

## News of the Week.

## NEW BRUNSWICK.

Earnest Wright and Earnest McDonald, two bright little lads of 8 and 9 years, met with a sad fate on Saturday. They were skating on the river in the neighborhood of McDonald's Point, Queens, when, approaching too near open water, the ice gave way, and both were drowned before help could reach them.

The Board of Health inspector of this city, Mr. Farrell, has handed in his report for 1888 to the Board of Health. The report says the city has been less visited during the past year by typhoid fever and other contagious diseases than for ten years past.

The following is an outline of the programme for the annual convention of the Provincial Farmers' Association to be held in this city on January 16th, 17th and 18th:

Wednesday, 16th, 2 p. m.—Addresses by the president of the association, Mr. S. L. Petters, the lieutenant governor of the province, the secretary and commissioner for agriculture and other prominent men.

Wednesday, 7 p. m.—Papers on the Culture of Fruit will be read by parties well qualified to handle the subject.

Thursday, 17th, 10 a. m.—The following gentlemen will present papers on the Dairy Industry of New Brunswick: G. E. Baxter, W. J. Gilbert, B. E. Patterson, B. S. A., H. F. Page and Dr. Twitcheell.

Thursday, 7 p. m.—Colonel Blair will address the meeting on Experimental Agriculture.

Friday, 18th, 10 a. m.—Sheep Husbandry will be dealt with by C. H. Black and H. Trueman.

John Y. Miller, the new proprietor of the Pokok extract works, reports work at the factory well under way and everything progressing satisfactorily. This extract is now shipped from Millville, since the closing of the river, at the rate of a carload every day.

Joseph Jenkinson, of McAdam Junction, was killed by an accident there on Tuesday night. He was on his way to the station to meet his wife on the arrival of the St. John train. To avoid another moving train, he attempted to cross No. 4 siding, on which the St. Stephen train was backing up. He tripped and fell under the passenger car, the wheels passing over both legs. Surgical aid was sent for at once, and every effort made to save his life, but without avail. He died a few hours after the accident.

Beloni Theriault, of Madawaska, a convict undergoing a life sentence in the Dorchester penitentiary for the murder of his child, was found dead, Monday night, sitting in his cell.

Lady Tilley has published a detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures in connection with the erection of the Victoria hospital. The total cost including work on the grounds, drainage, etc., was \$7,153.36, and the receipts \$7,077.74, an over expenditure of \$75.62. There is more than sufficient in unpaid subscriptions however to wipe out this amount, and besides there is an interest at the bank the \$1,000 contributed by Asa C. Dow for the erection of a wing for contagious diseases, which will be built in the spring.

Hibbard Ward, son of Capt. Ward, of Rockport, was drowned at that place on Saturday. Capt. Ward left his son in a boat to look after it while he was ashore. It is supposed the boy got cold and tried to get aboard the vessel to warm himself and slipped overboard.

It was decided at the recent session of the executive to call the N. B. Legislature to meet for the despatch of business on Thursday, 7th March.

The New Brunswick and Prince Edward railway company give notice of an application to parliament for an act empowering the company to extend its line of railway from its junction with the Intercolonial at Sackville to Wood Point and to a deep water terminus on the Bay of Fundy.

Mr. Edward L. O'Brien has been appointed school inspector for Kent, Madawaska, etc., in place of Mr. Boudreau, resigned. Mr. O'Brien has been on the teaching staff of the Normal school for four years.

The engine shed of the Elgin, Petitediac and Havelock railways at Petitediac, was completely destroyed by fire on Thursday night.

Alex. Murray, son of Thos. Murray, Keswick, was seriously injured by jumping from a train near his home on Thursday. It is a wonder he had not been killed; but it is now thought he may recover.

York Co. Teachers' Institute met in the Normal School building on Thursday last. There was a large attendance of teachers. The several sessions were of much interest. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, George R. Parkin; vice-president, Miss Sarah Duffy; Secretary, B. C. Foster; executive committee, Miss Ella Thorne, Miss Jane Brown, A. Héron, Jr., and W. T. Day.

