

predict great good from it to all the world

Dreyfus was informed by telegraph, last week, that revision proceedings in his case had begun, and telling him to prepare for his defence. This action on the part of the Court was due, almost entirely to the increasing efforts of his devoted wife. It was reported a few days ago that the unfortunate man was dead, but it is now stated that he is in good health.

Some Echoes.

In his reply to the deputation of Prohibitionists which waited on the government on the 3rd inst, Sir Wilfrid Laurier fell into an error when he intimated that prohibitionists had neglected Quebec Province in their canvass. In a meeting of the deputation immediately following the interview with the government, Major Bond, who spoke for Quebec, and who was Chairman of the Executive committee of the Plebiscite organization in that Province, took occasion to say that while, as a matter of courtesy, he had not corrected the statement of Sir Wilfrid because the speech-making of the deputation was over, the Premier was quite mistaken in assuming that the Province had been neglected. While public meetings had not been very generally held, every polling district, he said, had been visited by representatives of the Prohibition organization of the Province, the priests and the M. Ps. had been interviewed, literature had been distributed, and whatever judicious thing could be done was done to secure support for prohibition. Major Bond's speech, as reported two weeks ago, sets forth some of the influences which counteracted the prohibition canvass.

Some of the things said, and well said, by the Premier to the deputation are worth resting in a form to be more easily and surely remembered. (1) "He was aware that the prohibitionists did not ask for that plank (the Plebiscite); but it was because the Liberal party wanted a frank and honest expression of the views of the people that it had been decided to take the vote."

(2) "He agreed...that the vote was, under the circumstances, a large one."

(3) "He agreed that the vote recorded in favour of prohibition was a pure, a clean and disinterested vote."

(4) "In regard to the taxation argument, the people of Quebec knew their business too well to be caught by such a trick.... They knew that prohibition would simply mean displacement of taxation."

(5) "The Province of Quebec was part of the Dominion, and he knew his fellow countrymen too well not to know that they were a law-abiding people, and that they would take their share in the work of confederation.... We must give and take. It would be impossible to carry on the work of confederation otherwise.... The vote of Quebec had to be considered along with that of all other Provinces."

(6) "He was not a total abstainer, but being strongly imbued with the idea that in a country like this we must have a broad national sentiment, he had no hesitation in saying that if he could be satisfied the national sentiment could be enlisted in favour of such a cause, which in itself was a good moral cause, he for his part, would have no hesitation in sacrificing his personal views and inclination and submitting to the will of the majority."

(7) "He thought this was too important a question to be trifled with."

The Montreal Witness says: After the courteous but unanswerable presentation of the matter by Mr. Spence and others backed by a gathering of determined temperance leaders sufficient in numbers to fill the House of Commons, it would have been very difficult for the government to treat the matter as having no significance. The tone there observed was, on the contrary, in the highest degree serious and respectful. Sir Wilfrid Laurier frankly told the deputation that he was not himself a prohibitionist, but was ready to subject the views in which he had been brought up to those of the majority, and give up his own usage for what might be generally considered the good of the country.... The great majority of the Liberals certainly do think it would be good."

But "the politicians look upon it as politically a nuisance, out of which, in view of the powerful interest involved little party capital is to be made. The result has, however, not been, as they hoped, a verdict against prohibition, but one for it, and the crisis reached is far too important a one to have no outcome. For the government to announce simply that it was going to do nothing would cause an outburst of very deep indignation.... There are acknowledged to be difficulties connected with the sectional character of the vote, though the government and its spokesmen have evidently acted with supreme discretion in utterly refusing to put the sectional nature of the vote forward as having any significance. No greater wrong could be done a country than by unnecessarily rousing section against section, and the present parliament and its pre-

decessor have had enough of this kind of trouble in the school question. The fact that seven provinces have strongly demanded prohibition, and that one has strongly refused it, while it creates a condition demanding consummate statesmanship, is very obviously not going to be met by doing nothing."

The Presbyterian Witness (Halifax).

We are glad to learn that the Government has not made up its mind off-hand to place Prohibition "on the shelf." It is at least worthy of most serious consideration.... When Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his associates resolved to invite the deliberate vote of the country they were not unaware of the attitude of Quebec, and we are glad to see that the Premier does not insist on the vote of Quebec as decisive. We are inclined to draw very favorable inferences from the fact, stated so frankly by Sir Wilfrid, that Quebec is already nearly two-thirds under Prohibition. If this is the case it will be a less serious task to extend Prohibition to the remaining third.... For the sake of the Government as well as for the cause of a great reform we trust the Temperance people will continue to press calmly and persistently for the fruits of their great victory. There are four zealous and anti-Prohibitionists members in the Cabinet: men zealous enough to take the stump against it. Let us have no abatement of the pressure of a sound public opinion in favor of what Sir Wilfrid is kind enough to call "a good moral cause"; and we may then have the satisfaction of finding the silver-tongued orator himself doing what he has indicated as possible—"sacrificing my personal view, my education and inclination, and submitting to the will of the majority." If Sir Wilfrid will be led to do this, there will be reason enough to expect the people of Quebec to wheel into line.

