

a snare; and to show that Christianity is not to be held responsible for aberrations of the imagination which belong exclusively to no party, creed, race, climate, or age.

WEST AFRICA.—The Roman Catholic authorities on the West Coast of Africa are, the *Independent* says, becoming jealous of the influence of the missionaries of the American Board at Bihe, and have sent *padres*, with long gowns, to the court of the King, as political agents. Their plan seems to be to form treaties with the native kings. A missionary institute for the training of priests for the interior is to be established at St. Paul de Lando. The mission of the American Board in East Central Africa reports marked spiritual awakenings at two stations, Makodweni and Mongwe. At the latter station a growth of interest among the boys of the school in religious teaching has been noticeable for some time. Just before Christmas a fast was held and prayer offered for the conversion of young people, of whom a number were men in attendance from neighboring stations. At the close of the prayer a number of boys got up, and so anxious were they to be heard that several began talking at once, declaring their intention to renounce all sin and doubtful native customs and become followers of Christ. No fewer than forty-eight made public profession in this way. Since the meeting two more have joined the inquirers and scores are thinking seriously on the subject of salvation. Says one of the missionaries:

"All the boys have ceased to use tobacco; not because they were told to, but because their teachers do not use it and think it hurtful. They have abjured intoxicating drink and magical medicines, and have pulled off their ear-rings and brass wires. This required no small effort; but there has been no falling away.

"We are slow to believe what our eyes behold because the converts know so very little of the tremendous responsibilities they have undertaken, and yet we know that, if they are determined, nothing shall turn them back."

The same course has been pursued by the inquirers at Makodweni. Mr. Wilcox writes from that station:

"Most of those who are now with us at this station have given up tobacco, hemp, drink, and ornaments, and say they have left forever their heathen friends with all their customs, and want to build houses on our premises, and learn and practice the customs of God's people. Should you be in one of our meetings and hear them pray and testify, you might think we have had a Day of Pentecost. But you should know the whole truth. Converts here have just as much of the earthly element clinging to them as anywhere, and among the few chosen ones there are doubtless the many who were merely called and who may only endure for a time, as is the case everywhere in the world. Among them all I do not see yet much poignant conviction of sin. But we have certainly great reason for encouragement in the fact that they show a disposition to obey the truth as fast as they receive it."

ENGLAND'S MILITARY EXPENDITURE.—Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in his speech on introducing the *Budget* recently, in the House of Commons, pointed out how the expenditure had been steadily increasing from year to year, and how the main item in that growth has been on the naval and military services. No reduction of taxation, to lighten the burdens of the people in the midst of general depression, has been possible for a long time past, nor is there any prospect of it for a long time to come. For these two daughters of the horse-leech, the army and navy, deafen the ears of Parliament and the country with their screaming cry of "Give, give," to which unhappily both Parliament and the country are only too ready to give heed. During the nine years between 1875-6 and 1884-5, the expenditure on these two items grew to the extent of £15,000,000. But within the last two years the increase has been going on with startling rapidity. In 1884-5, the army cost £15,961,000; in 1886-7, it is estimated to cost £18,473,000, an increase of two million and a half. The navy in 1884-5, cost £10,708,000, and the estimate for 1886-7, is £12,993,000, or a being an increase of £2,285,000, or a total increase on the army and navy of £4,800,000. But if we go further back, to a period well within the memory of many persons still living, the contrast is still more striking. In the fifty years between 1836 and 1886-7, the expenditure on the army and navy has grown from £11,657,000, to £81,463,000. Two or three years before, when the Duke of Wellington and Sir Robert Peel were in office, the naval and military expenditure was still less. In the ten years between 1836-45, the proportion of expenditure on what is called "the services" to the whole expenditure was 25.5 per cent. But in the ten years ending with 1885, it was 34.8 per cent.

"I deeply regret," he said, "that I am not able to propose to the House any serious reduction of taxation, but since 1879, it has been found to be impossible. On a great and continual increase in the expenditure of the country, and no increase, not a decrease, of taxation. It is no longer our revenue, but our expenditure which increases by leaps and bounds."

