THE LOYALIST.

SAINT JOHN, N. B., OCT. 13,

WE recommend to the perusal readers, the copious extracts made in this day's paper, from the dian press. They are nearly un in their denunciations of the late ments made by Sir Charles Bago wonder. It is both humiliating tressing to our feelings to know same *temporizing* policy which years or less, produced a rebell cost four or five millions sterlin press, and at the same time m dual misery, suffering and de distressing to think that the is about to be re-enacted.

It is impossible at the pres to come to any conclusion, Charles Bagot has so far forg due to his character as a Br as to lend himself to the vie who a short time since we as rebels;—whether he con bound to carry any measure late Governor might have p —or whether he is acting with instructions received jesty's Ministers:—though hope it may not be the lat we know, that his policy i and unjust. He has remove an old and tried servant, a most talented men in the whose eloquence at t rely be equalled by any nt age:—he has rem way for Mr. Lafontain Papineau faction, and he has remov nother *tried* loyalist, Mr. Girouard, a rebel, apprehension Sir Jo £500! and has ca s and Harison, two ge ly disaffected, to sea Council, and appoin the office of Attorne Canada,—an Americ who took an active p ebellion, and who, h t the time, would in nded his career on th ere is one thing we n ntent was Sir of calling those he gave them their o king of Mr. Ogde , "it being understo be made 'or him, su faithful services." of Mr. Davidson's being understood th t be provided for in a just claims." Bu it's reply, he stipulate following condition kept office. "Secondly—That th ake provision for the Mr. Ogden and Mr. Da n question." ou is replied, "The ful concurs in those modi But the best of the g old rebel, Girouard, had the Governor, and absol ake office! But oh! ting picture does this pres vernor General of British —the representative of reign, after trampling ef Canada,—those who peaceable and well-dispo mother country—who but death in the cause— lly shouldered their mus danger, and contribut towards the defeat s; after trampling mocking their claims, a Government officials be anks, whom he acknow lered the Government services," he offers a sim nd trust to a rebel an an for whom *blood-was* red! and after all findi casts his proposals with me form. NANISM.—We ent n, as to the domin senced, and arrogancy ass take-chy of that Church, man, we received spiritu Nantucket from St. Pete Biddy this time Protestants only pe as shall Resolutions recently Biddy Catholic meeting about six an Archbishop of eeth june nes, to t he reader ed,—"That a Biddy's perscomplaints, but gs, but he was well as by e life. Biddy es of Ireland hich prevented g an accurate

stances alter cases'—this is an alteration with a vengeance.—*Sherbrooke Gazette.*

Better far, in our opinion, would it have been had his excellency appealed to the people, than to have allowed such wavering policy to stamp him as wanting the proper nerve and decision for the due government of so extensive a colony. This is only a beginning. We withhold our direful anticipations of the future peace and prosperity of our country.—*Niagara Reporter.*

From the Londonderry Sentinel.

THE QUEEN'S VISION AT IDYROOD HOUSE.

"Hae tibi erunt artes."—*Virl.*

The pageant was o'er, the banquet is done,
The camp their rounds had all fled.
When feeling all pain that is under the sun,
The Queen to her chamber retired.
In Holyrood was that chamber so fair,
Deck'd with silk, satin and gold;
Busts, portraits and statues, all vestiges rare,
Of the golden ages of old.

Here lay James the Fourth, oh that terrible night,
Before he set out to the field
Of bodden, against his proud foemen to fight,
And his life with the laurel to wield.
Here Darnley slept, while his treacherous
Combined to deprive him of life, rose,
Ere Bothwell, his merciless mate,
To the bed of his beauti

Prince Albert soon , but her Majesty's mind
Was engrosse the scenes of the day;
Her head on fair downy pillow reclined,
She sa here in fancied array—
Many sovereigns old, and of these but one Queen,
Who had weilded the sceptre she wore;
On Anne's head alone had the diadem been,
Of Great Britain and Erin before.

Oh, lovely descendent, said Mary, once here,
In sorrow returning from France,
I found to my comfort, both peasant and peer,
Did my interest and honour advance.
Had I been instructed, like you, in the truth,
And the Gospel's pure principles known,
I might have lived here through an innocent youth,
And succeeded to England's proud throne.

