Terms : \$2.00 a Year, in advance. All exchanges should be addressed, Religious INTELLIGENCER, Fredericton, N. B. All communications for insertion should be addressed, REV. JOSEPH McLEOD, P. O. Box 81, Frederic-

THE RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCER

SAINT-JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY, 6, 1880.

Three Weeks More!

The offer of the paper three months on trial for twenty-five cents will be withdrawn the last of February. Three weeks remain for canvassing. In that time the ministers and other friends of the paper may secure several hundreds of new names if they go earnestly and systematically about the work. T those who have already sent lists of names we give our hearty thanks. by their efforts to increase its circulation has encouraged and helped us. We would like the other friends to make similar efforts. Let there be an earnest effort all along the line of the Intelligencer's friends—they are a will follow. There are but three weeks left in which this special work the Union, no other country in the world where may be done. Make the most of the time. Let us hear from you all.

- Freeman, the Pocassett fanatic who killed his little daughter last spring was to have been put on trial a few days ago; but the statement is now made that he has been pronounced insane. He will probably spend the rest of his life in a Lunatic

doing missionary work in Western prisons, makes | the material and moral benefits coming from prothe statement that of the 115,000 prisoners with hibition.' whom she has conversed, 105,000 were brought to prison by rum. A sad story, certainly. Yet they who furnish the rum that turns promising boys into criminals, are gentlemen and good citizens!

- The Episcopal Church appears to be a haven for dissatisfied ministers of other denominations. It perhaps in most of the country districts, concerning

- Some Christians are always complaining of and mourning over the low state of the church; but fail to do anything to help it to a better condition. Better go to work. If each member of the body of Christ will faithfully do his part, instead of sitting in judgment on some other member, the church will very soon be strong and successful.

-- This suggestion made to the churches of an-

- The Evangelical Alliance held a meeting on Monday to further consider the question of the establishment of a Juvenile Reformatory. The Committee having in charge the memorial to the Municipal Council reported that the Council while recognizing the desirability of a Reformatory considered it properly a matter for action by the Provincial Government and had resolved to petition the Government to that effect. After an expression of opinion all around it was resolved to petition the Government, and a committee of the Alliance was appointed to present the matter to the Govern-

- The difficulty in Maine is about ended. The Fusionist "Legislature" submitted a set of questions to the Court, and the answer of the Court was to the effect that the Legislature organized by the Republicans is the only legally organized Legislature. Governor Davis and the other State officers elected by it are therefore the only legal officers. The Fusionist leaders were very unwilling to submit and suggested various courses by which they hoped to retain an existence as a Legislative body. They held several meetings, and at length adjourned till August next. It is not probable they will meet again, for a majority of them have sense enough to see the folly of opposing the decision of the highest constitutional authority, and are disposed to accept the inevitable. Several have already taken their seats in the legally constituted duty, and peace now reigns at the Capital.

The Princess Louise arrived at Halifax Monday morning. The Governor General was there to sonable time to work according to the specified meet her. They were the guests of Governor course before being judged by it. Archibald while in Halifax. The weather was so The change in the grants to teachers seems to be infliction.

The Sarmatian seems to have had a rough passage. The Princess was quite sick and confined to her state-room during the whole voyage. She won't care to cross very often.

The party left Halifax by special train Tuesday of days and then go to Ottawa.

-- Funeral customs continue to receive attention in some of the papers. The discussion is sure to result in some good. Funeral "fashions" are about as tyrannical as any other fashions, and their yoke should be cast off. The practice of making remarks at funerals is being critized; we agree with the Congregationalist in wishing it might be abandoned. Whatever benefit is secured is likely to be more than counterbalanced by undeniable evil. A much better way is for pastors to adopt and adhere to the custom of offering no remarks at funerals, except on special occasions when evident propriety warrants a departure from the rule. Suitable Scripture selections, with a prayer or two, and as often happens, more or less singing, form a solemn, appropriate and impressive service, the good effect of which is quite as likely to be injured as to be improved by remarks. We have known this custom Let the sound democratic principle of merit govern to be adopted with general favor. As soon as in all these things. people understand that every one is to be treated alike they acquiesce, in most cases cheerfully, while a great temptation to eulogise the departed, and sometimes to make wholly unwarrantable statements about him, is removed from the pastor's path. Let us have simpler funerals in this respect as in others. her guests no wine.

- The sentence of Lefurgey, an account of which given in another column, is quite generally considered unnecessarily severe. Probably no one will undertake to censure the Judge who pro nounced the sentence as he doubtless believed he was administering the law as he is sworn to do but very many will think there might have been the exercise of judicial discretion which, it is stated, the law permits. That the community should be protected against the circulation of counterfeit money is very true, and it is no doubt necessary that severe penalties be provided for those guilty f manufacturing and circulating counterfeits. I is, however, questionable whether in any case imprisonment for life should be the punishment of this class of criminals. But even if there are cases where such punishment ought to be inflicted, Leargey's crime so far as it is known to the public bes not appear to have been of the grave character receive the extremity of the law's penalty. there are facts known to the Judge and other officials which warrant it, the public ought to be quainted with those facts, so that the public mind may be disabused of the impression now felt hat the punishment is out of all proportion to the

The benefits of the Prohibitory Law of Maine were strikingly demonstrated during the recent coubles in that State. The State was probably ever before so thoroughly excited. At the Capital specially there was most intense excitement Everywhere it was feared there would be violence to one would have been surprised any day to read Their interest in the paper as indicated in the despatches of bloodshed. But all this was voided. It is fair to attribute the absence iolence to the fact that there was no drinking, n lrunkenness. Day after day the State House at xcitement, faces white with passion, every fibre of trained from any act of violence.

