

As to the part he had taken relative to the peace, he was inclined to believe that mankind would acquit him of intending otherwise than well to his country; and he could assure the House, that if he were to take a retrospect of his past life, and fix on that part of it which could afford him most gratification, that which furnished him with the opportunity of making the peace, he should always consider as the most fortunate part of it.

On Wednesday Sir William Scott made a report to His Majesty of William Codling, under sentence of death in Newgate, convicted at the last Admiralty session, for wilfully and feloniously destroying and calling away a certain vessel, of which he was master, upon the high seas, within the jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, with intent and design to prejudice Robert Shedon, and others, who had underwritten a policy of insurance upon the said vessel, when he was ordered for execution to-morrow the 27th inst. at Execution-Dock.

DECEMBER 3.

The debate in the House of Commons last night was of no inconsiderable importance. Mr. Addington's speech was the most important, on account of the information he communicated upon the state of the British navy and of the French. He informed the House "that Admiral Bickerton, who at present commands ten sail of the line in the Mediterranean, writes home that there are only five sail of the line ready for sea in the port of Toulon; from which reports have for some time stated, that a considerable fleet was about to be dispatched. The Admiral also stated, that a still inferior force appeared in the harbour of Carthage." He added, that the state of the French, Spanish, and Dutch navies, at the conclusion of the war, was, France 39, Spain 63, and Holland 16; whilst Great-Britain had at present 192 sail of the line, 399 frigates, 129 sloops, and 243 smaller craft: in all 773 ships of war.

Yesterday morning His Excellency M. Schimmelpenninck and suite, Ambassador from the Batavian Republic, landed at Dover, and proceeded to the Ship Inn, where he was to sleep last night, intending to set off for London this morning.

M. Otto is expected to embark for Calais to-morrow. He left London this morning.

LONDON FASHIONS—FOR DECEMBER.

Walking Dresses.—Short round dresses of cambric muslin. Pelice of black velvet, trimmed with broad lace, and lined with Lebrun's new silk. Close bonnet of black velvet, trimmed with lace and Lebrun's new ribbon. Silver bear muff.

Short dresses of white muslin, trimmed round the bottom with a narrow flounce. Pelice of kerseymer, trimmed with swansdown. Small round hat of kerseymer, trimmed also with swansdown.

Head-Dresses.—Mamot bonnet of blue crape. White muslin dresses, made with frock fronts. A yellow mantle embroidered.

A small round hat of black and green velvet, ornamented with black feathers. Robe of lilac and green silk with white sleeves. Bear muff.

A cap of white crape and green velvet, ornamented with beads and white ostrich feathers. Dress of white muslin; the sleeves plain, and trimmed round the bottom with lace. Bear tippet.

Mrs. Lebrun's new invented hat, made of velvet, and ornamented with black straw beads. Pelice of green kerseymer. Bear muff.

A fashionable head-dress of hair. Plain muslin dress, with a cambric habit shirt.

Observations.—The prevailing colors are amber, coquelicot, green and purple. Feathers are universally worn, both in full and undress. The hair continues to be worn very short behind, and long and full over the face. Necklaces of pearl, amber, and coral, are much worn.

NEW-YORK, January 24.

The Southern Mail of this day furnishes us with a variety of interesting foreign articles, by the arrival at Charleston.

A London article of the 19th Nov. says—"Mr. and Mrs. Fox arrived on Tuesday morning at Dover, from France, in the Countess of Elgin packet. Mr. King, the American Minister, came in the same packet. An embargo is said to have been laid on vessels in Calais harbour for a few hours on Monday, owing, it is stated, to a Banker of Paris having absconded."

A paper of the 25th contains the following:—"The French Government have already emphatically solicited the Court of Madrid to allow French ships to enter Vera Cruz. It is even said that the First Consul has turned his ambitious eye towards Florida, and that a considerable establishment in Italy has been offered to Spain, if she consent to surrender it. Gen. Brune, who is a more expert negotiator than he is a general, is commissioned to influence the Ottoman Porte in favor of Bonaparte; an offer of all the blacks which Le Clerc and Richepanse have lent over to France, has been made a present by the Consul to the Dey of Algiers."

Extract of a letter from London.

"Hemp is scarce here and demanded at £45 sterl. per ton, and it is supposed there is not one hundred bundles in the importers' hands. Three thousand tons have lately been purchased in Petersburg for the French Republic, some as high as 35 roubles."

ALL Persons who have any legal demands against the Estate of BENAJAH BURTIS, late of this City, Hatter, deceased, are requested to send in their Accounts duly attested to the Subcriber, within Six Months from the date hereof—And all persons indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

WILLIAM BURTIS, Administrator.

St. John, 25th September, 1802.

(NEW-BRUNSWICK.) SAINT JOHN, February 26, 1803.

Wednesday morning arrived here the schooner *Mercury*, Capt. BEATTEAY, in 11 days passage from New-York—The Papers received by this vessel are to the 11th instant, which contain London News to the Third of December, of which we have given the most important extracts in the preceding columns.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

ADDRESS OF THE COUNCIL,

IN ANSWER TO HIS EXCELLENCY'S SPEECH—
Published in this Gazette of the 12th instant.