Mary spoke and sat down, when with aspect benign,
Queen Elizabeth calmly arose.
Exclaiming, may Heaven, with favour divine,
Protect you, fair Queen, from your foes!!!
But beware of the Jesuits, lately their snare
Your ministers faithless enclosed;
While you of their practices base unaware,
To the fatal results were exposed.

They dishonoured your flag which for ages had
O'er the ocean triumphant along;
Your people in poverty bitterly wept—
Your merchants felt insult and wrong,
Their places they loved and your honour despised,
As treason's red torch forth they sent;
Your Church and your clergy they cruelly prized

Further particulars of the burning the Ship St. Louis, of Boston.—Fernando de Castillo, steward of the ship St. Louis, of Boston, before reported burnt at sea on the passage hence for New Orleans, has arrived in the city, and states that on the 30th of August, sea account, (29th civil account,) between 6 and 7 o'clock, P. M. being in about latitude 30 and longitude 69, the passengers and crew having supped, and all being on deck, the ship under easy sail, with studding sails set, a female passenger who was sitting abaft the main hatch, facing the house on deck, saw a column of smoke ascending from the lower or ladies' cabin, and immediately gave the alarm of fire. The crew and passengers immediately rushed into the house on deck, but found the smoke so dense in the companion way that they could not descend into the cabin where were The doors of the house and at the same then immediately received forcing its time the smoke forward hatches. These way the immediately covered with sails, were were wet, and all hands went to work to save what they could. Capt. Eldridge's chest and a part of his clothing were got out of the house on deck, but the smoke was so dense the steward could not get his clothing, which was in the same place. The ship was then put about, and her course steered for a brig which they had seen at 2 P. M. A lantern was run up as a signal of distress: it was seen on board the brig, which stood towards the ship. The long boat and stern boat were cleared away, and the few things saved were put into them. They had no provisions, except perhaps some raw onions, which had been put in the long boat. The deck becoming hot and the smoke coming through the seams, at a little past 10, P. M. they took to the boats, none of the passengers and crew saving anything except what they stood in, and proceeded to the brig, which proved to be the Impulse of Baltimore. Very soon after quitting the ship the flames burst forth, reaching as high as the lower mast-heads. The burning ship remained in sight until morning, and her masts were seen to fall about 5, A. M. After the Impulse was wrecked, and when the wrecking vessel, with the passengers and crews of the St. Louis and Impulse, was beating up for Turks Island, they spoke the brig Sarah Williams, of and from Boston for Cienfuegos, when Captain Eldridge, his first officer, the cook and two steerage passengers went on board her. The other reached Turks Island in safety, where they will all be able to get conveyances to this country.

A French... in this Town... night to a c... each hand, ... and five ...

DESTRUC... STREET THE... yesterday mor... small chamber a... of the building ... Street Theatre. T... tended to the body c... was entirely destroyed... tion of the edifice was... Benjamin Kendig as ... had no insurance; ne... ing insured. The bill... tures were insured at the... Insurance Office for $8... *Sept*, 24.

COMMUNICA...

TO THE EDITOR OF THE LO...

SIR,—After a long silence... more solicit a corner of your... the purpose of exposing the a... like policy of a certain party; a... ing the eyes of Protestants ope... ther opening them, that they ma... another gross insult offered to the... In the Mediator of Saturday las... ticed a rigmarole account of a '... ance Ball!' held at the Friary... preceding Monday. Temperan... deed! was ever a term so grossly... plied? because they abstain from... ing strong liquors *publicly*, they... perate! when at the same ti... laugh and frolic, and dance, a... and kiss, and run, and jump, a...

...tained in the following extract...

"On the extreme right of ... waved the Union Jack, and in... opposite to it, where the Band ... Regiment was stationed, fl... *orange* and *blue* in proof of the... the part of the Society to bury i... all party distinctions, and an... and to extend the right hand of f... and kindly feeling to all."

Hear this, Protestants! the pa... on the 12th of July last, attacked... one they met who happened accide... to be wearing an orange kerchief:... who threatened to destroy a building,... attacked the inmates, merely becaus... small piece of orange ribbon was attac... ed to a Union Jack thereon displayed:... that same party has displayed the sam... colours in their synagogue! and t... scribbler who called it "*the hateful o... colour*," and said its display was "... insult to the feelings of the communit... and "beyond human forbearance"—that... same scribbler now says that it floated in... proof of the desire on the part of the so... ciety, to bury in oblivion all party dis... tinctions and animosities!"