Suppose there had been free rum! Fighting and loodshed and murder would have been inevitable. Neal Dow tells of a gentleman from Ohio who was host we are sure-and great results present, and looking down upon the mass of excited

'This is wonderful. There is no other State in such a spectacle as this could be seen. Such mass of people in a state of the greatest excitemen and exasperation—the Republicans, feeling themselves shamefully wronged, outnumbering the party of the conspirators more than five to one-and ye there is no act of violence. I see the reason of it There is no sign of drink here. If there were but few men here excited with liquor, or even one such man, a bloody fight would be inevitable. This spectacle is an emphatic vindication of the Maine Law, which puts down the grog-shops and Mrs. Comstock, a Quaker lady, who has been renders drinking disreputable; a striking proof of

THE SCHOOLS.

Examining the Educational Circular, to which we nours that have several times reached us of certain pinions prevailing in some sections of the Province, is stated that last year in the United States twenty- the regulations recently issued for the government six ministers from other denominations were re- of the schools in respect of the new system of inceived into orders or as candidates therefor in the spection. The opinions to which we refer are to Episcopal Church. Everybody will hope they have the effect that the "Standards" prohibit the study of any but given subjects in country schools. Where ly they are demoralizing and debauching the young this view obtains it is not difficult to make the people of the country. It says : Standards" assume a very offensive character, and to make them appear to say, "Because you are sufficient reason to be offended and indignant. Beother denomination is applicable to ours. It is that | fore examining we were sure that there was a serious there should at once be a determination in all the misconception of the intention of the Board of churches that "a great deal more shall be done for Education. We knew that no body of sensible men the spread of the gospel, this year, in home and would think of issuing such prohibitory rules. Now foreign fields, than has been done in any previous that we have the regulations before us we are conyear. We are capable of doing very much more firmed in our previously held and expressed opinthan we have ever done. We can not afford to ion. The course of instruction simply states the which attract the eye to these filthy sheets are al neglect our opportunity. If we come up to this subjects upon which the schools will be annually ways sensational, overwrought, and frequently obwork according to our ability, it will do more to examined by the Inspectors, upon which examinaplace us in a true position before the religious tion the classification of the schools will depend world than can be accomplished by any other There is nothing in the regulations which precludes far as it may please teacher and pupils to pursue it. Anything that may be taught in one school may be taught in any other school if the teacher and trustees are willing. The Standards expressly indicate, however, the subjects on which the schools will be inspected; and after an examination of them we

are strongly of the opinion that by the time the teachers thoroughly work up to them they will find, in most cases, that they and their pupils have had sufficient to do. If they can do more there is not only nothing to prevent them but every encouragement to do it; if they do something else to the neglect of the subjects specified in the Course of Instruction there is no law of regulation to prevent them. In the latter case, however, the pupils will suffer in that they will have neglected the very branches in which it is most important they should be proficient, and the schools will suffer in the

naturally be objected to by parents, and the second by the teachers themselves as affecting their pockets. The Standards, as we understand them, are likely to increase the efficiency of the schools. there are anything involved in the regulations, no appearing on their face, which may bear hardly on teachers or schools they ought to be pointed out. Whether the Inspectors in the examinations now going on are classifying the schools according to the Standards we are not definitely informed. Of course the examinations should be according to the examination. Simple justice to teachers, whose classification, requires that they should have rea-

cold that there was but little demonstration on the quite fair. Every teacher may receive as much as arrival of the Princess, a fact which must have heretofore if his work is thoroughly done. If the greatly disappointed Halifax which so delights go- school does not show that he has done good work of society. ing into ecstacies over distinguished people. It is then his grant will be somewhat reduced. The Inquite probable, however, that the Governor General spectors are in some respects not to be envied we and wife, who are very common-sense people, were think, for almost every teacher who is not classified quietly glad that something saved them from the according to his own idea will be sure to charge the low classification to the incompetency or ill-will

This appears also to be fairness in throwing the "Superior allowance" open to all the schools, in stead of allowing but one school in a Parish to participate in it as heretofore. By the new arrangemorning. They are to remain in Montreal a couple | ment all schools in the country which pass pupils in Standard VI., and those in cities and towns which pass pupils in Standard VIII. may share in the superior allowance. Many country schools may and no doubt will be ambitious to secure a share of it and will soon succeed in doing so. In this con. nection we may suggest that it is time, we think, that the Grammar School grant was thrown open to all in the same way. Some schools which receive of this grant are not nearly so deserving of it, if reports be correct, as some that have to get along without it. The schools which actually give higher education should receive this grant, and in proportion to the number of pupils educated. There is nothing to justify discrimination in favour of certain schools on the ground of their location merely or because they have been long established or because "it has always been so." Such discrimination is doubtless are many, but they only prove the rule. directly opposed to the genius of our institutions.

> This month has five Sabbaths, something which does not often occur in February.

IMMORAL LITERATURE.

