

and quickened, backsliders reclaimed, and sinners converted. Wednesday, 13th, six young men, just in the prime of life, followed Christ in the ordinance of baptism. There are more to follow. The good work goes on. God grant that it may not stop until there is not one left behind, "for Christ hath bidden all mankind."

Geo. W. Foster.

TRACEY MILLS, C. Co.—Seven more converts were baptized Sabbath 10th inst.

PORTLAND.—The meetings continue very interesting. Others are expected to unite with the church soon.

On Monday evening of last week Bro. Nobles was presented with a handsome writing desk, worth \$20.00, by Bro. Geo. M. Burke. He wishes to express his great thankfulness for the kind and costly gift.

Temperance Notes.

—Mr. Walker, the contractor of the Manchester Ship Canal, has entered into an arrangement with a coffee public house company to supply the thousands of navies under him with harmless and nourishing food. No intoxicating liquor is allowed to be sold.

—In California, the land of "pure, light, home-made wine," there is one liquor saloon to every ninety-nine inhabitants, there being only two States having more saloons in proportion to the population than this State.

—It is claimed that persons addicted to the use of alcoholic liquors can be entirely cured by the new French method of hypnotism. The patient is hypnotized, and then told by the doctor that he must never want to drink again, but must feel disgust of liquor. This method of treatment is said to be successful in every instance. Mrs. Hannah Whitall Smith writes to Miss Willard that the cases are wonderful, and have excited so much attention that French specialists now have a hospital devoted to the treatment, and publish a review.

—Gov. Martin, of Kansas, in his late message, says: Fully nine-tenths of the drinking and drunkenness prevalent in Kansas eight years ago, have been abolished, and I affirm, with earnestness and emphasis, that this State is to-day the most temperate, orderly, sober community of people in the civilized world.

The abolition of the saloon has not only promoted the personal happiness and general prosperity of our citizens, but it has enormously diminished crime; it has filled thousands of homes, where vice, want and wretchedness once prevailed, with peace, plenty and contentment, and has materially increased the trade and business of those engaged in the sale of useful and wholesome articles of merchandise.

Things About Town.

—It is said that a petition for a vote to repeal the C. T. Act is about being circulated. Every thoughtful citizen who is asked to sign it should consider well the effect of his signature.

—Two of the rumsellers—Cragle and Smiler—have been convicted and sentenced to two months in jail. They have not yet been locked up, an appeal from the conviction having been made. But sooner or later they will, we think, have to go to jail or leave the town. May the jail be hastened.

—T. W. Smith clothing establishment has had a good deal improved lately. He has a new cutter, too, and promises satisfaction.

—The W. C. T. Union has expressed their sympathy with the efforts to bring violators of the C. T. A. to justice, and has appropriated \$100 to the prosecution fund.

—The "House" has a good number of visitors every day.

—The statement is made that as much as \$1000 is every month sent from this city to pay for Lottery tickets. It is hard to believe. But if it is even half true, there are more fools about here than we had thought.

—Howard and Cragle, rumsellers, announce the dissolution of their partnership. Has the conviction of Cragle anything to do with this? May they all dissolve and disappear.

—The fellow Cragle has left the city. Is he afraid of the jail? He may come back. But it would be well if he and all his kind would go and never return.

—It is stated that counterfeit fifty-cent pieces are in circulation here.

—The Legislature adjourned from Saturday morning till Tuesday. St. John members went home to vote on the union of the cities question.

—The C. T. A. cases in the police court drag slowly along. Cragle, Smiler and Manzer have been convicted, and in each case a stay of proceedings has been secured. Grievances are now on and perhaps some time this spring the courts may perhaps go on with the Coleman and Edwards cases.

—The announcement that Government House will not be occupied by the Governor after this season has caused some commotion in the city.

—Miss Howie, daughter of Mr. J. R. Howie, died in Boston last Sunday. She was theretaking instruction at the Conservatory of Music. There is much sympathy with the bereaved family.