What does all this mean? why simply this, that when under the garb of 'tem... perance' certain individuals got up a *political association*; in attempting to strengthen their club and extend their pernicious doctrines, they thought proper to make a display; the people took the alarm and began to watch their move... ments; but now, seeing they had over... shot the mark, they have changed the... ground and are beating on the other tack... and mark with what success:—on t... very next evening, two Protestants... added to their committee! (one of... gentlemen offered himself as a can... for Assistant Alderman last April... perhaps is *electioneering!*) How... notwithstanding the partial success... faction, they may rest assured that... eyes of an argus are watching them...

Yours, &c.

A CONSERVATIVE.

St John, Oct. 12th, 1842.

We cordially coincide in opinion w... the sentiments expressed in the prece... communication. We have not yet... reason to change our recorded view... the St. John Catholic Tee-Total, ... the Repeal, and Ribbon Associatio... What specious delusion! what ... what mockery! How long sh... testants, will ye be deceiv... by the arch-enemy of your ...

POLICY.

...n of our cotemporaries... policy of his Excellency... Why the extracts which appear... thiamns to-day. What the co... ns of it will appear somewhat at... with no less decision and alpha... The country—the intelligent Eng... speaking portion of it at le... approve of the present Cabinet wis... f the means by which the proval would... re-modelled. Such an d stamp their... be inconsistent; it the mark of folly; own past conduct which they considered al... it would prove that for the introduction their former effi for the extension of of improvemes, and the permanency British principles, as unadvised an... of British and that their opposition to improper principles, whether under the republ destructiveness or of responsibili... garb ty, was in fact, an opposition to the real interests of the Province. It would prove that they considered that state in 1842 which in 1836 was accounted fac... tious hatred of British principles and a dangerous adverence to republican te... nets, and that hitherto the French Cana... dian leaders have been sinned against and maligned—the patriotic exertions maliciously baffled—and their sufferings as martyrdom for truth, instead of being a natural and legitimate result of their own conduct.—*Montreal Transcript.*

CABINET CHANGES.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

The composition of the present Cabinet is the commencement of division and ill feeling in his Excellency's Government in Canada—the recreation of subdued national feelings and irritations—and we much fear, the germ of the Colonial seperation from the Mother Country. We are convinced that those results must follow from a Cabinet composed, on the one hand, of those who have openly and undisguisedly exhibited their opposition to British connection, and on the other of men of Republican feelings, or who want honesty sufficient to retire unreservedly from place, when opposed to principle. Lafontaine and Girouard represent Canada East; while Hincks, having sung his 'peccavi' to Baldwin, and been forgiven, sits at the same Council Board with his fierce denouncers of the day before.—*Montreal Gazette.*

To be spurned by traitors is ward Sir Charles may expect for picable truckling to them. Charles Bagot is fast bringing and the government of his R into contempt. Of the pr there are not more despic in a political point of vi Daily and Harrison; a

not, we need no contents; it is as abundance—and alone and "sui g *triot.*

The singular lopements of the to open the eyes of this country to the position have gradually acquired under ces of an incapable, timorous and honest ministry, and a weak a Governor.

Thrown at the feet of those have hitherto regarded as the British supremacy in this co condition is at least humili fruits of the labour and the have been swept away in a fortress ha been surrende tionally, as they are at their enems.

We ask does His Excel moment itgine that he is Lower Canada in invit to a partication in the di administration of the Go so we carssure him on that e h offered a gr integeni, to the inte loyal of those whom h favo—*Kingston N*

pretended res... in House have a... pent of Stand... forsooth the... dish their 'r... ppear to be ... rot themselves, and cring in a ... their def the Cabit. For ew memb faulty lislation e misdeet, they kow very the U appointed ecutive hat that attack the while illors their colleags in the cons the rest of the embers ry. ts of personal ierest to haters will profit by the conheigns in the procdings of d get through the easures ination or by 'the majorihe Acts which real interest ill fail, as did most of those n from their being capable . The expenses, in the mean and are enormous, and those e them still cry 'Give Give!' *ondence of Quebec* ...*zette*, ...*ison.*)

difficult to say how far, in the circances of the country, conciliation be carried; but it ...

Scatters plenty and comfort around;
So care we may cast, with the Whigs to the wind,
While mirth and good humour abound.

