

News of the Week.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The town of Moncton's receipts for August amounted to \$13,839.82, all but a few hundred dollars being taxes paid in to secure the discount.

Cain Whitney, the deformed Indian, so well known in northern New Brunswick, died on Thursday or Friday of last week and was buried on Sunday last. *Miramichi Advocate.*

The marsh hay yield this year is one of the best that has been seen for many seasons. This is very fortunate since the highland hay crop was far below the average. The hay lots on Grassy Island, in the St. John river, brought a good total sum, over \$800.

All the barns and outhouses on George E. Stoford's farm, two miles below Fredericton, were destroyed by fire early Saturday morning. One hundred tons of hay, belonging to I. R. Golding and Robert Aitken, were also destroyed. There was no insurance on the buildings, but \$800 on the hay. The origin of the fire is unknown.

John M. Wright, of Snider Mountain, Kings Co., sowed 24 lbs. of oats of a new variety called the Welcome, and harvested 28 stalks. As the oats are not threshed the full amount of yield cannot yet be decided. The seeds on seven stalks, the produce of one seed, were counted; it contained 1,431 seeds. The oats were raised on light loamy soil.

One hundred and sixteen natives of Scotland arrived here by steamer on Friday last and have taken up their abode at Milltown, where ninety-nine of the number will become operatives in the cotton mill, the party having been brought here by that company. They are healthy looking people, gathered from the different manufacturing centres of Scotland, and appear pleased with their transfer from that land to Canada's fair shores.

Golden sulphide, a product of antimony, which is being largely made use of in the manufacture of rubber goods, is in so much demand that it is the intention of some of the antimony companies in New Brunswick to perform the process of separation of the rock from the ore on the ground, and thus save the cost of transportation of waste material. The Lake George antimony company have an agent now in Great Britain who has gone there for the purpose of interesting capitalists in the development of the extensive veins of antimony which are to be found on their property. *Gleaner.*

The body of Charlotte McCafferty, a girl about 20 years of age, was found on Sunday morning hanging in a barn owned by J. McEwan, near the pulp factory at the lower end of the town of Chatham. The body was discovered by Mr. McEwan's little daughter about 7.30 o'clock. The girl had evidently been dead some time. The body was suspended from a low beam by a short strip of cotton. She had evidently reached the beam by standing on a piece of plank, and after adjusting the cotton about her neck had knocked the plank away. An inquest was held and a verdict returned of suicide by hanging.

Horse distemper is quite prevalent in Woodstock and vicinity, and much injury has arisen from it. Not only has work been retarded by the distemper, but quite a number of cases have proved fatal. Of these Mr. Wentworth Winslow, of Upper Woodstock, lost a valuable young beast; G. R. Ketchum, of the same place, lost a highly prized brood mare; Fred. Hale, of Grafton, had one of his large team horses fatally stricken by it; Mr. Alfred Letts had a very fine young mare, which was valued at \$250, carried off by the ail. Many others have also suffered loss, but it is anticipated that the worst is over, and it is hoped there will be no more fatal cases at present. *Telegraph.*

A son of Benjamin Tippitts, aged ten years, was seriously injured at Carleton on Saturday morning. The lad was employed by Lewis Saunders and drove his grocery team and looked after the horse. On Saturday morning Tippitts took the horse out of the barn to give him a drink, and while standing behind him was kicked by the animal behind the left ear fracturing the skull in two places, and inflicting other painful wounds. The boy was attended by Dr. Musgrave, and was afterwards removed to the general public hospital where he received treatment at the hands of the resident physician, Dr. Duncan. The lad was in a comatose state until a late hour on Saturday night, when he recovered consciousness. It is thought he will recover.

