

on a Bond eleven years ago, and this after seeing and examining the Bond, and satisfying himself that no erasure could have been made upon it, is a circumstance, that can only be accounted for upon a supposition that he has been unwarily and artfully provoked, and wrought upon by some malignant spirit, some diabolical Assassin, who has overpowered his understanding with a design to make him an instrument to wound my character, which I trust has through life, hitherto, stood too high to fear contamination from any such attempts, however maliciously designed, however deeply plotted, or cunningly executed.—In saying this, I acquit Mr. M^cCall of all suspicion of his being concerned in a transaction so infamous, and I will add that, under such impressions as must have been made upon his mind upon seeing Mr. Munday's statement and Affidavit, I can easily account for the language he has made use of, in the state of irritation he was in; and as I cannot fear any injury from it, I freely forgive him.—My resentments will be directed to the just object of them.—In the mean time, I cannot but lament that political subjects, and the party spirit-roused by opposite interests at an election, should so debase the human character, as to destroy it in every principle of rectitude, every sense of the ties, by which Mankind are held together in civil society.

The Bond in question was written upon an half sheet of paper, and no suspicion has ever been intimated, even by Mr. M^cCall, that any erasure was ever made upon it: indeed the Bond speaks for itself, and precludes, from the circumstances in which it appears, all possibility of any thing of this kind. The only question then that could arise, was, whether the Bond was originally written upon an half sheet; and here fortunately for me, as if a gracious Providence had interposed to defeat the machinations of the wicked, I have evidence of a nature more satisfactory than I could have expected. Mr. Nase wrote the Bond, and wrote another for himself on the other half of the same sheet, which, though it has been long cancelled, providentially for me, he has preserved. His testimony, and the certificate of the respectable Gentlemen who have examined and compared both Bonds, will be subjoined, to which I will only add one circumstance, that will not otherwise appear, that the Bond is written upon the inner page of the half sheet having the margin upon the cut edge of the paper, and written thence in lines directed to the side where the sheet was separated, which renders it to the last degree, improbable that the Bond could have been written upon a whole sheet.

JOHN COFFIN.

Saint John, 22d September, 1802.

HENRY NASE being sworn on the Holy Evangelist of Almighty God, to make true answers to such questions, as should be asked of him, and being asked, at the request of Mr. M^cCall—whether he wrote the Bond given by Mr. Nathaniel Munday to Colonel Coffin, and the Bond shewn to him—Answers, that he did write the Bond produced to him—and that, to the best of his recollection, he wrote it on only a half sheet of Paper.—That he wrote one for himself, at the same time to Colonel Coffin, and has since taken up his own Bond, which is now, and always was, on a half sheet, and that he thinks it most probable, that he wrote his own and Mr. Munday's Bond on the two halves of the same sheet of Paper. On being further asked, if the Bond had been written on a whole sheet of Paper, whether the indorsement,

NATHANIEL MUNDAY, } Bond,
To
JOHN COFFIN, }

could have been made where it now is, he answered no, but that it must have been on the opposite half sheet, to that on which the Bond was written, and he further said, the said indorsement is in the hand writing of him the said Henry Nase, and that it was made by him, at the time of making the Bond; and has not been in his hands, until this day.

HENRY NASE.

Sworn before Us, this
20th September, 1802.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Mayor.
COLIN CAMPBELL, Justice of Peace.

WE, the above named Magistrates, do certify that the Bond mentioned by Mr. Nase, to have been given by him to Col. Coffin, at the same time with that given by Mr. Munday, both of which were written by Mr. Nase, were both produced to us at the time of the foregoing examination, and that upon comparing the same we found them to be so alike in size, quality and wire marks of the paper, and in every other respect, that there is the strongest reason, in our opinions, to suppose, and we do believe, that the two Bonds were written upon separate halves of the same sheet, more especially as the marks of separation exactly correspond upon their being placed together.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Mayor.
COLIN CAMPBELL, Justice of Peace.

WE do certify that we were present at the examination of Mr. Nase, and concur in the above opinion.
JOHN ROBINSON,
JOHN BLACK,
CHARLES Y. PETERS.

MR. MOTT,

WHEN I last took my leave of Col. Coffin, I did not expect that I should again be under the necessity of addressing you, on the subject of his dispute with Mr. Munday; but the fallacious Statement, that has made its appearance in your last Gazette, with the signature of "John Coffin," obliges me (in Mr. Munday's absence) to trouble you and the Public with a few observations on that strange publication.

That Mr. Munday was perfectly satisfied with the Award, I admit; but that he ever was satisfied with the Colonel's conduct, I deny. That the Colonel proposed to Mr. Munday, that they should reciprocally signify in writing, that they were fully satisfied with each others conduct, I know to be true; but, I likewise know, that Mr.