Caledonia, rising in wealth as in fame,
Rejoices to hail you to-day;
Who now her wise union with England dare blame,
Or cast its known blessings away?
As for Erin, fair Erin, where four petty kings
In discord her soil stained with gore—
From union with Britain her happiness springs,
And rebellion can plague her no more.

What Sicily was to the Romans of old,
To England that Island shall be;
A granary rich to which oceans of gold,
Shall flow in their full torrents free.
No longer kept off by the fear of his death,
Shall the merchant stay sternly away;
When he finds that for drawing his purse or his breath
No homage to monks he need pay.

When Ierne, as now, is enrich'd with a crop,
An abundance for food and for seed;
Safely stored, not distill'd, it will still serve to stop,
The woes which from famine proceed
For meat, not for drink that is poison, though slow,
To the mill 'twill in future be sent;
For food or for raiment it henceforth shall go,
Or to pay the good husbandman's rent.

Her fisheries great, which in ages of old,
Were rented by Holland and Spain,
With her deep mines of iron, of silver, and gold,
Productive shall be once again.
Lough Erne her wave with Foyle river shall join.
The Bann with the Shannon stream bright;
The Barrow and Suir intermix with the Boyne,
And the Lee and the Liffey unite.

The thousands of tracts of reclaimable land
That millions of workmen could feed,
By the sweat of his brow, and the strength of man's hand,
From barrenness soon shall be freed.
These, these are the arts, now you're freed from your foes,
For your ministers wise to pursue;
But remember, when seeking renown or repose,
To give to your MAKER his due.

Protect his own Sabbath—let railroads suspend
Their pollution of that holy day;
The Post-office control, and its doings amend,
And the Jesuits send far away.
Preserve the WHOLE BIBLE in National Schools,
And, as you and your Parliament swore,
That idolatry tarnishes Rome's knaves and fools—
To Maynooth give our money no more.

Then brightly for ages your Island shall shine,
Like emeralds set in the sea,
With liberty blessed, and religion divine,

...all around,
...been;
...eet echo around,
...o Queen."
...AM GRAHAM.

averaging a weight of 4000 pounds each, are putting up at the 'Roberts' half-way house, 450 Broadway, New-York.—*Ib.*

FOLLY.—Dr. Mott has commenced an action for libel against Bennett, of the N. Y. Herald, laying damages at $25,000.—*Ib.*

INFAMOUS.—A colored boy, named Lacey stole a handful of chesnuts from the store of Charles Gantier, in Washington city, on Saturday last. The owner ran from the store, struck the boy a blow, and killed him—yet, as he was probably a slave, Gantier, by the laws, could not be held to answer, save in a civil action.—*Ib.*

The New-York Tribune expresses a belief that McCoy, killed in the late Bullfight at Hoboken, was the victim of a conspiracy, and that those who pretended to take care of him, were concerned in the *profits* arising from his death. The mother of the slaughtered McCoy has become insane.—*Ib.*

FAALEN GREATNESS.—The greatest man in Europe, says the Antwerp Journal, is dead—viz: the Belgian giant Perken Van Gorp. He was 8 feet high and 32 years of age.—*Ib.*

FIRE.—The house owned and occupied by Mr. Henry Sibley, at St. Andrews, on the Truro road, well known as a house of entertainment, was consumed by fire, together with a great amount of valuable furniture, on the night of the 17th Sept. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defect in the oven which had been used for baking the same evening. Mr. Sibley was aroused from his sleep by the flames, and had just sufficient time to save the lives of his family. The house was partially insured.—*Halifax Recorder.*

A new kind of engine hose has been introduced into New York, wove from hemp, without a seam, similar to the leg of a stocking. It is not liable to leak, it is said, under the greatest pressure of water, and is not effected by any temperature, remaining at all times soft, pliable and even.—*Halifax Post.*

LATEST FROM NEWFOUNDLAND.—We have dates from this Political Hot-bed to the 24th ult. All parties were preparing for the first election contest under the new Constitution. Sir John Harvey's eldest son had been married to Ella Lousia, eldst daughter of the Lord Bishop Spencer.—*Ib.*

The Columbia brought 65 passengers; 59 of whom were for Boston and 7 for Halifax. Among those for Boston were the Revd. Mr. Dease, formerly of St. Mary's Church in this City; and General Hamilton, of Texas. Six persons