 per year.

THE NEWS AND THE PRESS.

SAINT JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 14, 1879.

NEW BRUNSWICK.—On Friday an eleven ton casting was turned out at Messrs. Fleming & Sons' foundry. It was for an anvil block for Messrs. Chesley Bros., Portland. The casting is the largest ever made in the Lower Provinces....Mr. S. H. Hartt's cigar and fancy store, corner of Union and Coburg streets, was entered on Thursday night, and a lot of goods, valued at $1000, stolen. As it was a moonlight night, it is somewhat wonderful that burglars could carry on their operations so successfully when it is taken into account that a special watchman guards the locality and the police visit it occasionally during the night....Christopher Cyre and his wife, two of the oldest inhabitants of Madawaska, aged 90 and 86 years respectively, died last week within 36 hours of each other, after a married life of 62 years. They were buried in one grave. ....Hoyt Station House was burned the other day. It caught fire while the station master was away to his dinner. When he came back from dinner at half-past twelve the station was in flames. He saved his electric battery, and a little freight. The fire was caused by a defective chimney....As the Northern Express for St. John was leaving Moncton Thursday morning, driver Haslem was coming from the Round House with his engine, and driver McKay was coming down the coal shed siding, which opens to the Round House siding. Haslem started to run on the main line to allow McKay to return to the Round House, but as he reached the points the express train came down the main line and the engines struck each other, tearing away the cylinder of one and nearly all the side and under gear of both engines and damaging a second class car. A fireman of one of the engines was severely scalded. The line was blocked several hours before it could be cleared, and in consequence the Northern train did not reach the city until 3 o'clock p. m.; and the freight then due did not get in until 6 p. m. ....The house of Wm. West, of Perth, V. Co., was burned Saturday; also five hundred bushels of oats. He saved most of his furniture. He had just moved in a week ago. The fire was discovered in the roof near the flue, and in two hours the dwelling was burned to the ground....A petition is in circulation, asking the Common Council to reconsider their decision to reduce the pay of the policemen 10 per cent....A large portion of the Negrotown Point breakwater was carried away by the severe storm of Wednesday.

NOVA SCOTIA.—Two Yarmouth ships—the *Vandieman* and the *Andrew Lovitt*—have been lost at sea. All but four of the crew of the *Vandieman* were lost. The latter vessel was fitted out in St. John last year....Kentville, N. S., is infected with a gang of thieves, who have duplicate keys for the stores, and who "raid" the town when they so desire....A tramp named Charles Doyle, who said he belonged to St. John, has been committed for trial at Amherst, N. S., having made himself comfortable in a school-house by using the books and furniture for fuel....The Yarmouth *Herald* announces with regret the failure of Mr. Plunkett's efforts in England to raise the money needed to finish the Western Counties Railway, and remarks: There have been various causes for this unfortunate result. Among them we may mention that the gift of the Windsor Branch to the Western Counties Railway Co., was contested by the Windsor and Annapolis Railway Co., and became a source of litigation, pending the issue of which capitalists would naturally have scruples regarding it. Then, just at the period, last autumn, when Mr. Plunkett's success seemed assured, the failure of the City of Glasgow bank occurred, and its effects in financial and monetary circles are well known.... The Halifax *Herald* says, it will be remembered that some time ago a youth named Vincent, while coasting on Queen street, came in collision with one of the posts of the bridge at the foot of that street, and so severely fractured his skull, that for a time, there was very little hope of his recovery. By careful treatment, however, he is recovering, and will soon be able to go about. A curious circumstance in connexion with this case is that he has no recollection of anything that occurred during his life, previous to this accident....Halifax has had a coasting accident. The boys ran their sleds over a policeman who attempted to stop the sport, knocking him senseless....The Yarmouth *Herald* says, one evening last week, as a number of the young folks of Tusket were coasting on the Hill road on a "bob sled," the steersman lost control of the sled, which, running at railroad speed, struck a stone wall just below the shop of J. A. Adolphus Hatfield, Esq. Fortunately, beyond a few bruises, all escaped serious injury except Mr. James Robbins, who was at the front in charge of the steering gear. He, we regret to learn, received a painful and severe wound from an iron bolt which penetrated deeply in his back....Early Saturday morning a fire broke out in a shop at the corner of Prince and Barrington streets, occupied by C. Z. Andrews, an Italian picture dealer. The firemen were slow in getting to work, and in consequence, the *Herald* intimates, that "two adjoining houses on Barrington street were badly damaged, one being completely gutted. The house below was also considerably injured by water. The building in which the fire occurred was owned by Mr. Wm. Drake, and insured in the Queen office for $3200. The adjoining building on Barrington street was occupied by Mrs. Alexander, as a military store. She had no insurance but most of her goods and furniture were saved, principally in a damaged condition. Mr. John Lessel owns the building, and is insured. The building next to Mrs. Alexander is owned and occupied by Mr. W. H. Cleverdon. The roof was damaged by fire and the building flooded with water. He has $2,000 on the building, and $800 on the stock. The fire was the most disastrous that has occurred in Halifax for a long time....The fishing schooner *Cunard*, Garret Galvin, master, with a crew of sixteen men all told, sailed from Port Mulgrave, N. S., for the Banks on the 20th of October last, and has not since been heard of; it is supposed she is lost, with all hands. At least three widows and eight orphans are left.... The Yarmouth *Herald* publishes lists of the shipping of Shelburne and Barrington. Shelburne shows—2 ships, 4 barques, 15 brigantines, and 108 schooners, with an aggregate tonnage of 13,026 tons. One brigantine and fourteen schooners were added during the year. Barrington has 3 brigantines, and 24 schooners, with a tonnage of 1642. ....About 3 o'clock on Monday morning fire was discovered on the premises of Mr. Asa Morine, Port Medway: he lost a barn and store house with all their contents, to the amount of four hundred dollars. A valuable cow and dog were burned. The flames spread from these to the adjoining buildings, owned by Mr. Gaskill, and notwithstanding every effort of those present, the house was entirely consumed. The adjoining dwelling, occupied by Capt. Horn, was several times on fire, but by desperate exertions was saved. Had the flames not been controlled here great loss of property would have occurred. No insurance....The name of Port Williams post-office in Annapolis county, has been changed to that of Port Lorne....Information has been received of the murder of a Nova Scotian in the Republic of Nicaragua, Central America, on the 16th of December. The victim was James Clark, a sugar planter, a native of Halifax. He lived on his plantation, near the town of Felicie, about two leagues from Leon, the capital city of the Republic. He was assassinated by two brothers named Vilches (natives), who gave him fourteen wounds with long cane knives called machettes. Mr. Clark lived until the morning of the 23rd. His assassins had not been arrested at latest advices, and a Leon correspondent adds: "I fear they never will be, although they come into this city daily. The laws here are very lenient for assassins. It seems especially so if the victim is a foreigner."