EXACTLY!—"Without eudemonological pessimism most evolutionistic optimism lead to irreligious secularism; without evolutionistic optimism most eudemonological pessimism become an indolent despondency, or degenerate into religious asceticism."

The man who wrote the foregoing—Edward Von Hartmann—as might be expected does not value the plain teaching of Christ and his disciples. The philosophers of the present age, he thinks, are far in advance of the writers of the New Testament. Certainly nothing like the above can be found in Apostolic writings; and perhaps it is just as well.

UNION BAPTIST SEMINARY.—The annual meeting of the Union Baptist Education Society will take place at the Seminary rooms, Mechanics' Institute, on Thursday, 17th June. As business of importance will come before the meeting a large attendance is desired.

Among the important questions to be considered will be that of giving the Seminary a permanent location. A committee recently appointed to confer with the people of Sussex reports that the inhabitants of that village will endeavor to renew their former offer of £10,000 and site provided other localities will take hold of it in a way to ensure its success.

The closing exercises for the academic year just closed will take place at Mechanics' Institute on Wednesday, 17th inst. Everybody come and see them.

THE SIXTH DISTRICT meeting is to be held at Penobscis, the second Friday in July.

TEMPERANCE NOTES.

—In the Ontario towns where the C. T. Act has recently come in force it is being vigorously enforced.

—Ten bishops of the Church of England, including the Archbishop of York and the Bishop of London, are abstainers.

—Sir Andrew Clark found, on going round the wards of the London hospital, that seventy out of every hundred patients were there through drink, including those afflicted by inherited disorders.

—Here is what the temperance people of Tennessee are trying to get into their Constitution. The last Legislature passed it, and it now remains for the next Legislature to pass it, and then the people can have a vote on it at the ballot-box.

—It is reported that a movement has been started among the Germans to induce all German-Americans to decline to belong to the Knights of Labor, on the ground that Master Workman Powderly has committed the organization to the cause of temperance. In other words, the Order must be discontinued because it is proposed that its members shall be sober men.

—Are you going to make temperance an issue at the polls? It will come to that by and by, and perhaps the sooner the better. What we are going to say now will, we know, cut pretty deeply in the ranks of both political parties. Do not vote for a drunkard, for a man who "takes a spree," even if he should pledge himself to vote for the most stringent liquor law. It is arrant folly to do so. You are not in earnest for temperance any more than he, if you will vote for him. A hypocrite, an insincere man, is a nuisance in Parliament as well as in the church and in general society. —*Presbyterian Witness.*

—Drunkenness prevails among the inhabitants of Russia to an alarming extent, and the government has lately adopted a new excise law which is to go into effect at the beginning of the next year. Its principal provisions are as follows: all the saloons which exist merely for the purpose of retailing grog will be closed, to the number of 80,000. The sale of liquors will be permitted only in hotels and restaurants, and licenses to these will be limited in number according to the judgment of the excise officers, and a fee of \$825 exacted for each. The Russian Finance Minister in announcing the new law says that "while experience has proved that the vice of drunkenness cannot be extirpated by legislative measures, it is certain that wise legislation can at least do much to lessen the evil and contribute to the moral development of the people."

—The following item from a London paper carries its own comment. In the current number of the *Revue des Deux Mondes* there is an article on alcohol by M. Jules Rochard, who presents the following budget as representing the direct and indirect taxation which France imposes on itself in the course of a year in honor of alcohol:

Price of alcohol consumed, £3,639,272
Value of days' work lost, 38,510,840
Cost of treatment, 2,833,680
Cost of lunacy, 92,852
Loss by suicides, 126,800
Cost of criminals, 355,780

Total, £45,559,224

In other words, the drink bill of France, direct and indirect, annually foots up to \$227,796,120.

