

## Mission News.

—Dr. Elizabeth Beatty, a medical missionary of the Canadian Presbyterian Church at Endore, during last year treated over six thousand patients. Miss Beatty thinks that the institution of a hospital and training school for Hindoo women would open a wide door for the entrance of Christianity.

—The London Standard calls attention to the fact that the Hindu festival of Juggernaut has so declined in popularity that not only have men ceased to cast themselves before the car of the idol to be crushed, but the people no longer come forward to draw the car, and laborers have to be hired to man the drag-ropes.

—Rev E. R. Fulkerson, who is at present engaged as tutor in the Tokio Anglo-Japanese College in Aoyama, reports that "all the students in the dormitories, with the exception of two or three, have been brought to Christ. They all seem to want to preach to others as soon as they are converted. Nor are their efforts in vain. They returned recently, and reported about two hundred hearers and twenty conversions during a single afternoon."

—The British and Foreign Bible Society has for the last two years supported a colporteur on the scene of the engineering operations being conducted by M. de Lesseps in the Panama Islands. During the first year he sold nearly £40 worth of Bibles, and last year his work was even more important, both Spaniards and Chinese being reached, besides the English-speaking population. There is a Sunday-school, and also a day-school at Panama.

—Mr. Reid, a Presbyterian missionary in China-Fu, China, undertaking to occupy a house leased for him, was first urged to quit the premises, and refusing he was carried in to the street by a mob, and resisting was pelted with stones until he fell to the ground unable to rise. It requires much of the spirit of Christ to lead men to thus risk their lives to carry the gospel to a people who seem to have no desire to hear it.

—The General Assembly of Mexican Evangelical Missionaries was attended by representatives of 11 different Churches. There are in the republic 393 congregations, 92 missionaries, 43 lady teachers, 146 native preachers, 12,125 communicants, 26,967 adherents, 10 training schools, 15 orphanages, 199 Sunday-schools, 367 teachers, and 4,817 scholars. A significant item in the statistical return is—number of martyrs, 62.

—In the capital of Madagascar the Protestant church has 2,387 pupils. The Queen recently attended the opening services of two Christian churches at Ambokimanga. In fourteen years 700 Protestant chapels have been built in Madagascar, making the number now 1,200. There are 8,000 Protestant communicants, and all the churches are self-supporting. In the Protestant school at Antananarivo 2,387 children are in attendance.

—To-day thirty-four Missionary Societies are at work in Africa, and all its 200,000,000 souls are practically within the reach of Christian missions. Thirty-three societies have begun work in China, and all its 350,000,000 souls may be visited with the message of the Gospel. More than fifty societies have entered India, and the light is dawning upon its 250,000,000. Turkey and Persia and Japan are filling with mission churches and mission schools. Practically the whole world is open, and the grandest day of opportunity for the kingdom of God that the earth has ever seen has fully dawned.

—In an address to the Edinburgh University Missionary Association, Sir Charles Bernard, late chief commissioner in Burma, who has two sisters working as missionaries of the Church of Scotland in India, gave some interesting details regarding the Christian Karens. They number about 200,000, being a third of the Karen people, and there are from 500 to 600 congregations, practically, if not entirely, self-supporting. It is their practice to set apart so much of the produce of their land as will suffice for the support of their native pastors, and this they do before they appropriate any of their harvest to themselves. Nor are they content with self-support. They send missionaries into Siam and regions beyond, where hardships and privations of no ordinary character have to be endured.

—From Mr. D. C. Weston of San Diego, Cal., we have late California papers. Thanks. Mr. W., formerly of Yarmouth, brother of Rev. W. C. Weston of Nova Scotia, is evidently enamoured of his new home.

## Temperance Notes.

—In Tokio, Japan, the members of the W. C. T. U. number over 300.

—Robert J. Burdette, while traveling in California, is making grand temperance speeches under the auspices of the W. C. T. U.

—The new liquor law in force in Atlanta, Ga., provides that the name of a man who appears twice before the City Recorder on a charge of drunkenness, shall be furnished to all liquor dealers, who are forbidden to sell him liquor for one year. The penalty for the infraction of the law is \$500.

