THE LOYALIST.

SAINT JOHN, N. B., OCT. 27, 1842.

CANADIAN AFFAIRS.

(Continued)

And in speaking of that much calumniated body, the Legislative Council of Lower Canada, his Lordship observes,

"I am far from concurring in the censure which the Assembly and its advocates have attempted to cast on the acts of the Legislative Council. I have no hesitation in saying that many of the bills which it is most severely blamed for rejecting, were bills which it would not have passed without a dereliction of its duty to the constitution, the connexion with Great Britain, and the whole English population of the colony. If there is any censure to be passed on its general conduct, it is for having confined itself to the merely negative and defensive duties of a legislative body; for having too frequently contented itself with merely defeating objectionable methods of obtaining desirable ends, without completing its duty by proposing measures, which would have achieved the good in view without the mixture of evil. The national animosities which pervaded the legislation of the Assembly, and its thorough want of legislative skill or respect for constitutional principles, rendered almost all its bills obnoxious to the objections made by the Legislative Council; and the serious evil which their enactment would have occasioned, convinces me that the colony has reason to congratulate itself on the existence of an institution which possessed and used the power of stopping a course of legislation that if successful, would have *sacrificed every British interest, and overthrown every guarantee of order and national liberty.*"

And in speaking of the daring attempts of the Papineau faction to secure the two upper branches of the Government, he says,

"A singular instance of this occurred in 1836, with respect to the renewal of the jury law, to which the Assembly attached great importance, and to which the Legislative Council felt a strong repugnance, on account of its having in effect placed the juries entirely in the hands of the French portion of the population. In order to secure the renewal of this law, the Assembly coupled it in the same bill by which it renewed the bills of [illegible] Chambly Canal, calculating on the [illegible] not venturing to defeat a measure [illegible] such importance to the revenue as [illegible] by rejecting the former. The [illegible], however, rejected the bill; and [illegible] the canal remained useless for a [illegible] season, because the two Houses [illegible] about a jury law."

The next quotation we shall make we recommend particularly to our readers, as it describes exactly the vicious system which has so long prevailed in this Province, and the *Papineaus* of our House of Assembly may be very readily detected—

"The great business of the Assemblies is, literally, parish business; the making parish roads and parish bridges. There are in most of these provinces any local bodies possessing authority to impose local assessments, for the management of local affairs. To do these things is the business of the Assembly; and to induce the Assembly to attend to the particular interests of each county, is the especial business of its county member. The surplus revenue of the province is swelled to as large an amount as possible, by cutting down the payment of public services to as low a scale as possible; and the real duties of government are, sometimes, insufficiently provided for, in order that more may be left to be divided among the constituent bodies. 'When we want a bridge, we take a pledge to build it,' was the quaint and forcible way in which a member of a provincial legislature described the tendency to retrench, in the most necessary departments of the public service, in order to satisfy the demands for local works. This fund is voted by the Assembly on the motion of its members; the necessity of obtaining the previous consent of the crown to money votes never having been adopted by the Colonial Legislatures from the practice of the British House of Commons. There is a perfect scramble among the whole body to get as much as possible of this fund for their respective constituencies; cabals are formed, by which the different members mutually play into each other's hands; general politics are made to bear on private business, and private business on general politics; and at the close of the Parliament, the member who has succeeded in securing the largest portion of the prize for his constituents, renders an easy account of his stewardship, with confident assurance of his re-election.

"Not only did the leaders of the Lower Canadian Assembly avail themselves of the patronage thus afforded, by the large expenditure of the province; but they turned this system to much greater account, by *using it to obtain influence over the constituencies.*

"The majority of the Assembly of Lower Canada is accused by its opponents of having, in the most systematic and persevering manner, employed this means of corrupting the electoral bodies. The adherents of M. Papineau are said to have been lavish in their promises of the benefits which they would obtain from the Assembly for the country, whose suffrages they solicited. By such representations, the return of members of opposition politics is secured, in many instances, to have been secured; and whenever counties are alleged to have been sometimes starved into submission, by an entire withdrawal of grants, until they returned members favourable to the majority; some of the English members who acted with M. Papineau, excused themselves to their constituents by alleging that they were compelled to do so, in order to get a road or a bridge, which their constituencies desired. Whether it be true or false, that the abuse was ever carried to such a pitch, it is obviously one, which might have been easily and safely perpetrated by a person possessing M. Papineau's influence in the Assembly."