The extent to which the circulation of obscene books, papers, pictures, &c., is carried, is, perhaps, scarcely understood by the people of this country. Fortunately, Canada is not so greatly cursed in this respect as is the neighboring Republic. Our laws rohibit the circulation through the mails of certain papers known to be of immoral character. But they lo sometimes find their way into the mails and so are sent all over the country. The Postmaster General did a praiseworthy thing when a few months ago he municated to the Postmaster General of the United States the Canadian law touching these pubications, and requested that the postal authorities of the States use whatever means they could to prevent the forwarding of the obnoxious matter through their mails to Canada. The United States Postmaster General promptly issued an order to Postoffice officials in accordance with the request of our Postmaster General. In the United States the circulation of vile pub

ications has reached enormous proportions, if we are to judge by the attention the decent press of the country is giving to the matter and by the efforts being made to prevent the wretched work. The Society for the Suppression of Vice is apparently doing a good work though its work is prose cuted in the face of greatest obstacles. The annual eport of the Society made a few days ago shows that the last year's labors were more successful, all things considered, than those of any previous year. Mr. Anthony Comstock is the agent of the Society and he is most indefatigable in his labors. The Report tells that through the efforts of the Society. laws for the suppression of vice have been passed i Massachusetts and Connecticut, and ordinanc adopted in several cities of the West against the augusta was crowded with people in a state of great | sale of the Police Gazette and kindred publications Similar societies were organized in Detroit, Toledo the body tense with rage; but all were self-re- Rochester and Providence, and public meeting were held in a large number of other places, the result of which has been to greatly enlarge it scope and correspondingly increase its power.

The suppression of fifty lottery and gamblin firms in New York and elsewhere are not the least of the good results; and recently no less than eight Wall street bogus firms, which obtained money from persons at a distance, by circular and personal letters for investment in stocks, but never made any return whatever to their deluded patrons were exposed and broken up.

A summary of the work for the year is as follows Persons tried in the United States courts, 35; in State courts, 9; convicted, 16; sentenced, 12; rearrested, 1; disagreements by juries, 1; bad bonds forfeited, \$580; imprisonments imposed, 3 years and 7 months; amount of fines imposed, \$3,715; convicts pardoned, 2; books seized, 9,850 pounds circulars, songs, etc., 74,700 pounds; open letters seized on the person, 38,250; letters ready for mailing seized, 349; names and post-office addresses eized, 478,825; miles traveled by agent outside of ity, 20,250. The most important trial was that of D. B. Bennett, editor of the Truth-Seeker, who was sentenced to thirteen months' imprisonment. The total expenses of the year were \$8,357.19; and the total receipts, \$7,820.18.

All good people must be glad to know of the success of this Society.

The New York Christian Advocate, speaking of a class of publications -- dime novels and weekly papers of various names-which are sold in the book stores almost everywhere, shows how effectual-

"They are debauching the morals of youth, and also of readers of more mature age. They are fillcountry schools you may go thus far in your studies | ing dens of infamy in every city. They are crowdbut not a step farther." Of course where they are ing prisons and penitentiaries with convicts. Like regarded as of this discriminating and tyrannical the frogs of the Egyptian plague, they make the that needs proof that twice five are ten. character they are decidedly offensive; and if this whole land offensive by their presence. They are view of them were correct the people would have particularly destructive to imaginative and untrained boys and girls who do not enjoy the blessings of sound Christian education. They pass like yellow fever germs or cholora spores into the mental constitution of the readers. The imagination is vitiated, the whole current of thought becomes sensual, and the character, complexion, and outgoing of the external life, earthly and devilish. The pictures scene. The stories which dribble through their pages are often mere directories to vice and crime. Religion is held up to ridicule, and pure morals to is covered with gaudy and intoxicating flowers.

"Many a saintly soul has mourned in secret over at Butternut Ridge and North River. the irreparable harm suffered from early familiarity with such literature. Its stain is almost ineradi cable, and its stench abides in the memory like the remembrances of an Aceldama. Four or five boys suddenly absented themselves from their homes, and were discovered, after the lapse of about a week, in a hut on the side of the mountain close by their native village. The hut was found to contain provisions, money, pistols, and a bottle of brandy, all of which had been stolen from the parents by their sons, who intended to become brigands, and to pass through life in the sham heroic style.

"The would-be brigands confessed that the peri odicals and the volumes indicated had filled their heads with those wild notions, and instigated their matter of classification; the first of which would respective escapades. How many boys, of whom the world never hears, have been thus led into crime, drunkenness and utter ruin, we can only

from this terrible poison. The records of the police courts are full of sad examples. The old adage, that "a man is known by the company he keeps," is no less true of immature youth. If chosen, bad books and immoral papers prove more dangerous than evil companions; for the latter may have some qualms of conscience, some conscious intervals Standards, but the classification should not be with in which the better elements of nature come into evil, only evil, evil on principle and from design, Government allowance depends in part upon the and that continually. We have pest-houses for small-pox patients, and the same principles which justify their establishment, and the segregation of nuisances, and the incarceration of their editors,

IRELAND'S TROUBLES.