—Says *The Voice*, "What appears to be the most threatening combination of the liquor interests yet organized, and promises, if it spreads to other States, to become the most formidable instrumentality in the country, to resist prohibitory laws and to influence politics in favor of the saloons, was instituted on March 30 at a secret meeting of liquor dealers in Boston, Mass. About 50 were present. Besides many of the most prominent persons in the 'trade' in Massachusetts, there were delegates from Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and New York in attendance."

The primary design of the movement seems to be to effect such a consolidation of all individual and collective liquor interests throughout the country as the Order of the Knights of Labor is of the interests of the workingmen: i. e. to render it necessary for every person making a livelihood from the liquor business who desires to stand in good order with his fellows, to come within its circle. The organization begins under the name of the Massachusetts Protective Liquor-Dealers' Association. Its capital is to be the enormous sum of \$350,000, of which \$35,000 has already been subscribed.

ALL SORTS.

Tobacco blindness is becoming a common affliction. At present there are several persons under treatment for it at one London hospital.

"Who" said a member of the Canadian House of Commons to the members who were trying to choke him off, "who brayed there?" "It was an echo," retorted a member, amid a yell of delight.

The London Christian states that the report that Mr. T. C. Studt, the Cambridge athlete, had invested his fortune of £100,000 for the benefit of the China Inland Mission, with which he is connected, is "entirely inaccurate."

John W. Mackay, the bonanza millionaire, declares that "money is an accident." Perhaps it is. Still, it is an accident which a man generally insures himself against by entering journalism.

Maud, "Isn't this a queer title for a book, mother?—Not Like Other Girls." "I wonder what she can be, if she is not like other girls?" Mother: "I don't know, unless she goes into the kitchen and helps her mother instead of staying in the parlor to read novels."

"There was a man, once on a time, who thought him wonderful wise. He swore by all the fabled gods he'd never advertise. But the goods were advertised ere long, and thereby hangs a tale. The ad was set in nonpareil, and headed 'Sheriff's Sale.'"

Sir Henry Bessemer now proposes to make steel plates covered with tin, which shall be a mile long. The steel is to be run through the rolls, and will come out plated with tin, and can be cut off any desired length. Patents for the process are to be taken out.

The Rev. Dr. Carey, of Delhi, India, in a recent missionary speech in England, said that there are two William Careys now in the missionary field, both connected with the Baptist Society, and that another of that name, now a little boy, he trusted would yet be a missionary.

LITERARY NOTES.

J. T. Trowbridge's new serial, "The Kelp-Gatherers," is the leading feature of the June St. Nicholas. It is a story of boy-life on the coast, with a strong flavor of adventure and a keen sense of boy-nature.

"How shall we spend the Summer?" is a question more often asked than satisfactorily answered at this season; but the two articles, entitled "The Boys' Paradise" and "A Boys' Camp," will throw some light on this perplexing subject, especially for those city boys who like to "rough it."

"Mother's Idea" holds an idea for girls as well.

The story of George Washington is continued; Henry Eckford has more "Wonders of the Alphabet" to relate; and there are sketches and poems.

The June *Wide Awake* has a charming frontispiece, "Preparing for the Feast of Dolls." Prof. Morse's article itself is full of facts about Japanese children, representing Japan as a paradise for little folks, and the little folks themselves as nearly angelic. Mrs. Brush furnishes a good historical story, entitled "A Tender Heart," and Prof. C. B. G. Roberts of King's College, (Canada) has a story of adventure, "Bear or Birch-bark."

"Some Nantucket Children" is a humorous study of Nantucket peculiarities. Mrs. Sherwood, in her series, "Royal Girls and Royal Courts," writes about the three Danish Princesses, Alexandra, Dagmar and Thyra, and the Danish Royal household. D. Lothrop & Co., publishers, Boston.

Marriages.

GRAHAM-SEWELL.—On the 27th ult. by Rev. C. T. Phillips, Frank Graham and Hilda Sewell, both of Brighton, Car. Co.

Deaths.

CARR.—At Victoria, Settlement, May 22nd, of consumption, Emma, beloved wife of Ashwood Carr, aged 26 years. She was left a sorrowing husband and four children to mourn their loss. Her end was peace.