Home Religious News.

—Rev. Geo. D. Ireland has accepted a call to the Woodstock Presbyterian church.

—Meetings held at Norton, K. Co., by evangelists Gordon and Bittain are reported to have been successful.

—The statement is made that church music in Halifax churches costs \$9000 a year. One church pays \$1000.

—Miss Jess'e Hooper is intending to start for India this week. She expects to be connected with the work carried on by Pundita Ramabai. Her many friends wish her a pleasant voyage, and strength for much work.

Denominational News.

FROM LICENTIATE WILLIAMS.—I came to this place on the 20th ult., and began my labors here at once. The pastorate embraces the following churches:—Upper Gagetown, Greenfield, Bethany, Geary, Victoria and Waterville. Besides being at all of these places, and preaching in all of them but one, I preached several times at Greenfield, where I saw sufficient interest to encourage me to hold some special meetings. I accordingly began to do so on Monday evening the 7th inst. On Tuesday the 8th I was much surprised and pleased by an unexpected visit from my father, Rev. John Williams (Baptist) of Nova Scotia. Ever since, he has been assisting me in the meetings, and his presence, help and counsel have been very valuable. Two or three backsliders have been reclaimed, two young girls have found the Saviour, and on Sunday morning the 13th inst. were baptized, and will be brought into the church at the earliest opportunity. Several others have expressed their desire to be prayed for and to become followers of the Lord. My father expects to leave here to-morrow. I am planning to continue the meetings the rest of this week, when I will be obliged to close them for a short time. I hope, however, to resume the work here soon, and afterward (D. V.) to labor in other parts of the pastorate in the same way as opportunity is opened.

I cannot close this letter without mentioning the fact that our deacon at Greenfield, bro. John Smith, who is blessed with a good talent for exhortation, has rendered valuable aid in this good work. Brethren pray that God may give us prosperity in His blessed work.

A. H. WILLIAMS, Upper Gagetown, N. B., Nov. 15th, 1898.

CARLETON.—To do as we wish to be done by is a good maxim for us, brethren, who enjoy hearing from each other through our denominational news department. While there is nothing of special spiritual interest in the Carleton Church to report just now, it may be well for me to let my brethren and friends know that we are working away hoping for a harvest time. Since General Conference I have been preaching twice each Sunday, and have done quite an amount of work in addition to my own local church work. I spent about a week on my mission to Deer Island. It was a good and successful trip. Last week I was at Eastport, where I had the privilege of speaking to many strangers

and of making new acquaintances. Perhaps good was done.

This week I have been to Sussex, where I attended the funeral of my old friend, Sheriff Freeze. After the increase of my home work, and all that these visits involved, I am glad to be able to report that my general health continues improved and that my voice shows as yet no signs of breaking. My going to Sussex was not because of any lack of efficient and esteemed ministers in that village, but on account of long acquaintance with the deceased and of my past clerical relations to the afflicted family. The writer first met the late Sheriff Freeze at Penobscot about forty-two years ago, and has known him all these years.

Thirty-seven years ago last June I married him to Miss Sarah Ann McLeod, daughter of the late Mr. Wm. McLeod, of Sussex. In 1860 I conducted the funeral services of Mr. McLeod. In 1863 I performed like sad services for Miss Louisa McLeod, a lovely daughter. In 1891 I attended the funeral of the widow, Mrs. McLeod. This explains. All of these services were held in the very same room, in the old homestead on "the island," as were those of the son-in-law, Sheriff Freeze, this week. How I felt as I stood on about the same spot for the fourth time, and looked at this casket, occupying just the same place, in the same unchanged room, as did the former three, I can never tell. Thoughts rushed rapidly and feelings nearly overwhelmed me. Surely the friends of my younger years are passing away.

Bro. Nobles thought the funeral procession was three quarters of a mile in length. Representative men from nearly all parts of the County, and several leading citizens from St. John were in attendance. Of ministers there were present, Revs. Messrs. Nobles, Swin, Hamilton (Methodist), Camp (Baptist), Sutherland (Presbyterian), and at the cemetery, at Penobscot, we were met by Revs. Messrs. Prosser and Corey (Baptist). Sheriff Freeze possessed strong social qualities and made many friends, especially in King's County. During the thirty-five years he held his office, he is said to have performed many acts of kindness to widows and the poor, whom he tried never to distress. He will be greatly missed.