## NOVA SCOTIA.

Yarmouth, N. S., voted against incorporation—304 against 146.

A Kentville, N. S. despatch says heavy rains causing a great freshet, which broke away three dams at Cambridge; the railway bridge has been carried away. The length of the bridge is about fifty feet.

The Nova Scotia Sugar Refinery Company has declared a half-yearly dividend, of 20 per cent.

A. R. Dicky, Conservative, and E. B. Elderkin, a third party candidate, were nominated for the Commons at Amherst Wednesday.

All incoming steamers report having experienced tremendous weather at sea.

A. M. Shaw, an insurance agent, was seriously, perhaps fatally injured, at Liverpool, N. S., Wednesday, by attempting to stop a team of runaway horses, frightened at a steamer's whistle.

There are 112 applications for liquor licenses in Halifax city.

There has been exasperation for years at the fact of upper province bills being refused here except at five per cent. discount, and maritime bank bills being subjected to the same treatment in the upper provinces. The Halifax Bank company have made arrangements with Molson's bank whereby their notes will be paid at par at any place in Canada where the latter bank will be paid at par anywhere in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick where the Halifax Banking Co. has an agency.

Seamen are very scarce in Halifax at present and extra inducements have to be offered to secure men. Some vessels are detained in port awaiting crews.

Charles Brown, aged 40 years, who has a wife and six children at Lunenburg, is under arrest here for bigamy. Six weeks ago he went to Summerside, P. E. I., fell in with Miss Mary Ann Sharp and after an acquaintance of a fortnight they were married, the event taking place November 24th.

Preeper had a fair trial before an exceptionally intelligent and respectable jury. He was found guilty, and appeals in his case have been of no avail to set aside the verdict; and he lies in jail under sentence of death. There are, however, peculiar features in the case that deserve consideration.

It appears that the principal witness connecting Preeper with the alleged murder has been materially discredited since that trial. She may have lied. There is a bare possibility that the death of Doyle was accidental. On this point, however, the opinion of the jury is sufficient. But there seems to be a reasonable doubt as to the veracity of the Dillman girl, and this being the case we do not wonder that the crown is to be petitioned for clemency to Preeper. A commutation of the sentence would meet the views of most of our citizens. If Preeper is wholly innocent there is every probability that his innocence must soon appear.—*Hal. Witness.*

So general has illicit distilling become in Antigonish county, that the government has appointed a resident preventive officer. He has within a few weeks captured several stills and a large quantity of illicitly distilled liquor. He has succeeded in recapturing the still which was taken from him a few weeks ago by a band of disguised ruffians, who will in due time be brought to justice.

One hundred and twenty-four thousand tons of plaster have been exported from Windsor this year, the largest export for six years.

The Halifax Chronicle: "The ship, J. L. Crossley, Captain McGilvary, which cleared Thursday for Cape Breton, takes one of the largest and most valuable cargoes ever shipped here by a coasting schooner. The total value is \$35,000."

Mr. Caddy, C. E., from Ottawa, with Messrs. Ruel and Martin Murphy, jr., as assistants, have been surveying the Western Counties road from Digby to Annapolis, at the instance of the Dominion government, in order to obtain an estimate of the cost for its completion.

## OTHER PROVINCES.

On Monday, a mail bag containing over seven hundred dollars in cash and several letters also containing money was delivered at the Grand Trunk station in London, Ont., but it disappeared in some mysterious way and has not since been heard of. It is supposed to have been stolen by some person acquainted with the fact that the bag contained money.

Cardinal Taschereau, in a recent interview with Premier Mercier, informed the government that he had received disquieting accounts from the clergy in different parts of his diocese of bad crops last season, and pointing out the straitened circumstances in which numbers of the agricultural population have been placed thereby. The government will probably offer relief the approaching session.

In January 1886, the population of Vancouver, B. C., was 600. At the beginning of 1887, it was 3,000. In January 1888 it had risen to 6,000. The present population is said to be 10,000.