—One of the most recent ideas of temperance reformers in Australia is a large milk palace in one of the chief streets of Melbourne. Here in cold weather hot and spiced milk may be obtained. In the summer, frozen milk, iced soda and milk, and milk pure and simple are sold.

—Austria is by no means a progressive nation, but in legislating for the benefit of the public morals she has set a commendable example. The new Act for regulating the liquor traffic is a very severe one, a remarkable fact, seeing that Austria is by no means a drunken country. The number of public-houses must not exceed one to each five hundred of the population, and shops where alcoholic drinks are sold must be closed from 5 p. m. on the day preceding Sundays or Feast Days until 5 a. m. on the next working day.

—The Michigan Christian Herald publishes a temperance map of that state, from which it appears that thirty-five counties have voted for prohibition under the local option law. Only two have gone against it, while thirty-one have not voted. This puts more than half the counties under prohibition. Of course those in charge of this temperance work do not submit the question except where there is a reasonable prospect of success. They hope, however, to carry a few more counties. Of course the question has not been submitted in the counties containing Detroit and Grand Rapids, but it is a great thing to save the country and the towns of 20,000 and under.

—MESMERISM.—Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, who has been giving special attention to mesmerism, making experiments with mesmerized persons, says he has established the fact that while mesmerized the subject is bereft of all moral volition and may be instigated to commit any crime which the operator may "suggest." The Doctor says the laws must take cognizance of this matter; for he found it possible to influence his subjects to commit theft, forgery or anything else at his will. This is startling enough, but in their work on "Animal Magnetism," the French experts, Alfred Binet and Charles Fere, go even further, and declare, "It is possible to suggest to a subject in a state of somnambulism fixed ideas, irresistible impulses, which he will obey on awakening with mathematical precision." Here is one of many similar experiments: "A paper-knife has been placed in the hands of a hypnotic subject, who is told that it is a dagger, with which she is ordered to murder one of the persons present. On awakening the patient however around her victim, and suddenly strikes him with violence."

It is claimed that "the danger of these criminal suggestions is increased by the fact that, at the will of the experimenter, the act may be accomplished several hours, or even several days, after the suggestion; and, worse yet, immediately after the act is accomplished all may be forgotten—the crime, the impulse and the instigator."

—MOODY'S POPULARITY.—Prof. Drummond tells the following of Mr. Moody, which illustrates his Catholicity and his popularity:

"When Mr. Moody returned to Northfield, the Unitarians and Roman Catholics of the place gave him a cold shoulder; even his own mother and brother, who were Unitarians, would not receive him. But by living a kindly, Christian life, he has won the whole town of Northfield to his feet. When the Roman Catholics asked him for a subscription, he not only gave them one, and Mr. Sankey, too, but also presented them with an organ. The effect of that action has been marvelous, and now every Roman Catholic in the place would lay down half his life for Mr. Moody. The priest blessed him from the altar, and told the people that if ever Mr. Moody wanted to build a church they would drag down stones for him from the mountains. This they had actually done, and Mr. Drummond saw piles of stones lying about on the site of Mr. Moody's contemplated church. Thus he gets hold of the people by being kind to them and living down their opposition."

—NEWSPAPERS IN 1888.—From the edition of Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s American Newspaper Directory, published April 2nd (its twentieth year), it appears that the newspapers and periodicals of all kinds issued in the United States and Canada, now number 16,310, showing a gain of 890 during the last 12 months and of 7,136 in 10 years.

—The publishers of the directory assert that the impression that when the proprietor of a newspaper undertakes to state what has been his exact circulation, he does not generally tell the truth is an erroneous one; and they conspicuously offer a reward of \$100 for every instance in their book, for this year, where it can be shown that the detailed report received from the publisher was untrue.

—Mr. Spurgeon mentioned incidentally one Sunday last month, that until lately he knew personally all the five thousand members of the Tabernacle.