(To be concluded next week.)

The Legislature of Canada is prorogued to the 19th day of November next. His Excellency Sir Charles Bagot, at the close of his speech delivered on the occasion, made use of the following language:—

Honorable Gentlemen, and Gentlemen: In relieving you for the present from further attendance in your Legislative capacity, I would express my confident hope that when you return to your homes, you will use your just influence in promoting in your several Districts that unanimity and good feeling which it has been my endeavour to establish, and in diffusing those hopes of permanent peace and prosperity, in which I trust you will unite with me in believing that we may, under Providence, be permitted to indulge.

How His Excellency can, for a moment imagine, that his acts have been calculated to promote "unanimity and good feeling," we know not. Does he suppose that a loyalist, who, a few years since, was called out to suppress rebellion; will *feel* well to see the very men against whom he fought, called to offices of trust and emolument, and the government of the country placed in their hands: while those who were true in the hour of danger, are discarded, dishonoured and disgraced? Or will not the loyalist rather say, in the forcible language of the *Cobourg Star*:—"Surely I must have done wrong, and they must have been right in rebelling?" We most ardently wish to see "peace and prosperity" in Canada, but we are sorry to say, that we see no reason at present to expect it. Sir Charles is evidently carrying out the measures of *responsible government* introduced by Lord Sydenham—measures which we deem, absurd and totally uncalled for, under a Colonial Government. Want of space prevents us from giving our opinions at present more clearly; but shall advert to this subject again.

The *Herald* and the *New Brunswicker* are fairly at loggerheads, and the question at issue seems to be 'corruption *versus* anti-corruption.' We wish success to the latter; it is a fact which cannot be controverted, that the most disgraceful acts of peculation has for a long time been carried on—successfully perpetrated—among our representatives and their friends, indeed, how could it be expected to be otherwise, when the same men who have the power of *granting* money, are the persons who *receive a commission for expending it*, and who *audit their own accounts!* The plain fact of the matter, is this; it is the effects of radicalism at home; and granting as a boon to the Colonies, the power of governing themselves, has proved a curse to them, by approaching too near republicanism. All the misfortunes which have befallen the present British Colonies have been caused by placing too much power in the hands of the Assemblies—a power they have *invariably abused*. And the only way to ensure prosperity for the future, is to *retrace our steps*.

His Excellency, Sir Wm. Colebrooke, arrived in town on Saturday evening last from St. Andrews; and on Monday paid a visit to Kingston, where he was received by the Kingston troop of Volunteer Cavalry. A loyal address was presented to him by the sheriff, signed by a large number of respectable inhabitants, and to which, his Excellency was graciously pleased to reply. His Excellency after partaking of a luncheon with the Sheriff, returned to town the same evening; and on Tuesday morning, accompanied by his suite, left for Head Quarters, in the steamer *New Brunswick*.

NORTH AMERICA STEAM BOAT.—Much anxiety has been felt here this week by the non-arrival of this boat.—We hear that Mr. Whitney has received letters from Boston, informing him that a fire broke out on board on Saturday evening, last at 9 o'clock, while lying at the wharf in Boston; and that her upper works were consumed. We understand she was insured to the amount of one fourth of her value.

Married,

On the 12th inst., by the Rev. I. W. D. Gray, Rector of the Parish, Mr. Henry [illegible], of Wolmer, N. S. to Miss Sarah Parker, of the same place.

On the 16th inst., by the same, Mr. Nathan Parsilow, to Miss Elizabeth Gunny, both of this city.

On Monday, 17th inst., at St. Paul's Church, by the Rev. Mr. Harrison, Mr. John Woodill, to Miss Elizabeth Yardy, both of this place.

At the Pugwash, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. J. W. Disbrow, A. M., Mr. Andrew Clough, to Miss Ann Elliot, both of the Parish of Dumfries.

Died,

On the 21st inst., Ann, only daughter of Mr. John M'Rae, aged nine years and six months.

On the 21st inst, at his residence in Portland, Mr. W. M'Dermott, formerly of the County Fermanagh, Ireland, aged fifty three years.

On the 15th inst., Sarah, youngest daughter of Mr. Matthew Bowes, aged two years and twenty days.

On the 16th inst., aged eighteen months, Edward Featherstone, son of Lieutenant S. Hoyghett, half-pay, 68th Regiment.

On the 17th inst., after a protracted and painful illness, at his residence in Portland, Mr. Samuel Bragg, aged 30 years.