Upwards of 20,000 sheep have been shipped from Summerside this season. Of this number Mr. Thomas Drummond shipped over 5,000. Sheep raising is an important and profitable branch of stock raising, and it is assuming larger proportions every year.

The exact population of Toronto, as shown by the recent census, is 166,809. From omissions which have come to light, it is supposed that the real population is little short of 170,000. In 1881 the population as taken by the Dominion census was 86,415.

## UNITED STATES.

In the Chicago Divorce Court on Saturday Judge Jameson went through 35 cases, trying six of them in one hour.

A Jacksonville, Florida, despatch says: Business is opening up again and the streets present almost their wonted appearance. It is estimated that there will be fully 5,000 arrivals per week during the next month. The prospects for the season and the general business are good.

## BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

Osman Digna's nephew, captured yesterday, has died from his wounds. He was a famous leader.

The police have discovered an extensive forgery business in London, and have made many seizures of fictitious five pound Bank of England notes.

Owing to fears that the Panama canal company's difficulty may give rise to disorders on the isthmus, the French government has decided to send a man of war to Colon to protect French interests. It is expected the United States will send two war ships to Colon.

The *World's* Paris correspondent sends that paper a three column interview with Gen. Boulanger, which the *World* sums up as follows: The general frankly admits he would like to be president of France and is confident that he will be some day. He denies he is plotting war or a coup d'état. He says there is corruption in the Chamber of Deputies and trouble in the Senate: the former he would dissolve and the latter abolish. Half of France, he says, is at his back in the movement to revise the French constitution. General Sheridan was his ideal of cavalry general. He also speaks enthusiastically of Generals Sherman and McDowell and other memories of his trip to the United States in 1881.

A dispatch from Zanzibar says that in pursuance of the Sultan's orders, four natives awaiting trial for murder were horribly and cruelly executed in the streets of the town. The Sultan also ordered that twenty-four prisoners, including one woman, who had been sentenced for life, be put to death in a similar manner during the next week. The British consul vainly protested against the atrocities. The Sultan has proclaimed that in future he will be guided by Mahomedan law only, has bestowed the power of capital punishment on local governors, and their sentences shall not be subject to appeal.

The construction of three new cruisers for Russia, one of 9,000 and the others of 6,000 tons, is about to be commenced. Three submarine boats will shortly be finished. Work on them is being done with the utmost secrecy.

Instructions have been sent to the British consul at Zanzibar to protest in the strongest terms against a repetition of the cruel executions which have occurred in the streets of Zanzibar. He had also been instructed to invite other foreign consuls to co-operate with him in warning the Sultan that disastrous consequences would likely follow disregard of this protest. Four more executions took place on Thursday.

Lord Salisbury, in his speech at Scarborough, said the ministry had no intention of entangling the country in a new Sudan expedition, but could not abandon Suakin. The English, Egyptian and Turkish ministers were unanimously of opinion that Suakin must not be abandoned. Salisbury continued: "As long as the Khedive desires it, we shall maintain the Red Sea ports. We are bound under a promise made by Gladstone's government to do so. A British statesman's first duty is to prevent foreigners from thinking that every change of government must necessarily mean the change of our foreign policy."

The body of an unknown woman of low character was found strangled in the streets of a popular suburb of London. Some believe her murderer is identical with the Whitechapel fiend, who they think adopted the new method of disposing of his victims.

The rebels' loss at Suakin was 400. The Hussars, who followed the fleeing Arabs, have returned. They chased the enemy to a point within four miles of Handoub. The enemy is still flying. Osman Digna's nephew and twelve dervishes have been captured, all wounded. Serious complaints are made concerning the quality of the sabers and revolvers furnished the troops. Several cavalrymen returned with broken sabres, and there were many instances of revolvers becoming clogged and rendered useless. Prisoners say they believe all the mounted gunners were killed. All tell the same story of privation and cruelty at the hands of the Mahdi and Osman Digna. The natives assert that Handoub would fall at the first approach of our troops.

In the commons Thursday afternoon Goschen read, amid cheers, a telegram received by the West African Telegraph company from St. Thomas reporting the arrival of Stanley and Emin on the Aruwihini.