THE "FREEMAN" TO THE RESCUE. The Freeman in a recent article replying to the INTELLIGENCER said: "It is not true the Irish world." Now let it be understood that there are Irish and Irish. Those who compose one class are much what they are as a fruit of Romanism another class is composed of law-abiding, sober, steady and industrious men, characterized by sturdy manliness largely the fruit of Protestant training. The latter do not appear in the evil calendars of the world, and the Freeman is not their champion. They live in an atmosphere as different from and superior to that in which the Freeman lives and moves and has its being as is daylight to darkness; and they embody principles which the Freeman and its kind love to ridicule, but which the world recognizes as the essence of true progress. Confining our remarks for the present to this Dominion we are able unhesitatingly to affirm that the Roman Catholic population is the most ignorant amongst us. If the old adage that "Ignorance the parent of crime" be true, there need be no surprise at the crime that characterizes one class of our Irish population. The exceptions may be and That the great body of Irish Romanists in this er. Last Sunday one was baptized. There is quite country, as also in the States and England, are less a number anxiously seeking the way of salvation. educated than the body of subjects around them The young people are holding prayer meetings cannot be denied. And this state of things is not among themselves, and are working with commend- adopted self-interest or public opinion would soon attributable to the "Hedge School" of generations able zeal. ago but to the priestcraft of to-day. Keeping the Mrs. President Hayes adheres strictly on all occasions to her temperance principles. She offers begun. God has been gracious and the church is satisfy the desires of the Irish people. If so, by all little from this it is the children who have got to 1,000 people gathered at Music Hall in Boston re-Mrs. President Hayes adheres strictly on all above distinctions in view, we can "dispassionatelines-" Irish" as such, and "Roman Catholic" as thoroughly revived. Meetings have been held means let it be tried.

Penitentiary.	NATIONALITY.				RELIG'ON	
	Ireland.	Scotland.	England.	Other Places	Catholic.	Protestant.
Kingston, St. Vincent de Paul, St. John, Halifax, Manitoba,	30 4 22 3 1	9 1 2 1 0	41 8 6 8 0	210 173 121 21 8	163	154 23 70 27
Total,	60	13	63	533	390	279

Protestants, 279; Catholics, 390.

It is interesting to turn to the Roman Catholic Chaplain's report of St. Vincent de Paul. He says: "Ignorance is the source of many crimes, and it is sufficient to look over the statistics furnished by our various penitentiaries in order to see what an enormous crowd of criminals is furnished rom the class of ignorant people." He adds : Crime is increasing amongst us in an alarming nanner. * * * Within the last ten or fifteen years, especially, crimes of every kind have multiplied with astounding rapidity.

Please remember that in the penitentiary which he reports there are 163 Roman Catholics and only

Surely the Freeman will not say in the face of these facts that the ignorance and crime alluded to is caused by the Public Schools in Quebec. How is it that where the Freeman's Church is dominant such a state of things should be pictured, not by a prejudiced Protestant, but by a chaplain representing its own Church. Has Canada forced his friends to establish "Hedge Schools" in Quebec? Will the 'Hedge School" plea do service there? What is the root of the ignorance complained of? Is it far to seek? With a Church using weapons of persuasion and also weapons of terror, how is it that such ignorance and crime exist? Plainly, because Romanism and ignorance go hand in hand and ignorance and crime go hand in hand. The Roman Catholic chaplain of the St. Joh

gnorance and pernicious associations.' The "ignorance" is lamentable and but too tru of a large class in St. John, both in jail and ou of it; a class not "French Canadian nor English. but the friends that the Freeman seeks to champion The "pernicious associations" are well understood They are in St. John and across Canada and in the States, sustained by the friends of the Freeman That paper being the advocate and defender of

Penitentiary reports his charge as " poor victims o

naplain regrets.

The facts presented from official returns show inclusively that one class of Irishmen do figure in the evil calendars of Canada; that in proportion to population they figure prominently; they also show of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, those who are tabulated in the evil calendars. ings around; but still the facts remain. All its Saint John, aged twelve years. figments will not change them. And what is true employed at stone-cutting in Pembroke, in the the end of two or three weeks a living skeleton. of Canada is equally true of Great Britain and the State of Massachusetts, United States of America United States, as official statistics clearly demon- and left there in the month of December, now last strate. Should the Freeman be rash and deny | Past again the opinion given, we will try to furnish the data. Of course the Freeman understands it is of North Hansom, State of Massachusetts, to whom ward Sullivan, son of the late Rev. E. Sullivan-is more trouble to be aggressive than ignorantly or I loaned money at different times. axiomatic experience is the privilege of a journal the same denomination found upon my person

DENOMINATIONAL.

REV. F. BABCOCK has been quite ill for a couple in the Province of New Brunswick, but did not inof weeks and unable to fill his pulpit. He was form me that the said bills were forged or counterable to be out last Sabbath.

Woodstock.—The revival interest in Woodstock continues. There is meeting every evening. The George McQuinn, of Moncton; that he did the enattendance is large, and a good number seem anxiously seeking salvation.

REV. E. WEYMAN.—The many friends of Rev. E. Weyman, now the oldest minister in the denomination in this Province, will be glad to know the teaching any lawful subject, and pursuing it as scoffing and contempt. Sensuality and vice are that he is in good health. He has just returned clothed in attractive grab, and the mouth of the pit | home after a seven weeks' tour during which he | Quinn, of Moncton. visited several destitute churches, including those

TRACEY MILLS, C. Co. -Rev. A. Taylor, pastor, is holding a series of special services at Tracey Mills.

