

PARLIAMENT.

In answer to Blake, Thompson said except in a few cases the prisoners connected with the rebellion were not regularly committed for trial, but were taken in overt acts and held for trial or discharge. There were in all 46 half-breed prisoners, 81 Indians and 2 whites. Eighteen half-breeds were tried for treason-felony, one for high treason, and one for murder. These were all convicted. Of the Indians 21 were tried for treason-felony, one for man-slaughter, 11 for murder, three for arson, five for horse-stealing, one for cow-stealing and one for breaking gaol. These were convicted of the crimes charged. Ten charged with treason-felony were discharged on promising to come up for trial when required. Three were acquitted. Twenty-one, charged with various offences, were discharged at Battleford. Of the white men, Jackson, charged with treason-felony, was discharged on the ground of insanity. Thomas Scott, charged with treason-felony, was discharged.

In answer, Carling said the total number of immigrants reported to have settled in Canada in 1885 was 79,159. At the request of Sir John, Landry's (Montmagny) resolution of regret that Louis Riel was allowed to be hanged was fixed for Thursday, then to be discussed from day to day till a vote be taken. In the meantime the government would not go on with the estimates or enter into the budget till they knew the result of the vote on Landry's resolution.

Sir Hector Langevin laid upon the table reports of the three medical men appointed to investigate the mental condition of Riel. The three presented distinct reports to the government. All agree that Riel had peculiar views about religious matters, but was perfectly sane and accountable before God and man for his actions.

On Thursday, Landry, of Montmagny, moved his resolution about Riel. He spoke in French. He denied that he was set up by the government to make the motion. He objected to the execution, 1st, because the jury recommended Riel to mercy; 2nd, because medical officers had not had time to form a sound judgment as to his sanity; 3rd, that General Middleton considered Riel a belligerent and 4th, that the day for capital punishment for political offences had passed away.

Langevin referred to the difficulties of his position during the past four months, as representative of the French Canadians in the ministry. He then stated what the government had done, how it saw Riel defying the authority of the Queen in the far-off regions of the Northwest, and how it had called on the militia who had responded nobly; how it gave the counsel for Riel every opportunity, paying for witnesses, etc.; how every court that had been appealed to by Riel had sustained the conviction; how the government had sent three medical men to enquire as to Riel's mental state after his conviction and how all three affirmed his responsibility before God and man. The government would have been recreant in its duty to the people of Canada if it had intervened to save Riel from the scaffold on any ground. He deserved hanging if any man ever did. He was hanged and the government desired to meet the resolution squarely.

After Langevin, Amyot followed, declaring that the government had not brought down all the papers necessary, and were shirking responsibility.

N. B. LEGISLATURE.

FREDERICTON, March 13. — The greater portion of the week in the House was taken up with the debate on supply.

On Wednesday, the House went into committee of supply, with Mr. Leighton in the chair, in the absence of Mr. White. The following items of supply were granted:

Blind asylum, Halifax \$720
Contingencies 15,000
Provincial Rifle Association 300
Crown land refund 600
Surveys for railway inspection 2,000
Deaf and dumb institution 2,000

On Thursday, the House in committee further considered supply, Mr. White in the chair. When the educational items were taken up, Hon. Mr. Ryan thought it only right to allude to the \$1,500 asked for the support of school houses in the poorer districts. The money was distributed all over the province and did a great deal of good. He spoke at length.

Mr. Ellis asked, with regard to the university, whether any hope could be held out that the institution would be opened to the young women of the country. He instanced the case of a young lady of Fredericton who had passed through the collegiate school, who had passed the matriculation examination at the university, who had applied for admission as a student last year, and who had not yet been informed whether or not she was to be admitted. He trusted that some hope would be held out to her that her request would be complied with, so that all the young women of New Brunswick might know that they could have the benefit of the higher educational advantages provided by the public revenues of this country for the people. He hoped assurances would be given that young lady that she would not have to leave the country to obtain the education she desired. Although she might, he believed, go to that institution which his hon. friend from the city and county of St. John (Mr. Stockton) had in charge, from which had graduated one young lady who occupied a very high position as a teacher in the girls' high school of the city of St. John. Further than this he would like to have full information as to the proposed change in the term of study.

Mr. Flewelling asked if the government intended sending any one to the old country with the splendid educational exhibit that the superintendent of education had gathered.

Hon. Mr. Blair said in view of the government's desire to save money they had not as yet seen their way

clear to send a special commissioner with the exhibit. No doubt the chief superintendent would make the trip if desired to do so.

Mr. McManus traced the history of the New Brunswick University, and thought the application of a young gentleman of scholarly attainments, who had asked to be appointed to one of the vacant chairs, should have been more seriously considered. Was it because the young man was of the same religious creed as himself that his application had been passed over? Why should professors be imported if persons fit to fill the vacancies can be found at home? The young gentleman referred to is a graduate of the University, and was at present residing in Northumberland.