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 21, via St. Vincent, Feb. 10.—On the 21st inst. the British column consisting of a portion of the 24th Regiment, a battery of artillery and 600 native auxiliaries, were utterly annihilated by 20,000 Zulus, who captured a valuable convoy of 102 waggons, 1000 oxen, 2 cannon, 400 shot and shell, 1000 rifles, 250,000 rounds of ammunition, 60,000 lbs. weight of provisions, and the colors of the 24th Regiment. It is estimated that 5,000 Zulus were killed and wounded in the battle. Among the killed on the British side are two majors, four captains, twelve lieutenants, and the Quartermaster of the 24th Regiment; two captains of the Royal Artillery; a colonel, captain, four lieutenants and surgeon-major of the Engineers, besides twenty-one other British officers commanding native corps. Seven attacks were subsequently made by the Zulus, who have been repulsed, and the colony is now somewhat recovering from the utter consternation which at first prevailed. Natal, however, is in great danger, and disturbances are feared in Pongo Land. Lord Chelmsford, commander of the expedition, has been forced to retire in consequence of his defeat. It is estimated that 500 soldiers were killed, besides the officers enumerated above. The Governor, Sir Bartle Frere, has sent an appeal to England and Mauritius for reinforcements. The mail steamer for England was despatched one day earlier than usual, with a request for six regiments of infantry and a brigade of cavalry. The men-of-war are active, and the *Tenedos* has been ashore, she is seriously injured, and is obliged to go into dock at Simons Bay.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The British ambassador gives a banquet to President Grevy at the British Embassy next week.

VERSAILLES, Feb. 6. — President Grevy in his message to the Chambers says: "The National Assembly, in raising me to the Presidency of the Republic, has imposed great duties upon me. I shall apply myself unremittingly to their accomplishment, and shall be happy if, with the co-operation of the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies, I shall not remain below the level of what France has a right to expect from my efforts and my devotion. I shall never enter into a conflict with the national will, conveyed through its constitutional organ, inspired by a spirit of progress. The Government will devote particular attention to the maintenance of tranquility, security, and confidence, which are benefits France most ardently desires and most imperatively needs. In the application of laws which will give to our general policy its character and aim, the Government will be influenced by the spirit wherein these laws was dictated. It will be liberal and just towards all in its solicitude for those great institutions which are columns of social edifice. The Government will bestow a large share of attention upon our army, whose honor and interests will be the constant objects of its most cherished pre-occupation. Now that the two great powers of state are animated by one spirit, the Government, while taking account of the rights acquired and the services rendered, will take care that the Republic is served by functionaries who are neither its enemies nor its detractors."

