

fairly good and it is to be hoped that he may yet be able to pursue the work of the ministry. He has a fine intellect, and if health will permit he will yet be able to do much in the vineyard of the Lord. I also met Bro. Isaac McFarlane, with whom I became acquainted at the General Conference. He is delighted with Bro. Currie and the outlook for the upbuilding of the church, in Moncton. Bro. Currie is another of the rising young men of the church and with energy and perseverance, his work must ultimately be crowned with success.

W. K. BURR.

Moncton, March 17th.

#### Things About Town.

—The House of Assembly was the centre of attraction during last week. Every body seemed interested in the Stampage discussion, and the lobbies and galleries were crowded every day. Ladies seemed quite as anxious to hear as the men. There was good speaking done on both sides, and the listeners evidently enjoyed the wordy battle.

—Miss Boyer, of Florenceville, a student at the Normal School died on Wednesday. She boarded at Mr. P. D. McKenzie's where she received the most tender care. Inflammation of the brain was the cause of her death.

—The ice business has been booming here for a couple of weeks. Large quantities are being cut and stored every day. But the work must end soon.

—The pupils of the High School are to give a concert in the school rooms on Saturday evening. Admission 15 cents. They are raising funds for the School Library, and deserve to be encouraged. They will, of course, give an interesting entertainment.

—There was some excitement last week when it was reported that the Chief Justice had granted a stay of proceedings in the case against Edwards for rum-selling. It transpired later that the Judge had misunderstood the case, supposing all the evidence in, and when this was made to appear to him he amended his order as to permit the case being proceeded with to a conclusion. The rum men are fertile in quibbles and tricks, and by them may gain some time and try somewhat the patience of law abiding citizens, but the end is sure. The persistent violators of the law will have to pay the penalty of their viciousness.

—The W. C. T. U. of this city have been giving \$200 a year to the Victoria Hospital since its establishment. The condition on which the grant was made is that no alcohol is to be administered to any patient occupying the W. C. T. U.'s bed in the Hospital. Lately some of the Doctors have said they cannot be governed in their practice by the condition imposed. The W. C. T. U. is not willing to be a party to the use of alcohol even as a medicine, and has voted that unless the terms on which they made the grant are complied with it will be withdrawn.

#### Six Reasons.

Let every subscriber renew his subscription to the INTELLIGENCER for 1890.

1. Because the INTELLIGENCER brings weekly news respecting our Church work.
2. Because there is a good deal of plausible and misleading literature in circulation that needs to be counteracted.
3. Because the INTELLIGENCER is an important Church agency for the education of our people in right views of life and duty.
4. Because it discusses great living questions of truth and duty from a Christian standpoint.
5. Because the loyal support by our people of every department of our work is essential to the success of our Church.
6. Because those who give up the paper, and those who do not take it, pursue a course that, if all should do the same, would put the paper out of existence.

**RUM STATISTICS.**—The drink statistics of the United Kingdom for 1889, recently sent to the London Times by Dr. Dawson Burns, shows a gross increase of nearly £7,600,000 in the expenditure upon intoxicating liquors over that of 1888. The expenditure per head rose from £3 6s. 8d. to £3 9s. 11d., and as the bulk of the increase was on beer and British spirits it is inferred that the additional expenditure came largely out of the pockets of the working class. This may not seem very satisfactory to temperance workers, but it must be remembered that the expenditure for drink always increases with the revival of trade, and that in the United Kingdom there has been such a revival.

**SIBERIAN OUTRAGES.**—The truth about the atrocities of Russian officials grows more revolting as all the facts are learned. Of course the authorities endeavour to make it appear that the reports are gross exaggerations. But the fact is that the worst is scarcely capable of being told. Kennan's articles and lectures, the information coming from the exiles themselves, as well as accounts by Russian writers in foreign lands—all these are helping to create a feeling of public indignation, whose force will be brought to bear on the Czar. He may reject as impertinent interferences the petitions and remonstrances addressed to him; but he will not be able to suppress the renewed attempts of the best Russian youth of both sexes to keep alive the spirit of liberty and independence. That some of these attempts are blind and violent results not so much from carelessness as from the crushing nature of a despotism which knows no pity or toleration, and suggests only the most desperate means of opposition. It is a pity that something like a firm and united protest from the enlightened Governments of the world could not be laid before the Czar.