A KEEN CRITICISM.—About the best thing we have seen in all the voluminous criticism of "Robert Elsmere" is this, from Albert J. Lyman, in the *Homeopathic Magazine* for February: "Elsmere's only explanation for that tremendous and thrilling historic phenomenon which is the great underground of history, that fire of faith let loose in the first century, which we know burnt to the water's edge all round the Mediterranean and renegade the Roman world—his only explanation is in these three feeble, childish lines: 'In the days and weeks which followed Jesus's death, the devout and passionate fancy of a few mourning Galileans begat the exquisite fable of the resurrection.' That is all. What intellectual drive! It is Bane's poor old dead mythical theory, in a very weak statement of it. It crushed the like pulp, in the hand of logic. In the first place, the 'mourning Galileans' were 'long-shoremen' and hadn't any fancy, couldn't begat any fable at all, much less an 'exquisite' fable. In the next place, when plain people are 'mourning,' clutched with the choking despair of death, as those followers of Jesus were, fleeing for their lives, they do not 'begat anything in the way of new ideas. They are paralyzed. In the third place, exquisite fables, even if begotten of passionate fancies, are not the kind of shot which hold up and carry level across the Mediterranean, causing the most despised outpost of the Roman Empire to conquer the empire itself, capital, emperor, and all, in three hundred years. As well try to pierce a Roman shield with a sprig of Syrian lilies."

VOLAPUK.—The inventors and apostles of that jargon called 'Volapuk,' which is to replace—according to its professors—all living languages, are in a high state of excitement and exultation. A Swiss who has died in America has left the Volapuk Society \$60,000 for the foundation of an Academy at Fribourg. The testator has also bequeathed \$32,000 to be used in awarding prizes to successful students in Volapuk, while he leaves the Abbe Schlegel, the inventor of the 'universal language,' a sum which will bring in an annuity of £400 a year.

SPIRITUALISM.—At a spiritualistic seance recently held in Paris, manifestations of a highly novel kind were experienced. The mediums were three Englishmen, who produced the usual rappings, and noises, and shadowy forms in the air. The audience of the elect were delighted with the manifestations, when, at a certain point of the proceedings, instead of spirit-hands waving in the air or gently stroking their faces, they felt some very material hands tugging at their watch-chains and rifling their pockets. The place was thrown into momentary confusion, and on lights being produced it was found that the spirits, the mediums, several watches, and other portable property had all alike disappeared. The three sons of "perfidious Albion" were professional pickpockets.

A GIRL PREACHER.—Now it is a "Little Girl Preacher." They have her over in Kentucky, and she is "quite a card." Her name is Mary Semons, ten years of age. "She has a good voice and splendid delivery—for one so young." Mark that, now. About eight months ago, she joined the Baptist church in Falmouth, and said that the Lord had called her to preach; so she has been at it for some time with wonderful success; congregations increasing, and "under her ministry several persons joined the church." Yes, yes; we know of a church which, two years ago, had a woman evangelist, under whose influence more than a hundred professed conversion, the larger part of them entire sanctification; and now the church is said to be weaker than before the revival. They got her back, the other day, but it didn't work. Now they have another woman after whom the crowds are rushing, and the pastor, poor fellow, sits back and groans.—*Journal & Messenger.*

THEIR IDEA.—The kind of religious equality which prevails in some parts of England is not very impartial. In some cases the representatives of the Established Church regard Her Majesty's subjects of other churches, as if they had not equal rights. Recently an action was brought against the Rev. W. C. Rank and the trustees of the Free Methodist Church, Rishton, in the police court to compel them to pay £119 18s., 5d., for improvement carried out by the municipality opposite their church. They refused to pay, on the ground that the Public Health Act of 1885 exempted places used exclusively for public worship. It was contended, on the other hand, that the building was not consecrated, and that exceptions in this respect were only intended to apply to the Church of England; and as a lower story was used for school purposes it could not be exempt. Judgment was given against the trustees, but the case was appealed.—*Guardian.*

CHURCH INSURANCE.—A novel business enterprise has been started in Rochester, N. Y. It is a Church Insurance Company, and its organizers are Methodist ministers and laymen. The Methodists of this conference have lost many churches by fire lately which were not insured. The company proposes to insure any Protestant churches.

