

Local Legislature.

Mr. Pugsley committed the bill amending the law incorporating the St. John River Railway Company, and explained that the bill proposed to extend existing charter by two years as regards the time of making surveys and completion of the whole line. Agreed to.

Mr. Palmer presented a petition for aid for the St. John River Railway.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell committed the bill to amend the New Brunswick Pharmacy act of 1884 and to restrict the indiscriminate sale of poisons.

Mr. Ketchum committed the bill incorporating the Britton Mining Company.

Mr. Palmer called attention to the 10th paragraph of the speech from the throne, promising a measure having for its object the stimulating of the dairy interests of the province. He would like to know if the government intended introducing such a measure this session.

Mr. Blair said the measure would be brought in.

Mr. Stevens committed a bill to consolidate and amend the several acts incorporating or relating to the town of Moncton.

Mr. Stevens explained the bill. Among other things it changes the title of the town of Moncton to "the city of Moncton."

The sixth section occupied considerable time, the discussion being mostly over that part which disqualified as a candidate for mayor or alderman any owner, occupier or manager of "any hotel, saloon or premises where intoxicating liquors are sold or dealt out."

Mr. Stockton committed the bill prohibiting the sale of cigarettes to minors.

Dr. Stockton spoke of the importance of this bill. The majority of cigarettes are charged with opium. If minors be allowed to continue the use of cigarettes the result will be disastrous to our population. Many of the states had adopted stringent measures. The law committee of the house had added two amendments to the bill; one was extending the bill to cigars as well as cigarettes, and the other to impose a penalty of \$10 and costs upon any person who may give cigarettes or cigars to minors, as well as upon those selling to minors. The bill was agreed.

Dr. Atkinson made the enquiry: Is it the government's intention to grant this session a subsidy to the Woodstock and Cantville or Hartland railway?

Mr. Blair—I cannot give the hon. member definite information at this moment.

Mr. Phinney committed the bill relating to the registration and qualification of dental surgeons. Mr. Phinney explained the bill and other amendments of lesser importance. Agreed to.

Dr. Atkinson made a lengthy statement, after which he gave the following notice of motion, seconded by Mr. Turner:—

Resolved, That Mr. C. Atkinson, a member of this house, having stated in his place that he is credibly informed and believes that he can establish, by satisfactory evidence, that in anticipation of the general elections held in January last, an agreement or arrangement was entered into by the Hon. Andrew G. Blair, attorney general and leader of the government, and one James D. Leary and other persons interested in the making by, and procuring from, the government to said J. D. Leary a contract for the construction of docks and harbor improvements in the city of St. John, whereby the said J. D. Leary, by himself and his agents or such other persons, agreed to furnish a large sum of money to assist and aid the same Andrew G. Blair and his colleagues in securing their elections and the election of some of his supporters, in consideration that the provincial government would enter into and deliver to the said J. D. Leary, or in his name, a contract for the construction of certain dock and harbor improvements in the said city of St. John; that the said Hon. Andrew G. Blair, under the said arrangement, did by himself and his agents, receive from the said J. D. Leary and his agents a large sum of money, to wit, several thousands of dollars, to aid him and his supporters in the election at the said general election, on the understanding that the said J. D. Leary should receive the contract for said docks and works, and the contract between the government and the said J. D. Leary for said docks and works, dated the 17th day of January last, was delivered to said J. D. Leary's agent or some one or other person aforesaid alleged as interested in said contract, upon such payment being made and in consideration thereof and in connexion therewith. Therefore

Resolved, That a committee of seven members be appointed to inquire as to the allegations and facts aforesaid, and all the circumstances connected with the granting and delivery of said contract for docks and works to said J. D. Leary and his agents, with power to send for persons, papers and records and to examine witnesses under oath, agreeable to the provisions of the statute and act of assembly in such cases made and provided, and all other powers that thereunto enabling and with instructions to report in full the evidence taken before and all the proceedings of said committee.

It was moved by Mr. Pugsley, seconded by Mr. Mitchell, as follows:—

Strike out all after the word there, with at the end of the recital of the charge and insert the following:—

And whereas, The said Andrew G. Blair is desirous that the said committee be appointed without delay, and the inquiry into the said charge proceed with immediately; therefore

Resolved, That a committee consisting of five members of this house be appointed to inquire into the said charges against the said Andrew G. Blair and into all the facts and circumstances connected with the matter of the said charge, and with power to send for persons, papers and records and to examine witnesses under oath

agreeably to the provisions of the statute and act of assembly in such cases made and provided, and all other powers that thereunto enabling and with instructions to report in full the evidence taken before the committee and their opinion thereupon and all the proceedings of said committee."