Mr. Wetmore said that the application of the gentleman referred to had been considered by the senate. The applicant was one whose ability he greatly admired, but the gentleman did not pretend to have it understood that there were not a few branches in which he was not at that time well up. The Roman Catholic member of the senate moved the appointment of the gentleman who got the position. The university was entirely a non-sectarian one, and Roman Catholics and persons of all other denominations were being educated there.

Mr. Stockton said he would like to see the scope of the natural science department enlarged. He was in favor of the four years' term.

The item then passed. On Friday the house went into committee on a bill relating to property of the rector, church wardens and vestry of St. Paul's church in the parish of Hampton, Dr. Black in the chair.

Mr. Pugsley explained the object of the bill, which was to remove certain doubts in reference to existing laws. The bishop coadjutor, who was acquainted with its provisions, had approved of the present act. The bill was agreed to with certain amendments.

Hon. Mr. Blair called attention to the fact that delegates promoting certain bills often delayed their visits here till after the first 14 days of the session had expired. He hoped in future that all bills would be in the hands of committees earlier, so that the work of the house would not be delayed. If this were not attended to, the committees would have to refuse to consider any bills brought here later.

On Saturday in the course of his speech Mr. Adams said he was coming to the remarks of members of the government, made during his absence, that he had assisted while surveyor general in procuring for Thomas D. Adams, of New York, and Mr. Crawford of the same place, large quantities of land on the Northwest Miramichi; that these lands were very valuable; that they had been got for little or nothing; and that he had been guilty of dishonesty in the matter. As a fact the lands had been advertised for sale in the usual way, and had been purchased by the good money of the gentleman named. There was not a salmon pool to be found near the Crawford land, and the purchase of 500 acres for Thomas D. Adams was solely for the protection of the 100 acres above. Talk about dishonesty in the matter. His brother, Thomas D. Adams, would sooner have him burn off his right hand than to ask him to commit a theft, and it was true that he heard the last of the matter. His honesty would compare favorably at least with that of the surveyor general.

Hon. Mr. Blair said that while the hon. member pretended to show a disinclination to refer to private matters, he did not hesitate to insinuate that there had been an arrangement between the surveyor general and the old government. He should have had more manliness and said what the arrangement was. He would ask him now to give the information to the house.

Mr. Adams—Ask him. Hon. Mr. Blair—He has not the courage or manliness to state the arrangement, yet he insists that it was something creditable. In reference to the value of the lands spoken of, that was not of so much importance as was the fact that after the old government had decided to sell no more fishing grants, that after grants had been applied for and refused, these grants were smuggled through in the last hours of the old government.

Mr. Adams—It is not true. Hon. Mr. Blair—It is true. Mr. Adams—It is a malicious lie. Hon. Mr. Blair—I'll state the circumstances.

Mr. Adams—I don't care what you state; you know you have told a deliberate and malicious lie. Mr. Speaker—Order, order.

Hon. Mr. Blair repeated his statement. Mr. Adams—You know you are telling a malicious lie.

Mr. Speaker—Order, order, or I will have to force the rule of the house. Mr. Adams—I will obey the rule of the house; but one thing I will tell the attorney general, that bold as he is, I will not allow him to impute to me any improper motives nor reflect upon my honesty. He told what he must have known to be a malicious falsehood.

Hon. Mr. Blair said that in opposition to the old government, as stated by the ex-attorney general, that no more fishing grants should be sold, and notwithstanding that applications were being made to the government for fishing privileges—

Mr. Adams—That's Postmaster King's story. Hon. Mr. Blair—If the hon. gentleman will have patience he will hear all. Notwithstanding that these applications included the property covered in the lease to Thomas Adams—

Mr. Adams—It is not true. Hon. Mr. Blair—Notwithstanding that the government had decided not to sell any more lands, notwithstanding that they had received applications and refused them, what do we find? Two or three days after this house, by its vote, condemned the old government, a grant is issued for three fishing

privileges to friends of the ex-surveyor general.

Mr. McLeod said that the policy of the old government after he took office was that no fishery privileges should be sold. They treated every one alike in this matter, and he had the assistance of the then surveyor-general in carrying out that policy. He was glad of the opportunity of being able to place himself right in this matter, as some persons had found fault. It was a fact that no privileges were sold after the government had decided differently, though he had reason to believe that grants of lands previously sold were issued at later dates.

News of the Week.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

A bear weighing 315 pounds was recently killed by a Manners-Sutton hunter with an axe, after a very sharp encounter.

