be open to young women coming to the city to earn their living, and who have no home of their own. It is not in any sense "reformatory," any more than is the Y. M C. A. It is intended for reputable young women only. There will be boarding for a limited number and there will, we believe, be meals served at certain hours daily. Means of intellectual and spiritual improvement will also be supplied. It is an institution which merits the aid of the churches.

Denominational News.

LOWER ARGYLE, N. S.—We are having special meetings now at Lower Argyle, with increasing interest. Five were baptized last Sunday (20th), and united to the church.

J. W. FREEMAN.

SHANNON, Q. Co.—The Lord has blessed us at Shannon, with a good revival. We began special meetings on Monday the 28th of February and continued three weeks. We had the pleasure and profit of the timely assistance of Bro. G. W. Foster for two weeks, with the exception of the Sabbaths, when he filled appointments on his own field. Conversions were not as numerous as we had hoped for, yet the church has been greatly revived and encouraged, backsliders have been reclaimed and have taken their places among the workers of the church, and we rejoice that some seven or eight souls have been won to Christ. It was my privilege to administer the rite of baptism to five followers of Christ, and we have hope that there are others to follow in the near future. Those baptized have united with our church at Shannon. Bro. Foster's preaching, and work during his stay with us was highly appreciated by the church and people very generally. Last evening, Wednesday, was our first regular prayer-meeting; we had a refreshing season indeed. After the close of the prayer-service, Bro. A. E. Smith and Bro. John A. Jones were chosen deacons of the church.

C. B. LEWIS.

FROM LICENTIATE WILLIAMS.—Although this is the first letter I have sent the INTELLIGENCER since Conference, I have not been idle. I came to this pastorate (Southampton and Canterbury) early in December, and have been lab ring here ever since, preaching the Word, attending Conference and Endeavour meetings.....I began holding special services at Campbell Settlement on Monday, the 13th inst, and discontinued them for a few days, for unavoidable reasons, but expect to resume work there this evening. We hope and pray that much good may be done .....All the preaching services are largely attended, and the Endeavor societies seem to be holding their ground; the one in this place (Canterbury) is increasing in attendance and interest. One young man joined the society here, last night. The same young brother has lately returned to the Lord after, as a backslider, being "filled with his ways.' .....There is not that interest in religious matters in the churches of this pastorate that there ought to be, but we hope that, by faithful work, earnest and believing prayer, trust in God, and thorough consecration, we may see the work of the Lord revived. Brethren pray for us.....I have preached in the Baptist church at Benton several times; I have been very kindly received and invited to return often, and have established an appointment there once in every two weeks on a Monday night. I am about to establish another new appointment within the limits of the pastorate, at Lower Southampton, in the School house, where I hope to be next Sunday afternoon.....On the 2nd of Feb. Rev. C. T. Coombes, former pastor of these churches, made a flying visit to this village, was with us in our Endeavor meeting on that evening, and the next day started for his home in Caribou, Me. Twice, during the winter, Rev. Joseph Noble has visited Campbell Settlement and Middle Southampton, preaching in the latter place, and attending one conference with us in the former place. On Sunday evening, the 20th inst, Rev. Elijah Grey was with us at Middle Southampton and took part in the service. All were glad to see and hear him.

A. H. WILLIAMS.

Meductic, York Co.,
March 24, 1898.

REVIVALS.—Rev. J. J. Barnes writes that the special meetings at Rockland, C. C., are increasing in interest. Much good is expected to result from them.

Four candidates were baptized in the church in this city last Sabbath.

[illegible] see that he was announced to take his regular appointments last Sunday. It may not be known to our people generally, that a short time ago bro. Nobles was called to the pastorate of the Free Baptist church in Augusta, Me. Though strongly urged to accept, he did not feel clear to leave the work at home, and so declined the call. We are sure that we express the feelings of our ministers and people when we say that bro. Nobles' devotion to home interests is much appreciated by them. We trust his health may be fully restored. A few weeks rest would do him good.

DEATH OF A MINISTER.—Rev. Edward Hickson, a well-known Baptist minister, died in Carleton, St. John, on Friday. He was about seventy years old, and had not been engaged in the active work of the ministry for several years. He was much esteemed.