At Fredericton, on the 12th inst., George Holbert, infant son of John T. Smith, Esq. aged five months and twenty-four days.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.—ARRIVED

Friday—Schr. Black Hawk, Creasy, Baltimore—H. Gilbert, wheat.

Saturday—Brig South Esk, Wishart, Liverpool, 31—J. Wishart, coals, &c.

Prince Albert, Tait, London, 53—C. M'Lauchlan, merchandise.

Am. Steamer Hunstagne, Jones, Portsmouth—passengers.

Sunday—Ship New Zealand, Brenerman, Newry—W. Carvill, merchandise.

Brig Mariner, Hemeon, Yarmouth—Master, ballast.

Schr. Margaret Trynor, Martin, Sydney, C. B. 12—Jardine & Co. coals.

Monday—Barque Hindoo, Hughes, Cientuegos—E. Rankin & Co., ballast.

Thursday—Brigantine Fidelia, Small, New York—Waterhouse & Tromp, assorted cargo.

CLEARED.

16th—Schr. Rising Sun, Faulkner, Eastport, plaster—Master.

20th—Schr. Isa, Kelly, Halifax, assorted cargo—G. & J. Salter.

24th—Brig Retreat, Allan, Aberdeen, timber and deals; P. I. Nevins, Stockary, Baltimore, gypsum—S. Hervey.

Ship Glenlyon, Muirhead, at Quebec, spoke off Gaspe, barque Pearl, Drake, of this port, from Quebec, for Liverpool, 8 days out.

Miramichi, Oct. 19.—The barque Jane Lowden, John Cockerline, master, while on her passage from Liverpool to this port, on the 20th ult. in lat. 38, long. 45, fell in with the barque West, from Quebec, timber laden. Capt. C. spoke the West, and the master reported that his vessel was waterlogged with ten feet water in her hold, and he intended going on board a brig that was near. Capt. C. offered to give any assistance in his power, which was declined. The Jane Lowden lay by the West all night; in the morning Capt. C. went on board, and found only three feet of water in her hold, and after having the vessel pumped out, he sent his mate, with six of his crew, with instructions to carry the vessel to Cork.—*Gleaner.*

Capt. Vaughan, of the barque Princess at St. John, from Dublin, reports that he fell in with the West on the 23d Sept. in lat. 45. 21, long. 27, and supplied her with some provisions. She had a temporary tiller rigged, the wheel having been carried away, but appeared to be otherwise in good condition, though still making some water. Capt V. understood the men from the Jane Lowden had been 17 days on board the West.

FOSTER'S SHOE STORE.

Cheap Boots and Shoes,
To suit the times.

The subscriber has just imported per ship *Stephen*, a large lot of

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES,

which he offers for sale at such new prices as will suit the times—*for Cash only.*

Every Description and Quality of
Boots and Shoes
that may be required for
CITY AND COUNTRY WEAR,
can now be obtained at his store, and at
LOWER PRICES
than similar Goods have ever been sold for in this City.

Oct. 13, 1842. S. K. FOSTER.

Cotton Warp,
REFINED SUGAR, &c.

Ex "*Brothers*," and other recent arrivals

15 BALES COTTON WARP;
4 Casks Refined SUGAR;
20 Cwt. Black PEPPER;
200 Boxes SOAP;
25 do. Mould CANDLES;
20 Barrels Prime BEEF;
25 do. do. PORK.

For sale by L. H. DEVEBER & SON.
September 8, 1842.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
King Street, St. John N. B.

THE Subscriber returns his sincere thanks for the very liberal support he has received since commencing the above establishment, and begs to inform his friends and the Public generally, that he has enlarged the premises for the better accommodation of those who may continue to favor him—which together with his usual low prices, solicits a share of public patronage.

Likewise a large and commodious Stable and Stage House attached to the premises.

ISRAEL FELLOWS.

N. B.—Daily Stages leave the Hotel, for Fredericton, Dorchester, Sussex Vale, Halifax &c.

May 19

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has taken an Office over the Store of Daniel Ansley, Esq. Market Square.

W. H. NEEDHAM,
Barrister and Attorney at Law.
St. John, 19th May, 1842.

TO LET.

A NEATLY fitted up Rooms and Rooms—together or separately—in Brunswick, near the Hay Scales. Apply to
JAMES SCHOALES.
Sept. 12. 3m. Kingsland

HIBERNIAN HOTEL.