DEDICATION.—The new F. C. Baptist Church at Snider Mountain, Kings County, was dedicated to the worship of God on last Sabbath. The house is beautifully situated in a very sightly place, and both externally and internally is neat and comfortable. It, perhaps, could not be called a magnificent temple or an imposing ecclesiastical edifice, yet it is felt bound to improse the severest sentence proa good country house of worship. The pulpit is vided by the law. The prisoner received the senneat, the pews are easy, the painting is good and | tence unmoved, though he has since complained of everything about it has a substantial and cheer- it as unjust. ful appearance. The brethren have done exceedingly well, considering all the difficulties they have Lefurgey is one of a ocnsiderable group of counterhad to meet, to complete their house so soon and to feiters and issuers of bogus notes. These docuhave it so nearly paid for. Of ministers, there ments have not as yet been made public, however. were present Revs. E. Weyman, J. Shaw, C. T. "The gentler sex, as well as the rougher, suffers Phillips and G. A. Hartley. The day was not He was born in P. E. Island, which he left twenty- Second prize, McKean & Fairweather; Third prize, clear but it was favorably fine, and the congrega- three years ago, at the age of seventeen, and came to tions immense. It was not possible for all the this Province. He worked two or three years with people to be packed into the house. All the min- knee foundry in this city; then on the railroad a isters named took part in the morning, which was Lincoln, five miles below Fredericton; after which the especial dedicatory service. The Rev. G. A. he lived here for four or five years, working in Mr. Hartley preached an appropriate and impressive | Chesley's and other establishments. From this City sermon from John x., 22, "And it was at Jerusalem, the feast of the dedication, and it was winter." came here again and was arrested. He was mar-Legislature. The military have been relieved from the rigidity that will be necessary at the second play—but reading of the character denounced is The sermon, which occupied an hour and ten min- ried about sixteen years; wife died in P. E. Island, utes in its delivery, was listened to with marked and he has two children living-one a boy, four- leigh of Sutton, N. H., has 100 cats, it is said. attention throughout, while many felt that "the teen years old, in Massachusetts, and the other a feast of the dedication" was abundant. The Rev. C. T. Phillips offered a very solemn and earnest the day he received sentence. sufferers within their walls will also justify the dedicatory prayer. Thr opening prayer was made suppression of the papers complained of as public by the Rev. E. Weyman and the benediction pronounced by Rev. J. Shaw. There was also held an for if the following statements are correct. As Vatican... Leap year doesn't amount to muchcontributors and printers as amongst the worst foes afternoon and an evening service, at both of which soon, in that country, as a teacher passes a satisthe congregations were too large for the house. Bro factory examination he becomes a government ground A well-filled nursery is a perfect babel. Hartley, by request, preached again in the after- official for life, and is promoted, not as vacancies noon, when both preacher and congregation seemed occur, but according to his term of service. After Report of Fifth District of the N. S. Free to enjoy themselves very much. In the evening five years' comfortable salary with house rent, he Baptist Woman's Foreign Mission Society. the Rev. C. T. Phillips preached one of his excel- receives a small pension, and for every scholar lent discourses. It was appropriate and full of above thirty he gets an addition to his salary, an figure prominently in the evil calendars of the warmth and good points. The exercises of the equivalent equal to one-third of the estimated cost entire day were highly satisfactory to the people of of each pupil's tuition. When sick or disabled, a the community, and will, no doubt, accomplish small extra pension is provided. After ten years' good. The opening of a Christian temple, or house service the salary, pension and perquisites are of worship, is of itself a happy event. It is a pro- doubled. After twenty years it is again increased. vision for the spiritual wants of the people of the and a life insurance policy is bestowed upon him ty once lost, is lost forever. Mrs. J. L. Phillips says community, and it is to be hoped that with the in- by the Government sufficient to keep his family creased privileges of the people larger results may attend the ministry of the Word of God, and that years he is put on the retired list and receives the in this direction? These are questions that cannot trefere with him would be promptly resented. the worship may become increasingly spiritual and same pay as army and naval officers of a certain easily be answered. Of course the several reports that Jesus may "walk in the temple" often with rank, but he may even then continue to teach and full and glorious manifestations of His presence and grace. If the members of the Church will now "strive together" in prayer and effort they may expect the blessing of God and hope to experience the hallowed purposes for which the house has been dedicated to the Divine service, for "Thus saith the Lord, for all these things will I be inquired of by the House of Israel to do for them. I will in-

PLYMOUTH, N. S .- The gracious work of the

such, and see what account they give. It is hoped | twice a day. This being a Baptist and Free Bapthe fervid Freeman will not try to confuse things. | tist community, the meetings are union in the truest | how the priests of the Roman Catholic Church | will it go on. The Irish shall have their due, and the Freeman's sense. Bro. Lavers, the pastor of the Baptist "lump" their masses. An "intention" in the Church its due. Turning to the report of the Church, has heartily entered into the work. Last Church of Rome means the purpose for which any Minister of Justice for 1878 we find the following | Sunday we both stood in the water together assist- | person requests a mass to be said and pays for it; ing each other in baptism. He baptized one and I and a law of the church is that no mass shall be baptized two. This week we hope many who are said unless its specific "intention" be in the mind seeking the dear Saviour will obey the Lord in His of the officiating priest at the time." But Father blessed ordinance. The Master is with us and McNamara declares that the practice is quite com graciously carrying on His own work. Rev. J. I. mon for a priest to receive the money for one hun-Porter still continues to help me.

> TUSKET, N. S.-Special meetings are to be held this week. The outlook is good. The people are craving a rich blessing and praying for it. At all points on this circuit there is a thirsting for salvation. I am trying with the help named to work all three points. Having set them to work at Plymouth they now can carry on the meetings with in occasional visit. At Little River, Brethrei Porter and Lavers attended part of the week and attended the other days with Bro. Lavers, and Bro. Porter comes to Tusket while I am at Little River. In this way the work goes on all around. To get the Christian workers earnestly engaged is as need ful as preaching and praying. A wise pastor will strive to get other people earnestly to work. Each can do something. Our Saviour not only preached but taught others how to preach. To inspire others to work is as great a duty as to work ourselves. can share in it. God has been gracious to me. He has taught me during these meetings many needed essons. One lesson I have learned is tha while there are many secrets associated with a re vival, sticking to it is not the least important Strong faith, prayerful consecration, preaching the simple truth, holding up Christ; by so doing salvation is sure to be revealed. Patient perseverance in any work is sure to win. Trying or testing for

Pubnico, N. S.-Rev. Wm. Millar is holding special meetings with good interest.

and people will go towork and stick to it.

