

Long-Standing

Blood Diseases are cured by the persevering use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

This medicine is an Alternative, and causes a radical change in the system. The process, in some cases, may not be quite so rapid as in others; but, with persistence, the result is certain. Read these testimonials:—

"For two years I suffered from a severe pain in my right side, and had other troubles caused by a torpid liver and dyspepsia. After giving several medicines a fair trial without a cure, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was greatly benefited by the first bottle, and after taking five bottles I was completely cured."—John W. Benson, 70 Lawrence St., Lowell, Mass.

Last May a large carbuncle broke out on my arm. The usual remedies had no effect and I was confined to my bed for eight weeks. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Less than three bottles healed the sore. In all my experience with medicine, I never saw more

Wonderful Results.

Another marked effect of the use of this medicine was the strengthening of my sight."—Mrs. Carrie Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I had a dry scaly humor for years, and suffered terribly; and, as my brother and sister were similarly afflicted, I presume the malady is hereditary. Last winter, Dr. T. E. Wiley, of Ferrisburgh, N. Y., recommended me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and continue it for a year. For five months I took it daily. I have not had a blemish upon my body for the last three months."—T. E. Wiley, 140 Chambers St., New York City.

"Last fall and winter I was troubled with a dull, heavy pain in my side. I did not notice it much at first, but it gradually grew worse until it became almost unbearable. During the latter part of this time, disorders of the stomach and liver increased my troubles. I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after faithfully continuing the use of this medicine for some months, the pain disappeared and I was completely cured."—Mrs. Augusta A. Furbush, Haverhill, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

HOSPITAL REMEDIES.

There is a new departure in the treatment of disease. It consists in the collection of the specifics used by noted specialists of Europe and America, and bringing them within the reach of all. For instance the treatment pursued by special physicians who treat indigestion, stomach and liver troubles only, was obtained and prepared. The treatment of other physicians, celebrated for curing catarrh were procured, and so on till these incomparable cures now include disease of the lungs, kidneys, female weakness, rheumatism and nervous debility. Ask your druggist for them. Those who cannot procure these remedies from their druggist may remit the price to Hospital Remedy Co., 303 West King St., Toronto, and the remedy will be shipped to them direct. (The price is one dollar each). Descriptive catalogue sent on receipt of stamp to pay postage.

CINCINNATI BELL FOUNDRY CO.
SPECIALISTS IN BRASS CASTINGS TO THE
BLYMYER MANUFACTURING CO.
CATALOGUE WITH PRICES AND TECHNICAL
DETAILS SENT FREE ON REQUEST.
No duty on Church Bells.
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Agents for Maritime Provinces.

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FINEST GRADE OF BELLS,
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College Bells, etc.
Fully warranted; satisfaction
guaranteed for price
and catalogue.
HENRY MCSHANE & CO.,
BALTIMORE, MD., U.S.
Mention this paper.



The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

OFFICE OF CHARLES A. STYDER,
REIDER OF
CLEVELAND DAY AND TRADING BREED HORSES,
ELMWOOD, ILL., Nov. 20, 1888.

Dr. B. J. Kendall, Co.
Dear Sir: I have always purchased your Kendall's Spavin Cure by the half dozen bottles. I would like to see in larger quantities. I think it is one of the best remedies on earth. I have used it on my stables for three years.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., November 2, 1888.

Dr. B. J. Kendall, Co.
Dear Sir: I desire to give you testimonial of my good opinion of your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have used it for Lameness, Stiff Joints, and Spavins, and I have found it a sure cure. I cordially recommend it to all horsemen.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

SALT, WINTON COUNTY, OHIO, Dec. 12, 1888.

Dr. B. J. Kendall, Co.
Gentle: I feel it my duty to say what I have done with your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I have cured twenty-five horses that had Spavins, ten of King Bongs also afflicted with King Head and seven of King Jaw. Since I have had one of your books and followed the directions, I have never lost a case of any kind.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Price \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. Dr. B. J. Kendall, Co., Elmwood Falls, Vt.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PALM SPRING

NURSERY PURPOSES

SKIN & SCALP DISEASES

Price 25 Cents per bottle

DAVID & BROTHERS, 100 N. BROADWAY, N. Y.

Calvary.

Under an Eastern sky,
Amid a rabble's cry,
A man went forth to die
For me.

Thorn-crowned His blessed head,
Blood-stained His every tread;
Cross-laden, on Heaped,
For me.

Pierced glow His hands and feet,
Three hours o'er Him beat
Fierce rays of noon-tide heat
For me.

Thus wert Thou made all mine;
Lord, make me wholly Thine;
Grant grace and strength divine
To me!

In thought and word and deed
Thy will to do. Oh, lead
My soul, e'en though it bleed,
To Thee!

—F. P. P., in Boston Pilot.