KRUGER.—This is Stanley's description of Paul Kruger, President of the Transvaal: "He is pre-eminently the Boer of the Boers in character, in intellect, and in disposition, and that is one reason why he has such absolute control over his people. His obstinacy—and no man with a face like his could be otherwise than obstinate—his people call strength. Age and its infirmities have intensified it. His reserve, born of self pride, consciousness of force, limited ambitions, and self-reliance they call a diplomatic gift. His disposition, morose from birth, breeding, isolation fostered by contact with his kind, is unyielding and selfish, and has been hardened by contempt of the verbose weaklings who have measured themselves against him.

POLITICAL NEWS.—The writ for by-election in West Prince, P. E. Island, has been issued. Nomination day April 6 Election day April 13.

It is stated that the Ontario government has decided to protest the elections of about 40 Conservative members returned at the recent provincia election.

Mr. J. S. Willison, managing editor of the 'Toronto Globe,' and Mr. Yeo M. P. for P. E. Island, are said to be booked for seats in the Senate.

Parliament.

MONDAY.—The first business was Marcotte's motion for reference of Bruneau s resignation to the committee of privileges and elections.

Premier Laurier said the only purpose of the reference to the committee would be to determine whether Bruneau's action amounted to a resignation He said it was allowable for a member to withdraw his resignation any time before the speaker had brought the matter before the house. Therefore there was nothing to refer.

Mr. Borden of Halifax presumed Sir Wilfrid Laurier would not contend that any resignation sent to the speaker and stolen or burned after its receipt would not be good. The purpose of motion was to determine whether there had been a resignation, and there was certainly ground for an enquiry on that point.

Several members spoke, the motion was lost.

After the introduction of a few bills the house adjourned.

TUESDAY.—The franchise act was the business intended for to-day; but Mr. Charlton criticized the government for prohibiting the importation of United States nursery stock. A great loss had been inflicted on dealers, some of whom have had a score of agents out all winter taking orders for goods which parliament would not allow them to fill.

The discussion continued most of the afternoon.

Mr. Ellis agreed with Mr Charlton, showing that dealers who were in business in good faith would suffer.

The solicitor general moved the second reading of the franchise bill measure. It is the same as last year, adopting the provincial franchise and the provincial lists for federal elections.

Sir Charles Tupper, in a brief speech, condemned the proposition that members of the dominion should be elected by a franchise over which parliament should have no control. The proposed bill gave no uniformity of franchise. It subjected the franchise by which members of parliament were elected, to the caparices of local governments. Sir Charles agreed that a simpler and cheaper form of franchise than the present ought to be obtained, but he thought that it would be possible without giving up federal control.

WEDNESDAY.—The order of the day was the discussion of Mr. Reid's motion calling for a bonus on butter of approved quality exported. The discussion was mostly confined to Ontario members.

The minister of agriculture expressed doubt whether the farmers would get the benefit and whether it would not go to middlemen.

Mr. Charlton moved the third reading of his Sunday bill. Mr. McLean moved that the bill be referred back to the committee to strike out the clause forbidding the sale of Sunday papers. The motion carried by 65 to 58.

After the house went into committee, Mr McLean moved that the committee rise, which would have the effect of killing the whole bill. This occasioned a whole evening of discussion. At 11 o'clock the motion properly was carried by 65 to 43. This kills the bill for the present session.

THE SENATE.

The Yukon bill was discussed in the senate. Sir Frank Smith gave his reasons for supporting the measure. It seemed to him to be important to open up a new field for our immigration and for our investment.

Hon. Mr. Miller was convinced that the measure ought not to pass. He condemned the bill on the ground that it was the result of a secret bargain; that it contained a railway monopoly and a mining monopoly; that it did not furnish a Canadian route and was not the best route; that the price was too high and gave great opportunities for oppression and corruption.

Hon. Mr. McDonald (B. C) opposed the measure and moved the six months hoist.

Senator Scott spoke in defence of the measure.

THURSDAY.—Mr. Charlton proposed a motion to restore his Sunday bill to the order paper. It was lost by 93 to 52.

The resolution in favor of a butter bonus was taken up. The government substituted a commendation of the cold storage policy.

The amendment was carried by eighty to thirty-four.

THE SENATE.

In the senate the discussion of the Yukon bill was continued.

It was intended that the senate vote will be taken next Tuesday.

FRIDAY.—The franchise bill was again taken up to-day. Mr. Mills of Annapolis spoke against the adoption of the provincial lists.