YARMOUTH, N. S.-A number of the members of this church have been holding special meetings with wonderful interest. Several have found the Saviour. Indications are that God will bless and strengthen Zion. Tusket, Jan. 26th, 1880.

SENTENCED, -Geo. W. Lefurgey arrested in this City some weeks ago for circulating counterfeit oney was on Saturday sentenced by Judge Duff to meet for the despatch of business on the 26th of to imprisonment in the penitentiary for the remainder of his life. When put on trial at the opening of the court he pleaded guilty, and handed the imshops ought to know something about what the Judge the following affidavit: In the Supreme Court.

The Queen on Complaint of James Nugent, against George W. Lefurgey. I, George W. Lefurgey, at present of the City one-cutter, make oath and say:

that my family consists of two children of tender | with the greatest care, and when he got everything Both facts are plain enough, and the Freeman can years, a little boy now residing in Boston, aged ten arranged to suit himself, he would lock himself up look at them any way, and then hurl divers pet say- | years, and a little girl now residing in the City of 2. That for the past five or six years I have been giving himself time to get his meals, and emerge at

formed the acquaintance of one Arthur Richardson,

wilfully defensive. To deny palpable history and 4. That all the two dollar Prince Edward Island bills which were passed by me, as well as those of when arrested were received from the said Arthur Richardson in payment of said debt. That the same Arthur Richardson informed me that he received the said two dollar bills on the Union Bank of P. E. I. from one George McQuinn, of Moncton,

> 5. That the said Arthur Richardson informed me that he was manufacturing the ten dollar bills which were found in my possesion for the said graving on the said bills himself, and that he emdoyed one Andrews to do the photographing for

n. A portion of the said engraving I saw done by the said Richardson, at his said establishment. 6. That the said Arthur Richardson gave me the said ten dollar bills and everything belonging to them which were found in my possession and reuested me to deliver them to the said George Mc-7. That I had no intention of of making any at-

empt to pass the ten dollar bills above referred to but was merely conveying them from the said Arthur Richardson to the said George McQuinn. 8. That I have never before been charged with any criminal offence and deeply regret my folly in eing led and duped into the commission of this great wrong that I am charged with, and humbly pray that the merciful consideration of this honorable court may be extended to me. GEORGE W. LEFURGEY.

Sworn to at Saint John in the City and County of Saint John, this 24th day of January, A. D. 1880. The Judge was not able to accept his statement as correct, saw no mitigating circumstances and

Rumour says that existing documents show that

Mr. Judson Fowler at little River; then in Clark's he went to Boston, thence to Arlington, Mass., thence to Pembroke, Me., from which place he girl twelve years old in St. John He was taken to the Penitentiary on Saturday,

School Teachers in Brazil are pretty well cared from want in case of his death. After twenty receive a regular salary.

Brazil fever now.

a suggestion for the improvement of Ireland's affairs. It is, says the S. A. Journal, that Parliathem, and to advance three-fourths of the purchase money therefor, the principal and interest to be repanies or guilds, as is the case with large tracts near Londonderry. But in his opinion if the plan were The method is surely simple enough, and in the

dred intentions, and then to clear them all off with a single mass. He says no political schemers come near the Roman Catholic priesthood in the wholesale character of their dodges. The deception of saying one mass for a hundred or so was exposed in Germany several years ago. It would be fairer Mrs. Sam. Vickery, if the priests would establish "club rates."

An Interesting Expedition is expected t start soon from Cape Colony. Doctor Holub, already known by many explorations, has formed the plan of traveling across Africa from south to north, from Port Elizabet to Egypt, with a view to facili- The amount of money raised altogether, fifteen tate the colonization of the countries upon the route, particularly those lying between the Vaall and the Zambezi. Dr. Holub has returned to Mrs. Ida Hopkirk, 1.00 Collection taken at Europe to collect the funds neccessary to the execution of his project. The white personnel of the caravan must be composed of twelve travellers, representing as many nations, and their expenses will | Miss. Ora Brown, The glory of Christian labour is that every disciple | be borne by their respective governments if they adhere to the plan which we have indicated.

Religion in the Hebrides .- Some interesting is doing well. Membership not reported. nformation as to the religious condition of the Hebrides was given at a meeting recently held in Glasgow. At the time of the Reformation these islands were left unvisited, and from then till now they have continued very much in the same condition, almost exclusively Roman Catholic, and in a few nights may or may not succeed, but resolute | the most primitive ignorance. At the present time, purpose depending on the Lord is sure to succeed. in a population of 500 in the island of Eriskay, The set time for God to visit Zion is when minister | there is only one Protestant family while in the islands of South Uist, Barra, and Benbecula with a population of about 8,000, it has been calculated that not one out of eight is a Protestant. To dispel the ignorance that prevails in these islands the public schools only go a certain way, and an association of Glasgow ladies maintains several schools for high-class education.