CHURCH STREET,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE Proprietor of the above establishment, thankful for past favors, begs leave to state, that in addition to his former supply of Pastry, Cordials, choice Brandy and Wines, he has added that of an ordinary or Eating House, where gentlemen of a hurry or at almost from home, can be supplied at the shortest notice, with every delicacy which the market affords. Every attention paid to those who may honor him with a call. Public or private parties furnished with Rooms.

JAMES NETHERY.
St. John, N. B. July 21, 1842.

N.B. A few cases choice Champagne on hand.

CARD.

MR. GEORGE W. BUSTEED having been appointed a Marshal, will attend on all business entrusted to his care with punctuality, and all moneys collected by him will be paid over promptly.

☞ Papers left at Mr. F. Neill's, Water-street, will be properly attended.

July 7, 1842.

Shop and Rooms TO LET

TO LET, and immediate possession given, A SHOP, in Union Street, [illegible], with TWO ROOMS and ONE BEDROOM attached. Also part of a VEGETABLE CELLAR, with yard room, for wood, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

The Lower Flat of a well-finished House in Lower Cove; containing Two Rooms, with Cellar Kitchen, Vegetable Cellar, &c. Terms very moderate. Apply at the HIBERNIAN HOTEL, Church Street.

Sept. 19. JAMES NETHERY.

JAMES M. MUHLIG'S
Domestic Picture, Portrait and Looking-Glass
FRAMES.

THE beauty and durability of this article, has induced the manufacturer to exertions in perfecting his invention; and he now flatters himself the discerning public will afford him that patronage which an examination of the FRAMES, they will be found to merit.

Specimens of the DOMESTIC FRAMES may be seen and purchased at the Phoenix Book & Stationery Warehouse, Prince William Street, at about one half the price of ordinary frames.

The Domestic Frames of any size or pattern promptly furnished to orders left with MR. A. M'MILLAN, Phoenix Building, Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

New Books.

AN EPITOME OF THE HISTORY, STATISTICS, &c. OF NOVA SCOTIA—With questions at the end of each chapter adapted to the use of schools, as well as readers in general. By A NOVA SCOTIAN.—For sale at the VICTORIA BOOK STORE, Market Square. sept. 14.

REMOVAL.

DAVID PATTERSON has removed his BOOT & SHOE Establishment from Prince William-street, to the Brick Building lately erected by John Johnston, Esq. west side of Dock-street, three doors from the Market Square. May 4.

OATS.

800 BUSHELS OATS—in Store and for sale by
sept. 14. T. M'AVITY & Co.

VICTORIA
BOOK-STORE,
MARKET SQUARE,
St. John, N. B.

JUST received per *Dove Pet*, and other late arrivals, an excellent assortment of School Books, Paper, Quills, Steel Pens, Sealing Wax, Pencils, Wafers &c.; which, together with a variety of other Books, in the various branches of Arts, Sciences, and Literature, form an extensive stock of BOOKS and general STATIONERY.

New School Books.

Fulton & Knight's new General Pronouncing Dictionary, Gray's Arithmetic, Tutor's Assistant, Guy's Spelling, Universal do., Carpenter's do., Murray's do., Mavor's do.; Pope's School Geography and Astronomy, Colonial Atlas, Moral Class Book, British Primer, First & Second Book, Chambers' Educational Course, &c.

Paper, Stationery, &c.

Post, Cap and Pot, Laid and Wove, of various prices and qualities—Blank Books, Bill Books, Quills, Steel Pens, Artist's Materials, Sealing Wax, Wafers, Bibles, Testaments and Prayer Books, Psalm and Hymn Books, Watt's and Wesley's Do.; with a large variety of juvenile Book, suitable for presents, prizes, &c.

The whole of the above are offered on the most reasonable terms.

May 12, 1842.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has taken an Office in Prince William Street, directly over the Store occupied by William Hammond, Esq. [illegible]

P. L. SIMMONDS,

BRITISH AND FOREIGN NEWSPAPER AND ADVERTISING AGENT, takes leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his Newspaper Office, and Colonial Reading Rooms, from Cheapside to 18, Gray's Inn Square, LONDON, where he solicits a continuation of that extensive patronage which he has hitherto received.

London, Country, and Foreign Newspapers supplied to order upon the most reasonable terms. A quarter's pay in advance, or responsible reference in London.