**ATHLETICS.**—An eminent physician utters this word of warning: Show me a professional athlete forty years old, and I will show you a man old beyond his time, with bones out of shape, muscles injured and joints stiffened, and no one would promise him five years more of life. Outside of movements to expand the lungs, gymnastics are a positive injury.

**FATHER CHINIQUE** lectured in Washington for three weeks, drew large audiences, and made a very deep impression.

**HE REFUSES.**—In Guysboro, N. S., Messrs. J. A. Frazer and Otto S. Weeks were nominated as candidates for the Local Legislature at the next election. But Mr. Fraser has, it is said, refused to run with Mr. Weeks. No wonder. It is difficult to understand how any decent man could permit himself to be yoked with a man like Weeks.

**CANADA'S INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1890.**—The Association, which has been incorporated for the purpose of holding Exhibitions in St. John, seem determined to give the public the full value of their entrance fees during the forth-coming Exhibition. We notice that considerable interest in the Exhibition has been aroused in the West India Islands and a very fine collection of the natural products of these islands will form one of the most attractive features of the Exhibition. The Association is now making all arrangements for a Provincial Educational Exhibit in which all the schools will take part, and especial recognition of merit will be made in the various grades.

A new departure is being made in having a Marine and Fisheries section and an endeavor will be made to give the Exhibition a character which will associate it with the Maritime Provinces as distinct from the Western Fairs.

The general competition being thrown open to the world is drawing exhibits from the United States and elsewhere, which will give the Exhibition quite an international character. The "Special Attractions Committee" are now in correspondence with a number of amusement caterers with a view of securing some novel attractions which will be incorporated with the Exhibition.

One of the enterprising wholesale houses of St. John has notified the management that they will contribute \$500 for prizes to be awarded to the Agricultural section.

Applications for space are now being rapidly filled up and while there is ample building accommodation, our people would do well to be early in the field.

**THE ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY** lately appealed for a license to retail spirituous liquors. He did not, of course, intend to open an ordinary bar-room, but one for the clergymen of his church who were attending a meeting for several days in succession. They, poor fellows, needed "refreshments" and so to save them the trouble of going a distance for their "refreshments" the Archbishop obligingly became a licensed grog-seller. There is still room for reform in "the church." Such a thing would be impossible, even in England, in any other church than the Roman or the Established.

**CANADA.**—Last year 91,000 persons from other countries settled in Canada. Of these 31,000 were Canadians who had been for some time in the United States. Their household effects and money were valued at \$1,115,000.

**HIS SUCCESSOR.**—The Times Berlin correspondent describes Count Von Caprivi, the successor of Bismarck in the German Chancellorship:

The emperor had a chance to study Gen. Von Caprivi's character during the manoeuvres last autumn, and decided to follow the idea of Frederick the Great, that a general is the best conductor of a foreign policy, because he best knows how far he can go with the army behind him. Although a soldier of the first order, Caprivi, in the opinion of all his intimates, is very much more, and if personal appearance counts for anything, he is a man of great force of character, combining in a high degree suavity in mode with fortitude in re, blending sagacity, patience resolution with good humor and German thoroughness with southern fire. He looks the typical Teuton of the hugest and most impressive type. He bears a remarkable likeness to Bismarck, and might easily pass for his brother. The difference in character is discernible in their gait—that of Bismarck being sharp and heavy, while that of Caprivi is deliberate, expressive of leisurely elegance. The new chancellor is a brief, but capable speaker.

**THE RATE PAYERS** of Altigonish have voted in favor of waterworks. The resolution empowers the town council to expend a sum not exceeding \$25,000.