The Sabbath-School.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON.

Second Quarter—Lesson XIII—June 30

REVIEW.—MISSIONS.—TEMPERANCE.

REVIEW AND MISSIONS.—Mark 16: 14-20.

GOLDEN TEXT.—These are written, that ye might believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God; and that believing ye might have life through his name.—John 20: 31.

As we have been studying the story of Christ's life for six months past, it will be well for our Review, to take a bird's eye view of his life, and impress upon the scholars the main incidents, leaving a picture which never can be effaced. Below is given a series of questions, showing one way in which this general view of Christ's life may be set forth.

SUBJECT.—THE LIFE OF CHRIST.

I. His Birth and Early Life.

When and where was Jesus born? His mother's name? Give three incidents of his early life. In what place did he live? for how many years? What was his occupation? When and where was he baptized?

II. The Time and Place of his Ministry.

How long did it last? In what two countries was most of it spent? What other countries did he visit? Name the chief cities in which he taught. Name two mountains, a lake, and a river connected with his life.

III. His Teachings. What sermon of Jesus is recorded? In what way did he do much of his teaching? Name some of the principal parables he spoke. Give some of his illustrations. What were some of the leading truths he taught?

IV. His Miracles. Name some of the principal miracles. What was the purpose of the miracles? Over what evils and enemies of men did they show our Saviour's power? Were they all miracles of help and blessing?

V. Incidents revealing his Character.

How did he gain the victory over temptation? What did his example teach about the Sabbath? What was revealed concerning him on the Mount of Transfiguration? What by his night of prayer? by his washing the disciples' feet? by his agony in the garden? by his words upon the cross?

VI. The Atonement on the Cross.

By whom was Jesus betrayed? where? By whom was he condemned? On what occasions was he mocked? Where was he crucified? How many times did he speak on the cross? How long did the crucifixion last? What happened at its close? Where was Jesus buried?

VII. His Resurrection.

How long was Jesus in the tomb? When did he rise? Who saw him first? How many times did he appear? In what places? For how long? What was his last act on earth? From what place did he ascend to God?

VIII. The Great Commission.

What was Jesus' last message to his people? (Mark 16: 15, 16.) Who is to go? Where are they to go? Are any nations to be omitted? What are we to preach and teach? (Matt. 28: 19, 20.) What aids did God give them? (Mark 16: 17, 18.) Have missions been successful? Have any churches succeeded without the missionary spirit? Is such a Saviour worthy of being preached everywhere?

TEMPERANCE LESSON.—

1 Cor. 8: 4-13.

GOLDEN TEXT.—Wherefore, if meat maketh my brother to stumble, I will eat no flesh forever more, that I make not my brother to stumble.—1 Cor. 8: 13 (Rev. Ver.).

This epistle was written to correct certain disorders which had arisen in the church since Paul's departure. The Christians in the city were surrounded by idolatry, whose influences pervaded society. When sacrifices were offered to idols, parts

of the animals were burned upon the altar, a portion was given to the priests, and a portion retained by those who made the offering. These remnants, if they were not eaten at the feasts, were often sold in the public markets. Thus a Christian might eat unconsciously of meat that had been offered to idols if he purchased his meat in the market. Or if he attended the social feasts or weddings of his heathen neighbors, he would be liable to eat meat offered to idols, as sacrifices were always offered on such occasions, and a large portion of meat used would be such as had been used in the sacrifices.

The Question, therefore, which troubled many Christians was whether it was right to eat such meat. Would not those who ate in-dorse idolatry?

The Answer of Paul was, that what the heathen did with their meat was nothing to the Christians. An idol was nothing, and offering it to idols did not harm the meat. Only they must not eat it as an offering, when they were told it was a part of the sacrifice.

But Paul lays down a Great Principle. Although meat offered to an idol was not harmed in itself, and was innocently eaten by those who so understood it, yet if eating such meat caused a weak brother to stumble, and was the means of leading him into sin, then Paul would not touch such meat. It was better to deny himself of a harmless gratification, than to lead another into ruin.

SELF-DENIAL FOR THE GOOD OF OTHERS.

It is conceded on all hands that the use of intoxicating liquors is dangerous to all, and deadly to many. There is no question about their tendency to—

Destroy life, squander property, debase character, injure health, mar happiness, corrupt the state, incite to crime, spoil families, ruin the soul.

Illustration. The Tame Anaconda.

A few years ago a noted wild-beast tamer gave a performance with his pets in one of the leading London theatres. He took his lions, tigers, leopards, and hyenas through their part of the entertainment, awing the audience by his wonderful nerve and his control over them.