EARTHQUAKES.—are of very common occurrence, three a week transpiring somewhere on the earth, as an average. England has recorded accounts of 225 severe earthquake shocks, while Japan has had 149 destructive visitations within the past 1500 years. The loss of life in ten shocks, occurring in different parts of the earth between 1842 and 1872, was 95,000 souls. Italy, during the past 500 years, by 280 earthquakes has lost 300,000 lives. One of the most terrific shocks experienced in this century recently occurred in San Jose, Costa Rica, the cathedral which cost \$1,000,000, the Capitol, and several other public buildings being wrecked. The loss of life was considerable, but not as large as on other similar visitations. Furious forces are yet at work, almost wholly unrestrained, in our under world. A peep into the fiery abyss of the interior would give an uncomfortable feeling to the stoutest heart. It is well that the cauldron is capped and that the seething mass is shielded from mortal eyes.

DO YOU WANT to build up your church? Praise it for all that is good in it. Do you want your pastor to be heard by a multitude, and be the instrument of their conversion? If you want your pastor to be a blessing in the community, praise him for all he is that ought to be praised. If you are a true friend of the church and your pastor, then work for him.—*Free Baptist.*

A GREAT AWAKENING (says the N. Y. Advocate) is in progress in China. Schools and colleges are being established for the purpose of teaching modern science, and young men ambitious to learn are seeking the advantages which these institutions afford. Railroad and telegraph systems are being projected, and some of these are already completed and in successful operation. A railroad has been in operation between Tientsin and Tongshan, a distance of eighty miles, for some years. It is now certain that the journey between Tientsin and Fungchow will soon be made by rail, and many populous cities will have railroad connection with the capital before many months. Telegraph communications have been open between the principal cities of the empire for a considerable time, and the system is being rapidly extended. The exclusiveness, the darkness, the superstition, and the stupidity of Asia are breaking away from the light of Christian civilization.

Bishop Marley had a good deal of the humor of Swift. Once, when the footman was out of the way, he ordered the coachman to fetch some water from the well. To this the coachman objected that his business was to drive, not to run errands. "Well, then," said Marley, "bring out the coach and four, set the pitcher inside, and drive to the well."—a service which was several times repeated, to the great amusement of the village.

It is our serious belief that no woman, no matter what her pecuniary resources, is fully prepared to keep house for herself unless she can drive a nail, loosen a screw, take down a bedstead, get the top off a flour barrel, or even make a box or a set of shelves when she wants them (as she always does) in a hurry. These things for domestic convenience: we hope some day to show women that cabinet-making is every way more profitable and agreeable for them than plain sewing.—*The Working Woman's Journal.*

DEAF AND DUMB.—Joseph G. Parkinson, of Chicago, is said to be the only deaf and dumb lawyer in America. He is associated with his twin brother, who does not share his disabilities. When Mr. Parkinson was 23 years old he was chief examiner in the Patent office at Washington, a place he had held for six years. In 1879 he resigned and soon afterward was admitted to practise before the United States Supreme court. He now ranks as one of the most successful patent lawyers in the country.

It is stated, though on how good authority we do not know, that one of the sons of the Prince of Wales is soon to make a tour of Canada and the United States.

OF MINISTERS.—Rev O. Currie, pastor of the Kingsclear and Prince William Baptist Churches, will relinquish his charge in May. Rev. Thos. Connor has moved from Victoria Corner to Woodstock. Rev. T. S. VanWart has been ill, but is now better.

SUNDRIES.—Large ostrich farms are now established near Delhi, India. The illustrious Dollinger has passed his 90th birthday. He is an "old Catholic" in more senses than one. Twelve million cans of sweet corn were packed in Maine last summer. This is one-third less than was packed the year before.

THE LATEST.—A new religion has been started by Miss Court at Pittsburgh that makes 1896 the date of the world's destruction, when exactly 144,000 souls will be saved.

Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Railways & Canals, is so ill that his recovery is not expected.