Dr. Roche, Messrs. Heyd, McClure, Rutherford and Moore continued the discussion till midnight.

Circulation of the Bible.

It has been estimated that from the year 1804 to 1896 more than 256,000,000 copies of the Bible were issued. H. L. Hastings, of Boston, says that in 1880 the statistics of eighty different Bible societies, with their numerous agencies and auxiliaries, reported 206 translations of God's Word since 1804. In his pamphlet entitled "Is the Bible a True Book?" Mr. Hastings presents some interesting remarks concerning the Revised New Testament, the following being an extract:

"That book was the re issue of a book which skeptics have long claimed was out of date, gone by, exploded, demolished, dead, and of no particular use or value. Nevertheless the book has had a considerable circulation. It was issued in London May 20, 1881, and it is said that as early as April the publishers had orders for a million copies in advance of publication. Surely that must be a remarkable book. No other book was ever written or printed of which a million copies were ordered in advance of its issue. . . . A single publishing house in New York sold 365,000 copies of the English edition before the end of the year 1881. Fifty American editions were issued from the press, one of them having a sale of 65,000 others being scattered through the length and breadth of the land,"

Such facts as these says the 'Telescope' show that multitudes are interested in the Word of God and that infidels have not met with success in their endeavors to destroy the influence of the old Book. And as the years go on, we can depend that its influence will be more wide-spread than ever before, and that the time will come when every race will have the Holy Scriptures and the knowledge of the true God will extend from pole to pole.

The late George Muller circulated a large number of copies of God's Word. In a letter, written to a meeting of the British and Foreign Bible Society, Birmingham, he said God "has condescended to enable me to circulate, in all parts of the earth, and in various languages, 284 652 Bibles, 1,458 662 New Testaments, 21 350 copies of the Book of Psalms, and 223,500 other portions of the Holy Scriptures; and God has been pleased thus, simply through the reading of the Holy Scriptures to bring thousands of persons to the knowlege of the Lord Jesus. An especial blessing in this way has been granted in Spain, France, and Ireland, and in the spiritually dark villages of our own country, through Bible carriages, which I supplied with Testaments at half-price, and with Bibles at three-quarters of the cost prices."

London Bridge.

The London *Bridge* is one of the most picturesque objects in and about that great city. Something of its history may be gleaned from this statement taken from an English paper:

When was the bridge built? It is impossible to say. It was not there in A. D 61, when Queen Boadicea's troops sacked the city and murdered the people. It was there when Allectus led his troops out to fight the Roman legions. It was there very early in the Roman occupation as it proved by the quantities of Roman coins of the four centuries of their tenure found in the bed of the river on the side of the old bridge. It is also proved by the fact that Southwark was a settlement of the wealthier class, who could not have lived in a place absolutely without supplies had there been no bridge. We may take any time we please for the construction of the bridge, so long as it is quite early—say, before the second century.

The Britons themselves were unable to build a bridge of any kind, unless in the primitive methods observed at Pont Bridge and Two Bridges, on Dartmoor, by a slab of stone across two bowlders. The work, therefore was certainly undertaken by Roman engineers. We have, in the next place, to inquire what kind of bridge was built at that time by the Romans. They built bridges of wood and stone; many of these stone bridges still remain, in other cases the pieces of hewn stone still remain. The bridge over the Thames, however, was of wood. This is proved by the fact that had it been of the solid Roman construction, in stone, the piers would be still remaining; also by the fact that London had to be contented with a wooden bridge until the year 1176, when the first bridge of stone was commenced. Considerations as to the comparative insignificance of London in the first century, as to the absence of stone in the neighborhood, and as to the plentiful supply of the best wood in the world from the forests north of the city, confirm the theory that the bridge was built of wood. We have only, therefore, to learn how Roman engineers built bridges of wood elsewhere, in order to know how they built a bridge of wood over the Thames.

MUCH SAFER FOR BOTH.—Perhaps the most dangerous section of the route of ocean travel between New York and the northern European ports is that where the line crosses the banks of Newfoundland. The fogs make navigation dangerous, and the presence of the fishing fleet during the season, from April to October increases the hazard many fold. Every year the fishermen suffer loss of lives and vessels through collisions and other mishaps with the transatlantic steamers, while it is not infrequently the case that a steamer is severely injured or lost through these encounters A proposition is now being considered by the managers of the transatlantic companies which contemplates the abandonment of the dangerous lane, and the adoption of a more southerly course. One line, at the request of its government, which supports it by heavy subsidies, has already consented to the arrangement, although the trips will be lengthened by at least three hours in consequence.—N. Y. Advocate.