**TWO-ROWED BARLEY.**—An Ottawa despatch says: "A circular has been issued from the Central experimental farm stating that the government of Canada on recommendation of the minister of agriculture, has agreed to place in the estimates a sum to provide for the purchase and distribution of two-rowed barley for seed to be supplied to farmers of the dominion at cost. In furtherance of this object the minister of agriculture has purchased 10,000 bushels of Carter's prize prolific barley from a well-known seed establishment in London, Eng. It has been awarded many prizes and was given the first prize at Windsor Royal agricultural show last year. It is very prolific, has a stout bright straw, and long heavy heads, usually averaging, under good cultivation, about 40 grains per head.

**SUNDRIES.**—The projected Congo railway will be 268 miles long and its estimated cost is \$5,000,000. Mr. Stanley's fee for a lecture a few years ago was \$75; his terms are now to be \$1,500. An effort is being made to encourage the exportation of Canadian cattle to Ireland, where it is said there is considerable demand for them. One citizen of Augusta, Me., called another a "jackass" about two years ago. The matter has been in court ever since, and the other day, when finally settled, it had cost each litigant over \$1,300. Toronto city council, Monday night, rejected a resolution asking the Ontario government to permit married women to vote. A man out in Indiana has been sent to the penitentiary for two years for swearing that he did not have any money when sued for an account, when he actually had more than the amount of the judgment on his person.

#### Literary Notes.

The principal feature of the Transatlantic for March 1 is political in its character. In an article on "How Europe may Escape War," Colonel Baron Stoffel, who is an authority in matters military, seriously advances the startling idea of an offensive and defensive alliance between France and Germany as the only method of averting the impending European conflict, and maintains that such an alliance is possible only on condition of the voluntary restoration of Alsace and Lorraine to France by Germany. Incidentally, the author relates an interesting interview with Bismarck, in which the German premier describes the struggle which he passed through to prevent his sovereign from occupying Vienna in 1866. After reading this article, one turns, with interest aroused in advance, to "The Last Lesson," a story of a little Alsatian, a touching novella by Alphonse Daudet based upon the prohibition of the study of French in Alsatian schools. An entire page is given to a collection of nearly forty fac-similes of royal autographs. Henrik Ibsen gives some recollections of his childhood that are not only entertaining, but instructive as explaining his future. Among other literary attractions are some delightful translations of the new odes of Carducci, the Italian poet, and an account of Russia's national opera, "Life for the Czar," by the famous composer, Michel Glinka. On the cover appears perhaps the best picture of Robert Browning thus far published. [328 Washington St., Boston. \$2.00 a year.]

#### Denominational Notices.

##### FOREIGN MISSION FUND.

Rec'd from  
Church Taylor Village.....\$1 80  
Dover.....1 00  
W. PETERS, Treas.

#### Deaths.

**McKEL.**—At his residence, Chicago, on the 15th inst. W. D. L. McKel in the 35th, year of his age. He leaves a wife and three children and a large circle of friends to mourn their loss. He was a loving husband and a kind father. His remains were brought from Chicago and interred in the old burial ground at Brown's Flat last Sabbath. Sermon by the writer; text Amos 4:chap. 12.

JOHN A. ROBERTSON.

**LARKIN.**—On the 1st inst., at Lower Pembroke, N. S., Mrs. Bathiah, relict of the late Joseph Larkin, leaving 3 daughters, 2 sons, 3 brothers and a large number of relatives. Sister Larkin experienced religion and was baptized about fifty years ago by the late Rev. C. Knowles, and united with the P. E. Church, which she continued to walk until released by the Great Head of the church. Her funeral was attended by the writer as requested by her. Subject: Christ.—W. C. W.

**LONDON.**—At Brookville Car. Co., on the 15th inst. Thomas D. London, in the 21st year of his age. He was baptized about a year ago, and lived and died a good Christian. To the mother and sister and brother, we extend sympathy.