Hon. Mr. Blair said as the resolution involved a serious charge against himself he desired that there should be no delay in having the fullest investigation. With the consent of the house he would ask that the committee be appointed immediately.

After considerable discussion Mr. Pugsley's amendment was carried. The speaker named as the special committee to investigate Dr. Atkinson's charges Messrs Mitchell, Phinney, Wilson, Atkinson and Hetherington.

The bill providing for the incorporation of cheese and butter manufacturing associations and the bill amending the law relating to fences, trespasses and pounds were adopted with amendments.

Mr. Tweedie committed the bill amending the law providing for the survey, reservation and protection of lumber lands. Its object was to do justice to a class of bona fide settlers on the Upsalquitch and Restigouche rivers who would have got their grants long ago but for the sudden departure from the province of a labor act commissioner.

But little business has been done by the Legislature the past week. The chief interest has centered in the investigation, by committee, of the charges preferred by Dr. Atkinson against Mr. Blair.

PARLIAMENT.

When the commons re-assembled Tuesday after the Easter recess the debate on budget was resumed by Mr. Veldon (St. John), who complained that the government devoted too much time to trade relations with Australia and the West Indies, when they had the States ready at their hand. The tariff he said, discriminated against the lower provinces. He contended the reduction on molasses and corn would not offset the increased duty on flour and beef.

The members were called in at 1.25 a. m. and the house divided. Cartwright's amendment was lost by 97 to 60.

Mr. Gillmor read from a Fredericton paper a complaint that the Scott act, supposed to be in force there, was set at defiance at the Military school, liquor being openly sold at three canteens.

Sir Adolphe Caron said he would cause an investigation to be made. The house went into committee on the tariff resolutions.

The first noteworthy discussion was on this item: Animals, living, namely, cattle, sheep and hogs, 30 per cent. ad valorem.

Mr. Foster explained that this was an increase of ten per cent. over the whole duty, and was intended to be about an equivalent for the higher duty placed upon dead meat.

Three government bills were introduced to-day, these being: to amend the Indian Advancement act, to amend the Inland Revenue act, and to extend the modus vivendi.

The second reading of the criminal law amendment bill was explained by Sir John Thompson. To this clause providing for the seduction of females or guardians, he proposed to add a provision enabling a defendant to testify on his own behalf and requiring the evidence of the prosecutrix to be corroborated. Provision respecting offences against male persons had become necessary by reason of the notoriety which such offences had attained in the old country and the fact that they had made their appearance here. Hitherto there had been no dominion legislation on the subject of incest, the anomaly existing that offences of this nature were highly punishable in some provinces. The clause as now drafted did not interfere with the marriage relations, except as between parent and child, brother and sister, and grand parent and grand child. A clause had been inserted at the request of the labor organizations that their members would not be liable to prosecution for combining to refuse to work for any person. Immunity had been from punishment for the more malicious form of boycotting, but this he was not willing to accede. Provision had been made for the comfort of jurors, allowing them refreshments and heat in the jury room in certain cases, for in this age he thought it was no longer required that they should shiver and starve when coming to their determination.

At the suggestion of Mr. Blake, the age of women protected against seduction by guardians or employers was raised from 21 years, as proposed in the bill to 30 years. The clause relating to the commission by male persons of acts of gross indecency, was amended by making five years instead of two the punishment.

An interesting discussion occurred, arising out of the clauses providing against polygamous practices. Mr. Blake hoped that the government would not only keep a strict watch over those who had come, but would discourage further Mormon settlement. Sir John Macdonald said that when the Mormon delegates were in Ottawa he had warned them that any infraction of the Canadian laws would be most rigorously punished.

The government bills to amend the territories real property act, and to prevent the disclosure of official documents and information, a second time. The house went into committee of ways and means, taking up the tariff resolutions.

The items relating to live animals, artificial flowers and feathers were passed.

Axle grease, petroleum barrels, surgical belts and trusses and suspensory bandages, blacking and harness dressing, advertising pamphlets and printed matter of like nature, maps, charts and globes, supplements for newspapers, bank notes and other commercial forms, bookbinders' tools

and implements, fancy work boxes, brass in strips, braces or suspenders, were passed.

The duty of 17½ per cent. on uncleaned or unhulled rice, the same as the old tariff, provoked a long discussion.