Some two months ago, at the instance of a girl named Dyer residing in Victoria county, two men were arrested on a charge of indecent assault. At the preliminary examination the Dyer girl gave testimony, and her supposed assailants were remanded for trial. As soon after the preliminary examination as possible, some parties caused the arrest of the Dyer girl on a charge of perjury. She was promptly tried, convicted and sentenced to Dorchester. The proceeding, it was claimed by the crown, was an attempt to defeat justice, as the girl being the principal witness against her assailants, would be prevented from giving evidence. If she had been guilty of perjury, it was the duty of the crown, after the trial of the indecent assault case, to proceed against her. A statement of the case was submitted to the minister of justice, who has issued an order releasing the girl. Monday the girl was released and passed through this city on the road to her home in Victoria county. The trial of her assailants will take place at the session of the circuit court to be held on the 28th inst., and she will thus be present. Attorney General Blair will attend to prosecute.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Thos. Brown, over 70 years old, of Torbrook, N. S., has sheared 660 sheep this year. His total for the past 56 years is 30,710 sheep.

Joseph Feener, under commitment to the supreme court at Lunenburg, for murdering an old man named O'Connell, by throwing him into a mill dam and allowing him to drown, has escaped from jail, and probably sailed for Boston in a coasting schooner.

Work is steady and there is a good demand for coal with the Reserve mines. At Bridgeport work is very active, and shipments are increasing. Acadia and Drummond collieries are running full. At Spring Hill mines, in the places going east where the men were formerly paid 36 cents, to be paid at 40 cents, and those going west to get 42 cents, the former price per box. The Acadia has secured the contract for supplying the corporation of Moncton with some three thousand tons of coal. *Coal Trade Journal.*

An Arichat despatch of Thursday night gives details of the seizure of the American schooner "Pearl Nelson." She arrived from Grand Banks on Tuesday night, and Capt. Kemp permitted eleven of his crew belonging near Arichat to land at midnight and visit their families. A customs officer learned that fact and visited the vessel early in the morning, but Capt. Kemp had then gone on shore to report. The skipper admitted that the crew had landed during the night with his knowledge, and the vessel was thereupon detained, but subsequently released on depositing \$200, half the usual fine.

Very good progress is being made on the Joggins Railway. Hard pine for superstructures of the bridges has been ordered. Messrs. Duer and Porter have a large contract for trestle work and piling. Grading has been let as follows: Two miles to D. Baldwin, two to P. Wood, two to J. Stewart. R. L. Black has a contract for supplying a large quantity of hemlock timber for bridge piers. The grading commencing at Macdon station can be seen at that point nearly completed quite a distance across the Macdon river towards the summit, three miles distant. Besides gangs are at work at the big cut near the Amherst mine, at River Hebert, and clearing the woods west of the Minudie mine. The lands for right of way have not yet been legally appropriated, but the owners and occupiers have evinced their interest in the work in a very practical way. Not one has offered any factional obstruction to the contractors, but on the contrary all have facilitated their work. The company will not fail to make a note of this generous confidence in its good intentions and to act accordingly. *Sackville Post.*

Last March the Gloucester schooner "Everett Steele," Capt. Forbes, put into Shelburne harbor, remained for about three hours, and then proceeded on her voyage to the banks without reporting at the custom house. Several American vessels followed the same bad example in search of bait and for other purposes. They escaped capture then, and foolishly boasted how easy it was to hoodwink Canadian customs officers and commanders of the cruisers. But these vessels again find it necessary to run into Canadian ports for shelter, etc., and now have to meet these officials face to face. Friday the "Everett Steele" put into Shelburne harbor. Capt. Quigley has long had the "Steele" on his "little list," and hardly had she dropped anchor before the Canadian tar pounced down, seized her, and put an armed guard on board, pending instructions from Ottawa. The "Everett Steele" has 20,000 lbs. of codfish on board. Consul General Phelan has telegraphed Consul Agent White and Capt. Forbes for full particulars. This is the fourth seizure made by Capt. Quigley, and the sixteenth seizure made to date.