TRIESTE, Feb. 6.—The authorities of the city have received a telegraphic despatch from the Austrian Consul General at Solonier, stating that a disease has appeared near Xanithi, Thessaly, the diagnosis of which shows that it is spotted fever, and that in one case presented the symptoms are of metastasis cubonica. The Sanitary Board of Trieste has declared this disease very probably identical with the plague. Precautionary measures are ordered against all vessels from Turkish Algerian ports which have sailed since February 4th, and the next Austrian Lloyd steamer will probably be quarantined for several days.

ROME, Feb. 6.—The quarantine at Italian ports is increased to 20 days, and the importation of certain articles is forbidden.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—A Berlin despatch to the *Pall Mall Gazette* says that proposals have been submitted to the Tariff Commission, with Bismarck's approval, for a taxation on imported agricultural produce, as follows, the duty being collected per 100 weight: On rice, 25 pfennigs; on barley, oats, and wheat, 50 pfennigs; on cattle, 20 pfennigs each; on horses, one mark each.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—President Grevy's message caused great satisfaction to the public and the Chambers. While it was being read the Republicans applauded for several minutes the promise of a constitutional attitude. It stated that the amnesty to Communists will exclude Henri Rochefort, Felix Pyat, and Jules Valles.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 7. — Three thousand coal heavers, who were not affected by the reduction of wages, stopped work to-day in support of the dock laborers. Several thousand strikers paraded the principal streets. The sailing of steamships has not been delayed.

Pleuro-pneumonia has appeared among cattle at Brotle, near Liverpool.

Eight hundred engineers have struck, and twelve hundred will strike to-morrow.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Frederick Lewis Malgarini has failed. His liabilities are £187,000.

Walter & Higginbotham, extensive dyers at Cathcart, have failed.

The master tanners of Bermondsey have withdrawn the notice of a reduction of wages.

Masters and operatives in the engineering trade at London have finally decided against making any concessions. Two thousand men are affected by this decision.

A Lloyd's despatch from Singapore says: The Chinese crew of the Australian barque *Kate Waters*, from Hong Kong for Foochow, mutinied and murdered the officers and scuttled the vessel.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 8. — It is officially announced that there have been no cases of the plague at Astrachan since the 6th inst.

It is reported that the Chinese have been defeated by Sarts, who captured the city of Kashgar, but the Chinese fortress, near Kashgar, was not taken.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 8. — Four men, including the captain and mate, were saved from the British ship *Vandiemen*, reported lost by collision.

There was no disturbance here to-day. An additional force of 200 infantry and 80 cavalry have arrived to assist, if necessary, in preserving order.

The steamer *Nevada* will not sail to day for New York on account of the laborers' strike. A troop of dragoons paraded the dock this morning. Several sailing vessels, advertised for sailing to-day, are detained, it being impossible to procure sailors for them.

ROME, Feb. 8.—Cardinal Gurbert, Archbishop of Paris, is expected here shortly. The Cardinal reports his interview with President Grevy as cordial, but says that the Radicals will insist upon the separation of the church and state.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—Twenty-two hundred Catholic ladies of the Rhine province have forwarded a petition to the Emperor against the suppression of the Ursuline Convents of Monnewerth and Thrivailer.

CAIRO, Feb. 8.—It is reported that the famine and distress in Upper Egypt are exaggerated.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 8.—Caratheodori and Ali Pasha, and Prince Labanoff, the Russian Ambassador, this evening, signed the definitive treaty of peace. The Russians will commence the evacuation of Turkish territory to-morrow. The definitive treaty between Russia and Turkey provides that all of the San Stefano stipulations, which were modified by the Treaty of Berlin, shall remain as modified. The remaining stipulations are abandoned in favor of the present Treaty, by which the war indemnity is fixed at 30,000,000 paper roubles, and settlement is deferred. Payment for the maintenance of Turkish prisoners will be by 21 instalments, but it is not to begin immediately. The examination of accounts, it is expected, will last two or three years. The Russian evacuation of Turkish territory will be completed 40 days after the ratification of the Treaty.