A telegram from New York to Messrs. Purves & Warner, states that Charles Ward was washed overboard from the schooner "Sarah Hunter." Ward was 26 years old and belonged to Flopewell Cape.

One carload of New Brunswick exhibits for the Indian and Colonial Exhibition has just been forwarded for shipment to England. Another load will be forwarded this week and the remainder as soon as possible.

St. Stephen possesses a dyed-in-the-wool anti-confederate. At the date of the union he painted the chimneys of his dwelling black, in sorrow for the event, and he still continues to keep his flues in mourning.

Robert Austin, for a number of years a cab driver from the ferry floats in Carleton, has received word from San Francisco that he is one of several heirs to a fortune of \$1,900,000.

A sad occurrence is reported from St. Mary's, Kent Co., which resulted in the death of Mrs. Stephen Leblanc, an old and respectable resident. Her husband, while laboring under a fit of insanity, got up at midnight and using a piece of a sled shoe iron dealt her three powerful blows in the face. Dr. Lamothe did all in his power, but the victim died in a short time. Leblanc has been sent to the insane asylum.

An accident at Humphrey's Mills, beyond Moncton, was quite serious. The train was made up of English goods and in charge of conductor James McDonald. The box cars and the van left the track. The van caught fire from the stove and was consumed with all its contents. One of the other cars contained empty kerosene oil casks, some of which were thrown out. The cars dragged some distance after leaving the track, the trucks of the van being scattered about in all directions. The track was considerably torn up. The train hands lost all their effects.

Inspector McMillan is holding an investigation under oath, touching the mysterious disappearance of a registered package mailed at the Chatham office for St. John, and which failed to reach its destination. The authorities are reticent as to the case, but it is understood that the sum missing is in the vicinity of five thousand dollars. So far as can be gathered the evidence already in shows that the package was forwarded in due form from the Chatham office, but that it did not arrive in the St. John post office. The investigation is still going on, and the detectives are working up the case. Another report places the sum missing as low as \$1,600, but there is reason to believe that \$5,000 is nearer the correct figure.

NOVA SCOTIA.

The "City of St. John" will shortly be placed on the route between Yarmouth and Halifax. The N. S. legislature has granted her a \$7,000 subsidy.

A child of John Campbell, of Salmon River, Truro, about six years of age, was struck by a train a mile east of Truro, Thursday, and killed.

Amongst the despatches from Ottawa is the following: "The tender for the Pictou Branch has not been awarded. Pope proposes to introduce a bill authorizing the construction, which is necessary before work can be proceeded with."

The annual meeting of the Union Bank of Halifax was held on Wednesday. President Stairs stated that the total default of Cashier Clarke was \$40,000. The bank held a bond for \$33,000 from his father, and also a life policy for \$800,000; the balance, some \$5,000, was a doubtful asset.

A colored man named Ebenezer Jones, and his son, of Annapolis, have been committed to jail charged with the murder of a boy named Wallace Carter. We have seen no evidence in the case that justifies the commitment of a man whose character thus far has been free from suspicion.

Three dories of the schr. "E. A. Horton," Capt. Joseph Snow, of Digby, with two men in each, while running their trawls 15 miles west of Brier Island, lost their vessel in a driving storm. Two of the men, Edgar Poste and Herbert Daley, were picked up in their dory yesterday, 25 miles west of Brier Island, by the schr. "Grace Rice," of Weymouth, N. S. They were thirty hours in the dory. They are frost bitten and swollen. No tidings of the vessel or of the other two dories have been received.

The Kentville Chronicle says: About a fortnight ago T. E. Nelson, of Newport, having bought some cattle took a pair of shears with which to mark them. Having accomplished this, he attempted to hang the shears on a nail, but letting them slip the point pierced his shoe and stuck into his foot. The wound was poisoned, but as it gradually grew worse Dr. Weeks was called in, but without avail, for blood poisoning set in and he died Sunday morning after enduring terrible suffering.

OTHER PROVINCES.

The sentence of Alexander Gillis, found guilty of murdering Callaghan, the cemetery-keeper at Charlottetown, P. E. I., has been commuted to imprisonment for life in Dorchester Penitentiary. Every preparation had been made for hanging Gillis.

An unknown man committed suicide at Niagara Falls Friday morning, by deliberately jumping into the river from a small platform at the north end of Cedar island, and coolly swimming right over the the cataraet. The act was witnessed by a gentleman and lady who happened to be near at the time.