The secretary of agriculture has published a pamphlet giving comprehensive crop reports from all parts of the Province. The spring opened up unusually early, much seeding and plowing being done in April. Field work was retarded in May and June by showery weather. After seed time a severe drought set in, which was experienced in varying degrees of intensity all over the peninsula and island parts of the Province. Copious rains came in August, and now hayfields and pastures are showing a luxuriant growth, and crops are rapidly maturing. Potatoes have been attacked by the Colorado bug in Cumberland and Guysboro, and now the rot is becoming generally prevalent. But a peculiarity of the season is that much of the seed planted did not grow at all. In some cases the crop came away all right; in others a quarter or half failed and in some the failure was so complete that the fields had to be repeated entirely. Some indicate that it was early plantings that failed, some late plantings in the line of droughts; others that both failed alike, and that there was no difference observable in the extent of the failure on light as compared with heavy soils. Nova Scotia produces eight million bushels of potatoes. Less spring wheat and barley is growing this year than heretofore. Oats will be a splendid crop but on the whole grain will be 20 per cent. below the average. The hay crop is 20 per cent. below last year and on Nova Scotia's total production means a loss of 120,000 tons, worth at least one million dollars. The price of hay is higher to-day than was ever before known at this time of the year. Apples promise an abundant crop in Annapolis County. Kings County will be a little below the average from various local causes. Other counties give average returns. Yellow Belle-fleur are below the average crop, but Northern Spy and Baldwin are average and of fine quality, while Gravenstein and Nonpareil are abundant and of exceptionally fine quality. Golden Russet, Rhode Island greenings and Ribston pippins are all above the average both in quality and quantity. There has been a marked extension of

the orchard planting all over the Province. Great improvements are reported in live stock of all kinds. The reports on the whole are highly encouraging.

OTHER PROVINCES.

The Dominion Government is buying and slaughtering all cattle belonging to farmers in the immediate vicinity of Levis. The quarantine authorities are bound to stamp out the disease.

The Dominion Government forwarded to the British minister at Washington a statement of the Canadian case, and a demand for the immediate and unconditional surrender of the vessels seized in Behring's straits and seal fisheries.

Two mill hands, named Belanger and Sanfacon, settled a quarrel at Hull, Ont., by a stand up fight. Belanger received a blow which made him comatose for several days. Convulsions set in and he died. Sanfacon has been arrested for manslaughter.

Friday evening, at London, Ont., George Lewis, aged ten, while playing with a loaded revolver, accidentally shot George Bruce, a little fellow five years old. The bullet entered the lad's neck, inflicting a wound from which he died 20 minutes after.

The supreme court of Canada has quashed the writ of habeas corpus issued by Judge Henry in the case of Sproule, the convicted British Columbia murderer. The effect of this is that the sentence of death stands unaffected. The American government will appeal this decision as Sproule is an American citizen.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company's telegraphic system, which is now completed throughout Canada, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and in connection with the Postal Telegraph Company's wires to New York, to which the Canadian Company has a direct line all over the United States, is now open to the public. Arrangements have been consummated with the Commercial Cable Co. for European service.

An Ottawa despatch says: Two officers of the British army—Adjutant General Black and Military Secretary Lane—have been despatched to British Columbia to locate the sites for the proposed strengthening of the fortifications of Esquimaux and weaker points in the Provinces generally. Sir Adolphe Caron, minister of militia, on his return from England, will at once proceed to British Columbia to confer with the officers intrusted with the work. It being a dominion as well as an imperial work, both governments have agreed to co-operate in its being carried out.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

The Standard says Gladstone has announced he will not support Parnell's land bill.

The French authorities at Havre have just seized eleven English fishing boats for infringing on the international maritime and fisheries laws in the Channel.

A telegram from the bishop of Tonguain says 700 Christians have been massacred, and 40 villages burned in the province of Menhoa, and 9,000 Christians perishing of hunger.

Captain Kavaloff, of the yacht on which Alexander was first conveyed from Bulgaria, has published an account of the journey to Reni. He says he would have killed Alexander if the latter had tried to escape.

A letter from Seoul, Corea, dated August 2nd, says that the deaths from Asiatic cholera from July 15 to July 25 numbered 3,140. Since then from 267 to 497 persons have died daily. Coffins could not be obtained, and bodies were wrapped in sackings. In many places dogs and vultures had scratched away the light covering of earth and devoured the bodies.