People will raise your judgment higher if you will not be so ready to give your advice where it is not asked, and in matters which do not concern you.

NURSE MORRIS' SECRET

Explains How She Saves Mothers' Lives.

THE CRITICAL TIME OF MATERNITY AND THE METHODS OF A FAMOUS NURSE TO RESTORE THE MOTHER'S STRENGTH.

From the Evening News, Detroit, Mich.

No woman is better fitted for nursing, or has had more years of practical experience in that work than Mrs. Moses Morris, of 340 Fourteenth street Detroit Mich. For twenty years she has been recognized as the best and most successful nurse in confinement cases, and over three hundred happy mothers can testify to her skillful nursing and care. Always engaged months ahead, she has had to decline hundreds of pressing and pleading applications for her services. She has made a specialty of confinement cases, and has made so high a reputation in this city that her engagement, in all cases, is taken as a sure sign of the mother's speedy recovery.

Mrs. Morris was a nurse in England before she came to America, and so was her mother and her mother's mother before her. When asked once by a leading physician the secret of her great success in treating mothers in confinement cases, she said she used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in such cases, as they build up the mother more quickly and surely than any other medicine she had ever used.

Mrs. Morris was seen at her pretty little home on Fourteenth Street, and when asked regarding the use of these pills in her profession, she said: "I have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People since they were put on the market. They built me up when I was all run down and so nervous I could not get any rest. After they had helped me I began to use them in restoring mothers in confinement cases. There is nothing that can be prescribed or given by a physician that will give health and strength to a mother so quickly as Dr. Williams' Pink Pill for Pale People. It is true that in some cases where the father or parents were prejudiced against the much advertised Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, I gave them as "Tonic Pills," but they all came out of a Dr. Williams' Pink Pills box.

"I have given them in hundreds of cases of confinement to the mother, and it is wonderful how they build up the system. I have practically demonstrated their great worth many times and have recommended them to hundreds of mothers for their young daughters. Yes, I have been successful in confinement cases, but I must give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People a great part of the credit for the speedy recovery of mothers. They certainly have no equal as a strength and health builder. You can say for me that I strongly advise that Dr Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People be kept and used in every house.

All the elements necessary to give new life and richnes to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained, in a condensed form, in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental strain, over-work or excesses of whatever nature. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS.

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by Druggists in every part of the World. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Deaths.

JONES.—At Rusiagornish, S. Co., on March 21st, Thomas H. Jones, aged 81 years, leaving a widow, one son and two daughters to mourn their loss. Bro. Jones was a member of the Rusiagornish Free Baptist church. Funeral services conducted by the writer.

O. N. MOTT.

VANWART.—At the residence of Mr. William VanWart, Adelaide St, St. John, on March 16th, of consumption, R. Waldo VanWart, aged 18 years, son of the late L. S. VanWart, leaving his mother and a large circle of relatives. His father died when he was about one year old. Since that time he has lived with his grand-parents, and became like their own son. They mourn the loss of a kind and affectionate grand-son. He was beloved by all who knew him. He was patient in his sickness, and died trusting in Jesus. His remains were laid alongside his father's at Hampstead, Queens Co.

D. L.

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a natural, healthful and acceptable food-product, better than lard for every cooking purpose.

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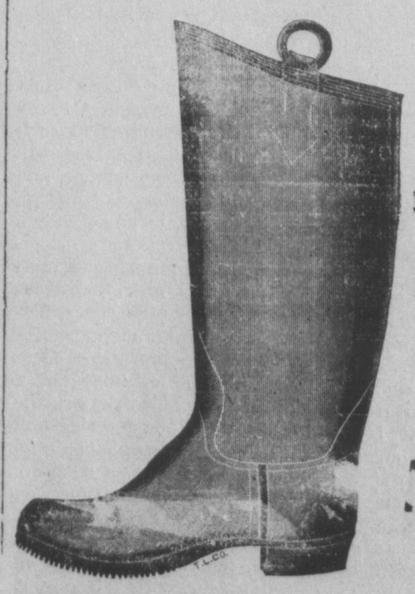
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