OF MINISTERS.—Rev. W. J. Stewart of Portland has been appointed to represent the Baptists of the Maritime Provinces at the Missionary Conference in London. . . . The Rev. Waldo Mesarros, of Philadelphia, has been called to the Free Baptist Church in New York. . . . Rev. Mary C. Jones has been called to the pastorate of a Baptist church in Washington Territory. She has been a successful evangelist. . . .

LIBERAL!—The Earl of Harewood, England, has magnanimously permitted the Wesleyans to build a chapel on a portion of his estate on these terms: (1) That no service is held during church hours; (2) that no Sunday-school is conducted at all, and no Bible-class held during church hours (3) that the Sacraments of Baptism and the Lord's Supper are not administered at all.

A fine specimen of the liberality of an established church.

PETITIONS have been presented to Parliament from the Grand Divisions of the Sons of Temperance in Ontario, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, asking that the temperance question should be removed from the sphere of party politics, by the submission of a measure of prohibition to a vote of the electors of the Dominion.

WHY NOT? The Gibson man, against whom there is a conviction for a third violation of the C. T. Act, has, we are informed, returned to that place, and has been there some time. Why is the conviction not enforced? Will the Police Magistrate be good enough to explain? A good many people would like to know.

—Mr. Jas. Coleman, Supt. of the P. E. Island Railway, died last week. He was for many years connected with the I. C. R.

—The late Emperor of Germany never used tobacco in any form, and the smell of it was disagreeable to him.

THE JUDSON, MEMORIAL.—Dr. Edward Judson, son of Adoniram, has undertaken to raise \$200,000 with which to build a church edifice, as a memorial to his father, in the city of New York. It is said that he has \$50,000 in hand and \$40,000 subscribed on the condition that the whole amount is raised within six months. Dr. Judson is a successful preacher, and having the true missionary spirit, has devoted himself to preaching the gospel to the poor and neglected in the lower wards of New York City. Adoniram Judson spent forty years in India as a missionary. As he was buried at sea, no monument marks his resting place. It is well that a building be erected in memory of him. But whether the building be erected or not, his memory will live.—Standard.

MINISTERS' Moustaches.—A sharp controversy prevails in England because Canon Knox-Little has made an attack against moustaches on clergymen of the Church of England. A friend of ours, while traveling on the Harlem railroad, heard two Episcopal clergymen very earnestly condemning wearing moustaches because some of the wine from the communion cup might be left on them, and so there was fearful danger of its being sacrilegiously wiped off and put in the pocket. To them, evidently, the moustache was an "outward and visible sign" of a lack of "inward spiritual grace."—The Inquirer.

## Literary Notes.

Literature, an Illustrated Weekly Magazine (\$1.00 a year), has certainly successfully taken the field as the popular literary journal of America. Its great variety of contents, handy form, and choice illustrations, make it exceedingly attractive. Foremost American authors are among its contributors. Mrs. Susan E. Wallace, wife of the author of "Ben Hur," and quite as charming a writer as her husband, has papers in two current issues on "The Poetry and Music of the Arabs." For a specimen copy (free), address John B. Alden, Publisher, 393 Pearl St., New York; P. O. Box 1227.

A curious use for Cyclopedias. It is generally admitted that a good Cyclopaedia is a desirable possession for every home. As to which Cyclopaedia is the best for popular use, the "Doctors disagree." Evidently the matter of choice should depend somewhat upon the use for which it is intended. A customer of Alden's Manifesto Cyclopaedia writes to the publisher as follows:

"I have been exhibiting the Manifesto among my friends and acquaintances, and exclaiming on its excellence and wonderful cheapness. There is no reason why every young man in the land who has occasion to refer to a cyclopaedia should not possess it. The laying by of but five pennies a day for six months will put him in possession of a work that will be of lasting benefit. Among those to whom I have shown the volumes I found but one young man who did not need the Manifesto. He has a Cyclopaedia; a number of large volumes; he did not know how many, nor did he know the name of the editor or publisher; but they are very large heavy volumes. Believing he did not frequently consult them, I asked if he ever used them.