McNUTT.—At Waiahi, May 17th, Edna Gertrude, infant daughter of Maria E. and Samuel McNutt, aged 2 months and 19 days.

Business Notices.

Moncton Liquidation Fund.
G. Tracy, Hartland, C. Co. \$7 00
G. A. HARTLEY, Treasurer.
June 3, '86.

Notice.

Harmony Q. M. F. B. of N. S., will meet with Harmony church, Caledonia Corner, Friday, Saturday and Lord's day, June 25th, 26th and 27th.

Business Conference, Friday, June 25th, 2.30 p. m.

Social Conference, Saturday, June 26th, 2.30 p. m.

Missionary meeting, Saturday, June 26th, 7.30 p. m.

S. N. ROYAL,
Q. M. Clerk.

PEOPLE IN THE NORTHWEST.
Know from experience that Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor is the only remedy to be relied upon for the extraction of corns. This is the case everywhere throughout the Dominion. Be sure to get Putnam's sure-pain corn cure. At dealers everywhere.

A HEAVY BURDEN.
Mr. George Russell, of Aurora, Ont., says he was a great sufferer from a running sore of the worst description, which baffled the best medical skill, and his life was a burden. He was cured by B. B. B., to his great joy and the surprise of his friends.

Mr. Peter Vermett, Hochelaga, P. Q., writes: "Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil cured me of Rheumatism after I tried many medicines to no purpose. It is a good medicine." Just think of it—you can relieve the twinges of rheumatism, or the most painful attack of neuralgia—you can check a cough, and heal bruised or broken skin, with a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, costing only 25 cents.

OFF WORK.
"I was off work for two years suffering from kidney disease, and could get no relief until advised by a friend to try B. B. B. I was cured by two bottles and consider it a miraculous cure." The above is substance of a communication from Wm. Tier, of St. Marys, Ont.

MODERN IMPROVEMENTS. Among the many articles put forth in the interest of housekeepers, nothing has become more popular than JAMES PYLE'S PEARLINE. Five years ago it was scarcely known; since then it has found its way to all parts of the country. Its utility is acknowledged by all who try it, and unlike most of the labor-saving compounds, experience has proved it to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate fabrics, and we feel sure that no one will be without it after a fair trial.

CURE FOR SORE THROAT.
A prompt and efficient remedy for sore throat as well as croup, asthma, pain in the side, ear-ache, deafness and many other common and painful complaints, is found in Hagyard's Yellow Oil.

Mr. H. McCaw, Custom House, Toronto, writes: "My wife was troubled with Dyspepsia and Rheumatism for a long time; she tried many different medicines, but did not get any relief until she used Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. She has taken two bottles of it, and now finds herself in better health than she has been for years."

WHY IS IT?
Why do so many limp and hobble about on sticks and crutches, suffering from rheumatism, stiff joints and cords, lame back, sprains and other aches, pains and lameness, when Hagyard's Yellow Oil, an unfailing relief, can be purchased at the trifling cost of twenty-five cents.

John Hays, Credit P. O., says: "His shoulder was so lame for nine months that he could not raise his hand to his head, but by the use of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil the pain and lameness disappeared, and although three months has elapsed, he has not had an attack of it since."

PREMONITIONS OF APPROACHING DANGER. In the shape of digestive weakness, lassitude, inactivity of the kidneys, pains in the region of the liver and shoulder blades, mental depression coupled with headache, furred tongue, vertigo, should not be disregarded. Use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, and avert the peril to health. It removes all impurities and gives tone to the whole system.

DANGER AHEAD.
There is danger ahead from neglected colds. A tight cough and irritated throat are the warning signs of lurking danger to the lungs. Hagyard's Pectoral Balm cures colds, sore throat, stubborn coughs, and all bronchial and lung troubles.

Great ease carries with it a certain respectability whether it attaches to a person or thing. This is seen particularly in the case of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*, which is the most marvelous internal and external remedy ever discovered. It ought to be kept in every house.