LONDON, Feb. 8. — Captain Allen, of the ship *Bridgewater*, has been presented with a gold salver by the British Government for rescuing the crew of the ship *Anglo Saxon*.

In regard to importation of cattle from America, no action of the Privy Council has been made known since the notice read in Liverpool Town Council on Feb. 5th, that cattle cannot be landed at Liverpool docks after March 1st, unless provision is made for slaughter on the quay.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 9.— An official despatch dated Astrauhan, Feb. 8, reports that there are no cases of plague at Wellianka. A doubtful case has appeared at Nicalajefoski, in the Government of Saratoff, 6,000 versts from Astrachan. Several new and fatal cases are reported at Silitrevo.

Troops for the sanity cordon, convoys, stores, provisions, etc, are constantly arriving at Tsaritzin.

ATHENS, Feb. 9.—Greece has established a vigorous quarantine on both land and sea, against the plague.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 9.—The secretary of Prince Labanoff, Russian Ambassador, has already started for St. Petersburg with the treaty for ratification and the various Russian commanders have been notified of its terms. It is said that the Porte has received information that the British Government will not raise in Parliament the question of guaranteeing a Turkish loan. Podgoritza was surrendered yesterday to the Montenegrins who have evacuated Turkish localities. Rucdi Pasha, formerly Grand Vizier, has been expelled.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—A despatch from Hazarpir says that Wall Mohammed's presence at Jellalabad is necessary because of negotiations proceeding between the Government and Yakoob Khan. Mohammed thinks that Yakoob will continue to resist until the Ameer is dead.

At Candahar five fanatics dashed into the British camp on Thursday and wounded seven men. Three soldiers were also accidentally shot—one fatally—during the disturbance. The fanatics were killed.

Pleuro-pneumonia is among the cattle at Wigan-thorpe, near Malton, County of York.

Three of the largest jute factories in Forfarshire, Scotland, have closed. It is reported that four factories in Dundee will stop.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—Nicolaire Clairville, dramatic, author, is dead.

BORDEAUX, Feb. 10.—M. Delbecque, director of the Mint, has been sentenced to six years imprisonment and 125,000 francs fine for embezzling 1,400,000 francs of bullion lodged in the mint by the Rothschild. Delbecque substituted galvanized copper bars for the bullion embezzled.

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—It is stated that in a village near Astrachan, the populace massacred the doctors, believing they poisoned their patients.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10.—Rain still holds off in the northwest provinces and the Punjaub. The harvest prospects are gloomy.

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—The Russian army in the Balkan peninsula is suffering from spotted typhus.

ROME, Feb. 10.—Advices at the foreign ministry about the plague are that its spread will be prevented.

Father Hyacinthe Loysen's Old Catholic Church was opened yesterday in a former theatre. Loyson's expected the Bishop of Moray and two other Protestant bishops to assist at the dedication, but circumstances prevented their attendance.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 10.—The police suppressed an attempted riot at Liverpool, on Saturday, by promptly attacking a band of 200 men who were marching towards Queen's docks. Forty-five hundred more laborers joined the strike in Liverpool and Birkenhead on Saturday, many through fear, and 1,500 are expected to join to-day. The sailors on strike have been joined by the foreign sailors and firemen on the ocean steamers. The mayor, in a proclamation, calls on all well-disposed inhabitants to assist in the maintenance of peace. The number of sailors on strike is from 7,000 to 15,000. The authorities are arranging for the speedy landing, if necessary, of 250 sailors and marines from a man of war.

There are 2,000 engineers on a strike in London.

The laborers have appointed a deputation to learn the views of the Steamship Owners' Association, but the deputation is prohibited from making any compromise. Not a single vessel sailed from Liverpool for a foreign port on Monday. Several hundred sailors have formed a union.

The boiler-makers of London have struck. The bolt-makers, pattern-makers and a hundred other trades intend to follow.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The Privy Council has ordered a careful inspection of bills of health and of crews and passengers of vessels arriving from the Black Sea.

Reinforcements to the Cape Colony have been ordered from England to the number of about 7,000 men. The Government is actively inquiring concerning private steamers. The *Assistance*, the only troopship in the harbor, is being rapidly prepared for service at Portsmouth.

The Cabinet Council to-day decided to send six battalions of infantry, two regiments of cavalry, two batteries of artillery, a company of engineers, three companies of the army service corps and a company of the army hospital corps to reinforce Lord Chelmsford in South Africa.