"Certainly," said he, "I use them every day."

"What can you possibly do with them?"

"Why, I press my trousers with them."

"My dear sir," said I, "you do not need the Manifesto. Mr. Alden publishes books for the purpose of developing and improving the intellect, and not to give shape to the legs. Do you stick to your ponderous, unwieldy volumes; they are well adapted to the purpose for which you use a cyclopaedia; but the dainty volumes of the Manifesto—how delightful to handle, and how beautiful to behold—are made with a view to ease of reference and convenience of consultation, and cannot be successfully converted into a substitute for trousers' stretchers."—Edward Eberbach, Washington, D. C.

The fifth volume of the Manifesto Cyclopaedia, which has just been published more than sustains the good reputation of the previous issues, being, especially, more full in its vocabulary, and the entire workmanship, both literary and mechanical, apparently being of a higher grade. It is certainly not only a wonderfully cheap, but a thoroughly excellent, Cyclopaedia for almost any conceivable use except that of a trussers' press." The publisher will send specimen pages free to any applicant, or specimen volumes may be ordered and returned if not wanted. Reduced rates are offered to early purchasers. John B. Alden, Publisher, 393 Pearl St., New York; 218 Clark St., Chicago.

Russia is the last country in the world concerning which we should expect to hear that it has a good system for the administration of law and justice. However, according to Albert F. Heard's article in *Harper's Magazine* for May, the judicial system of the Czar's dominions is excellent, and, if honestly followed out, would work to the happiness of the Czar's subjects. But there's the rub. Being an autocrat of the most absolute kind, and judging himself and his government to be in danger, Alexander III. has so modified the judicial system of his country by imperial decrees that it might just about as well not exist at all. Against the ukases the Nihilists have opposed assassination, and so it goes, from bad to worse. There is much to be hoped for in a country where the masses of the people would rather be beaten with stripes than pay a small fine! It is especially interesting to read this article in connection with Dr. Landell's "Russian Convicts in the Salt Mines of Iletsk" in the same number.

## Denominational Notices.

Q. M. NOTICE.

The next session of the Yarmouth and Shelburne Quarterly Meeting will be held (D. V.) with the Chebogue F. B. Church, located at Rockville, Yarmouth Co., N. S., commencing on the first Saturday in May next, at 2 o'clock P. M. It is to be hoped there will be a large number in attendance, it being the re-opening of their meeting house.

J. W. FREEMAN, Q. M. Clerk

April 5th, 1888.

They never fail.—Mr. S. M. Boughner, Langton, writes: "For about two years I was troubled with Inward Piles, but by using Parmelee's Pills, I was completely cured, and although four years have elapsed since then they have not returned." Parmelee's Pills are anti-bilious and a specific for the cure of Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Headache, Piles, etc., and will regulate the secretions and remove all bilious matter.

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup stands at the head of the list for all diseases of the throat and lungs. It acts like magic in breaking up a cold. A cough is soon subdued, tightness of the chest is relieved, even the worst case of consumption is relieved, while in recent cases it may be said never to fail. It is a medicine prepared from the active principles or virtues of several medicinal herbs, and can be depended upon for all pulmonary complaints.

A perfectly sound body and a mind unimpaired are possible only with pure blood. Leading medical authorities endorse Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best blood purifying medicine in existence. It vastly increases the working and productive powers of both hand and brain.

HAVE YOU SEEN the new Perfume, "Lotus of the Nile?" It is perfectly lovely.

FOOD FOR CONSUMPTIVES. Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, is a most marvelous food and medicine. It heals the irritation of the throat and lungs, and gives flesh and strength quicker than any other remedy known. It is very palatable having none of the disagreeable taste of the crude oil. Put up in 50c. and \$1 size.

GOOD FLAVORING EXTRACTS are cheaper than poor ones, because they go further. Try the "Royal" and be convinced.

