

## Revival Notes.

—Rev. B. Fay Mills, the evangelist, is holding meetings in Portland, Oregon. He is meeting with much success.

—A remarkable revival in the Methodist Japanese Mission in San Francisco recently resulted in 160 being received into the church on probation.

—Evangelist Whittier, whose labours in this city and elsewhere in the Province last year will be remembered, has been conducting meetings in Windsor, Yk., and with much success. One hundred and twenty-five have professed conversion.

—Rev. F. D. Crawley administered baptism in the Baptist church, this city, last Sabbath and the Sabbath before.

—The Rev. E. P. Hammond, the Evangelist, has just closed his labours in New Haven. He had the co-operation of nearly twenty pastors, and about five hundred profess conversion.

## Denominational News.

KINGSTON, K. Co.—Rev. L. A. Cosman writes from Kingston, K. Co., to say that a young man named Walter Smith, claiming to be a Baptist minister, has sought to cause disturbance in the Kingston church. Assuring that he was what he claimed to be, he was given an opportunity to speak; but it was soon discovered that his doctrine was not Baptist; and he was then refused the use of the church. He then sought to create dissension in the church and community. Bro. Cosman thinks the churches ought to be on their guard against him and his class.

FREDERICTON JUNCTION.—The special services at Fredericton Junction are closed for the present. They were not so successful in some respects as we hoped they would be, yet we feel grateful to God for a measure of blessing. The meetings were fairly well attended, especially by the young people; there was among them considerable conviction, yet they hesitated to take a decided stand on the Lord's side. We had the pleasure of seeing the church refreshed and strengthened, backsliders reclaimed, and two were converted, who were buried with Christ in baptism at the close of the morning service, on Sabbath, the 10th inst. We sincerely hope and pray, that others who feel their need of Christ's saving love and power, will soon step "over the line," and become His true disciples.

G. W. FOSTER.

LOWER DUMFRIES.—We have been holding meetings here of late, which have resulted in great good. The church has been greatly revived, several wanderers reclaimed, and sinners led to see the need of a Saviour. The meetings continue this week. To God be all the glory. I wish to acknowledge my thanks to the church and congregation for the sum of \$9 in cash. Brethren pray for us.

ISAAC LEWIS.

April 11th, 1892.

NORTON STATION, K. Co.—I thought about time I wrote a few lines to let my brethren know how we are getting along in the work of the Master. Coming to Norton Station after General Conference to take charge of Norton, Midland and Long Point churches, I felt that the duty devolving upon me was too much for my experience, but knowing that I had the promise of the aid of my Master, and the sympathy of the brethren in those churches I greatly encouraged me. At Norton we have service every Sunday evening, the weekly prayer meetings are quite well attended. The Sunday School under the Superintendence of Bro. Jas. E. McCready has been kept open during the winter with remarkable success. We have procured new hymn books with the music, which we find to be an improvement. One hundred dollars has been erased from the church debt. We can thank God and take courage.

Midland church as the brethren know has stood firm and steadfast to the path of the Fathers for many years. Although time has made changes, still there are many earnest workers in the Master's cause. The Sunday School and weekly prayer meetings are very well attended. We have service in this church every Sunday. Sister Sharp who has been confined to her bed with cancer now going on the second year suffers much but murmurs not, confirming the words of the apostle that "tribulation worketh patience and patience experience." Sister Ellison has been very ill for the past few months by which the prayer meetings sustained a loss, but hope that she may soon be in her place again.

The church at Long Point when organized had only a few members and scarcely any additions since, and by some division became quite weak, but

thank God wrongs have been righted and now union prevails throughout. We held some special meetings and were made to rejoice in seeing a number profess faith in their Saviour. Twelve followed their Master in the ordinance of baptism, of whom ten united with the church; in all fourteen were added to its membership. A weekly prayer meeting has been established, and may the Lord ever water this little vine with the dew of heaven that it may bring forth fruit to His honor and glory. Brethren pray for us that we may continue "steadfastly unmoved always abounding in the work of the Lord."

The friends at Long Point met at the church on the evening of Tuesday the 5th and presented me with thirty three dollars. I feel very grateful to them for their kindness towards me, and may the Lord bless the donors.

DAVID LONG.

UNITED IN DEATH.—An aged Free Baptist minister, Rev. David Moody, and his wife were buried in New Hampshire on the 11th inst. Each was eighty-seven years old, and they had been sixty-five years married.

THE PROHIBITION COMMISSION is having a meeting in Montreal this week.