PARLIAMENTS.—The British Parliament is t meet next week. The Queen will be present in person to deliver the speech. The Parliament of Canada will meet next Thurs-

The Legislature of New Brunswick is summo

The Nova Scotia Legislature is to assemble on

the same day as that of New Brunswick. The Ontario Legislature is now in session. HIS WAY OF WORK, -Referring to the late Prof.

DeMille, a gentleman connected with Harper & Brothers, who published the deceased gentleman's works, says,-" His habits of composition were, to Laura Hicks, J. That I am a widower of the age of forty years; say the least, peculiar. He always formed his plots in his study until he completed his work, hardly

TUSKET REFORM CLUB. - This Club has been reorganized, and is now one of the best Temperance Clubs in Yarmouth County. The President-Eda young man of ability, and well suited for such a position. The young people have taken hold of it with earnestness of purpose; and it bids fair to have a useful and prosperous existence.

A Specimen.—A catechism used by Roman Catholics in Chili is said to contain the following teaching concerning Protestantism: "The Protesant doctrines are horrible in theory and immora practice, abhorrent to God and to man, vicious society, contrary to all purity of thought, and levoid of all shame. Neither the Pagans nor the Turks have ever attained to such impiety of doc-RELIEF FOR IRELAND .- Alex. Gibson, Esq., has

ent \$500 to the Irish Relief Fund. Halifax is subscribing quite liberally to the Fund. Exclusive of the Ward subscriptions which have

Charlottetown has contributed about \$2,000. No tatement has yet been made of the amount conributed in this city.

NEVER Too OLD. -All the strange things do not appen in far-away places. The St. Stephen Courer tells of a "happy event" which took place in Charlotte County a few days ago. Mrs. Wm. Sargent, aged seventy-two, and Mr. David Hill, aged seventy-three, a resident of the Ledge, N. B., were joined in the bonds of matrimony. POLITICAL. - The health of Hon. Alex. McKenzie

s very poor. It is stated that he will resign the eadership of his party, and that Mr. Blake will be such as those from "Ellsworth," are read with in-

Legislature of course engaged their attention chiefly. THE AWARDS. -The prizes for plans of new Legislative buildings have, it is understood, been award-The following is a sketch of the prisoner's career : ed as follows : First prize, J. C. Dumaresque

Allison & Brown.

SUNDRIES.

A war against fast dances is being waged by the to be in operation the coming summer. Catholic clergy of Quebec . . . A tree cut down looks chop-fallen Gonzales, who recently attempted to shoot King Alfonso of Spain, has been pro- and high wind on the 21st inst., causing a delay of nounced insane by physicians Mary Jane 'Wad- | the mails. It was a go-as-you-please in Maine until the Su preme Court laid down the rules of the walk . . The people of Mosul are selling their children to procure food....Pope Leo's banker at Rome has absconded, taking \$150,000 belonging to the

Sept. 11th and 12th, 1879. DEAR SISLERS, -- Have twelve months really past ince we last met in our Annual Meeting? How

swiftly has the time flown by. How sad the thought another year gone into the eternal past, with its numerous blessings, with all its opportunities for usefulness, gone never to be recalled -- an opportuni-"The saddest loss of all is a lost opportunity. But what about the Foreign Mission work this year? How have we improved our opportunities will tell how much money has been raised this year. but it does not seem to me, that when we say, three, four, or five hundred dollars have been raised for Perhaps Provincial School Teachers will get the Foreign Mission work, that tells fully what has been done. We cannot tell, time cannot tell, eternity to procure a verdict against the most notorious alone can tell, the results of this year's labors in the thief if any palliating dircumstances can be adduced JOHN BRIGHT'S PLAN. -Mr. John Bright makes Foreign Mission work. Then shall we know in his favor. A St. Petersburg correspondent says whether all have contributed as God required of us, that the inclination to acquit has grown to be a perthen shall we know whether we have labored as we feet mania. Boys and woman are declared innoshould to awaken an interest, and draw others into cent for no other reason than that they are not ment appoint a commission to go to Dublin, with the work, and sometimes I feel strong in the men, and men are acquitted because they stood in power to sell the farms of landlords, when they are thought—that then, we shall know some souls need of what they stele. One instance is given in crease them with men like a flock, as the holy flock, willing to sell, to tenants who are willing to buy brought from the dark corners of the earth that our which a man stole some coins from a valuable nummites have helped to bring. Surely the thought of ismatic collection, and, when arrested, confessed this ought to serve as an impetus ever urging us on himself guilty, stating where the stolen property through all the discouragements which must neces- was concealed. At his trial he pleaded not guilty, Lord not only continues but seems to grow deep. paid in 35 years. A compulsory sale he recommends sarily be met. We feel thankful to our Heavenly and, in spite of the above facts, he was acquitteen only where the land is owned by the London com- Father for the amount of money which has been by a jury. The efficacy of trial by jury, like all received, yet there is great cause of regret that other institutions, depends entirely upon the peomore did not come in from some points Since the ple by whom it is administered. last Annual Meeting a Juvenile Band has been organized at Beaver River, is conducted by Mrs. compel individual landlords to sell to their tenants.

George Brown. There are now four Juvenile Societies in District No. 5 It is surely one of the

A HUNDRED AT ONCE. - Father McNamara tells they are already trained, how much more efficiently

Miss Francis Corning, Secretary of Beaver River Society reports :- No meetings during the year.