As a closing act to the performance he was to introduce an enormous boa-constrictor, thirty-five feet long. He had bought it when it was only two or three days old; and for twenty-five years he had handled it daily, so that it was considered perfectly harmless and completely under his control. He had seen it grow from a tiny reptile, which he often carried in his bosom, into a fearful monster.

The curtain rose upon an Indian woodland scene. The weird strains of an Oriental band steal through the trees. A rustling noise is heard, and a huge serpent is seen winding its way through the undergrowth. It stops. Its head is erected. Its bright eyes sparkle. Its whole body seems animated. A man emerges from the heavy foliage. His eyes meet. The serpent quails before the man,—man is victor. The serpent is under the control of a master.

Under his guidance and direction it performs a series of frightful feats. At a signal from the man it slowly approaches him, and begins to coil its heavy folds around him. Higher and higher do they rise, until man and serpent seem blended into one. Its hideous head is reared aloft above the mass. The man gives a little scream, and the audience unite in a thunderous burst of applause, but it freezes upon their lips. The trainer's scream was a wail of death agony. Those cold, slimy folds had embraced him for the last time.

They had crushed the life out of him, and the horror-stricken audience heard bone after bone crack, as those powerful folds tightened upon him. Man's plaything had become his master. His slave for twenty-five years had now enslaved him.

In this horrible incident is portrayed the whole story of intemperance. The man who has taken the first glass of intoxicating liquor has the boa of intemperance in his bosom. If he throttles the monster now, it is easily done. But if he permits it to live, feeds and nourishes it, he may control it for even twenty-five years, but it is continually growing, and some day its soul-destroying folds will encircle his soul and bear it to those regions of woe "where the worm dieth not, and the fire is not quenched."

Christian Love denies Self for the Good of Others. It will not lead others into evil and danger for the sake of self-gratifications, even those which seem harmless to itself.

Love bids us take the course.

It is the Christlike course.

We must give an account at the Judgment seat of those ruined by our indulgences.

The rewards. Noble character, larger usefulness, the joy of our Lord.

OLD CONUNDRUMS.—What is the difference between a fog and a fallen star? One is mist on earth and the other is missed in heaven.

Why is a man called honorable who is up stairs beating his wife? He is above doing a mean act.

What are the greatest astronomers? The stars, because they have studied the heavens for ages.

What is better than God, worse than the devil, the dead eat it, and if the living eat it they would die? Nothing.

What is the thiefing in the out-skirts? Picking ladies pockets.

In what place did the cock crow when all the world heard him? In Noah's ark.

When does rain become too familiar to a lady? When it begins to patter on the back.

Who are the best men sent to war? Lawyers, because their charges are so great no one can stand them.

Why is Satan always a gentleman? Because, being the imp of darkness, he can never be impolite.

If a church be on fire, why has the organ the smallest chance of escape? Because the engine cannot play on it.

Why are the makers of the Armstrong guns the greatest thieves in Her Majesty's service? Because they rifle all the guns, forge the materials, and steel all the gun breeches.

Why was Goliath surprised when he was struck by a stone? Because such a thing never entered his head before.

What color is a field of grass when covered with snow? Invisible green.

If you had to swallow a man what kind would you prefer? A little London porter.

Why is a solar eclipse like a mother beating her son? Because it is a hiding of the son.

How To Keep Cool.

A Mississippi housekeeper of our acquaintance kept her house, a very spacious one, cool and pleasant during the long summer days by the following method: Until nine or ten o'clock in the morning doors and windows stood wide open; at that time they were closed, and kept closed until four or five in the afternoon, when they were again opened, and allowed to remain so during the night.

Her kitchen was at a little distance from the house, so neither heat nor odors from the range entered the house. In this latitude the kitchen is almost always a part of the house, but if the main part of the cooking is done in the early morning, much annoyance from artificial heat may be saved.

Those who have a nice closet-yard for bleaching may use solar heat for cleansing their clothes instead of boiling hot suds. Wash the clothes in warm water, soap them, and lay them in the sun, keeping them damp with a watering-pot. When the last installment of clothes is washed through the first water, the first installment will be ready to suds, rinse, and blue.

If nursing mothers, when engaged in work that is heating to the blood, will drink plentifully of cool water, not ice-water, their infants will not suffer on account of the mother's labor and over-heating, a fact well worth knowing.

Cold meats, cold vegetables, cold desserts, for dinner, are now in order. A cup of hot tea or coffee can be made, if desired, and food already cooked be warmed over. A gas or oil stove makes it possible to minimize the quantity of heat required for culinary and laundry purposes.

Hard Work.