Munday refused to make any such acknowledgment, and told him further, that unless he made an apology to me, for the scurrilous language he made use of, he should be under the necessity of vindicating my character, by laying a full Statement of the whole business before the Public; and as the Colonel thought proper to say, he would make no apology, he has certainly no reason to be surpris'd that Mr. Munday has kept his word. It was, and Mr. Ryan can bear witness to it, Sir, with what extreme reluctance Mr. Munday left this City, before his Gazette was published, that contained his Statement.—Though as he had already very fairly apprised the Colonel with his intention, of laying the Facts before the Public, the necessity of his staying could not be very great; but as the Colonel seems to be extremely anxious to speak with him, it is probable, he may be gratified the ensuing spring, or if, the Colonel is too impatient to wait so long, I shall take the liberty of proposing, that he should make a trip to that part of the United States where Mr. Munday resides, this will afford him an opportunity of returning the compliment paid him by Mr. Munday, after he had Advertised him as an Absconding Debtor, and be exactly conformable to polite etiquette, and I think I can venture to insure him a proper reception.

That Col. Coffin, should have the effrontery to assert, that "the result has proved that he was correct" must astonish those who do not know him; when the very contrary appears on the face of the Award. Did he not demand payment of a balance, due on a Bond, the principal of which he insisted was 100? When his own receipts endorsed on the Bond, for four successive years, shew that the sum paid was the exact interest for one year on the principal of 86l. 5s.—besides, a loose receipt in my possession declaring the principal to be only 86l. 5s.—Did I not offer him the balance long ago, upon the same terms that he was finally compelled to accept? And did he not then refuse to accept it, and declare he would seek his remedy at Law? To which I answered "you may do as you please"—And this by the bye is what he would fain make you and the Public believe was, the cool—deliberate—free permission given him by me, after a friendly negotiation to Advertise Mr. Munday as an Absconding Debtor.—Unhandsome subterfuge—artful expedient to gloss over an unwarrantable action. Now, Sir, how is the Colonel's Statement correct? It can be of little consequence at this day, to enquire how the principal of the Bond, given eleven years since, was reduced to 86l. 5s.—it is quite sufficient, incontestibly to prove, that it was so.

The Colonel says "Mr. Munday goes on to state a great deal of matter, respecting the original allotment of his Farm, at 150 acres, that no such allotment was made is "evident," &c. It will, in this instance, be unnecessary to resort to calculations of interest: The following agreement will shew, what CREDIT is due to Col. Coffin's ASSERTIONS.

Articles of Agreement between Major John Coffin and Mr. Nathaniel Munday, made the 15th day of May 1784.

Major John Coffin covenants and agrees to furnish Mr. Nathaniel Munday with a good and sufficient Title to the Farm he now occupies on Coffin's Manor in Lot No. 3, consisting of one hundred and fifty acres, bounded on a Farm belonging to Mr. Carpenter, and fronting as by the bounds marked on Nerepis River.—For which Mr. Nathaniel Munday covenants and agrees to pay Major John Coffin at the rate of Ten Shillings per acre, with interest from the fifteenth of May One Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty Six.

WITNESS,
JOHN COFFIN,
C. K. ALLICOCK. NATH. MUNDAY.

That the Farm was surveyed, will clearly appear by the above Agreement, the bounds and the marks, on Nerepis River being therein referred to.

Mr. Munday, in his Statement, says, "without my knowledge and consent the Bond and Mortgage had been drawn up by Mr. Nase"—And of course dated at that very time and in this situation it must have remained, unaltered, in date and unsigned, till Col. Coffin consented to make the abatement contended for by Mr. Munday.

Consequently, the date of the Bond proves, nothing; and the receipts on the Bond, being only receipts, each for one year's interest up to their dates, probably without any regard to the time of payment, are of a like nature: It is, therefore, evident that Mr. Flewelling's decision did give rise to Mr. Munday's claim, and formed a part of the deduction made on the Bond.

Col. Coffin goes on to say, "In the mean time I cannot but lament that political subjects, and the party spirit roused by opposite interests at an Election," &c. What he can mean by this, is best known to himself. It is well known, that Mr. Munday could have nothing to do with Election business, and that he was his own Scribe, I can testify. The Statement he made in my House, and in my presence, and was in consequence of the treatment Mr. Munday, as well as myself had received from Col. Coffin.

Such sophistry, but I becomes a man, who boasts that, "his character stands too high to fear contamination."

I come now to notice the Colonel's tender mercies, and forgiveness to myself, which ill accords with his former professions: But, I am equally as indifferent to his forgiveness as I am to his resentment.

29th Sept. 1802.

GEORGE M^cCALL.