If farmers and others continue to buy dust and ashes put up in big packs and sold for condition powders it won't be our fault. We have exposed the swindle time and again. *Sheridan's Powders* are the only kind we know of worth carrying home.

IN BAD HUMOR.
"A year ago my head was covered with sores, and the eruption covered my face also, and spread even until the backs of my hands were sore. I became weak and ill. Finding no cure I tried Burdock Blood Bitters. Two bottles perfectly cured me." Statement of Miss Minnie Stevenson, Cocagne, N. B.

The great demand for a pleasant, safe and reliable antidote for all affections of the throat and lungs is fully met with in Biekle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It is a purely Vegetable Compound, and acts promptly and magically in subduing all coughs, colds, bronchitis, inflammation of the lungs, etc. It is so palatable that a child will not refuse it, and is put at a price that will not exclude the poor from its benefits.

HATS!
MANKS & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
11 CASES
—OF—
SPRING STYLES!
—IN—
AMERICAN & ENGLISH
SOFT AND STIFF FELT
HATS.

WE ARE NOW TAKING ORDERS FOR
SPRING STYLE

—OF—
Silk Hats!

CHILDREN'S
SAILOR HATS.

BOYS'
SOFT HATS.

BOYS'
HARD HATS.

GLENGARRYS, &c., &c.

TWEED
Hats & Caps
Made to Order.

67 King Street, St. John, N. B.

THE ANNUAL MEETING
—OF THE—
Union Baptist Education Soc'y

Will be held in the School Room in the
Mechanics' Institute,
In the City of Saint John, in the City and
County of Saint John, on
Thursday, the Seventeenth day of June,
Instant, at Eleven o'clock, A. M.

A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting.

AMON A. WILSON, Secretary.
St. John, June 7th, A. D. 1886.

The Public Examination of classes at the Union Baptist Seminary will take place on Tuesday, 15th inst., and the Graduating Exercises will be held in the Institute on the evening of the sixteenth.

WHITE & REGATTA SHIRTS,
LAUNDRIED AND UNLAUNDRIED.

A full stock of all sizes, 13 to 18 inches, of our Unrivaled Unlaundried White Shirts, at \$1.00;

A complete assortment of Patterns in our Unrivaled Unlaundried Regatta Shirts, at \$1.00, sizes 14 to 17;

Our White Laundried Shirts in 3 grades are the Best Value in the Dominion, sizes 13 to 17 inches;

Our Laundried Regatta Shirts in 2 grades are of Extra Quality this season, and all good patterns;

Boys' Shirts, White and Regatta, Laundried and Unlaundried, 12 to 13 inches.

All the above lines are strictly our own manufacture, the work is first-class, the materials of the best, and every shirt perfect fitting.

Custom Shirts of every description to order at short notice. A large range of patterns in French Regattas for Fancy Shirts.

MANCHESTER
ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

SEEDS, Etc.

The Subscribers have in store, and arriving:

One car Choice Western Timothy Seed; 7,000 lbs. Red, Large, Late Alsike and White Clover Seeds;

2,000 bushels Seed Oats; White Fife, White Russian, Manitoba and Quebec Red Fife Wheat;

Two, Four and Six Rowed Barley; Corn, Field Peas, Flax, Tares, and other Field and Garden Seeds.

Together with a full supply of Groceries, Flour, Meal, Pork, Fish, Feed, Bran, Cotton-Seed Meal, Superphosphate of Lime, Land and Calced Plaster, Lime, Brick, Hair,

Oakum, Tarred and Dry Sheathing Paper, Roofing and Southern Pitch, Tar, Manilla and Hemp Cordage, Nails, Glass, Paint, Oils, Tinware, Crockery, etc.

All of which we offer for sale at low prices for cash, or in Exchange for Country Produce.

P. NASE & SON,
INDIANTOWN, ST. JOHN, N. B.
May 12

INDIGESTION CURED!
FELLOWS' Dyspepsia Bitters.

THE GREAT CURE FOR
Indigestion, Jaundice, Bilious Complaint,
Bad Breath, Sick Headache, Heart-
burn, Acid Stomach, etc.