The largest fire in Montreal for a long time occurred Wednesday afternoon, and destroyed the business places of the following firms: Sonne & Leroy, E. Lichtenheim, Park Bros. & Co., diamond steel works; Bacon Bros., manufacturers' agents; New Rockland Slate Co.; china and earthenware warehouse of J. L. Cassidy & Co.; P. M. Galarneau's store; Compagnie Centrale de New York; Mongenais, Bowin & Co., wholesale dealers in liquors and groceries; E. Racine & Co., wholesale dry goods. During the progress of the fire, nine firemen at work on a Skinner ladder narrowly escaped with their lives. The losses will foot to \$200,000, probably three-quarters of which is covered by insurance.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

Earl Kimberly, secretary for India, moved in the lords for the appointment of a committee to inquire into and report upon the state of the government of India. In reply to inquiries the earl stated that Lord Dufferin, Indian viceroy, did not consider the position of affairs at Yennethan, in Burmah, as seriously alarming, although it had been reported that the place was besieged by 9,000 rebels, and Gen. Pentegast had been sent with 3,000 British troops to relieve it. The motion was adopted.

The government has placed gunboats at the service of Mr. Tuke in his work of relieving distress among the inhabitants of the islands along the western Irish coast. Indescribable distress has developed among the people inhabiting the Arran islands, off Galway, who, besides having hardly anything but moss and sea-grass left to eat, are without fire, and often without clothing and shelter. It is not rare to find girls of 17 and 18 years kept in enforced hiding during the day because bereft of every thread of clothing, long ago battered for seed potatoes or roots to feed the smaller children with. Fishing inspector Brady recently went among the miserable people of Arran to distribute relief furnished by the organization of the Irish police.

A meeting at the Mansion House Thursday, called to devise means for the relief of distress prevalent among the poor of the city, was well attended by distinguished people of the capital. The lord mayor presided and received letters from Archbishop Welsh, Sir John Lubbock and others regretting their inability to be present, and enclosing checks amounting to £400 as subscriptions to the relief fund. The Earl of Aberdeen, in an address, expressed sympathy with the distressed people of London, and the distressed people of Ireland. A committee was appointed to receive donations and a resolution cordially thanking the lord lieutenant for his attendance was adopted.

MARKET REPORT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY GEORGE LYMAN, ESQ. DEPUTY CLERK.

Beef, Country, per lb	80 04 to 89 64
Butcher's, "	04 " 74
Lamb, "	05 " 08
Mutton, "	05 " 07
Pork, "	7 " 00
Butter, "	18 " 22
Roll, "	22 " 24
Lard, "	12 " 13
Tunkeys, "	14 " 15
Chickens, per pair	40 " 60
Potatoes, Early Rose, p. bbl.	1 25 " 00
" Kidneys, "	1 70 " 1 80
Carrots, "	0 30 " 1 00
Beans, "	30 " 1 00
Turnips, "	0 65 " 0 70
Parsnips, "	1 50 " 0 00
Cabbage, per head	0 10 " 0 15
Eggs, "	0 16 " 0 17
Buckwheat, Rough, per cwt.	1 70 " 0 00
" Grey, "	1 90 " 0 00
Hams, per lb.	0 10 " 0 11
Shoulders, "	0 07 " 0 08
Green Hams, "	0 08 " 0 09
Hams, smoked, "	0 08 " 0 00

The market has been good for the last week.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 Wall St., N. Y.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

THE MOST WONDERFUL Family Remedy EVER KNOWN. FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

37 CURES—Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhoea, Kidney Troubles, and Spinal Diseases. Pamphlet free. Dr. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

PARSONS' MAKE NEW, RICH BLOOD PILLS

These Pills were a wonderful discovery. No others like them in the world. Will positively cure or relieve all manner of disease. The information around each box is worth ten times the cost of a box of pills. Find out about them and you will always be thankful. One pill a dose. Illustrated pamphlet free. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Dr. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 C. H. St., Boston.

Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. It cures chicken cholera and all diseases of hens. Is worth its weight in gold. It is strictly a medicine to be given with food. Illustrated book by mail free. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. 25¢ lb. air-tight tin cans, \$1; by mail \$1.20. Six cans by express, prepaid, for \$5.00. Dr. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston.

DANIEL & BOYD.

Grey Flannels—all widths; Navy Blue Flannels; Scarlet Saxony Flannels; White Medium Flannels; Rock Maple Shirtings; Plain and Compound Winceys; 3 Colors Colored Dress Goods; Black French Merinos; Black Italian Cloths; Superfine Worsteds; Canadian Tweeds; Complete Ranges of Union and All-Wool Homespuns from the best makers; Plain and Check Etoff Tweeds; Cardigan Jackets; Wool Clouds, Wool Squares; All-Wool White Blankets; Grey Union Blankets for lumbermen; Horse Rugs.

Letter orders receive prompt attention, and where selections are left to us, goods are carefully selected by a competent staff, and the best value given.

DANIEL & BOYD, MARKET SQUARE.

On Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, a Pullman Car for Montreal will be attached to the Quebec express, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday a Pullman Car will be attached at Moncton.

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