TAYLOR and PAYNE,
Taylors and Habit-Makers,

RESPECTFULLY inform their Friends and Employers, they have joined in Company in their respective Business; who most respectfully acknowledge the favor they have both received from their Friends and Employers, in the line of their Business.—They flatter themselves, by their assiduous attention to their Business, to merit the favor of those Gentlemen and Ladies who shall honor them with their future commands.

N. B. Wanted one or two Journeymen Taylors who understand their Business perfectly, may have a constant Seat of Work, and the best wages given in this place.
Frederick, 1st October, 1802.

NOW LANDING,

From the Schooner John, Capt. Stewart, from Jamaica,
HIGH Proof SPIRITS, a few Hhds. SUGAR,
HIDES, and 6 Logs of MAHOGANY.
To be Sold cheap for CASH or short CREDIT.
1st October, 1802. JOHN BLACK, & Co.

To the Independent Electors of the City of Saint John.

GENTLEMEN,

THE approaching Election of Representatives for the City, will, I hope, justify my announcing to those friends, (whose support I have been honored with the two last General Elections) that it is my intention once more to come forward as a Candidate.

If my conduct has met the approbation of my Constituents, it will, I trust, be the best ground on which I can now ask their further support; and on that, Gentlemen, I beg leave to rely for your Votes and interests in behalf of your

Faithful and most obedient Servant,

GEORGE YOUNGHUSBAND.

Saint John, 29th September, 1802.

To the Independent Electors of the City of Saint John.

GENTLEMEN,

I Have been solicited by a number of my fellow Citizens, to offer myself as a Candidate at the approaching Election. The importance of the trust, makes me very diffident in my approach—but I have ventured so far to come forward and say, that if you think me worthy of your suffrages, and I am honored with being Elected one of your Representatives, my unwearied attention, and best endeavour shall be willingly exerted for the good and welfare of this City in particular, and of the Province in general.

I am, with due submission, Gentlemen,

Your very humble Servant,

JOHN THOMSON.

Saint John, 29th September, 1802.

To the Independent FREEHOLDERS and ELECTORS of the City and County of Saint John.

GENTLEMEN,

At the request of a number of my Friends and Acquaintances, I intend offering myself as a Candidate at the ensuing Election of Representatives for the County.

Should you honor me with your Votes, I can assure you, that the trust reposed in me will, according to the best of my abilities, be discharged with firmness and fidelity, by

Your most obedient Servant,

HUGH JOHNSTON.

Saint John, 29th September, 1802.

To the Worthy and Independent FREEHOLDERS of the City and County of SAINT JOHN.

GENTLEMEN,

THE honor you were pleased to confer upon me some years since, by Electing me one of your Representatives, and not having my property on Record at the last General Election, prevented me from offering my services at that time; but now being enabled to offer myself as a Candidate at the ensuing Election, and being conscious of having discharged my duty in that station, to the best of my abilities, emboldens me to solicit the favor of your Votes and Interests, to be again returned as one of your Members. Should that be the case, I assure you there shall be nothing wanting on my part, to promote the welfare of the Province at large, and the particular interests of the City and County of Saint John. I am, Gentlemen,

Your's to serve,

EDWARD SANDS.

Saint John, 29th September, 1802.

To the Independent FREEHOLDERS of the City and County of SAINT JOHN.

GENTLEMEN,

I SHOULD do injustice to my own feelings, did I not, upon this occasion, express the grateful sense I have of the distinguished marks of your confidence, by your repeated choice of me, as one of your Members to represent you in General Assembly. The important trusts you have been pleased to repose in me, I have to the best of my judgment, discharged with fidelity, and conscious of having done my duty, I again presume to offer myself a Candidate at the approaching Election of Members of Assembly for this County. Should I once more be honored with your confidence, you may rely on a continuance of my best endeavours to promote the true interests of the Province.

I trust that you will dispense with any personal application or canvass on my part, and be assured that it is not from want of due respect or a just sense of the obligation, but from a conviction that a free and unsolicited choice will be equally agreeable to you, as it will be grateful to me.—With sentiments of gratitude and respect, I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient, Humble Servant,

WILLIAM PAGAN.

Saint John, 28th September, 1802.

To the Worthy ELECTORS of the City and County of SAINT JOHN.

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING heretofore had the honor of being Elected to represent you in General Assembly, and being solicited by my friends again to offer myself a Candidate for the ensuing Election, I take this opportunity to express the obligation I feel myself under to you for the confidence reposed in me.—And to assure you, that should I once more be favored with your suffrages, my best abilities shall be devoted to serve you and to promote the Interest and Prosperity of the City and County of St. John, and of the Province at large.

BRADFORD GILBERT.

Saint John, 29th September, 1802.