AN "ALLEGED POET" is what the National Baptist calls Walt. Whitman, whose death occurred recently. It evidently does not believe that a man should be eulogized simply because he is dead. And it speaks plainly that a good many people probably think but do not say, thus:

We have really nothing to add to what we have said on former occasions as to the character of his writings. It is not worth while to dispute about tastes. The Equimaux like rotten seal's flesh. Nothing delights the Austrian natives more than a large, fat white worm, which with great dexterity, they extract from hollow trees. The captain of a quano ship always kept a small quantity of guano in his vest pocket because he liked the bouquet. Col. Ingersoll is to make the funeral address, a most appropriate selection.

WHICH?—Which is worse, New York or Chicago, it is hard to say. Dr. Parkhurst has been throwing a flood of light on New York's infamies. And several of Chicago's aldermen and a member of its Board of Education have been indicted for taking bribes, and for other corrupt acts.

LONDON'S WATER.—The average daily consumption of water in London is 200,000,000 gallons.

BISMARCK.—That the great Chancellor has not lost his hold on the German people is manifest. A few days ago he celebrated his seventy-seventh birthday. In all parts of the Empire he was remembered. He received five thousand congratulatory telegrams, and seven hundred registered letters and parcels arrived. Five thousand men were in procession in his honor; ten thousand miners sent a deputation to him; floral gifts arrived from all parts of the empire. Deputations were coming and going all day. He made a speech in which was one sentence that can be applied by every true man wherever he lives, who receives any manifestation of the confidence of those who know him best. It is this: "That the good wishes of neighboring fellow-citizens were more in his eyes than were the many orders that had been conferred upon him."

"DE SUN DO MOVE."—Rev. John Jasper, the noted colored preacher, of Richmond, Va., whose star sermon is on "De sun do move," has just been married a third time. He is eighty years old.

THE EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION of Canada, organized at Toronto last summer, will hold a meeting in Montreal in July. A provisional programme has been issued, which presents many attractive features to teachers and others interested in the educational work of the country.

3418.—Charitable organizations in Great Britain sent 3418 children to Canada last year.

FOUR LESS.—The number of rumshop licenses issued in St. John this year is 86, four less than last year. Who can estimate the awful evils that will result from more than four score licensed rum shops?

JUDGE HANINGTON was sworn in and took his seat upon the Bench of the Supreme Court last Wednesday.

C. T. A. NOTES.—The glass front of the store of Chatham's Police Magistrate, Mr. McCully, was destroyed last Tuesday night with stones. He had a number of Scott Act cases before him the day before, which probably accounts for the destruction of his property. What fine fellows rum-sellers are, and what fine products of their business.

JOURNALISTIC.—The Messenger & Visitor last week issued a four page supplement, containing a sketch of the life of Wm. Carey, and other missionary matter.

We have received a copy of *The Templar*, Hamilton, Ont. It has been published monthly for several years, but now makes its bow as a weekly. In its prospectus it says: "The Templar will be thoroughly Canadian in every fibre, and will aim to cultivate patriotism and national aspiration. This critical period of political unrest is pregnant with great issues that will tell for the future weal or woe of our beloved country. The time demands a powerful national spirit that will lead patriotic young Canadians away from Conservative corruption and Liberal pessimism, away from narrow provincialism and race difficulties, into a righteous, hopeful united Canadaism."

THE NEGRO.—The progress made by the Negroes of the Southern States since their emancipation is much greater than is generally understood; it is really marvelous.

In *Our Day* for April is published the following statement made at Cleveland Ohio, by Rev. John J. Smallwood, a negro preacher of distinction, eloquence, and sterling ability of Virginia. He said: "There were 200,000 black men in the civil war, and yet not one educated negro minister south of Mason and Dixon's line. In 1865 there were two negro attorneys, three doctors who were college graduates, and two editors, and \$12,000 worth of taxable property was held by the black men. They had no colleges or high schools, no stock, no banks, and no church property. Now they pay taxes on \$263,000,000 worth of property. They have 749 physicians, of whom 654 are college graduates. They have seven colleges, and the presidents of four of them were once slaves. There are seventeen academies and forty-nine high schools, all in charge of negro teachers. They have 995 college-bred ministers, and 247 young men and women who are in European capitals studying foreign languages in order that they may return as teachers. In Richmond there is a bank with a capital of \$500,000, with a black president and black directors, and they are loaning money to the men who formerly owned them. They have a railroad seventy-five miles long entirely owned and controlled by black men, and they sell first-class tickets to white men. Let me tell you that the black man has not been a failure."

"JUST AS GOOD."—In another part of this paper Fulford & Co. announce the decision of a case in their favour against certain parties who sold medicines in imitation of those manufactured by Fulford. It is a case in which others were seeking to profit by the imitating a well advertised article. Messrs. Fulford warns buyers against the "just as good" plea.

SUNDRIES.—There are 300,000 commercial travellers in this country. There are in Europe at this time some 27,000,000 men ready to take the field in a fortnight. Queen Victoria rules a population of 367,000,000, the greatest number of people ever under the control of one sovereign. Women are now employed as stenographers in the Parliament at Copenhagen for the first time.

"DON'T TOBACCO SEIT YOUR LIFE AWAY," is the title of the little book published by the Sterling Remedy Company, P. O. box 98, of Indiana Mineral Springs, Indiana. It tells all about how a preparation they make called, "NO-TO-BAC," will permanently cure the tobacco habit. Many testimonial letters received from those who have used "NO-TO-BAC," report a complete cure in ten days and a gain of many pounds. It is a guaranteed cure, costs but a trifle, and the man who wants to quit and can't had better look this up.

BELL MAKING has been advancing as an art for hundreds of years, and when one hears the sweet church chimes, or the clear, vibrating note of the modern town clock, he is apt to think the point of perfection has been reached. Time, however, makes many innovations, and what is now looked upon as perfect, may be the subject of ridicule a hundred years hence. The Blymire Bells, made by the Cincinnati Bell Foundry Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, rank with the most perfect now being made, and their strength and sweetness of tone have given bells of American manufacture a world-wide reputation. This company leads the bell making industry of the United States, and their church bells, school bells, etc., are ringing their own praise everywhere. So much for bell making as an art.

WHY LEAP-YEAR?—To the inquiry why the leap-years are so called, there appears to be no satisfactory answer. What connection, it may be asked and has been asked, was the year or the added day supposed to have with a leap or with leaping? Were these years regarded as coming with leaps or bounds, as contrasted with the steps or paces of other years? Did days or years leap over something, or were they themselves somehow leaped over? All this seems matter for conjecture; and there is nothing left for us but to fall back on "The Century Dictionary's" statement: "The exact reason of the name is unknown."—April St. Nicholas.

## Dates Of Easter.

The earliest and latest dates upon which Easter can fall are March 22nd and April 25th. In 1886 Easter fell upon its latest date, which had not occurred before in the nineteenth century, and will not occur again until 1943. The last time Easter fell upon its earliest date, the 22nd of March, was in 1818, and will not happen again in this century nor in the next.

On turning back to previous centuries, we find that such a late date as April 25th for Easter Sunday has occurred once every hundred years, with one exception; that is in 1734, 1666, 1546, 1451, 1204, 1109, 1014 and 919.

The earliest date of Easter occurred in 1761, 1693, 1598 and 1573, 1478, 1383, 1136, 1041 and 946. This time the thirteenth century is passed over instead of the fourteenth.

For the benefit of those who would like to know upon what date Easter falls for the remaining years of this century, we give the following: 1892, April 17; 1893, April 2; 1894, March 25; 1895, April 14; 1896, April 5; 1897, April 18; 1898, April 10; 1899, April 2; 1900, April 15.

## All Sorts.

The American had just told the Englishman a joke. The latter did not laugh. "I suppose," said the American caustically, "that you will see the point of that joke about day after to-morrow, and laugh then?" "My dear boy," drawled the Englishman, "I saw the point of that joke and laughed at it four years ago when I was in India."

Some of the biggest dams in the world are in California. The Merced dam is 60 feet high, with a capacity of 5,500,000,000 gallons, spread over 650 acres. The Sweet Water dam, near San Diego, is 90 feet high, and has a capacity of 6,000,000,000 gallons covering 725 acres, and the Bear Valley dam is 60 feet high, with a capacity of 10,000,000,000 gallons, covering 2,250 acres.

A young man in a train was making fun of a lady's hat to an elderly gentleman in the seat with him. "Yes," said his neighbor, that's my wife, and I told her if she wore that bonnet that some fool would make fun of it." The young man slid out. At the next station the old man poured out his hot coffee into the saucer to cool. "Look ma," said a smirking girl, "at that old fashioned way of drinking." "Yes," said the elderly gentleman, "and it was old fashioned manners not to notice it." The elderly gentleman finished his journey in peace.

A clergyman in Scotland had arranged with another to take his place for a Sunday. The day arrived, and with it the Rev. S. C., when for his text he took:—"Who are those arrayed in white, and whence came they? Just then two ladies came in very late arrayed in white. He was again repeating his text, when a man who thought indeed some one might tell the clergyman and not have him ask twice, stood up and said:—"Oh, sir, they are the Miss Whites, from the top of the road."

The Mormons who fled to Mexico about five years ago are flourishing in their new homes. They are settled a little east of Sierra Madre Mountains, in 30° north latitude, where the fertile Casas Grandes Valley gives them plenty of rich land to till. Some of these settlers made homes further east, but they are retreating to the larger settlements near the mountains, where the climate is better and crops are easier to raise. Polygamous marriages it is said, are contracted there with impunity.

A very little thing may make a very great difference. Only the use of one wrong letter and the misplacing of a comma may entirely change the meaning of a sentence. "Here is an example: A preacher read for his text, 'The wicked flee when no man pursueth but the righteous, as bold as a lion.' But in spite of the intelligent compositor and the lynx-eyed proof reader the text appeared in Monday's paper, 'The wicked flee, when no man pursueth but the righteous, as bold as a lion.'"

In the war between France and Germany a woman entered the hospital department as a nurse. In one of the battles she did good service, but lost an arm in the fight. The city of Paris has granted this woman a license to sell matches. A Greek newspaper from which we take this item holds up to criticism this discrimination against the fair sex, saying: "And this is so-called French politeness! While a man would receive a pension, a woman is generously allowed to sell matches on the streets of Paris!"

A good Methodist asked John Wesley what he thought as to his marrying a certain woman well-known to both. Wesley advised him not to think of it. "Why," said the other "she is a member of your church, isn't she?" "Yes," was the reply. "And you think she is truly a Christian woman?" "Yes," said Wesley, "I believe she is." "Well, then; why not marry her?" "Because," replied Wesley—"because, my friend, the Lord can live with a great many people that you and I can't!"

The postage stamp will be 52 years old in May of next year. Its inventor was a printer, James Chalmers, of Dundee, Scotland, who died in 1853. England 52 years ago introduced the new system of prepaying letter postage and, according to a decree of December 21, 1839, issued the first stamps which were to be put before the public on May 6 of the following year, as noted above. A year later they were introduced in the United States and Switzerland, and within three years had become common in Bavaria, Belgium and France.

## Literary Notes.

We find in the April St. Nicholas plenty of attractions. "The Famous Tortugas Bull-Fight," will delight all readers who have a bit of boyhood in them. The triumph of "Jack," who personated the bull, appeals strongly to one's sympathy for the apparently weaker party. "It Really Rained" is a bit of exact descriptive truth-telling upon its subject. "A Story of the Swiss Glacier" represents another bit of frozen fact. It is based upon the finding of a little boy's body perfectly preserved some sixty years after his fall into a crevasse. Then there are two papers devoted to the delights of kite-flying. Other features that call for at least a "reading by title" are: Katharine Pyle's "Cobbler Magician"; "The Curious Case of Ah-top"; "A Shocking Affair." The departments are certainly never lacking in brightness nor interest.

In the April Century Professor Holden of Lick Observatory has a popular paper on "The total Solar Eclipse of 1889," very curiously illustrated. Mr. Edward Robinson of the Boston Museum discusses the question "Did the Greeks Paint their Sculptures?" and gives valuable testimony on this subject. This article is illustrated. "In Topics of the Time" are discussed the "First Presidential Election under Ballot Reform," and "The New Electoral College." In "Open Letters" are brief papers on "The Yankee and Rebel Yells," "Islam the Gospel for the Orient?" This number of the Century closes the forty-third half-yearly volume. May number will be a particularly brilliant one.

The Homiletic Review for April opens with an article on "Is the Higher Criticism Scientific?" which is answered in the affirmative. There is a thoughtful and helpful article concerning "The Praise of the Sanctuary." The Sermonic Section has hardly an unfamiliar name among its contributors. Bishop Spalding, Dr. MacLaren, Dr. Tamm, Dr. Burrell, C. L. plain McCabe, contribute to make that Section most readable. Dr. McArthur gives suggestions as to "Union among Temperance Workers." The Review is one that should be in the hands of all the ministers.

## Dominion Parliament.

An act to incorporate the Woman's Baptist Missionary Union of the maritime provinces passed. Replying to a question, Hon. Mr. Bowell said that all United States newspapers coming into Canada from the States did so free, and were not interfered with, unless of an objectionable character.

Mr. Ives moved his resolution to impose export duties on sawn logs. He said that under the McKinley tariff the only change which was made in the tariff in regard to the lumber industry was a reduction of duty from \$2 to \$1 per thousand on white pine. This was the only concession given under the McKinley tariff. This might be an advantage to lumbermen along the Ottawa river, where all the principal pine in Canada was, but it was a drawback to all lumbermen engaged in any other kind of lumber but pine.

Mr. Charlton spoke against the resolution, as its imposition would be ruinous to those engaged in the lumber business; the United States would be certain to retaliate in other ways.

Hon. Mr. Foster said there were many interests at stake in regard to this matter. All that was expected in the way of reduction of duties by the United States was not obtained in the taking off of the export duties from logs, but the question for them to consider was, what better position would we be in by replacing the duties. It would be this; that double import duties would be placed on lumber imported to the United States, while spruce logs would be in no better position. He did not see how the government could accede to the resolution.

Sir John Thompson has given notice of a resolution to increase the salaries of the superior court judges throughout the dominion generally. The increase amounts to one thousand dollars each, except the district superior judges of the province of Quebec, who receive five hundred additional.

It is learned that the total reduction in the staff of the employees on the Intercolonial will be about 440 dismissals, which will not take place en bloc but will be made gradually. It is intended to follow up the recent abolition of the franking privileges hitherto enjoyed by members of the civil service by abolishing the unlimited franking privileges of members of the house, who will be paid each session a fixed sum for defraying their postage expenses.

A motion by Mr. Mills of Bothwell for reports, etc., made by the minister of finance regarding his trip to the West Indies was passed, Sir John stating that he thought all papers were brought down, but if not they would be.

The house went into supply, taking up the militia estimates. Several items passed.

## Denominational Notices.

## HOME MISSION RECEIPTS.

Rev. J. H. Erb, ..... \$2 00  
G. A. HARLEY,  
Treasurer.

April 9th, '92.

The above which comes from Texas, is the first and only money that has been received for Home Mission purposes since General Conference. The Executive has made engagements and grants, largely exceeding the amount in hand, believing that the churches and friends of the work will supply the funds. Now that the hard winter has passed and we have entered upon the last half of the year we hope soon to receive remittances for our treasury. The churches are expected to do quite as much, or more, than they did last year.—G. A. H.

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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

## Marriages.

HATWARD-GRASS. — In this city, on the 13th inst., by Rev. Dr. McLeod, Mr. Daniel H. Hatward and Miss Myrtle Grass, both of Lincoln, S. Co.

## Deaths.

GOLDING.—At Midland, K. Co., April 3rd of consumption, Walter E. Golding in the 22nd year of his age leaving a widowed mother to mourn the sad loss. May the Lord comfort the sorrowing.

EARLE.—At Kingston, K. Co., April 8th, of consumption, Miss Lillie Earle aged 16 years, leaving mother, two sisters and two brothers to mourn the loss. She died trusting in Jesus.

At Norton Station K. Co., March 15th, of heart disease, Mrs. Adeline Rowe in the 46th year of her age, widow of the late William Rowe and daughter of the late Deacon Geo. Sherwood, died at the house of her mother leaving mother four Bros. and one sister to mourn the loss. She died trusting in the merits of her Saviour.

West.—At Hall's Harbor, on April 4th of la grippe, Mary A., widow of the late Richard D. West, aged 75 years. Sister West survived her husband only 3 mo. and 9 days. She was a model Christian, wife, mother, friend—in short a model woman. Calm under all circumstances, steady, persistent, in all her work living according to the unchanging principles of God's Word. The Bible was her rule. Nothing seemed to influence adversely her faith in God and the Bible. The moments spent in her presence were always helpful, inspiring, strengthening. Rev. David Hickey (Meth.) assisted by the writer, conducted the services.—Text, I Jno. III: 2.

BOONE.—At Tracey Station, S. Co., on the 7th inst. after a brief illness, Abasalom F. Boone, aged 10 years. His end was peace. "May the God of Peace, who brought again from the dead our Lord Jesus Christ," sustain the bereaved relatives as they pass through the deep waters of affliction; may they hear the voice of Him, who lovingly says, "Peace, be still." Funeral services be the writer on the 9th inst.—G. W. FOSTER.

## THE TEMPERANCE

—AND—

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