During the celebration of early mass in the Pilgrimage church, Rodmas, Transylvania, Sunday morning, a panic was caused by the accidental burning of the altar curtains, which were set on fire by the candles. People rushed from the building, trampling the weak under foot and numbers of the occupants of the galleries leaped down on the heads of the crowd below. Several hundred persons were injured, many of them seriously.

The population of Syria is almost in a state of insurrection because of the active efforts of Turkey to force Syrian recruits into the Turkish army. The Syrian reserves have been called out and a general conscription is being enforced. Several thousand recruits have been sent to Damascus. The people generally are much excited. Trade is stagnant. Most of the people are very poor, and the recruits who are sent away from their homes as a rule leave their wives and families destitute.

A terrible hurricane visited the island of Jamaica on the night of August 19. A correspondent writes that the entire pimento crop has been blown off the trees, nearly all the coffee crop for this year destroyed, several parishes of the island denuded of trees, banana plantations destroyed, the large military barracks at New Castle all unroofed, churches blown down, and when the correspondent closed his letter still more serious news of further losses were coming in from the interior. Several ships in the harbor of Kingston were damaged.

The Parnell land bill, as re-drafted, suspends evictions on payment into court of half the rent due. Many Gladstonians disapprove of the amount of reduction. The Parnellites assert that full values justify the demand of over 50 per cent. reduction. The second reading of the Parnell bill will take place Friday.

Gladstone has privately announced that he will return to London Saturday and hopes to take part in the debate on Monday. It is understood that he will support the Parnell bill. The debate will probably extend over four nights.

UNITED STATES.

Despatches to the war department, Washington, confirm the report of the capture in Arizona of Chief Geronimo and his band by General Miles.

A serious cave-in occurred at the Marvin shaft, Scranton, Penn., Monday morning. One man was taken out dead and four to nine others are entombed alive. Rescuing parties have been set to work.

It is estimated that the wheat crop of California will be worth \$54,000,000 this year, as against \$28,000,000 last year; and the barley crop will fetch \$16,000,000, a gain of \$7,000,000 over last year.

The signal corps station at Nantucket, Mass., reports to the chief signal office, a large unknown three-masted schooner sank in the vicinity of Sandy Point. The sails are hanging loose and overboard. No particulars can be learned. Four hundred bags of flour were found near Tucker-nuck Beach marked T. C. N. Y. C.

Mr. Atkins, U. S. commissioner of Indian affairs, is quoted by the Washington Post as insisting that Geronimo must be put to death. "The president," he says, "will probably acquiesce on whatever proposition General Miles makes for disposing of the murderer. This proposition will doubtless be a court martial, which will not fail to award the death sentence. There is no doubt that the public sentiment of the country demands the death of Geronimo."

Mayor Courtenay, of Charleston, telegraphs that in order to shelter homeless people before cold weather sets in from \$500,000 to \$700,000 is immediately required. The mayor estimates total damage to property by the earthquake at from \$5,000,000 to \$6,000,000. The city appraiser estimates there are about 7,000 dwellings and 1,500 business houses in the city, after visiting about three-fourths of the city in the past three days, his conclusion is that nearly every building is more or less damaged. Brick building suffered most, and many of them will have to be pulled down.

The Republicans have carried the State of Maine in Monday's election by larger pluralities than were expected. Bodwell is elected governor by 10,000 to 12,000. The Republicans carry 14 out of the 16 counties in the State, elect three-fourths of the legislature, and carry all of the congressional districts. The prohibition vote, which it had been thought would somewhat divide the Republican vote was insignificant, not reaching more than 3,500 in the aggregate vote in the State of 135,000. The Republican majorities are larger than for 15 years, except in presidential years, but show slight losses as compared with the vote of 1884.