The artillery for Africa is ready at Woolwich and is expected to start to-morrow.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 11.—At an interview between the committee of steamship owners and a delegation from the strikers, after the hearing of the latter's statement, the owners resolved to adhere to their terms. The strike will therefore continue. There are many of the men showing signs of yielding. It is thought that in a day or two numbers will return to work. No National line vessel will sail to-morrow for New York.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The *Times* says that it is understood that several regiments of infantry leave with the artillery for the Cape.

The Admiralty have chartered 15 steamers to carry troops to Cape Town. This fleet includes the transatlantic steamers *Egypt*, *France*, *Spain*, *Russia*, *England*, *China*, *Olympus*, *Palmyra*, and *City of Paris*.

The *Post's* Berlin despatch states that the German Tariff Commission recommends that raw cotton be exempt from duty, but that the duty on hops be raised to ten marks per hundred weight.

The Czar refuses to permit Roumania to subject Russian soldiers returning from Turkey to quarantine.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Princess Caroline, widow of Prince Lucien Murat, is dead.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 12. — The order of the Privy Council, adopted yesterday, was a great surprise to the cattle trade here. All cattle from the United States after March 3rd will have to be slaughtered on the dock within ten days after landing.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 12.—Trade is here quite paralyzed by the strike, which has now extended to the carters, and the whole body of carpenters, some of whom were already on a strike. The strike among the sailors has become general. Great difficulty is experienced in obtaining crews save at increased rates. Several ships are awaiting crews. It is stated that there are 35 grainladen ships at Queenstown and the owners do not know where to send them. Meanwhile the grain may be heated in the holds and rendered valueless. There are many reports of intimidation by dock laborers and others. The African steamship *Lualaba*, which was to sail for the west coast of Africa, on Thursday last, has not left the dock. The agents promise men protection in the dock, but the men say they require protection outside also. The Cunard Company have all their vessels in Huskisson Dock, which is enclosed, and have provided within the dock walls accommodation for the men brought from Glasgow. The local authorities continue to maintain a strict supervision with the police and military, and none but people on business are allowed within the enclosure along the whole line of the docks.

At a meeting of the ship owners committee and the strikers delegation to-day, the former proposed to pay the old wages, provided the day's work be an hour longer. This proposition was rejected by the delegation. The Ship-owners' committee then on their own responsibility suggested that the question be referred to arbitration, and this suggestion was also rejected.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—The Reichstag was opened by the emperor. He thanked the members for assisting in the surpression of the Socialist agitation. He hoped that they would continue to support the Government so far as necessary for the cure of the Socialist evil. He referred his pleasure to the friendly relations with Austria and the results of the Berlin Congress. He declared that the relations between Germany and other powers were satisfactory, and that she would continue to use her influence on behalf of European peace.

The German inhabitants of Schleswig are preparing an address of thanks to the Emperor William for treating with Austria.

UNITED STATES.

CINCINNATTA, Feb. 8.—Six burglars were taken from jail at Seymour, Indiana, yesterday morning, stripped and whipped and warned of a worse fate if ever caught in that vicinity again.

PITTSBURG, PA., Feb. 9.—Captain Paul Boyton, who entered Alleghany River at Oil City, on Thursday morning, arrived here at 3.30 o'clock this afternoon. He was greeted by nearly 50,000 people. The weather was bitter cold with occasional snow storms and considerable floating ice was in the stream.

KANSAS, MO., Feb 11.—A terrible accident occurred, this morning, in a cut being made for the Chicago & Alton Railroad. The cut, with its almost perpendicular walls 90 feet high, caved in and buried the workmen and their teams under six thousand yards of falling earth. There were four teams in the cut at the time, with ten workmen at each team. Six persons were killed outright, and several wounded.

LEBANON, PA., Feb. 11.—Six prisoners escaped from the county prison by cutting a hole through the ceiling, this morning.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Kiernan's London special says that the Erie Railway Co. has leased the Atlantic & Great Western Railway, the Erie Co. guaranteeing the interest on seven millions A. & G. W. bonds, and making an equal division of the net earnings of the A. & G. W. road. This gives the Erie perfect connection to Chicago.

It is announced that Christian Moller, a wealthy retired sugar refiner, committed suicide at Hoboken last night. He was worth $100,000,000. No cause is assigned, except that he was laboring under a hallucination that he was becoming poor.

OTTAWA, Feb. 12.—A driving snow storm set in here yesterday P. M., and continued unabated until a late hour this A. M. Trains on all lines of railway coming into the city are many hours late, while some have been cancelled.

It is reported that Mr. Sandford Fleming, having maturely considered the location of the route of the Canada Pacific Railroad, cannot recommend any different route from that indicated by him.