The government have not received any direct official news confirming the report.

The government has no news from Gen. Grenfell showing that it is his intention to undertake to march against Handoub.

In debate, in the lords, on the East African affairs, Salisbury declared absolutely there would be no expedition into the Sudan, but Suakin must not be abandoned.

Battle at Suakin. Before dawn Thursday morning the British man-of-war "Starling" and an Egyptian steamer moved up the coast with orders to cover the rebels at Handoub. At daybreak the forts opened fire upon the rebel trenches and the troops advanced to the attack, the black brigade on the right flank and the cavalry and mounted infantry covering. The Scottish Borders and the Welsh regiment and the Egyptian brigade occupied an embankment between the forts, the British infantry being held in reserve. The forts shelled the trenches, keeping up a terrific fire. The enemy held their ground with intense courage until the black brigade charged the trenches, which fell after half an hour's hard fighting. The rebels fought with fanatical bravery. Two of the enemy's guns were captured. The naval brigade did splendid work. The Scottish borders are now at work entrenching the rebel position. The enemy are retreating towards Halesen and Tamar. The British force numbers 4,000 men.

In the lords, Friday, Lord Dunraven asked Salisbury when the government intended to appoint a minister to succeed Sackville at Washington. Lord Salisbury replied that the correspondence growing out of the Sackville incident was still incomplete. He could make no answer.

African affairs are in a terrible muddle. German influence and interference seem to be elements of mischief east and west. Germany has tried to establish colonies along the coast near Zanzibar; but the natives have risen in fury against them and much loss has been inflicted by the savages upon their guests. Then German war vessels have bombarded the coast. On pretence of suppressing the slave trade the Germans are trying to concuss the tribes into obedience. British mission stations are in danger of suffering severely; but we are yet furnished with but a meagre supply of facts. One mission Society made peace with the Arabs by buying a large number of refugee slaves from their Arab captors and giving them their liberty. No doubt peace and order will come out of the present chaos; but the prospect is ugly enough.

## A SEVERE ATTACK.

"I never felt better in my life than I have since taking Burdock Blood Bitters. I had a severe bilious attack; I could not eat for several days, and was unable to work. One bottle cured me." John M. Richards, Sr., Tara, Ont. For all bilious troubles use B. B. B.

## A HINT TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

Mrs. Robert Williamson, of Glenora, Parry Sound, Ont., says, "I could not keep house without Haggard's Yellow Oil at hand. I have used it in my family for croup, sore throat and a cut foot, and can highly recommend it to everybody."

## BEYOND DISPUTE.

There is no better, safer or more pleasant cough remedy made than Haggard's Pectoral Balsam. It cures Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles.

## A LUCKY ESCAPE.

"For six years I suffered with my throat and enlarged tonsils. I was very weak; I doctored four years and had advice from three doctors; they said I would have to undergo an operation. I tried B. B. B. instead. One bottle cured me." M. A. Squelch, Raglan, Ont.

## A POSTMASTER'S OPINION.

"I have great pleasure in certifying to the usefulness of Haggard's Yellow Oil," writes D. Kavanagh, postmaster, of Umfraville, Ont., "having used it for soreness of the throat, burns, colds, etc., I find nothing equal to it."

## A SEVERE TRIAL.

Frances S. Smith, of Emsdale, Muskoka, writes, "I was troubled with vomiting for two years, and I have vomited as often as five times a day. One bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters cured me."

THERE IS NO CASE OF disease among Horses and Cattle where "Maud S." Powders are not called for, and by their timely administration will save the lives of many valuable animals.

THE MOST DELIGHTFUL Handkerchief Odor is "Lotus of the Nile."

NEGLECTED COLDS, Pain in the Chest, and all diseases of the Lungs, are cured by using Allen's Lung Balsam.

THE "ROYAL" FLAVORING EXTRACTS are absolutely pure.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER as a Diarrhoea and Dysentery remedy seldom ever fails.