Ms. Beaudin, M. D., Hull, P. Q., writes: "Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil commands a large and increasing sale which it richly merits. I have always found it exceedingly helpful; I use it in all cases of rheumatism, as well as fractures and dislocations. I made use of it myself to calm the pains of a broken leg with dislocation of the foot, and in two days I was entirely relieved of the pain."

Ayer's Cathartic Pills are suited to every age. They are mild and pleasant in action, thorough and searching in effect, and, being sugar-coated, are easy to take. These pills never fail to give satisfaction.

Gilbert Laird, St. Margaret's Hope, Orkney, Scotland, writes: "I am requested by several friends to order another parcel of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. The last lot I got from you having been tested in several cases of rheumatism, has given relief when doctors' medicines have failed to have any effect. The excellent qualities of this medicine should be made known, that the millions of sufferers throughout the world may benefit by its providential discovery."

Restlessness, Morbid Anxiety, and a fretful disposition, are usually met with in the dyspeptic. These mental indices show how close is the connection between brain and stomach. Their most prolific cause dyspepsia, is a complaint for which Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Blood Purifier is used with unvarying success. It also remedies Biliousness, Constipation, and Impurity of the Blood.

## Marriages.

GUERRIER-PYLE.—At the home of the officiating minister, on the 30th ult., by the Rev. T. S. Vanwart, Mr. William M. Guerrier, to Miss Nancy Pyle, both of Simonds, C. C.

MORTIMER.—At the residence of the bride's brother, R. B. Jones, Esq., on the 10th inst., by Rev. C. T. Phillips, A. T. Mott, and Annie E. Jones, both of Woodstock, N. B.

On the 17th day of March, by the Rev. Jacob Gunter, Mr. Melvin Carr of Burton, Sunbury Co., to Sarah Smith of the same place. By the same on the 12th April, Mr. Thomas Thompson, of Blissville, Sunbury Co., to Miss Julia M. Byars of the same place.

## Deaths.

PECK.—In Carleton, St. John, on the 2nd inst., after three days' illness, of paralysis, Capt. Caleb Peck, aged 65 years, leaving a widow and one daughter to mourn their sad loss. Bro. Peck was one of the oldest members of the Carleton F. C. Baptist church, having united with the church before the present pastor took charge. He was a quiet, peaceable and kind-hearted man. His funeral will be held on Wednesday at the house of God, and the community as well.—G. A. H.

SQUIRES.—At Wicklow, Carleton Co., on the 6th inst., Frances L., relict of the late George Squires, aged 86 years and 11 months, leaving three sons and one daughter to mourn the loss of a loving mother.

S. J. KING, Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John, N. B., 29th Mar. 1888.

## Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon, on 4th May, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, three times per week each way, between Fredericton and Newcasttle, from the 1st July next.

The conveyance to be made in a suitable vehicle drawn by one or more horses. The Mails to leave Fredericton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week at 8 o'clock a. m., reaching Doaktown at 8 o'clock p. m. on same days. Leaving Doaktown on Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 6 o'clock a. m., reaching Newcasttle at 3 o'clock p. m. on same days. To leave Newcasttle on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week at 9 o'clock a. m., reaching Doaktown at 6 o'clock p. m. on same days. Leaving Doaktown on Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 6 o'clock a. m., reaching Fredericton at 6 o'clock p. m. on same days.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Fredericton, Doaktown, Doaktown, Millerston and Newcasttle, and at this office.

S. J. KING, P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John, 23rd March, 1888.

## SCREWS. SCREWS.

JUST RECEIVED.

2 CASES containing 4500 Gross Wood Screws assorted sizes and for sale low by R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

PER S. S. "SARNIA."