News of the Week.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Mayor Lockhart of St. John was re-elected by a majority of 400 over Mr. Chesley.

The nine hour movement in St. John is spreading, and will probably soon embrace all the trades.

A steamer capable of carrying fifty tons freight and one hundred passengers at a trip is expected to ply between Capes Tormentine and Traverse as soon as navigation opens.

Scarlet fever is prevalent in Elgin and several children have died.

Wesley Bennett of Alma, Albert Co., last week shot an otter that measured six feet from tip to tip.

John Keltie of St. John (North) who has been missing for several days, has not yet been found. It is feared he committed suicide. He had been drinking heavily.

A two year old boy of Robert Carlin, St. John was badly scalded in falling. He upset his high chair, and in falling struck the tea pot on the stove and it fell on top of him, the hot tea running over his body and scalding him so badly as to cause the skin to peel.

At Anagance on Tuesday, Thos. Kilpatrick, 15, accidentally discharged his gun, shattering his right arm. The whole arm had to be amputated.

Hugh McLean, the lumberman of Salmon River, Grand Lake, is reported prostrate with paralysis of the brain.

By an explosion of benzine caused by lighting a match while cleaning some furniture, Harry White, Mrs. White and their little child were very seriously burned in this city on Wednesday. All the furniture in the room was destroyed.

At the police court, Woodstock, last week, J. H. Dugan was convicted of two offences against the Scott Act. He was fined, in each case, \$100 and costs.

The Gaspereaux catch so far has been away above that of any season for several years. About 350,000 fish have been taken.

Matilda Shumack, 15 years old, died at St. John from an electric shock. While at Salvation Army barracks, she touched one electric lamp, with iron poker, while at the same time she unconsciously caught an iron post, thus completing the circuit. She received a heavy shock, and after a few days illness she died in great agony.

The son of George Vanwart, Woodstock, aged about 11 years, while assisting to shovel snow off the roof of a building on Monday, lost his balance and fell to the ground a distance of some 30 feet. No bones were broken, but severe internal injuries were inflicted.

McGromar, the agent of the Bank of Nova Scotia at Edmundston has disappeared.

Fire at Newcastle, destroyed the shop at Castle street occupied by Mrs. Susie A. DeMurs, milliner. She had \$800 insurance.

Scratched 28 Years

Body covered with scabies. Itching terrible. Suffering endless. No relief. Doctors and medicines failed. Speedily cured by Cuticura at a cost of \$5.

Cured by Cuticura

If I had known of the CUTICURA REMEDIES twenty-eight years ago it would have saved me \$200.00 (two hundred dollars) and an immense amount of suffering. My disease (psoriasis) commenced on my head in a spot not larger than a cent. It spread rapidly all over my body and not under my nails. The scales would drop off of me all the time, and my suffering was endless and without relief. One thousand dollars would not tempt me to have this disease over again. I am a poor man, but feel rich to be relieved of what some of the doctors said was leprosy, some ringworm, psoriasis, etc. I took... and... Naraparillas over one year and a half but no cure. I went to two or three doctors, and no cure. I cannot praise the CUTICURA REMEDIES too much. They have made my skin as clear and free from scales as a baby's. All I used of them were three bottles of CUTICURA, and three bottles of CUTICURA SOAP. If you had been here and said you would have cured me for \$200.00 you would have had the money. I looked like the picture in your book of psoriasis (scabies) number two. How to Cure Skin Diseases? but now I am as clear as any person ever was. Through force of habit I rub my hands over my arms and legs to scratch once in a while, but to no purpose. I am all well. I scratched twenty-eight years, and it got to be a kind of second nature to me. I thank you a thousand times.

DENNIS DOWNING, Waterbury, Vt.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and purest and best of Humors Remedies, internally and Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, speedily, and permanently cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, crusty, pimply, scrofulous, and hereditary diseases and humors of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, from pimples to scabies.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c; SOAP, 35c; KIT OUTFIT, \$1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG and CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

FREE FROM RHEUMATISM. In one minute the CUTICURA Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatism, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest and muscular pains and weaknesses. The first and only pain killing plaster. 30 cents.

Mr. Crockett, chief superintendent of education, has issued a circular soliciting teachers and board of school trustees throughout the province to aid in making an "educational exhibit" in connexion with the international exhibition to be held at St. John next fall. The exhibit will consist of specimens of "manual work."

The house of Moses Wilson at Salisbury was burned to the ground, Tuesday night. The house adjoining it, occupied by John Blakney, and an old shop owned by Mrs. Golden, were also destroyed. The house was not occupied. It was insured for about \$800. Mr. and Mrs. Blakney were away at the time.