PERSONAL.—A party of friends assembled in social way at the residence of Robert Williams, Apohaqui, on Tuesday night, and before taking their departure presented that popular gentleman with a substantial token of the high esteem in which he is held by all.—*Sun.*

ALL SORTS.

The largest tree in the world as yet discovered is in Tulare County, California. It is 275 feet high, and 106 feet in circumference at its base.

The largest desert is Sahara, in Northern Africa. Its length is 3,000 miles and breadth 900 miles; having an area of 2,000,000 square miles.

The largest volcano in the world is Enna. Its base is 90 miles in circumference; its cone 11,000 feet high. Its first eruption occurred 275 B. C.

The largest church in the world is St. Peter's in Rome. Its length is 613 feet. Its dome is 195 feet in diameter and its height to the cross on the summit 448 feet.

The largest professional fee for limited service is said to have been paid to Surgeon-Major Freyer, of the Indian Medical Service, for treating the Newab of Rampoor for three months' suffering from rheumatic fever. The Newab gave him a lac of rupees, \$50,000.

A Chinaman in New York has started an evening school to teach the English language to his own countrymen.

According to an estimate given at the opening of a Jewish Young Men's club in Glasgow, the number of Jews in the world is about 6,000,000.

The life boats round the English coast during the past year rescued 10 fewer than 617 persons, the great majority of whom but for the efforts of the gallant crews would have perished.

There are 62,000 women in America interested in the cultivation of fruit, and there are numbered among them some of the most successful orchardists of California. It is one of the most healthful occupations, there being no cramming in close rooms, and the physical exertion is not severe.

Teacher: "Now, children, I will give you three words—Boys, Bees and Bears; and I want you to compose a sentence which will include all three words." Small Boy: "I have it." Teacher: John McCarthy you may give us your sentence." John McCarthy: "Boys bees bare when they goes in swimmin'."—*Harper's Bazar.*

Last week a convict was, under the order of Governor Hill, discharged from Auburn State-prison who was sentenced for life in 1839, then a boy sixteen years of age, and who has been a prisoner there for half a century. This is the longest prison confinement that has ever occurred in this State. And perhaps in the country.

The Churchman announces that "nervous people are afraid to attend the services in Bristol cathedral, as the building literally swarms with rats. The creatures are to be seen running about the nave while service is proceeding in the choir." The Churchman suggests that it might be well for the dean and chapter to invest in a few traps.

A remarkable instance of an aged lady's philanthropic enthusiasm is reported from France. Mlle. Dumas, who is ninety-six years old, has long devoted money, time, and sympathy to charitable work in the Women's Prison, St. Lazare, Paris. At eighty-two years of age, she learned the Spanish language, that she might speak words of comfort to a young Andalusian prisoner who did not understand French.

"And so you think that you deserve an increase in your salary, Mr. Book-keeper," said old Whitegoods, as the clerk stood before him, pale with the courage of desperation. "Yes, sir," he replied; "and I have waited until the new year before speaking." "I'm glad you did," returned the merchant; "for it gives me an opportunity to meet your wishes. I will pay you the same amount for three hundred and sixty-five days' work this year as you got for three hundred and sixty-six days in 1888. Good morning."—*Puck.*

A middle aged woman went to a prominent physician of San Diego not long ago, and asked him to amputate her two great toes. He examined them, assured that there was nothing wrong with them, and said that he wouldn't cut them off. She begged him to, saying that if they were of she could wear "No. 2" shoes instead of 48, as then. Her toes were her own, she said, to do what she pleased with, and she would give \$300 to have them off. The doctor refused, and the woman went in quest of some one with less conscience. A San Diego newspaper says that she found some one to do the job successfully, for two weeks later she went to San Francisco wearing the best pair of "No. 2s" that could be bought in San Diego.

Literary Notes.

Wide Awake is always interesting, and a safe and helpful magazine to put into the hands of young people. The number for March has several features appropriate to the inauguration of the President. Five Little Peppers are marching on; and the other contents are good.