G. A. HARTLEY, St. John, West, Nov. 18th, '98.

MINISTERS.—Rev. T. O. DeWitt passed through this city Friday, on his way to Carleton Co., to spend a few days. He has not made any engagement for the year.

Rev. Dr. McLeod was at Hamilton Mountain, with Rev. H. A. Bonnell, on Sunday, 6th inst. He had intended to be at Brown's Flat church the same day, but was prevented.

PROPER NAMES.—In writing for publication it is especially important that the names of persons and places be written distinctly. Will those who send notices of marriages and deaths kindly remember this?

JOURNALISTIC.—The "Baptist Argus" has just completed its first year. It has more than fulfilled the promise of its earliest issues. It is a most excellent paper, and deserves the large degree of success it is having.

POSTAL NOTES.—The new Postal Notes are said to be coming into quite general use. They were first issued in August, and during the three months ended Oct. 31st, there have been issued 3,675 twenty-five cent notes; 146 forty cent notes; 6,095 fifty cents; 3,246 seventy cents; 7,365 one dollar; 165 one dollar and fifty; 295 two dollars; 3,221 two dollars and fifty cents, and 5,710 five dollar notes, making the total of 15,146 notes.

ABOUT PAUL.—Among the recent discoveries in Egypt in a MS. which, it is alleged, contains a sentence describing the great apostle to the Gentiles. It agrees very nearly with other traditions, and is as follows: "And Onesiphorus saw Paul approaching, a man short in stature, bald-headed, crook kneed, of a fresh complexion, with eyebrows that joined, and a rather hooked nose, full of grace; for some times he appeared as a man, and sometimes he had the face of an angel."

POLITICAL NEWS.—Mr. Yeo, one of the P. E. Island M. Ps., has been appointed a Senator.

It is announced from Ottawa, apparently by authority, that Parliament is not likely to be called before March 1st, and perhaps not till later.

There are six vacant seats in the House of Commons, and the elections to fill are expected to be held before Christmas.

A vigorous movement, headed by Lady Wimbome, is reported among women in the Church of England which has for its object resistance to the ritualistic tendency which lately has grown to such influence in that branch of the church.

A Word To Subscribers.

The "dull times" of the last year or two has made the business management of religious papers a little harder than usual. People—even very good christian people—have a habit of delaying payments for religious things—including their religious papers, a little longer than they delay payments of other kinds. They probably do not mean to make any additional burden for the managers of religious papers, but it has that effect notwithstanding. To remind them of this ought to be sufficient, we think, to move them to relieve the extra burden by hurrying to pay up.

The INTELLIGENCER management has had a full share of the "hard times" that have touched all religious papers in the past year. A large number of subscribers—considerably larger than usual—have not yet paid for this year.

Some owe for a longer period. We have waited with what we think is a good degree of patience, expecting to hear from them before the year got as old as it now is. Have they forgotten?

We dislike to make this reference to the matter in our columns, but business demands it. WE NEED TO HAVE PAYMENTS NOW FROM ALL WHO ARE IN ARREARS—whether for this year only, or for longer.

To every one of these we appeal to do us the kindness of sending payment at once.

The money is needed—is needed now. And they will do us the greatest favour who will, as soon as they have read this, enclose the amount due.

Do not wait till next week. Do not wait, even, till to-morrow.

Do it now!

A NOVA SCOTIA FARMER

Tells How He Was Cured of Salt Rheum.

HIS FINGERS, HANDS AND WRISTS WERE A MASS OF CRACKS AND SORES, BY REASON OF WHICH HE WAS UNABLE TO WORK.

To the Editor of the Enterprise:—

I have read from week to week in your paper, testimonials from those who have been cured through using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and as I have experienced much benefit from the use of that medicine, I believe it my duty to let others know they can be relieved from a very painful malady. I am now 75 years of age, and am at the present time, and in fact ever since I took a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills about two years ago, have been enjoying excellent health. Before that time I had been ailing for some months, finally I was attacked with salt rheum, which came out mostly on my hands. It was not long after its first appearance before I was unable to do any work at all with my hands. I resorted to all the domestic cures I could hear of, but the disease kept on its course, getting worse and worse, until the palms of my hands and my fingers were a mass of cracks, open sores and hideous scabs. I then got medicine from the doctor, which I used for several weeks, with no benefit whatever,—my hands still becoming more and more crippled with the disease. My general health, too, at this time was poor and I got discouraged altogether, believing there was no help for the terrible complaint that was gradually spreading over my hands and up my wrists towards my arms.