Do not be discouraged, boys, if you are poor and have to work hard to earn your own living. The men whom you most admire and respect to-day were struggling a few years ago just as you are now. John Wanamaker, the merchant prince of Philadelphia, started in life by turning bricks for his father before school hours, and thus earning two cents a day. Afterwards he entered a book-store, where he was paid \$1.25 per week, and walked eight miles each day between his home and his place of business. Now he has an enormous drygoods establishment, and employs more than 3,000 persons. One secret of his success is thoroughness. Once he heard a sermon full of hard words, and every one that he did not understand he looked up in the dictionary afterwards. Edison, the inventor, began life by selling papers and peanuts in the cars, but at the same time he was reading history and scientific books. One day he happened to be in a telegraph office when the machinery was out of order, and as there was no one there who could fix it, he offered to try, and was successful. That was the stepping-stone to fame and fortune. Had these boys wasted their time over dime novels, and their money in cigarettes, the world would never have heard of them.

CATARRH AND COLD IN HEAD HOW CURED

NASAL BALM
A certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh of the Nose in all its stages.
SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.
Instant Relief. Permanent Cure. Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms (catarrh, such as headache, partial deafness, loss of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, general feeling of debility, etc.). If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of Nasal Balm. Be warned in time! Catarrh in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Nasal Balm is sold by druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of 50 cents and \$1.00 by addressing
FULFORD & CO., BROOKVILLE, ONT.
Beware of imitations similar in name.

LOTTIMER'S FASHIONABLE SHOE STORE.

Established in May, 1859.

A. LOTTIMER

Takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous friends and customers for the very liberal patronage they have bestowed upon him during the past thirty years, and begs leave to say that he has now on hand the largest and best assortment of Boots, Shoes, Slippers for Summer Trade that can be found in the city. He would call special attention to his large variety of Ladies' Kid Boots and Lawn Tennis Shoes in Ladies', Gents' and Boys' sizes.

Goods may be ordered by telephone if desired.

INSPECTION INVITED. A LOTTIMER

210 Queen Street.

LIQUID PAINTS.

ELPHANT BRAND.

15 CASES Liquid Paints—all ready for the brush. Their ease of working, freedom from running off the work, great covering and durable qualities have made them popular.

They are genuine and we guarantee satisfaction in their use.

One gallon will give one coat to fifty-five square yards of unpainted wood, and two coats to thirty-five square yards.

The sale of these paints for the last four years have increased wonderfully and no complaints made. For sale by
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1889.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that all communications in respect to matters affecting the Department of Indian Affairs, should be addressed to the Hon. Mr. E. Dewdney as Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, and not as Minister of the Interior, or to the undersigned. All Officers of the Department should address their official letters to the undersigned.

J. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1889.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

CURE SICK HEAD

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

ACHE

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick headache

ACHE

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

BURDOCK PILLS

A SURE CURE
FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD PURIFIERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

James D. Fowler

Watches, Watches!

WATCHES!
GOLD, SILVER;
GOLD FILLED, &
NICKLE CASES,
—FROM—

\$2.50 to \$150 each.

Best Value in the City.

*REMEMBER THE PLACE,
JAMES D. FOWLER,
Opposite Post Office,
Fredericton, N. B.

Fredericton, Dec. 19, 1888.

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Booksellers,
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Pianos, Organs and
Sewing Machines.

WE handle only first-class Instruments, which we sell at very low prices and on easy terms. WE EMPLOY NO AGENTS, but give the large commission paid agents to the buyer.

Call and see our Stock, or write for Price and Terms.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF ORGANS.

Having furnished over twenty churches in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia with Organs, for which we make a special discount both to the church and clergyman. Any person in want of any of the above Goods, will find it to their advantage to write us for prices, terms, etc.

McMURRAY & CO.

P. S.—reference, by permission, to the Editor of this Paper, who has very low prices for Organs in his Church. McM. & Co. Fredericton.

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Gentleman's Department,
27 KING STREET.

NEW Long Scarfs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Made-up Scarfs, Pongees, Braces, French Braces, Ring Straps, Courier Bags, Dressing Gowns, Gloves, Marine Shirts and Drawers.

IN STOCK —
ENGLISH ALL-LINEN COLLARS in the latest style and the "Derby" (Paper, Turn-Down) and THE SWELL, Paper, Standing COLLARS.

MANCHESTER ROBERTSON & ALLISON.
St. John, N. B.

HARK!

Something Fell!

YES, FURNITURE, CARPETS, CROCKERY and FANCY GOODS have all dropped lower in prices.

Do not purchase your Christmas presents too soon. We have \$1,000 worth of Fancy and Useful articles to open for Christmas trade. Do not be deceived by travelling peddlers and send away for Furniture when you can buy it cheaper at home and get satisfaction.

READ SOME SAMPLE PRICES.

Walnut Parlor Suits, \$35 00
Marble Top Chamber Suits, 35 25
Woven Wire Mattresses, 3 00
Brussels Carpets, 95 cents per yard, cut to match and made up free of charge.
Dinner Sets from \$7.50 up.