The September report of the department of agriculture shows a better yield of spring wheat than was expected a month ago. The improvement is in the northern belt—Wisconsin, Minnesota and Dakota. The average yield exceeds 11 bushels, and may reach 11½ bushels per acre. In the south the harvest was disappointing, and rains injured the product in the shock. Returns indicate about 12½ bushels per acre. The entire wheat product will apparently exceed that of last year by 90,000,000 bushels. The corn crop prospects indicate over 21 bushels per acre, or nearly 1,600,000,000 bushels. The cotton returns show a vigorous condition of plant and indicate an average yield.

MARKET REPORT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY GEORGE LYMAI, ESQ. DEPUTY CLERK.	
Beef, Country, per lb.	\$0 04 to \$0 63
" Butcher's, "	" 06 " 73
Lamb, "	" 06 " 08
Mutton, "	" 05 " 07
Butter, "	" 15 " 20
" Roll, "	" 18 " 20
Turkeys, "	" 14 " 15
Chickens, per pair	" 50 " 60
Potatoes, Early Rose, p. hbl.	0 00 " 1 00
" Kidneys, "	1 50 " 1 60
Carrots, per doz.	" 15 " 00
Parasips, "	" 40 " 00
Beets, "	" 00 " 40
Turnips, per bushel,	" 60 " 80
Cabbage, per dozen,	" 60 " 80
" Red, per head,	" 10 " 15
Celery, per dozen,	" 70 " 80
Squa h, per 100 lbs.,	" 00 " 1 00
Buckwheat, Rough, per cwt.	1 90 " 2 00
" Grey, "	2 25 " 0 00

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 109 W. 30th St. N. Y.

JOHNSON'S FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

ANODYNE LINIMENT

THE MOST WONDERFUL FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Manufacturing Business heretofore carried on by Mr. Alexander Willis, at the Golden Grove Woollen Mills, will hereafter be conducted under the name, style and firm of WILLIS, MOTT & CO.

ALEXANDER WILLIS. T. PARTELOW MOTT.

THE GOLDEN GROVE WOOLLEN MILLS.

Mills at Golden Grove, St. John County. Warehouse and Salesroom 19 Brussels Street.

WILLIS, MOTT & CO., Proprietors.

ALEXANDER WILLIS. T. PARTELOW MOTT.

Manufacturers of TWEEDS, HOMESPUNS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS, YARNS, etc., etc. Wool carded or spun for farmers on shares, or taken in exchange for Goods, or bought for cash. Every piece of Cloth warranted first-class. Orders sent by rail, steamer or mail, promptly attended to.

HORSE BLANKETS IN STOCK AND MADE TO ORDER.

WANTED—10 Tons of WOOL, either in exchange or for cash.

Wholesale and Retail at

19 BRUSSELS STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, on SATURDAY, the 2ND DAY OF OCTOBER Next, at Chubb's Corner, (so called), on Prince William Street, in the City of Saint John, between the hours of Twelve o'clock noon and Five of the clock in the afternoon:

"ALL the right, title and interest of Isaac Olive Thomas, in and to the following lots, pieces or parcels of land, viz: Lots B and C, as mentioned on a plan made by Deputy O'Keefe, situate on the Old Port (so called), in that part of the City of Saint John called Carleton. Also, Lots 1 and 2, "Ludlow Lots" (so called), each having a frontage of thirty feet, more or less, on the North side of Ship Street; lots 41, 42 and 43 each having a frontage of fifty feet, more or less, on the South side of Water Street; 13, 160, 161 and 162 each having a frontage of 40 feet, more or less, on the South side of King Street, and 169 having a frontage of 40 feet, more or less, on the North side of Duke Street, as marked on the plan of that part of the City of Saint John called Carleton, on file in the Office of the Common Clerk of the said City; Also, in and to a lot of land lying between the New and Old Manawagonish Road, in the Parish of Lancaster, in the City and County of Saint John, and having a frontage on both sides of said roads, bounded easterly by property owned by George H. Clark, and westerly by property owned by James Alfred Clark; Also, in and to a lot of land in said Parish of Lancaster, lying between the New Manawagonish Road and the River Saint John, bounded westerly by property of W. W. Clark, and easterly by estate of Peckham Clark, and land of Clark Brothers.