The April Missionary Review of the World is out early and presents a rich and varied table of contents. Among the articles in the Literature Section we note as of special value "Further Testimonies to Missions"; "Canon Taylor's Question of Population"; "China Inland Mission"; "The Distribution of Missionary Agents"; and "Religion of India." There are abstracts of the last reports of ten Missionary Societies, Correspondence from various lands, the International Department, and the Monthly Concert. The Monthly news is gleaned from the whole world. The Statistical Tables are valuable and so are the Editorial Notes. The number as a whole is one of much interest, and sustains the high character which this Review has achieved.

Published by Funk & Wagnalls, 18 & 20 Astor Place, New York. \$2 per year; 25 cents for single numbers. In clubs of ten, \$1.50.

The Century for March is an admirable number of an always excellent monthly. The Siberian papers by George Kenman increase in interest. No one who has begun them wants to miss one, and those who have not read them should not fail to get them. The life of Lincoln is well called a history; it is of the deepest interest. The March instalment completes the story of the emancipation proclamation. Lincoln is a great character, whose greatness is more clearly seen as the years go by. The other contents of the number are up to the magazine's high standard.

St. Nicholas is the delight of the young people. The March number is all that can be desired. It has much variety and interest.

Our Day, Joseph Cook's Monthly, fills a place in periodical literature hitherto unoccupied. Mr. Cook's name alone is enough to indicate the character of the publication. And he has a staff of associate editors, each a leader in his department. It is all it claims to be a Record and Review of Current Reform. The March number has a fine table of contents. Besides Mr. Cook's Lecture—the first of the fourteenth year of the Boston Monday Lectures, it has a paper on Imperial Federation by Principal Grant; Church Union in Japan, by Dr. Greene; and several other valuable papers. The Monday Lecture deals with Papal Domination in American Schools, with a Prelude on A Fair and Full Ballot. Price \$2.50 a year. 28 Beacon St., Boston.

Denominational Notices.

FOREIGN MISSION FUND. Rec'd from Young people's Society St. John church.....\$7 27 Ch. Coldstream..... 5 00 "Upper Hainesville..... 9 00 "Lower Canterbury..... 3 00 Chas J. Porter..... 50 Wm. PETERS TREAS.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. july16n

Marriages.

LAWRENCE-CARPENTER.—At the residence of the officiating minister, on the 13th inst., by Rev. T. Parsons, Mr. Charles Lawrence of Rochesay, K. Co., and Miss Augusta Carpenter, of Saint John city. CURRIE-McCLEARY.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 9th inst., by Rev. Geo. W. Foster, Milton Currie and Emmaretta McCleary, both of Tracey Station, S. Co. KING-EICHEN.—At the residence of C. C. King, on the 6th of March, by Rev. J. H. Erb, Mr. A. J. King of San Antonio, Texas, to Miss Lizzie Eichen, of the same place. YERXA-YERXA.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Downey, assisted by Rev. G. Swin, Mr. Leonard Yerxa and Miss Henrietta, only daughter of Mr. Chesley Yerxa, all of Keswick. PARENT-HALLETT.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 13th inst., by Rev. W. Downey, Mr. Charles W. Parent, of Queensbury, and Miss Maria, eldest daughter of Mr. Josiah Hallett, of Douglas. SELFRIDGE-BELYEA.—On the 12 inst., by Rev. J. G. MacKenzie, Mr. George Selfridge of Hampstead, Q. Co., and Miss Alice M. Belyea of Greenwich, K. Co.

Deaths.