We call the attention of our readers in search of good homes in the West, to the advertisement of Kansas Farms and Free Homes in another column, and advise all to send for a free copy of the *Homestead*, a paper published in the interests of all desiring cheap homes in a good country.

DEDICATION.

The new Free Baptist Church in Sussex will be set apart for divine worship on Sabbath, 23d inst. A cordial invitation is extended to the ministers, and all friends of the cause. Services at 11 A. M., 3 P. M., and 7 P. M.

NOTICE.

According to constitutional request, a special session of the Free Baptist Conference of Nova Scotia, will meet (D. V.) in the Free Baptist Church in Tusket, Yarmouth County, on Wednesday, 26th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., in reference to the ordination of certain brethren. Members of Conference will govern themselves accordingly.

J. I. PORTER, CLERK.

Feb. 4th, 1879.

ELECTRICITY.—*Thomas' Excelsior Eclectric Oils.—Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold—pain cannot stay where it is used!*—It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents' worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures catarrh, asthma, and croup. Fifty cents' worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back of eight years' standing. It cures swelled neck, tumors, rheumatism, neuralgia, contraction of the muscles, stiff joints, spinal difficulties, and pain and soreness in any part, no matter where it may be, nor from what cause it may arise, it always does you good. Twenty-five cents' worth has cured bad cases of chronic and bloody dysentery. One tea-spoonful cures colic in 15 minutes. It will cure any case of piles that it is possible to cure. Six or eight applications is warranted to cure any case of excoriated nipples or inflamed breasts. For bruises, if applied often and bound up, there is never the slightest discoloration to the skin. It stops the pain of a burn as soon as applied. Cures frosted feet, boils, warts, and corns, and wounds of every description on man of beast.

Beware of Imitations.—Ask for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. See that the signature of *S. N. Thomas* is on the wrapper, and the names of Northrop and Lyman are blown in the bottle, and *Take no other.* Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cts. NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Proprietors for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The production of a remedy "that may truly be said to alter the prospects of the Consumptive as to give hope of cure in not a few cases, and of much prolonging of life in by far the greater number"—"the only remedy worthy of the name, which, if carefully and faithfully used may arrest and cure the disease, and is pretty sure to *retard it and prolong life more than any other known remedy*," is a great desideratum. Yet this desideratum is fully met in *Robinson's Phosphorized Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Lacto-Phosphate of Lime*, which is universally acknowledged wherever introduced, to be the *best* preparation of Cod Liver Oil extant, and which, if "carefully, faithfully" and persistently used, will rarely fail to produce marked beneficial results.

Prepared solely by J. H. ROBINSON, Pharmaceutical Chemist, St. John N. B., and for sale by Druggists and General Dealers.

Price $1.00 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

"The Old Life Preserver" is what they call *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* way up in Maine where it is made. This name is well deserved, for it is the best liniment in the world. It will certainly prevent diphtheria.—*Western Paper.*

EXPOSE THE FRAUD.—Patent medicine venders are now putting up condition powders in packages as large as a nigger's foot for 25 cents, but they are utterly worthless. One small package of *Sheridan's Condition Powders* is worth a dray-load of them.

Acknowledgments for Religious Intelligencer, Feb. 14.

Geo. Swim, $2, 1352; Capt. P. Kinney, 2, 1352; David Fowler, 10, 1300; Jas. Akerley, 2, 1326; Howard Thurston, 2, 1352; Gideon Smith, 2, 1333; Mrs. Asa Mitchell, 2, 1353; W. B. McNutt, 2, 1352; Ira Clynick, 2, 1255; Albert Palmer, 2, 1352; Stephen Carlisle 2, 1375; C. J. Tozer, 2, 1352; Chas. Vanwart, 2, 1357; Wm. Taylor, 2, 1350; Jas. Rideout, 2, 1222; Mrs. W. Larkin, 2, 1358; Rev. D. Oram, A. M., 1320; Jas. Moakely, 2, 1352; Wesley Nason, 1, 1331; Jas. Atwood, 2, 1349; David Ferguson, 3, 1283; Rev. B. Merritt 2, 1352; Lewis Eagles, 2, 1352; Mrs. Charlotte Taylor, 2, 1352; Jas. McFarlane, 2, 1352; Geo. Morton, 2, 1352; Israel E. Smith, 2, 1352; J. Davis, 2, 1352; D. McKenzie, 25c., 1350; John London, 2, 1352; B. S. Palmer, 2, 1369; Mrs. Lunn, 2, 1352; Mrs. Lewis, 2, 1352.