**CLARKE.**—At Gordonsville, Ca. Co., March 8th, at the residence of B. Jones, Emma Crandall-Clarke, beloved wife of Allison Clarke, aged 19 years. The deceased was the eldest daughter of Deacon Samuel Crandall of Mount Pleasant; she was converted and baptized by Rev. John Perry, April 1st, 1886, and united with the P. E. Church at Mount Pleasant, and was a worthy member. She was a pious woman and took a great interest in the cause, was always present at the services, and her life attested that she loved Jesus. She was highly respected and beloved by all who knew her. We will miss her in the house of God, we will miss her in the home. She was taken ill in prayer meeting Sunday morning, Jan. 19; it was thought to be a slight cold, but she grew worse; when the doctor was called he thought by care and rest she would soon rally; but there came a relapse, and gradually she began to sink. She was very patient and not once was she heard to murmur; when death came she peacefully fell asleep. Less than a year ago this couple was married by Brother Phillips, who also conducted the funeral service. The occasion was a solemn one, and the crowded house told the esteem in which she was held. Her death has cast a deep gloom over the community. May God bless the sorrowing husband and the family and friends of the deceased be our earnest prayer.—A. M. McNINTOSH.

#### To Our Subscribers.

The SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT which appeared in our columns some time since, announcing a special arrangement with Dr. B. J. KENDALL CO., of Enosburgh Falls, Vt., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases," whereby our subscribers were enabled to obtain a copy of that valuable work FREE by sending their address to B. J. KENDALL CO. (and enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) is renewed for a limited period. We trust all will avail themselves of the opportunity of obtaining this valuable work. To every lover of the Horse it is indispensable, as it treats in a simple manner all the diseases which afflict this noble animal. Its phenomenal sale throughout the United States and Canada, make it standard authority. Mention this paper when sending for "Treatise."

John Bays, Credit P. O., says:—"His shoulder was so lame for nine months that he could not raise his hand to his head, but by the use of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil the pain and lameness disappeared, and although three months have elapsed, he has not had an attack of it since."

#### BRUSHES. BRUSHES.

2 CASES American, 1 C. Se. St. John Brushes—just received.  
White Wash, Paste, Varnish, Paint, Tar, Shoe, Horse, Kalsomine, Wall, Window, Hair, Counter, Dust and other Brushes.  
Sash Tools—Flat and Round;  
Carriage—Flat and Round;  
Chisel—Pointed and Plain;  
Stencil Brushes, Marking Brushes;  
Stripes—long and short;  
Cannel Hair, Bears Hair and Badger Brushes;  
Blenders, Gold Leaf Tips, etc., Steel Combs and Putty Knives.  
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

#### TAKE A WET AFTERNOON

(or any other time) and search in old trunks, closets, etc., for letters dated between 1847 and 1869, and on them you are sure to find old STAMPS, which you can turn into money. I will pay from 1c. to \$7.00 for each stamp of New Brunswick or Nova Scotia, used before Confederation. Stamps left on the original envelopes are worth 10 per cent. more. Those cut and used for half their value are good only on the original envelopes to prove it. These are a few of the prices:

1 penny, 35c each      6 pence, 50c each  
3 pence, 13c each      1 shilling, 87c each

Send what others you may find for prices. All stamps not wanted will be returned.

Address, H. L. HART,  
Care of the "Religious Intelligencer,"  
Fredericton, N. B.

**SPRING, 1890.**  
**NEW DRESS GOODS**  
An elegant assortment of  
PRINTED SATTEENS and CHALLIES,  
NEW JACKETS and MANTLES,  
NEW CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS.  
**FRED. B. EDGECOMBE,**  
Railway Ticket Agent, C. P. Railway.

## SOME FACTS ABOUT ORGANS

Organs used to be made forty years ago in appearance much like a cottage piano. But as the bellows were in sight the general effect was somewhat incongruous. Organs were first made in their present form about 1861, when some men in Boston conceived the idea of making a distinctive organ case which would conceal the action. Organs began to sell much faster from that time, and now not less than 100,000 are annually sold in the United States and Canada. Organs made in both countries are sold side by side on their merits in almost every civilized community on the globe. Organs are made of such wide range in size, capacity, elegance of exterior and price that they meet every want, and may be purchased by cottager or capitalist and each secure what is adapted to his use. Organs are especially designed and made for use in churches, halls, schools and lodge rooms, as well as for homes. Organs do not require to be often tuned, a great merit, especially to people who live in neighborhoods where Tuners seldom go. Organs are easily played upon. The prolonged tones of an organ give greater pleasure to a learner than do instruments which have not this faculty. Organs are capable of fine gradations of tone; soft, sweet and low, or strong and loud, as the player wishes. Organs are for sale by us at prices ranging from \$50 to \$500, but it does not follow that the more one pays the more music one gets. Organized system in our business enables us to buy the best organs at the best rates and sell them on the best terms.