To Let,

And possession given 1st May next:

THAT very convenient House in Church street, now occupied by Mr. Robert Nethery, and formerly by Mrs. Fraske, as a Boarding house establishment. Its convenience to the Market and the extensive accommodations it contains, makes it a desirable situation for a public Hotel, or a genteel private Boarding House.

Also to Let, and immediate possession given—The one half of that newly finished House in Carmarthen street, containing a Kitchen, vegetable and wood Cellars, with several Rooms having Franklins and Grates, on the first and second flats.

For further information terms &c., apply at the Hibernian Hotel.

JAMES NETHERY.
31st January.

JOHN HUTCHINSON,
SURGEON DENTIST.

ANNOUNCES to the Ladies and Gentlemen of St. John and its vicinity, that he continues his practice in Charlotte street, between Horsefield and Duke streets, in the same house as heretofore, where he will be happy to wait on ladies and gentlemen, in the line of his profession; his long experience and moderate charges will ensure him a continuance of public patronage. Catarrh or imperceptible Teeth set on Gold plates or pivots, from one to the full set of Teeth, and charges according to circumstances; plugging and scaling done in the best manner, at all times charges moderate. Extracting done in the best manner and as easy as possible.—Pivots tuned and repaired on the best manner.

Mr. H. will wait on Ladies and Gentlemen at their own residence if required.

St. John, May 12, 1842.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his Office to Edward L. Thomas's Brick Building, Prince William Street.

JOHN M. ROBINSON,
May 19. Attorney at Law.

NOTICE

To the Proprietors of Lots in the Wesleyan Methodist Burying Ground.

THE Trustees wish it to be understood that MATTHEW PAUL, Sexton of the Centenary Chapel, has the same privilege of attending Funerals in the said Ground as Mr. COCHRANE, Sexton of Germain street Chapel; either may be applied to at the option of those requiring their services.

W. WHITESIDE, Secretary.
August 4, 1842.

*** The above named Sexton may be found at his residence, in St. Patrick's street, near Mr. Dougherty's Brewery.

N. ADAMS'
BOOT & SHOE SHOP,
North Side of Union Street, between Charlotte and Sydney Streets.

THE Subscriber begs leave to return his thanks to the Ladies and Gentlemen of St. John, for the liberal share of patronage he has received since commencing business; and wishes to inform them that he still continues to carry on business as usual, and by strict attention to all orders which he may be favoured with, he hopes to merit a continuance of their patronage.

N. B.—A general assortment of Ladies and Gentlemens Boots and Shoes constantly on hand, at the lowest prices for cash.

July 7, 1842.

Richmond Mills
Flour Store,
SOUTH MARKET WHARF.

SUPERFINE FLOUR, from new Wheat, Fresh Ground RYE FLOUR, in Bags and Barrels;

Fresh Ground INDIAN MEAL, in do. do.

Fine Mallings FLOUR, BRAN, and Hemp seed. For sale at lowest market rates by
Sept. 14. E. D. WILMOT.

The Mechanic & Farmer

The Advocate of Industry and Improvement in Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts.

Neutral in Politics and Religion.

THE Proprietors of the Pictou Mechanic & Farmer have much pleasure in [illegible] to their readers the Prospectus of the Fifth Volume, to be commenced on the 25th of May, 1842.

The Mechanic & Farmer will be greatly enlarged, [illegible]

As a decided improvement to the general features of the paper, [illegible]

Postmasters and others favourable to the object [illegible]

[illegible] Though the paper will be greatly enlarged, there will be no addition to the price, [illegible]

TERMS.—[illegible]
[illegible] Publisher.

NOTICE TO
EMIGRANTS,
ARRIVING AT THE PORT OF SAINT JOHN (N. B.) AND OUT BAYS.

WHEN the visiting Medical Officer has inspected the Emigrants and discharged the vessel with a clean Bill of Health, they will be visited by Mr. Wedderburn, the Government Emigrant Agent for the Province, who will afford them instructions and assistance in procuring Employment—public lands and private farms—as their cases may require.

Immigrants are earnestly cautioned not to remain idle in town, where the expenses of living will greatly impair whatever means they possess. These should be carefully husbanded, to enable them to settle in the country without delay.