HAVE YOU SENT YOUR SUBSCRIPTION? IF YOU HAVE WE THANK YOU. IF YOU HAVE NOT, BE SO GOOD AS TO SEND IT IMMEDIATELY. WE NEED IT—NEED IT NOW.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 6th inst., by Elder T. H. Blenus, FRANKLIN BARNES, of St. John, N. B., and IRENE A., second daughter of William Bailey, Esq., of Newport, Hants County, Nova Scotia.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 23th ult., by the Rev. J. I. Porter, Mr. Jeremiah Dailey, of Pubnico, Yarmouth County, and Maggie L., eldest daughter of Capt. Thomas Taylor, of Port Latour, Shelburne Co.

On the 5th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. B. Merritt, Mr. Charles McAlpine to Fannie, third daughter of Mr. John McAlpine, all of Cambridge, Q. C.

At the residence of the Rev. Wm. M. Knollin, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Downey, assisted by the Rev. J. I. Porter, Rev. F. BABCOCK and Miss EMMA S., eldest daughter of Mr. Nehemiah Porter, all of Yarmouth.

DIED.

In this city, on Wednesday morning, 12th inst., after a short but severe illness of congestion of the lungs, John Seymour, printer, in the 33rd year of his age.

At Maryaville, York County, of diphtheria, on the 17th of December, 1878, Mertie Estabrooks, aged 9 years and 5 months, grand daughter of Hezekiah and Ann Estabrooks.

At Upper Woodstock, Carleton County, on the 25th of January, of typhoid fever, Norman D., youngest son of David and Mary Anna Phillips, aged 16 years. Funeral attended by Rev. G. T. Hartley.

At Kars, K. C., on the 28th of January, Mr. Joseph Palmer, in the 79th year of his age.

At Hampstead, Q. C., on the 28th ult., David, son of Samuel Nickerson, aged 20 years.

At North Head, Grand Manan, Jan. 28th, after a long illness, which she bore with patience, Margaret Ella, third daughter of William and Mary Watt, aged 14 years and 8 months, leaving sorrowing parents, brothers and sisters, and many friends to mourn their loss. She was lovely in life and happy in death.

SHIP NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Feb. 6.—Brigt. Maggie, Innes, Cienfuegos, L. McMann & Son; schr. Lizzie B. McNichol, Fanning, Machias, Scammell Bros.

9.—Schr. Yarmouth Packet, Larkins, Yarmouth, C. McLauchlan & Son; Champion, Granville, New York, R. C. Elkin; George Calhoun, Starkey, New York, R. C. Elkin; Gypsey, Whelpley, Boston, D. J. Seely.

11.—Ship Ardgowan, Mackie, Rio Janeiro, R. A. & J Stewart; schr. Paragon, Urquhart, Boston, R. C. Elkin; Mary Theall, Theall, New York, R. C. Elkin; barque Saguenay, Griffiths, Dublin, via Deleware Breakwater, F. Tufts & Co.

12.—Brigt. Rapid, Bergman, New York, via Port Johnston, S. Schofield.

CLEARED.

Feb. 7.—Schr. G. F. Hatheway, Hogan, Alma.

12.—Schr. Village Belle, Riley, Boston, E. G. Dunn; schr. Emma, Howard, New York, C. Hamilton & Co., deals, F. Tufts & Co., hams, smoked beef.

ST. JOHN & MAINE RAILWAY.

1878. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1879.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. 25, Trains will leave St. John as follows:

DEPARTURES.

At 7:30 A. M., Day Express for Bangor, &c., connecting with trains for Fredericton and N. B. & C. Railway.

At 4 P. M., Fredericton Express, for Fredericton and intermediate points.

At 9:20 P. M., Night Express for Bangor, connecting there with trains for Danville Junction, Boston, etc.

ARRIVALS.

At 7:30 A. M., Night Express from Bangor; at 6:45 P. M., Day Express from Bangor, and 10:30 A. M. from Fredericton.