For Sickly Delicate Children Scott's Emulsion is unequalled. See what Dr. C. A. Black, of Amherst, N. S., says: "I have been acquainted with Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with hypophosphites, for years, and consider it one of the finest preparations now before the public. Its pleasant flavor makes it the great favorite for children, and I do highly recommend it for all wasting diseases of children and adults. Put up in 50c. and \$1 size."

FOR BILIOUS DISORDERS and Acid Stomach, Campbell's Cathartic Compound is very effective.

Mr. John Magwood, Victoria Road, writes: "Northrop and Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure is a splendid medicine. My customers say they never used anything so effectual. Good results immediately follow its use. I know its value from personal experience, having been troubled for 9 or 10 years with Dyspepsia, and since using it digestion goes on without that depressed feeling so well known to dyspeptics. I have no hesitation in recommending it in any case of Indigestion, Constipation, Heartburn, or troubles arising from a disordered stomach."

## MARKET REPROTS.

## ST. JOHN.

Corrected weekly by Geo. Lyman, Esq. Deputy Clerk.

Beef, country, per lb.	\$0 03 to \$0 05
" butchers, "	" 04 " 07
Lamb, per cs.	" 06 " 07
Mutton, per lb.	" 05 " 06
Pork, "	" 07 " 07 1/2
Butter, "	" 13 " 22
" Roll, "	" 02 " 04
Lard, "	" 13 " 14
Turkeys, "	" 12 " 13
Chickens, per pair,	" 40 " 50
Potatoes, early rose, per bbl.	1 00 " 1 25
" " kidneys, "	1 75 " 1 80
Carrots, per "	" 00 " 1 00
Turnips, "	" 05 " 06
Parasips, "	1 50 " 0 50
Cabbage, per dozen	0 40 " 0 50
" red, per dozen,	0 60 " 1 00
Celery, "	0 60 " 0 80
Buckwheat Rough, p, cwt	2 25 " 0 00
Grey	2 75 " 3 00

## FRED B. EDGECOMBE

IS NOW OPENING IN HIS

## NEW SHOW ROOMS

A SPECIAL LOTS OF

## DRY GOODS, HOLIDAY GOODS, &amp;C.

BARGAINS in every department may be expected.

CHRISTMAS IS COMING.

## Fred B. Edgcombe,

194 QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.

## -BUY YOUR-

## Christmas

## Dry Goods

--AT--

## JOHN J. WEDDALL'S.

## CHRISTMAS IS COMING

## Tennant, Davies &amp; Co

202 Queen Street, Fredericton.

We respectfully call the attention of our Friends and Patrons to our large stock of seasonable

## DRY GOODS.

## Novelties in every Department.

We are also showing a beautiful line of

## Fancy Goods for the Christmas Trade.

For which we ask no fancy prices.

INSPECTION RESPECTFULLY INVITED.

## TENNAANT DAVIES &amp; Co.



## INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

## 1888. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1889.

ON and after MONDAY, November 26th, 1888, the Trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted), as follows:—

## TRAINS WILL LEAVE ST. JOHN.

Day Express	7.30
Accommodation	11.20
Express for Sussex	16.35
Express for Halifax and Quebec	18.00

A Sleeping Car runs daily on the 18.10 train to Halifax.

On Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, a Sleeping Car for Montreal will be attached to the Quebec express, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, a Sleeping Car will be attached at Moncton.

## TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN:

Express from Halifax & Quebec	7.09
Express from Sussex	8.35
Accommodation	13.30
Day Express	19.20

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent, Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., November 20th, 1888.

## Wiley's Drug Store,

196 QUEEN ST.

WILEY'S COUGH BALSAM,  
WILSON'S CHERRY BALSAM,  
AYER'S CHERRY PICTORAL,  
SHARP'S BALSAM,  
ADAMSON'S BALSAM,  
BICKLE'S SYRUP,  
BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP,

## JOHN M. WILEY,

Opp. Normal School, F'ton.

## SKATES. SKATES.

JUST RECEIVED:

375 PAIRS SKATES—Some real good and others not good for much. Call and see both kinds. Cheap for cash.  
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.