NOVA SCOTIA.

It is said Nova Scotia provincial elections will be held in five or six weeks.

Four gold quartz crushers are being put in operation at the Malaga gold mines in Queen's Co.

Halifax intends memorializing the Dominion government to purchase the block between North and Cornwallis and Water and Lockman streets for conversion into a railway terminus; the city to have a street 70 feet in width on the western side and to contribute \$170,000 towards the purchase.

The N. S. legislative council sat with closed doors, discussing the question of the abolition of that body and certain alleged propositions of the government in regard thereto. The government bill for the abolition of the legislative council has passed its first and second readings in the house of assembly.

A stock company at Pugwash has offered B. N. Mattison, of Oxford, good inducements to remove his Steam wood factory to that place.

Ballasting on the Cape Breton Railway will commence as soon as the frost is out of the ground sufficiently, probably next week.

A few days since a sailor named Cummings was reefing a sail on board the schooner Nettie Blanch, at Port Ariford Island, Parrsboro, when a boom struck him and knocked him overboard and before a boat could reach him he was drowned.

What are claimed to be very rich gold finds have been discovered near Port Hillsford in the old gold district between Sherbrooke and Isaac's Harbour, N. S.

Efforts are being made to have the Yarmouth Exhibition this year more general in its character and on a larger scale than any heretofore held.

Halifax has decided to import from England a steam roller for the streets, at a cost of \$4,000.

The Pictou train wrecker, a farmer named John Ross, is in New Glasgow jail.

The mill of James Ellison, Hammond Plains, was broken into during his absence and belting and saws to the value of \$700 destroyed and other property was also ruined.

OTHER PROVINCES.

Waterford, Ont. had a \$4,000 fire last week.

It is so long since the Bank of Prince Edward Island closed its doors that a great many persons have forgotten all about it. Some parties who had a lot of the bills have taken advantage of this to put them in circulation, and a number of persons have been deceived. The notes now in circulation are \$1 and \$2, and all parties should be on their guard against them, as they are utterly worthless.

The Ontario legislature was prorogued last week and it is believed that dissolution will soon follow.

Tuesday night the dwelling of Mr. McIntyre, miller, at Downey's Rapids, Ont., was badly shattered by an explosion under it of a dynamite cartridge, which was fired by an unknown person. The inmates, nine in all, were injured.

UNITED STATES.

A derrick in use in repairing a trestle a few miles from West Point, Ky., on the Chesapeake, Ohio & Southwestern railroad, fell yesterday and killed four men. The men were thrown 125 feet to the gulch below.

Defaulting State Treasurer Archibald of Baltimore was arrested last week. He was too ill to be removed and an officer was placed in the house.

It is estimated that about 7,000 men are out on strike in Chicago. In some places the bricklayers went out with the carpenters out of sympathy. Nearly all the other building trades will have to stop work, so that unless terms are reached between the carpenters and bosses in that event 60,000 men will be idle.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

In consequence of the murder of a Turk at Selino, in Crete, forty-two Christians have been arrested. In a conflict at Kandano between Turks and Christians many were killed on both sides.

Woful tales of Russian barbarity and tyranny continue to come in rapid succession to a pained and astonished world. All Russian universities are closed for one year. The prisons are crowded with students; and still in spite of every repressive precaution the students agitate, agitate! Even the autocrat of all the Russias cannot bridge eighty million tongues. Attention is still attracted to the brave lady who having written a fearful and too truthful indictment of the Czar's Government travelled with her communication to St. Petersburg and placed it in the Czar's own hand, at the risk of penal servitude if not death. It is reported that the Poles and the Finns are showing symptoms of deep disquiet under the efforts of the government to Russianize them.

A DANGER SIGNAL!

A cold in the Head may be aptly termed a danger signal warning you that if neglected that danger is and disagreeable disease, Catarrh, is sure to follow, perhaps leading to Consumption and the grave. At no season of the year is Cold in the Head more prevalent than during the Spring months, and at no other season do the people of this country suffer more generally from Catarrh, with all its disagreeable and annoying effects. Do not for an instant neglect either of these troubles, but apply NASAL BALM, the only remedy that will give instant relief and effect a thorough cure. The following testimonials from among thousands in our possession bear witness to its sterling merit.