Just received by the above steamer from Liverpool

2 CASES Cable Chain, 5-16 and 3/4 in. 1 Length Chain—120 fathoms.

1 Case Hollow-ware, Glue Pots, Tea Kettles, made from sheet iron, tinned inside for camp use; Wash Basins, etc., etc.

1 Case Chain Traces;

1 Case Sledge and Hand Hammers, assorted steel and iron;

2 Cases Hardware, containing Chisels, Gouges, Plane Irons, Paring Chisels, Turning Chisels and Gouges, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, Gun Caps, Gun Wads, Gun Locks, Gun Lock Screws, Saddle's Needles, Upholsterer's Needles, Packing Needles, Bag Locks, Chest, Trunk, Valice, Cupboard and Pad Locks, Sewing Machine, Carpenter's Rules, in Brass, Iron, steel, and wood; Tape Measures, Brass Buttons, Brass Wardrobe and Hat and Coat Hooks, Brass Chain and Fancy Nails, Cork Screws, Brass Taps, Taper, Saw and Mill Files, Cawties, etc., etc.

And for sale at lowest prices by R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Campbell's Cathartic Compound

IT CURES LIVER COMPLAINT, BILIOUS DISORDERS, ACID STOMACH, DYSPEPSIA, LOSS OF APPETITE, SICK HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION OR COSTIVENESS.

BRAXTON, Mass., 21st Oct., 1888.—I feel Campbell's Cathartic Compound the best article I have ever used for costiveness or biliousness, and easy to take. I am, yours truly, A. W. McBRIDE.

Sold by druggists in family medicines everywhere. 25c. per bottle.

CARPET SWEEPER.

LADIES, we have the best Carpet Sweeper ever came into this country. "Take one on trial."

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

## MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon, on 4th May, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, three times per week each way, between PISARINCO AND SPRUCE LAKE.

From the 1st July next.

The conveyance to be made in a suitable vehicle drawn by one or more horses. The Mails to leave Pisarinco on Wednesday and Saturday of each week at 10 o'clock a. m., reaching Spruce Lake in one and fifteen minutes after despatch. Returning to leave Spruce Lake on days immediately after the arrival of the train from Saint John reaching Pisarinco in one hour and ten minutes after despatch.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Pisarinco and Spruce Lake and at this office.

S. J. KING, Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John, 23rd March, 1888.

## MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General will be received at Ottawa until noon, on 4th May, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, three times per week each way, from 1st May to 30th Nov., and twice per week each way from 1st Dec. to 30th April hereafter.

From the 1st July next.

The conveyance to be made in a suitable vehicle drawn by one or more horses.

The Mails to leave St. Martins from 1st May to Nov. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week immediately after arrival of the mail from St. John, reaching Salmon River in one hour and thirty minutes from time of despatch.

Returning to leave Salmon River on same days (after remaining there one hour) reaching St. Martins in one hour and thirty minutes from time of despatch.

To leave St. Martins from 1st Dec. to 30th April on Tuesday and Thursday of each week at 8 o'clock a. m., reaching Salmon River in one hour and thirty minutes from time of despatch. Returning, to leave Salmon River on the same days at 12 o'clock noon, reaching St. Martins in one hour and thirty minutes from time of despatch.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of St. Martins and Salmon River and at this office.

S. J. KING, Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John, N. B., 29th Mar. 1888.

## VERNA &amp; YERXA

HAVE JUST RECEIVED:

FRUIT

—AND—

CONFECTIONERY.

Oranges, Lemons, Grapes, Apples, Two lbs. Cream Mixed, 25c. and other kinds of Confectionery in the same proportion.

CANNED GOODS

Peaches, Pine Apples, Pears, Appricotts, Corn, Peas, Tomatoes Beans

Tea and Coffee a Speciality.

FIVE POUNDS OF TEA 51.

NO. 159, QUEEN STREET, E.TON

100 Cases Lamp Chimneys

—AND—

Lantern Globes

VERY LOW.

200 Bbls. 'White Rose' Oil,

In store and to arrive at lowest prices.

P. NASE & SON,

Indiantown, N. B.

Sept 28, 1887.

John Harvey,

PHOTOGRAPHER

106 QUEEN ST.,

FREDERICTON

BRUSHES—BRUSHES.

JUST RECEIVED 3 Cases American and domestic brushes in White Wash, Kalsomine, Paint, Varnish, Blind marking, Shaving and Carriage painting brushes. In fact most any kind of a brush used in this country, best quality and poor quality at lowest prices.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS,