

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

News of the Week.

New Brunswick

C. W. Wiggins has been appointed post master in place of Miss Maud Burpee at Florenceville.

Immense catches of herring are being taken at Shediac and at other points on the straits.

One hundred and fifty of the employees of the C. P. R. at McAdam Junction have been discharged.

Two barns belonging to H. Stothard, Lausdowne, C. Co., were struck by lightning and burned to the ground Wednesday.

Wednesday afternoon lightning struck a house on Water street, St. Stephen, occupied by Mr. Ferguson, going down the chimney to the ground floor, where it broke a table and chair and tore a large hole in the floor. Fortunately the family had a few minutes before gone into their nearest neighbor's house.

Friday, Herbert Downey, was arraigned before Judge Steadman under the Speedy Trials Act, to answer the charge of breaking into Howard & Crangle's a fortnight ago. The prisoner pleaded guilty and made a statement in which he alleged he found the door unlocked. Judge Steadman sentenced him to three months' imprisonment in the county jail.

A pile driver is at work putting down piles at the Mitchell boom to facilitate rafting operations.

A thunder and lightning storm passed over Moncton, Wednesday. A barn on the McLaughlin road was struck and the whole side shattered. Telegraph poles in the I. C. R. yard were splintered, also a tree on King street.

James Brayley's dwelling house, shop and store house with other large buildings at Gull Cove, White Head, were completely destroyed by fire Tuesday morning.

Jeremiah Dickinson lost his house at Newburg Junction, Thursday night by fire. It is supposed a spark from the flue caused it. The house was insured for five hundred and fifty dollars. Most of his household goods were saved.

In the Equity Court St. John, Thursday, Shipman Sears was put under arrest for perjury. The case was Black vs. Nelson. Sears, the witness under examination, had given Black, one of the parties to the suit, a confession of judgment. He was examined with regard to this before Judge Landry some time ago, after which he went to the states, only returning lately. When before Judge Hanington in the equity suit, he contradicted his former testimony, and on being pressed swore that it had been false and made for a purpose. He declared that his present statement was the truth. The testimony was so remarkable that the judge gave him in charge.

Active building operations have commenced at St. Marys, where a large number of dwellings and stores will go up this summer. Those already begun are: S. Dwyon, store and dwelling; Coun. Estabrooks, store and dwelling; Spencer Inch, store and dwelling; Rev. Wm. Jeffrey, dwelling; Jos. E. Smith, dwelling; Whitman Haines, dwelling. At Gibson, also, a number of new buildings have been already started.

Blanchard was elected to represent Gloucester Co. in the Dominion Parliament by two hundred and ninety-four majority over Doucet on Saturday.

Work has commenced on the Campbellton waterworks. The company is composed of Montreal capitalists, who have applied for incorporation in New Brunswick. The capital stock of the company will be \$60,000.

Feet culture is more profitable to the farmer now than his other crops. Brown Bros. Co., the most extensive nursery house in Canada, have a vacancy in this section. Write them at Toronto, Ont., for their terms.

Nova Scotia.

A large two story dwelling house, owned and occupied by Mrs. Vincent Dexter, of Brooklyn N. S. was totally destroyed by fire last Thursday.

Martha Kaiser, aged 35, of Halifax committed suicide Monday by taking a dose of Paris green. She was melancholy.

At Canso, Wednesday, while John Manuel, and his son, Henry, were returning from their lobster pots, they got amongst the breakers off the cape, and their boat upset. The father managed to cling to the boat and drifted ashore, but the son was drowned.

A. B. Lurby's general store and post-office, Southampton N. S. was burglarized Wednesday. Thirty dollars in cash and some goods were stolen.

There was a very heavy thunder storm at Annapolis Wednesday night. Rain fell in torrents.

In Digby on Friday a little girl named Flossie Syda, died of lockjaw. The Sunday previous she stepped on a rusty nail which ran into the ball of her foot.

An accident occurred Wednesday at Campbell's Mill, Yarmouth. Mr. Wm. Prime, sr., thinking the saw had stopped, leaned over to get a board and was very severely cut in the chest.

United States.

In New York, Wednesday two people were burned to death and many others badly injured in a fire in 61 East Tenth street, a dyeing establishment.

The big strike on the Great Northern Railway, which was one of the completest tie-ups in the history of labor, has been settled.

The special committee of the United States treasury department investigating the Boston custom house has found a shortage of merchandise in many government store houses. At one warehouse the shortage amounts to \$18,000. Over \$5,000,000 worth of merchandise on which duty has not been paid is in the possession of storekeepers in Boston.

Miss Minnie Steverman, 51 years old, from Lunenburg, N. S., committed suicide by hanging herself with an apron suspended from her bed post at her room in Lynn, Mass. She had been suffering from melancholia for some time.

"Coxey" with his ragged regiment of idle tramps has visited Washington, parading the streets, and trying to make a speech on the steps of the Capitol. He was not allowed to make a speech, and he and his "army" did not try to enter the Capitol. Mary squads of the "Commonwealth army" are trying by various routes to reach Washington. This exhibition is foolish and calculated to do harm. Collision have occurred in some places between the "Coxeyites" and the authorities, but nothing serious has happened.

Get the Best.

The public are too intelligent to purchase a worthless article a second time, on the contrary they want the best! Physicians are virtually unanimous in saying Scott's Emulsion is the best form of Cod Liver Oil.

British and Foreign.

An Athens despatch says there was another severe shock of earthquake Wednesday night. It lasted 15 seconds and was felt in nearly all of the districts which had previously suffered. The shock completed the destruction of many buildings which had been damaged by former disturbances. There was no loss of life. There have been numerous curious results of the earthquakes. In Aidiopse fully a hundred fresh hot springs have been opened. In Lokris an immense chasm extending a distance 50 kilometres, appeared.

The council of Italians against emigrating to the United States is said to be growing more acute and chances of getting work lessening daily.

Lord Rosebery in his speech at Manchester Wednesday said the Home Rule question ought to be and must be settled as a common-sense one. If the people of England wished to have a united empire, wished to move toward the ideal of a federation of the English-speaking races, they must grant Home Rule.

TO MESSRS. PUTNAM'S EMULSION COMPANY, HALIFAX, N. S.:
MONTREAL, Jan. 16th.

Last summer my little girl was weak, delicate and nervous, and did not rest well at night. I gave her less than two bottles of your EMULSION, according to directions, and soon after she began to take it she improved very fast in strength, slept well at night and lost much of that nervousness with which she had been troubled, and gained in flesh as well as strength, and has never been so well as since she took a course of your EMULSION.

Yours truly,

C. A. HUMPHRIES,

Head Master Royal Arthur School.

Dominion Parliament.

Controller Wallace in answer to Mr. Davies, said that the custom house officer at Woodstock, N. B. denied that Preventive Officer Campbell sold liquor or had access to liquor in the bonded warehouses. Mr. Davies said his information was against one Thompson. The controller said he would make further enquiries.

Sir John Thompson replying to Mr. Lepine in regard to the establishment of a bureau of labor statistics, said the government had been considering the matter, and did not think the working classes would be benefited if such were established.

Mr. Coatsworth moved a resolution in favor of the reduction of letter postage from 3 to 2 cents.

Mr. Sproule moved the cutting off of the free delivery of letters in cities, which would enable the government to meet the loss of the proposed reduction.

Sir Adolphe Caron said he would like to see the rates of postage reduced but Canada was a young country and was under a heavy expense in building up postal works. The proposition of Mr. Coatsworth would represent a loss of \$800,000 per annum. It was impossible to make the reduction under existing circumstances.

Mr. Foster moved that the duty on tomatoes and other vegetables, including corn and baked beans, in cans and other packages, not elsewhere specified as at first proposed, to 1 1/2 cents per pound. The item passed.

Mr. Foster moved that fruit in air tight cans or other packages should be taxed two cents per pound. The item passed.

The duty was raised from 2 cents to 3 cents on demijohns, jugs, churns or crocks upon each gallon of liquid capacity. Plaster of Paris was changed from 15 per cent, at val ram to 40 cents per barrel.

Mr. Foster proposed that the duty on coal and kerosene oils, distilled, purified or refined, naphtha and petroleum should be changed from 7 1/2 cents to 6 cents per g l.

Mr. Charlton moved the second reading of his bill entitled: An act to secure the better observance of the Lord's day. The bill provides that printers shall not work on Sunday; canals shall not be open for traffic; no trains shall run except they be through passenger trains or trains of live stock or perishable goods; and excursions shall be prohibited.

Mr. Weldon moved the second reading of the bill to disfranchise electors who are found to have taken bribes. The object of the bill was not to punish any one, but he wanted the house to say that the man who took a bribe should have no controlling power in the state. The bill referred to a select committee.

Mr. Foster moved the adoption of the following resolution:

Whereas, scrap iron and scrap steel, being waste or refuse; wrought iron or steel, fit only to be re-manufactured the same having been in actual use, not to include cuttings or clippings which can be used as iron or steel without re-manufacture, and steel bloom ends and crop ends of steel rails, \$3 per ton, and on and after the first day of January, 1895, \$4 per ton.

Mr. Foster said the object was to reduce the cost of merchantable iron used in the widely distributed iron industries founded on pig iron, puddle bar and bar iron.

Mr. Laurier said the government intended to increase the manufacture of bar and pig iron in Canada, but heretofore they had failed in their efforts and had simply raised the prices of iron to the consumer.

Mr. Foster said the industry had been built up and the increased duty would not only aid the industry, but would cheapen the prices in Canada to the consumer and the consumer would get a better quality of iron when manufactured products were not made from scrap.

The item passed. When it came to the item of coffins which were reduced from 35 per cent. to 25 per cent., Mr. McMullen wanted to know whether the department charged customs duty on coffins occupied by corpses coming from the United States.

Hon. Mr. Wallace replied that it did not; it had only been tried once, and did not work.

The opposition criticism of the sugar duties was that notwithstanding the further decrease of sixteen cents per hundred weight in refined and the admission of West India sugars free up to 16 Dutch standard, the refiners would continue to make vast fortunes.

The Toronto Home for Incurables.

PAERDALE, Ont., Feb. 27th, 1888.—Gentlemen, it gives me pleasure to let you know I have derived great benefit from the use of Nerviline. I have been a great sufferer from Neuralgia in the face, and last two years was quite a martyr to the malady. So soon as I observed the Nerviline advertised I obtained a bottle from our druggists, Messrs. John Gray & Co., Parkdale, and the effect was marvellous, pain ceased and I can enjoy sound sleep at night, and am refreshed. I cannot speak too highly of it and heartily recommend it.—ALEXANDER STEEN.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE

Eight Long Years of Pain and Suffering.

A WELL KNOWN GODERICHER LADY RESTORED TO HEALTH AND STRENGTH AFTER PHYSICIANS HAD FAILED—GIVES HER EXPERIENCE FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD.

From the Goderich-Signal.

The marvellous change which has taken place in the physical condition of Mrs. Culloden Fraser, Britannia street, during the past twelve months has been the chief topic of conversation among her many friends and acquaintances of late, and to all who know of the terrible manner in which she has been afflicted, her lifting up appears to have been little short of miraculous. Mrs. Fraser has a wide circle of acquaintances in Goderich and vicinity, having resided in this town for over thirty years—ever since her husband, who was a merchant in Bayfield, retired from business and located here. Having heard of the wonderful change that had been brought about in her physical condition, a representative of The Signal called upon Mrs. Fraser at her pleasant home to congratulate her on the improved state of her health, and to find out in what manner the happy change had been effected. He was graciously received and the following statement was voluntarily given by Mrs. Fraser.

It is now over eight years since one morning as I was performing ablutions, and when passing my hand over my face I experienced a pain on the cheek similar to that which is felt when a thorn which has penetrated the flesh is touched. The pain continued after that and appeared to move all over my face and head. From the cheek it went to the upper lip, then to the lower lip, then to the forehead and head and then to the eyes. So intense was the agony which I suffered that I was unable to touch my hair and eyebrows, and my eyes felt like veritable balls of fire. My gums were so affected that I was unable to masticate my food, and as a result I suffered greatly from lack of nourishment. My face became so contracted from the effects of the pain that my best friends could hardly recognize me, and the only relief I could get was from chloral and the use of opiate. Finally my local physician, who had been tire-

less in his efforts to help me, said he could do nothing further for me, and my case seemed utterly hopeless. I then went to Clinton and consulted one of the most skilled practitioners in that town, who diagnosed my case and said he could recommend no treatment that would benefit me. I came home utterly broken down and not knowing what to do. I had read in the newspapers of the marvellous results accomplished by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but as I had never placed much confidence in proprietary medicines so widely advertised and had relied more on the methods of skilled practitioners, I had not given the matter of using them much thought. As a last resort, however, I determined to give Pink Pills a trial, and had two boxes purchased at the drug store of James Wilson. From the first box I cannot say that I experienced any noticeable benefit but by the time I was half through with the second box I knew I was mending rapidly, as the terrible pains had ceased, to a great extent, and I had begun to feel more like my former self. That was last fall, and when my friends heard I was recovering they began to drop in rapidly and congratulate me. As a result of the excitement consequent upon the facts that sometimes as many as ten or a dozen would come in and see me during the course of a day, I had a relapse—a return of the old pains—but I continued to take Pink Pills, and am pleased to say that I gradually got back to my normal condition, in which I am to day. This summer, since August, I have been entirely free from the malady, which has never been the case during the previous seven summers, but I occasionally take the Pink Pills, as my doctor advises me that it is well, so as to ward off disease. I attribute the marked improvement in my health solely to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and have not failed to recommend their use to many of my friends who have made enquiry as to the benefit derived by me from them.

In conversation with Jas. Wilson, druggist, it was learned that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have a very large sale in Goderich, and that many can testify to their great value as a blood builder and nerve tonic. Mr. Geo. A. Fear, druggist, also speaks highly of the results attained by the use of Pink Pills among his customers, and says he finds them the best selling remedy in his store. Such remarkable cures as that of Mrs. Fraser have been but too few in the past. Thanks to the better knowledge that the people are obtain-

ing of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills they are now becoming more numerous.

This medicine contains in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood, and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration, all diseases depending upon vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark. They are never sold in bulk, or by the dozen or hundred, and any dealer who offers substitutes in this form should be avoided. The public also cautioned against other so-called blood builders and nerve tonics, put up in a similar form intended to deceive. Ask your dealer for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and refuse all imitations and substitutes.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y., and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., from either address, at 50 cents or six boxes for \$2.50.

SPRING GOODS.

Spring Overcoatings in Worsted and Venetians.

Fashionable Spring Suitings.

Fancy Trowserings and Fancy Vestings at

WM. JENNINGS',
MERCHANT TAILOR,

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LESS LABOUR GREATER COMFORT!

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HARDING & SMITH, St. John, Agents for New Brunswick.

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10,000 Yds. of Carpets Now on Hand.

5,500 yards New Stock just received and more to follow. Come and see our low prices. A fine stock for the spring trade, Fine Parlour Suites, Cheap and Modern Parlour Suites, Sofas, Lounges, Easy Chairs, Platform Rockers, Mattresses, etc. New Furniture continually arriving. Several Car Load Lots expected. Chamber Suites, Extension Tables, Sideboards, Bent Wood Furniture, Chairs of all kinds, Children's Carriages, Bedsteads, Cribs, Cradles, Hall Stands, Pictures, Mirrors and Window Poles. 400 Window Shades of Latest Designs just opened. Prices Low.

Fine Stock of Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Silverware and Table Cutlery. All our Goods at very close prices, come and see.

JAS. G. McNALLY,

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Buy their Clothing at

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And Save Money.

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