PRICE 25 CENTS.
Every bottle bears the name FELLOW & Co.

T. B. BARKER & SONS,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

Fellows' Leeming's Essence

Cures Splints, Spavin, Ringbone, Strains of the Tendons and Back Sinews, Strains of the Shoulders, Stifle, Hough Kne Whirlbone, Fetlock, Pastern, and Enlargement of any of the Joints.

CERTIFICATES.

St. John, N. B., July 8th, 1881.
Messrs. T. B. Barker & Sons:

Sirs,—I willingly bear testimony to the efficacy of Fellows' Leeming's Essence as a cure or helper in very many cases of Splint, Ringbone, Spavin, Strains of the Back Sinews, Stifle, Fetlock, Pastern and Coffin Joints, etc. Every horseman should have a supply of the Essence in his stable.

S. T. GOLDING,
Livery Stables, St. John.

St. John, N. B., Jan. 15th, 1882.
Messrs. T. B. Barker & Sons:

Dear Sirs,—I have used Fellows' Leeming's Essence for several years past with great success, and therefore most cheerfully recommend it as one of the very best remedies in use in all cases for which it is prescribed.

J. B. HAMM,
Proprietor of Sale and Livery Stables, St. John, N. B.

St. John, N. B., Dec. 27th, 1881.
Messrs. T. B. Barker & Sons:

Dear Sirs,—Fellows' Leeming's Essence is without question a great remedy for many cases for which it is prescribed. I have used it successfully for a series of years, and I know of many others who speak of it in the highest terms as a most efficient cure for Ringbone, Spavin, Strains, etc.

A. PETERS,
Proprietor Victoria Livery Stables, St. John, N. B.

St. John, N. B., Sept. 10th, 1881.
Messrs. T. B. Barker & Sons:

Dear Sirs,—This is to certify that I have used Fellows' Leeming's Essence, with marked success in numerous cases of lameness in horses, caused by slips, strains, etc., and I have no hesitation in recommending it to horsemen as the best remedy of the kind in use.

M. BLACKALL,
Livery Stables, St. John, N. B.

St. John, N. B., Jan. 3rd, 1882.
Messrs. T. B. Barker & Sons:

Dear Sirs,—From what I know of the great value of Fellows' Leeming's Essence in effecting cures in very many cases where it has been applied, I take pleasure in recommending it to all horsemen as a remedy they should always keep in their stables.

R. T. WOODSON,
Boarding and Livery Stables, St. John, N. B.

St. John, N. B., Oct. 22nd, 1881.
Messrs. T. B. Barker & Sons:

Gentlemen,—Having had occasion to use Fellows' Leeming's Essence at different times, I have to state that it is, without exception, the best remedy that I know of for Splints, Ringbone, Bone Spavin, and the different ailments of the horse for which it is prescribed. Horsemen everywhere should try it, and having once tried it, don't think they would run a stable without it. The cost of the preparation is a small item compared with the benefit that is derived from its use.

ROBERT BUSTIN.

Fellows' Leeming's Essence

Has been in use by Horsemen for more than thirty-five years, and thousands of valuable horses that otherwise would have been rendered useless have been cured by the timely application of this Essence, in cases of Lameness from Slips, Spavins, Ringbone, Sidebone, Splints, Strains, Bruises, etc., etc.

READ THIS.

The most serious outcome of modern social life is the prevalence of Dyspepsia and Indigestion. No one is altogether free from one or the other of the manifold forms in which this scourge attacks the human body, and it would seem that no dietetic rules can be framed which would ensure deliverance from the insidious attacks of this foe, which, however mild, are liable to pass into the more confined or chronic state of the complaint particularly when they occur frequently or are neglected.

Every person suffering from Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Stomach out of order, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Loss of Sleep, Wakefulness, Jaundice, Bilious Complaint, Bad Breath, Loss of Appetite, etc., should try

Fellows' Dyspepsia Bitters.

One million bottles sold in the last few years. Price 25 cents.