Wm. L. Lucas, Dempsey Corners, N. S., writing for a second supply of Nasal Balm, says: On September 21 I got two bottles from you and it has done me more good for Catarrh, than all the other numerous and costly remedies and treatment I had tried. I feel better now than I have for years, and have every reason to believe the two bottles I am now sending for will completely cure me. I consider Nasal Balm worth its weight in gold to any person suffering from Catarrh.

Wm. Clark, baggage master, W. & A. Railway, Annapolis, N. S., writes: Please send me another bottle of Nasal Balm as my first bottle is gone, and I believe had I used it according to instructions, it would have cured me; as it is I am very much better, in fact like another person.

NASAL BALM

INSTANTLY RELIEVES

Cold in the Head.

Mr. Alex. Moore, Mechanics' Settlement, New Brunswick, says: I am going on 75 years of age, and had very little hope of anything to relieve my Catarrh. Seeing Nasal Balm advertised, I sent to you for a package. It has done me a great deal of good. I enclose you \$2 for a further supply, part of which I intend giving to an afflicted friend. I advise all suffering from Catarrh to use Nasal Balm.

D. S. McDonald, Mabou, writes: Nasal Balm has helped my Catarrh very much. It is the best remedy I ever used.

Abram Grant, Grant P. O., Westmoreland, N. B., writes: My daughter has used one bottle of Nasal Balm and it has helped her Catarrh wonderfully. It gives general satisfaction in this neighborhood.

If Nasal Balm is not kept in stock by your dealer it will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 Cents for small and \$1 for large size bottles) by addressing

FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

SPRING 1896

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They are all New and Elegant Design and include all the Novelties.

This Department has always been a strong one with us, and THIS SEASON'S IMPORTATION is the best yet.

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THE ONLY APPLIANCES

HAVING ABSORBENT QUALITIES.

A New Lease of Life, - A Cure Without Medicine

All Diseases are Cured by our Medicated Electric Belt and Appliances. On the principle that Electricity is Life, our appliances are brought directly into contact with the diseased part. They act as perfect absorbents, by destroying the germs of disease and removing all impurities from the body. Diseases are successfully treated by correspondence, as our goods can be applied at home.

ANOTHER NEW LIST OF HOME REFERENCES:

GEORGE NICHOLSON, Zephyr, Ont., rheumatism 18 years, after two days resumed work in the harvest field. HENRY WHITE, Markham, Ont., rheumatism, shoulder and knees, cured after doctoring ten years. WM. DRINKWATER, V.S., Dutton, Ont., a martyr to rheumatism, cured in three weeks. MRS. MCKAY, Altona, Ont., sciatica 15 years, no pain from the first day. JAS. MANSFIELD, Saskatchewan, N.W.T., piles and complete prostration completely cured. JAS. STORY, Fitzroy, Ont., after wearing Butterfly Belt one night, attended a fair; a walking advertisement for 70 years old. W. J. GOULD, Bathurst, St. City, after laying off 3 weeks went to work wore Butterfly Belt 4 days—sciatica—cured. GEO. H. BAILEY, Yarmouth, Ont., cripple from rheumatism, liver and kidney, completely cured in one month. WALTER LUNN, Port Talbot, Ont., not able to work for two years, cured in one month, lame back and liver complaint. JOSIAH FENNELL, 287 Queen St. East, for 6 weeks could not write a letter, went to work on the sixth day—neuralgia. FLORENCE O'NEILL, Pakenham, neuralgia, cured in four days, doctors could do nothing more for her. MISS FLORENCE McDONALD, 21 Wilton Ave., reports a lump drawn from her wrist. EDWARD FLOOD, 40 Stewart St., tried everything for catarrh. J. R. JOHNSON, Solgirth, Man., tried a hundred remedies, nothing effective, Butterfly Belt cured biliousness and dyspepsia. SENATOR A. E. BOTSFOORD, Sackville, N.B., says Actina is good for defective eye-sight. THOMAS GUTHRIE, Argyle, Man., received more good from our Butterfly Belt and Suspensory than from medicine he paid for in twelve years.

"Your Belt and Suspensory have cured me of impotency," writes G. A. Says S. M. C. "For general debility your Belt and Suspensory are cheap at any price." H. S., Fleetwood, a wreck mentally and physically, cause nightly emission, perfectly cured. Many more such testimonials on file.

Catarrh Impossible under the Influence of Actina. Actina will cure all diseases of the eye. Send for Illustrated Book and Journal giving full list, Free. No Fancy Prices.

Combined Belt and Suspensory, only \$5.00—Certain Cure. NO VINEGAR OR ACID USED.

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