Amount collected by her, Ten dollars received from Juv. Soc., No official report from the Society in Sandford nurch, but the church was canvassed, and the ames of those who donated are as follows: Mrs. Dav. Churchill, \$0.25 Mr. Geo. Bower,

Mr. Silas Crosby, 0.50 Mrs. Jos. Mrs. Louis Churchill, 1.00 Miss Chu Miss Ada Corning, Secretary of Society in Session Hill Church, reports :- The interest fair, had

ss Ada Corning, Miss Maggie Oram, Secretary and Treasurer of

raised, five dollars and thirty cents, which we think Hattie G. Simms, Secretary of the Young Peoles' Foreign Mission Society, in Plymouth, reports: acrease of membership during the year, withdrawn, neetings regular during the year. Had an interesting Missionary Concert, Jan. last. Total

receipts, \$12.56.

Brooklyn Society, reports, the amount of money

Bessie Knowles, Secretary of Society in Tusket Rev. T. H. Siddall, \$1.00 Mr. J. A. Hatfield, \$0.50 Mrs. Asa Robbins, 0.43 Miss Bessie Knowles, 0.50

Miss Larkin, Secretary of Auxiliary Society in Little River Church sends the following list Mrs. Well. Larkin, \$0.50 Mr. & Mrs. A. Larkin, 0.75 Mrs. Wm. Larkin, 0.50 Mrs. Amos S. Larkin, 0.25

No official report from Kempt, but received oney from the Woman's Auxiliary Society, Amounting to, From Juvenile Society,

The Juvenile Society in Carleton presents a very couraging report, membership not given, but we are safe in saying it is not more than seven. Held ts meetings regularly during the year. Spent two more hours each time of meeting in making use ul and fancy articles for sale, the proceeds of which go to the Foreign Mission interest. Had a very iteresting concert in connection with the sale of articles. The money received is as follows:

We think this is doing well for a few little girls. The Society is conducted by Mrs. Emmeline Pit-

The Secretary-Treasurer of Yarmouth Auxiliary Society sends no report, but money amounting t eighteen dollars and eight cents. As we are well equainted with that Society and its members, we ake the liberty to say: Its interest is good. It has held its regular meetings during the year, some f which we have attended. The hearts of those resent seemed deeply moved in the behalf of oreign Mission interests

Mr. Moses Harris by Rev. F. Babcock, \$5.00. EMMA S. BABCOCK, District Secretary.

QUEENS COUNTY NOTES.

THE CHURCHES. - Rev. John Robertson is now pastor of First Johnston Church. The labours of Brother Robertson are highly appreciated. The second Johnston Church is without a pastor.

Rev. A. B. McDonald (Baptist) is still labouring with the Cambridge Baptist Church at the Narrows. Rev. J. W. Shaw (Baptist) is labouring with the Baptist Church at McDonald's Corner, Cambridge. He is now holding special meetings. He baptized one convert on the 18th inst. More are expected to come forward.

SUNNY-SIDE. - The friends of Rev. A. B. Mc-Donald (Baptist) of Narrows, made him a donation last week amounting to about \$85.00. Rev. J. W. Shaw (Baptist), Narrows, was also not yet been sent in, about \$1,000 has been col- made the happy recipient of about \$75.00 in cash and other articles.

> TEMPERANCE. - Johnson Division, No. 62, and the Lodge of British Templars at the Narrows, Cambridge, are still engaged in the good work. The former held a public installation of officers not long since. John Bull Lodge (of Johnston) is also among the workers in the good cause.

"THE INTELLIGENCER" is highly appreciated by its many readers in this County. The Sabbath School Lessons are a good feature of a paper whose whole aim is to do good. Although there is now no Puzzle Department, the younger folks may interest themselves in reading the attractive stories and the letters from India and elsewhere. Letters terest. Though he has left the Puzzle Department The N. B. Government was in session last week. we are still very glad to hear from him. I hope Peparations for the approaching meeting of the the Intelligencer's columns may soon grant us another Puzzle Department.

Sundries. -C. & J. Robinson have erected a tannery upon their premises, at the Narrows. We wish them every success in their enterprise. They do quite an extensive business in the summer season, sawing and shipping lumber.

The new bridge at the Narrows is almost com-

A lime kiln is about to be built at the Narrows The weather has been very pleasant. This place was visited by a heavy fall of snow

The schools in this County are in a good condition. They are mostly well attended and the pupils are well advanced.

Diphtheria is again visiting this County.

CURRENT TOPICS. THE PANAMA CANAL. (Daily Telegraph.)

It seems that some members of the United States Congress are greatly excited over M. DeLessep's peration on the Isthmus of Panama, looki the construction of an Inter-oceanic Canal. It is stated that if the administration chooses to protest against the building of the canal by a French Company, the protest will be supported by both political parties in both Houses. It seems that the Monroe loctrine is to be applied to the case and the principle affirmed that any Canal through the Isthmus nust be under the control of the United States. If any attempt is made to enforce this doctrine, it might lead to war with France, which would scarcely be a desirable result. R is clear that M. DeLesseps has the support of his own countrymen and of the Government of France, and any attempt to in-

> JURIES IN RUSSIA. (Montreal Witness.)

The abolition of trial by jury is contemplated in Russia at present. It has been found impossible

THE INDEPENDENT CATHOLIC CHURCH. (Lewiston Journal.)

The new independent Catholic movement instep to the front, and carry on the work, and if | cently to listen to Bishop McNamara's explanation

Among the France is the Paris, of a pa society in th their cruel pa at home, and snow while r The wife of tors, heard h first time in e plished by 1 pulpit of the pastor. The way transmit ly heard. The leap ? husbands is Love, Cour

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