BATES.—At Hamstead, Q. Co., on the 4th inst., after a lingering illness, which he bore with christian patience, Mr. George Bates, aged 85, a native of Glenlary, Ireland. ESTABROOKS.—At Gibson, on the 29th ult., Miss Catherine Estabrooks, aged 29 years. Sister Estabrooks professed religion about six years ago and was baptized by Rev. Wm. Kinshorn at Waterville, Sunbury Co. She lived her religion, and died in its triumphs. YERXA.—At Mouth Keswick, on the 7th ult., infant son of Cook and Esther Yerxa, aged 13 months. CHARLTON.—At Knoxford, Car. Co., on the 8th inst., Ellen E., wife of W. S. Charlton, aged twenty years and six months, leaving a sorrowing husband, two little children and many friends to mourn their loss. She was a Christian, a member of the P. O. Baptist Church of Knoxford, died in the faith, and was buried by her pastor.—J. M. C. (Visitor and Messenger please copy.) PETERSON.—At Stillwater, Michigan, on the 6th inst., of consumption, Charles F. Peterson, aged 29 years. He was the son of Mr. C. H. Peterson, of Gibson. He professed religion at the age of 14, was baptised by the late Rev. J. E. Reud, and united with the Nashwaak Free Baptist church. He went West when he was twenty-one years old, and lived there till his death. His brother went to see him, and was with him in his last hours. He died in the faith of the gospel, and entered into rest. A widow and his parents and brothers and sisters mourn his early demise, but they have comfort in the belief that for him to die was gain.

Ka somine and Paint.

JUST RECEIVED: 12 CASKS KALSOMINE — different Shades; 3 Casks Polled Whiting; 2 Casks Blacker Putty; 40 Kegs Elephant White Lead; 1 Keg Agricultural Red; 2 Boxes Ultramarine Blue; 1 Box best English Vermillion, and for sale by R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.

RUBBERS AND Rubber Boots.

JUST RECEIVED AT LOTTIMER'S FASHIONABLE SHOE STORE.

GENTS' RUBBERS in the following Styles:— Pure Gum, (said to be the best manufactured) Heavy Plain Rubbers, Sandal Rubbers, Self Acting Rubbers, Argyle, Zepher and Oakland. LADIES RUBBERS, in imitation Sandels, Croquet and Heavy Plain. LADIES FINE RUBBERS, in the following Styles:— Pure Gum, (best quality manufactured) Climax, La France, Zepher, Doherty, Winthrop, Van Zandt and Terry (common sense). Also, a large variety in Boys', Youths', Misses and Children's sizes. As usual a Fine Assortment of Rubber Boots of Woolsocet and Canadian Manufacture for Gentlemen, Boys, Youths, Ladies, Misses and Children. A LOTTIMER 210 Queen Street. From, Mar. 20th, 1889.

THE BURLINGTONS "ELL"

The formerly popular Vestibule Fast "Ell" Train of the Burlington Route has been resumed between Chicago and Kansas City, St. Joseph and Atchison, leaving Chicago daily at 5:30 p. m. The Burlington's Vestibule Trains to Omaha, Denver and St. Paul will continue as before. They are the best trains between Chicago and the points mentioned. Tickets can be obtained of any ticket agent of connecting lines, or by addressing P. S. EUSTIS, G. P. & T. A., C. B. & Q. R. R., CHICAGO, ILL.

COUGHS, COLDS, Croup and Consumption CURED BY ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 per bottle.

GOVERNMENT HORSES.

THE STALLIONS belonging to the Government of New Brunswick WILL BE LEASED AT

Public Auction

FOR THE SEASON OF 1889; AT FREDERICTON, ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29,

When the following animals will be Leased: The Morgan Stallion Aurora; The Thoroughbred Sir Peter; Three Percheron Stallions; Two Cleveland Bay Stallions; Two Shire Stallions; One Coaching Stallion; Six Queensdale Stallions.

CHAS. H. LUGRIN, Secretary for Agriculture, Department for Agriculture, Fredericton, March 5th, 1889.

BRUSHES, BRUSHES.

JUST RECEIVED: 4 CASES containing best American and Canadian Brushes of all grades for house painters and carriage painters use. R. CHESTNUT & SONS. CARPET LINING. 10 ROLLS moths proof Carpet Lining just to hand, and for sale by R. CHESTNUT & SONS. BARN LANTERNS. JUST TO HAND:— 2 DOZ. new styles Barn Lanterns; 3 doz. Boyes Axes; 2 doz. Sleeper Axes; 1 doz. Broad Axes. And for sale low, by R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Have you a Pain anywhere about you? USE PERRY DAVIS' "PAIN KILLER" and Get Instant Relief. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. 25 Cts. Per Bottle.