F. E. McLEOD.

E. H. MacALPINE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Conveyancer, etc.
ROOM 3 BARNHILL'S BUILDING,
Princess Street, St. John, N. B.
feb 14—1y

CHEAP FARMS AND FREE HOMES IN THE WEST
900,000 acres taken in four months by 85,000 people. Good climate, soil, water, and building stone, and good society. Address, S. J. Gilmore, Land Com'r, Salina, Kansas.
feb 14—13t—eow

JANUARY RECEIPTS OF DRY GOODS!
BLACK SILK VELVETS, BLACK VELVETEENS (Silk Finish); Frillings for the Neck, New Patterns for 1879; Pillow Cottons, 38, 40, 42, 45, 48 and 54 inch; Josephine Kid Gloves, Gentlemen's French Kid Gloves; Towels and Towellings, Irish Pillow Linens, Brown Hollands, Linen Crumb Cloths and Stair Linens; Russia Crash.
COTTONS, Cottons, Cottons, Grey Cottons, Bleached Cottons, Sheeting Cottons; Ticklings, Jeans and Ducks.
We Offer the above at Very Low Prices by the Piece or Yard.
☞ Now is the time to purchase Cottons before the advance in duties takes place.
MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.
feb. 7

FARMS! Fruit, Grain, and Grass Farms, in best part of Maryland at *panic prices*. For Catalogues address MANCHA & WILSON, Ridgely, Md. Feb. 7.—8i.

VEGETINE

An Excellent Medicine.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 28, 1877.

This is to certify that I have used VEGETINE, manufactured by H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass., for Rheumatism and General Prostration of the Nervous System, with good success. I recommend VEGETINE as *an excellent medicine* for such complaints.

Yours very truly,
C. W. VANDEGRIFT.

Mr. Vandegrift, of the firm of Vandegrift & Huffman, is a well-known business man in this place, having one of the largest stores in Springfield, O.

Our Minister's Wife.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 16, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS,
Dear Sir, — Three years ago I was suffering terribly with Inflammatory Rheumatism. Our minister's wife advised me to take VEGETINE. After taking one bottle, I was entirely relieved. This year, feeling a return of the disease, I again commenced taking it, and am being benefitted greatly. It also greatly improves my digestion.
Respectfully,
MRS. A. BALLARD.
1011 West Jefferson Street.

Safe and Sure.

MR. H. R. STEVENS,
In 1872 your VEGETINE was recommended to me; and, yielding to the persuasions of a friend, I consented to try it. At the time I was suffering from general debility and nervous prostration, superinduced by over work and irregular habits. Its wonderful strengthening and curative properties seemed to affect my debilitated system from the first dose; and under its persistent use I rapidly recovered, gaining more than usual health and good feeling. Since then I have not hesitated to give VEGETINE my most unqualified indorsement as being a safe, sure, and powerful agent in promoting health and restoring the wasted system to new life and energy. VEGETINE is the only medicine I use, and as long as I live I never expect to find a better.
Yours truly, W. H. CLARK,
120 Monterey Street, Alleghany, Penn.

VEGETINE.

The following letter from Rev. G. W. Mansfield, formerly pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Hyde Park, and at present settled in Lowell, must convince every one who reads his letter of the wonderful curative qualities of VEGETINE as a thorough cleanser and purifier of the blood.

HYDE PARK, MASS., Feb, 15, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS,
Dear Sir,—About ten years ago my health failed through the depleting effects of dyspepsia; nearly a year later I was attacked by typhoid fever in its worst form. It settled in my back, and took the form of a large deep-seated abscess, which was fifteen months in gathering. I had two surgical operations by the best skill in the State, but received no permanent cure. I suffered great pain at times, and was constantly weakened by a profuse discharge. I also lost small pieces of bone at different times.
Matters ran on thus about seven years, till May, 1874, when a friend recommended me to go to your office, and talk with you of the virtue of VEGETINE. I did so, and by your kindness passed through your manufactory, noting the ingredients, &c., by which your remedy is produced.
By what I saw and heard I gained some confidence in VEGETINE.
I commenced taking it soon after, but felt worse from its effects; still I persevered, and soon felt it was benefitting me in other respects. Yet I did not see the results I desired till I had taken it faithfully for a little more than a year, when the difficulty in the back was cured; and for nine months I have enjoyed the best of health.
I take VEGETINE faithfully, and it removed it level with the surface in a month. I think I should have been cured of my main trouble sooner if I had taken larger doses, after having become accustomed to its effects.
Let your patrons troubled with scrofula or kidney disease understand that it takes time to cure chronic diseases; and, if they will patiently take VEGETINE, it will, in my judgment, cure them.
With great obligations I am
Yours very truly,
G. W. MANSFIELD,
Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

VEGETINE
PREPARED BY
H. R. STEVENS, - - - - BOSTON, MASS.

VEGETINE is sold by all Druggists. jan 31. 4w

GOOD
AGENTS WANTED!
Let every one wanting a GOOD BUSINESS for FALL and WINTER, on Salary and Commission, send for Our Circular of NEW MAPS of U.