**JOHNSTON & CO.,**  
Fredericton, N. B.

**MARCH 1890**

**TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.**

—ARE SHOWING—

**New Dress Goods and New Ulster Cloths**

FOR SPRING WEAR.

**New Sheetings, Pillow Cottons,**

TABLE LINENS, TOWELS,

**New Carpets, New Oil Cloths, &c**

**TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.,**

202 Queen Street, Fredericton.

**Coughs,  
Colds, Croup.**

Allen's Lung Balsam was introduced to the public after its merits for the positive cure of such diseases had been fully tested. It excites expectoration and causes the lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; changes the secretions and purifies the blood; heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system. Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect that it is warranted to break up the most distressing cough in a few hours' time, if not of too long standing. It contains no opium in any form and is warranted to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate child. There is no real necessity for so many deaths by consumption when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it if only taken in time. For Consumption, and all diseases that lead to it, such as Coughs, neglected Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma and all diseases of the Lungs. ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM is the Great Modern Remedy. For Croup and Whooping Cough it is almost a specific. It is an old standard remedy, and sold universally at 50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle. The 25-cent bottles are put out to answer the constant call for a Good and Low-Priced COUGH CURE. If you have not tried the Balsam, call for a 25-cent bottle to test it.

**Allen's  
Lung Balsam**

**FIRE! FIRE!**

Just received a lot of

**MENS RUBBER BOOTS,  
MISSSES RUBBER BOOTS**

—AND—

**Childs Rubber Boots**

That were slightly damaged in the

**Big Boston Fire.**

FOR SALE CHEAP AT

**MOTTIMER'S**

**SHOE STORE.**

March 22, 1890.

#### HARDWARE.

Just received from New York:

- 4 CASES Novelty Clothes Wringers;
  - 2 Cases Eureka do
  - 1 case Bailey's Planes;
  - 1 case Auger Bitts;
  - 2 cases Spirit Level;
  - 1 case Plastering and Brick Trowels;
  - 1 case Spring Hinges;
  - 4 cases Paragon Door Hangers;
  - 10 cases L. cks and Knobs;
  - 6 reams Sand Paper;
  - 1 box Hutton's Mason Levels.
- For sale wholesale and retail, at  
NEILL'S Hardware Store.

#### VIRGINIA FARMS AND MILLS SOLD

and exchanged. From Canada, N. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Richmond, V.

**\$60** Salary, \$40 Expense in Advance allowed each month. Steady employment at home or travelling. No soliciting. Duties delivering and making collections. No Postal Cards. Address with stamp, HAFER & CO., Piqua, O.

**BROOMS, CORN AND MATCHES.**  
—JUST RECEIVED AND IN STOCK—  
15 Dozen Brooms, (extra fine); 100 Gross Matches;  
5 Cases Corn; Canned Goods of all kind;  
Timothy and Clover Seed (in season);  
Turnip Seed, Carrot Seed.  
Field and Garden Seeds are extremely low this season.  
CALL ON ME BEFORE YOU PURCHASE.  
**W. H. VANWART.**

**NEW CARPETS**

FIRST importation of the season per steamer "British Empire" from London. Largest stock in the city. Lowest retail prices in Canada.

**5,500 YARDS**

now open for inspection and more to arrive by next steamer. New designs, splendid patterns. All qualities.

**600 WINDOW SHADES**

AT JOBBER'S PRICES.

**FURNITURE.**

Four warehouses, 20x70 feet, filled with new and beautiful Furniture of all kinds. Mattresses, Bedding, Curtains, Curtain Poles, Towels, Table Linen, Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Table Cutlery, Silver Plated Ware and Fancy Goods. First class mechanics constantly at work. N. B.—We are prepared to compete with all-comers, not excepting those who come here from abroad, with intent to deceive. Can prove our statement correct.

**J. G. McNALLY'S.**

March 6th, 1890.