It happened one day in conversation with an acquaintance that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were mentioned in connection with some other case in the neighborhood, and it was suggested that I try them for salt rheum. I did not much faith in the trial, but concluded to get a box and see what good they might do. To my great delight, after using the box I found an improvement in the condition of my hands, and I got six boxes more. I did not use all these, for before they were gone the disease had vanished and my hands were as sound as ever. The new skin came on as smooth and fresh as if nothing had been the matter. I took no other medicine while using the pills and the whole praise of the cure is due to them. My general health was also greatly benefited by their use and I attended to my work with more energy and in better spirits than I had done for a number of years. I have been in excellent health ever since for a man of my years, and no sign of salt rheum has since appeared. The box or two of Pink Pills which I left unused were taken by my wife and did her much good. I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and am pleased to give my testimony to their merit, hoping my testimony may thereby be induced to use them in cases like my own.

HENRY CHESLEY.

The editor of the Enterprise can add that Mr. Chesley is a representative farmer living about three miles from the town of Bridgewater, N. S., and the utmost reliance can be placed on his statement.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood and in this way drives disease from the system. A fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold only in boxes the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." If your dealer does not have them they will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 1 Rockville Ont.

Denominational Notices.

SOME MISSION FUND.
Received from
Colonel D. McL. Vince.....\$50 00
W. CLARKE, View.

GENERAL SECRETARY FUND.
Received from
Colonel D. McL. Vince.....\$50 00
Rev. Dr. McLeod.....20 00
J. W. CLARKE, Treasurer.

St. John, Nov. 18th, 1898.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS.
AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by Druggists in every part of the World. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Marriages.

LAWLESS-CRAM.—At Woodstock, on the 27th Oct., by Rev. C. T. Phillips, Thomas Lawless, and Effie Cram, of Houlton Me.

PARLEE FINNIS.—At the residence of the bride's father, Nov. 9th, by Rev. G. Swin, James Parlee and Ella Finnis, both of Upper Millstream, K. Co.

Deaths.

WILSON.—At Cambridge, Queens County, November 5th William Wilson, in the 78th year of his age, leaving seven brothers, three sisters and many other relatives and friends to mourn his departure. He was a member of the Narrows Free Baptist church, and died trusting in Jesus and expecting to join in the songs of praise at home.

DAVID PATTERSON.
BAKER.—At Carleton, St. John, quite suddenly, of heart trouble, John M. Baker, aged 20 years and 2 months, only son of Wesley and Addie Baker. The funeral was largely attended. The beautiful floral pieces sent in by the young men expressed the esteem in which they held him.

G. A. H.
HOYT.—At Ellenville, Sunbury Co., on the 15th inst., of consumption, Anne, beloved wife of W. Y. Hoyt, leaving two sons and one daughter to mourn the loss of an affectionate mother. Sister Hoyt was highly respected by all who knew her. A large number attended her funeral, which was conducted by the writer. Text: Revelation 14: 13.

O. N. MOTT.
THOMAS.—At Tracy, Nov. 4th, 1898, Percy Thomas, infant son of Marvin and Mary Thomas. Jesus said, "Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven." JOHN A. ROBERTSON.

A New Shortening

If you have a sewing machine, a clothes wringer or a carpet sweeper (all new inventions of modern times), it's proof that you can see the usefulness of new things.

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Is a NEW SHORTENING, and every housekeeper who is interested in the health and comfort of her family should give it a trial. It's a vegetable product and far superior to anything else for shortening and frying purposes. Physicians and Cooking Experts say it is destined to be adopted in every kitchen in the land. This is to suggest that you put it in yours now. It's both new and good. Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers.

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Called Bone Scrofula

Running Sore Threatened the Loss of a Limb—Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures the Sore and Gives Health—Great Blood Purifier. "I have an uncle living with us who had a large abscess on his left limb. After being lanced it became a running sore and we all thought he would lose his limb. It was called bone scrofula. We heard so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla that he decided to try it, and after taking it for a while he was very much better. He continued taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and the sore stopped running. He is now sound and well and has been so for two years. My husband and I take Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier and cannot speak too highly in its praise." Mrs. GEORGE MILLER, Moscow, Pennsylvania. Remember Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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On the premises lately occupied by John M. Wiley.

Z. R. EVERETT,
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The new firm will carry a complete stock of Shelf and Builders' Hardware, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Iron and Steel, Cemen and Fire Brick, Agricultural Implements, Guns, Revolvers and Sporting Goods, Carpenters' Tools, Carriage Stock, Glass Paints, Oils, &c., and will be up-to-date in prices and quality of Goods; and respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

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Opp. Normal School B'ton

WANTED.—Farmers' sons or other of fair education to whom \$24 a month would be an inducement. I could also engage a few ladies at their own homes. H. LINSOULT, Toronto