Facilities of conveyance are found in Steamboats and other vessels, to many of the most eligible points for settlement and employment in the Country. Steamers leave the place of Indian Town (close by) every morning and evening for Fredericton (the capital) passing through Gagetown—the shire town of Queen's County—and Oromocto of Sunbury. After leaving Fredericton conveyances are found by water &c. to any part of Prince William and adjacent Parishes, onward to Woodstock, Bengor, & county of Carleton. Between St. John and Fredericton are the excellent Farming districts of Sheffield and Maugerville, with the Lakes of Grand Lake, and Washademoak, Indian Lakes, Kennebecasis, and surrounding settlements accessible at all times of summer by Government Wood boats. Besides the Kennebecasis River there is a main post road to Kingston, Hampton, Norton, and Sussex Vale, in King's County, which leads to Petitcodiac, Sackville and Dorchester, in Westmorland, whilst also there is a water communication on the Bay of Fundy, with opportunity at landing at Quaco (St. John county) Shepody or Hopewell, Moncton, and the head of Petitcodiac, from which there is a land carriage to Shediac, at about 14 miles on the way to Richibucto and Bathurst. To the westward Steamers and trading vessels are ply regularly to Eastport, Campo Bello, St. Andrews, and St. Stephen in the County Charlotte, where Emigration societies are established, and whose every assistance will be shown in the Emigrant's favor.

The Crown Lands are sold by the Government here on very moderate terms, and the Emigrant Agent is heavily instructed to those to form themselves into Associations for immediate settlement to the leaving the country, they will then without delay be enabled to proceed either to the vicinity of lands who may reside in the country, or form locations on the several surveys recently made for that purpose, by order of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council—viz.: the Victoria, Tryon and Albert Settlements.

The inducement of all classes of labourers, need apprehend no want of success in this Province, if they steadily persevere in their occupations. The Emigrant Agent will also afford aid in procuring for passages from Great Britain and Ireland, for any parties who may be desirous to join their connexions or others in this Province.

It is very desirable that those arriving should bring with them testimonials of Character from persons of known respectability at Home.

A. WEDDERBURN,
G. E. A. for N. B.

N. B.—The Emigration Society—of which His Worship the Mayor is President, will furnish Passes for employment to the respective District Agents in the Country.

A. WEDDERBURN,
Secretary to Emigration Society, St. John.
St. John, May 13th, 1842.

The foregoing Advertisement are placed on board all Emigrant Vessels on their arrival at Partridge Island.

NOTICE.

LIST of Government Emigrant Agents, in the North American Colonies, from whom all Emigrants may on application, obtain information gratuitously.

CANADA.

QUEBEC, A. C. Buchanan, Esquire, Chief Agent for Eastern (Lower) Canada.

MONTREAL, James Allison, Esquire.

BYTOWN, George Burke Esq.

KINGSTON, John Roy, Esq.

TORONTO, A. B. Hawke, Esq. Chief Agent for Western (Upper) Canada.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

St. John, Alexander Wedderburn, Esq. Chief Agent.

FREDERICTON, Edmund Ward Esq. Assistant Emigration Agent.

N. B. The Deputy Treasurers at the Out Ports in New Brunswick, being directed to act as Emigrant Agents until Agencies are established, the following are added:

St. Andrews, David W. Jack Esq.

Miramichi, Thomas H. Peters Esq.

Bathurst, J. W. [illegible] Esq.

Richibucto, David Wetmore Esq.

Dalhousie, John Miller Esq.

Shediac, Daniel Hannington, Esq.

Lost.

A PROMISSARY NOTE, drawn by Mr. CHARLES HUMPHREYS, in favour of Mr. JAMES HEGAN, for £12 16s. or thereabouts. All persons are cautioned against negotiating or receiving the same as the Subscriber (the bona fide holder thereof) has arranged with the drawer for the payment of the amount.

ANGUS McAFEE.
St. John, Sept. 14, 1842.

Cheap Shoes,
AT
FOSTER'S
SHOE SORE,
CORNER OF KING & GERMAIN ST.

THE Subscriber has this day commenced Selling off the Balance of his stock of Summer BOOTS & SHOES, at the following Reduced Prices, for cash only:

Womens French Kid Slippers, [illegible]
do. Black Prunella Boots, [illegible]
do. Seal Skin Shoes, [illegible]
do. Fine Spanish Leather, and Kid, [illegible]
do. Fashionable French Shoes, [illegible]

Gents Slipper of all kinds, [illegible]

Childrens Boots and Shoes, [illegible]

do. [illegible]

Men's, Youths' and Boy's Boots and Shoes at very cheap prices, [illegible]

S. K. FOSTER.

July 21, 1842.