The said I. Olive Thomas' interest in the said lots being seized and levied upon under an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of the Plymouth Cordage Company.

Dated the 24th June, 1886.

JAMES A. HARDING, Sheriff.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

1886. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1886.

ON and after MONDAY, June 14th, 1886, the Trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted), as follows:—

TRAINS WILL LEAVE ST. JOHN.

Day Express 7.00 A.M.
Accommodation 11.00 A.M.
Express for Sussex 4.35 P.M.
Express for Halifax and Quebec 10.15 P.M.

A Sleeping Car runs daily on the 10.15 P.M. train to Halifax.

On Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, a Sleeping Car for Montreal will be attached to the Quebec express, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday a Sleeping Car will be attached at Moncton.

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN.

Express from Halifax & Quebec 5.30 A.M.
Express from Sussex 8.30 A.M.
Accommodation 12.55 P.M.
Day Express 6.10 P.M.

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office, Moncton, N.B. June 8th, 1886.

New Brunswick Railway Co.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect June 27th, 1886.

LEAVE ST. JOHN INTERCOLONIAL STATION—EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

6.40 A.M.—For Express for Bangor and points West, and for St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock, Presque Isle, Grand Falls and Edmundston.

7.40 A.M.—For St. Stephen, and for Bangor and points West, Fredericton, St. Andrews, Houlton and Woodstock.

4.45 P.M.—For Fredericton and intermediate points.

8.30 P.M.—(Except Saturday night) for Bangor and points West, and for Houlton, Woodstock (except Saturday and Sunday nights) for St. Stephen, Presque Isle and Grand Falls.

ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN:

6.10 A.M.—(Except Monday morning) from Bangor and points West, and from St. Stephen, Houlton and Woodstock, Presque Isle and Edmundston.

8.35 A.M.—From Fredericton and intermediate points.

2.45 P.M.—From Bangor and points West, and from Fredericton, St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock, Grand Falls and Presque Isle.

7.15 P.M.—From St. Stephen, and from Fredericton, St. Andrews, Houlton, and Woodstock.

Saturday night Express Freight Train, leaving St. John 6.30 P.M., with Pullman Sleeping Car, running through, arrives in Bangor at 9.30 A.M. Sundays, connects at McAdam Junction with trains for St. Stephen, Houlton and Woodstock.

Returning, leaves Bangor with Pullman Sleeping Car, Sundays at 3.45 P.M., running through, arrives in St. John Mondays at 6.25 A.M., connects at McAdam Junction with trains from Houlton and Woodstock.

LEAVE CARLETON:

7.25 A.M.—For Fairville, and for Bangor and points West, St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Houlton, Woodstock and Fredericton.

4.00 P.M.—For Fairville, and for Fredericton and intermediate points.

ARRIVE AT CARLETON:

8.50 A.M.—From Fairville and Fredericton.

5.15 P.M.—From Fairville.

H. D. McLEOD, F. W. CRAM, Supt. Southern Div'n. Gen'l Manager.

J. F. LEAVITT, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

St. John, N. B., June 24th, 1886.

SCALED HERRING.—3,000 Boxes S' Landing.

GILBERT BENT & SONS, South Market Wharf.

TEAS.

125 PACKAGES, ex "York City," which, with stock on hand, makes a full assortment of unexcelled values. GILBERT BENT & SONS.

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale his farm in Douglas, York Co., four miles above Fredericton, containing 100 acres, more or less, facing the river and running back to the Nashwaak. It will be sold in whole or in lots to suit purchasers. The land runs across the farm, making it convenient for two small farms, leaving the front with all the buildings and the shore privileges. There is a good manure cellar under the barn. One-third of farm is well timbered with hard and soft wood; there is also a good deposit of muck manure. There is an orchard of different kinds of fruit, sufficient for home use. The farm will be sold with the crop or without as may be desired. If not sold by the first of October it will be sold at public auction, together with all the stock and hay and grain.

Terms made known at time of sale.

STEPHEN CARLISLE, St. J.