To His Excellency THOMAS CARLETON, Esq. Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

THE HUMBLE ADDRESS OF HIS MAJESTY'S COUNCIL IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SIR,

We beg leave to return our thanks to your Excellency for your Speech at the opening of this Session, and to assure you that we shall most cheerfully concur in all such arrangements and provisions as the state of the Provincial Revenue may be found to require; and that we shall with the most careful and diligent attention, take such a review of the existing Acts of Assembly, as may enable us to ascertain what temporary Laws it may be expedient either to revive or continue, and what amendments experience may have suggested as proper to be made, either in these or in any of our permanent Colonial Acts.

It is with sentiments of peculiar satisfaction that we avail ourselves of this occasion, to declare to your Excellency, in the most explicit manner, our firm determination to maintain inviolate that Constitution which has been established in this Colony: on the unimpaired preservation of which we are fully convinced its happiness and prosperity essentially depend, and we feel it to be our indispensable duty steadily to fix our attention on this important object as the sole guide capable of directing us with safety in our Legislative transactions and deliberations: And we beg leave further to assure your Excellency, that we consider this as the only safe rule of conduct by which we can contribute to the promotion and permanence of the public welfare.

To which His EXCELLENCY was pleased to return the following Answer:

GENTLEMEN,

I Thank you for this Address, and have great satisfaction in expressing my perfect confidence in the sincerity of your zeal for the preservation of our happy Constitution unimpaired, and for the permanence of our Colonial prosperity.

The accounts in the London Papers of the late conspiracy, are vague and contradictory. The conspirators, it seems, had agents in the different manufacturing towns throughout the United Kingdoms—there are great numbers already committed to various prisons; and we learn that there are some respectable characters implicated. The words of their oath runs thus: "I, A. B. do hereby endeavor, to the utmost of my power, to obtain the objects above stated, and that neither fears, rewards, nor punishments, shall compel me to resign those rights and privileges which the Supreme Being, in his bountiful goodness has given to all men, and that no force whatever shall induce me to give information in the business—So help me God." [N. Y. P.]

From Washington, January 3.

"LOVELL, who keeps the Union tavern in this city, finds Tom Paine as profitable an animal to be kept for show, as an *Ourang-Outang*. For this purpose he is daily exhibited. Strangers, who come into the city, feel a curiosity to see him; they go to Lovell's, and for the price of a dinner, they are gratified with the sight of this wonderful creature, at the table."—*Bost. Gaz.*

Saturday evening last, a disbanded soldier by the name of *Donnelly*, in a dispute with his wife, gave her an unlucky blow with his fist, which put a period to her existence instantly.—He was immediately committed to goal to take his trial at the next Quarter Sessions.

For the Saint John Gazette.

FREDERICTON, Feby. 21, 1803.

Mr. MOTT,

A GENTLEMAN last evening put into my hands, a Communication to the Public, through the channel of the Royal Gazette of the 16th instant, under the anonymous signature of X; in which the writer has taken the liberty of publishing the opinions and decisions of His Majesty's Supreme Court on two Proccesses commenced against JOHN DUNN, Esq. Sheriff of Charlotte County and myself, at the suit of the King, whose name and authority is often used as a covering to the vilest purposes.—The fact is, that the Learned, Reverend, and Worshipful DAVID OWEN, Esquire, (instigated by the devil, or some other evil spirit), instituted the suits against Mr. PAGAN, Mr. DUNN, and myself, and so soon as I can obtain official copies of the affidavits, proceedings, and decisions at full length, the public shall have them, not omitting the Goose himself, as also what I shall offer (and I flatter myself what will be sufficient) for setting the rule aside, so far as it relates to the charges exhibited against

Your Humble Servant,

N. FRINK.

PUBLIC AUCTION, By ANDREW CROOKSHANK,

(Under the Inspection of the Wardens of the Port.)

For the benefit of all concerned,
ON THE THIRD DAY OF MARCH NEXT,
WILL BE SOLD,



THE Sch'r. *SUSANNAH*,

with all her Materials, as she now lays at the Wharf of Messrs. JOHN BLACK & Co.—Inventory to be seen at Mr. ANDREW CROOKSHANK'S.

THOMAS MILLIDGE,
THOMAS ROBSON,
Agents.

St. John, Feb. 26, 1803.

TO BE LET,

FROM THE FIRST DAY OF MAY NEXT,
THE STORE part of the *Stone House*, at present occupied by *James Codner, Esq.* For Terms please to apply to

ARTHUR DINGWALL.

Saint John, 19th February, 1803.

WHEREAS SARAH MERCER, the lawful Wife of JOSEPH MERCER, has left his Bed and Board—The Public are hereby notified not to credit the said SARAH MERCER on his account as he will pay no debts of her contracting from this date.

JOSEPH MERCER.

Saint John, 29th January, 1803.

JUST LANDED,

From the Schooner *PHOENIX*, Captain MATTHEW, from TURK'S-ISLAND and ANTIGUA,
For Sale by the Subscriber at his Store on the North side of the Market-Slip,

HIGH Proof and good flavored ANTIGUA RUM, BROWN SUGAR in Hhds. Tierces and Barrels of an excellent quality. MOLASSES equal, if not superior to any that has ever been imported into this Province, TURK'S ISLAND SALT.

ALSO, FOR SALE AS ABOVE,
NAVAL STORES—FLOUR and CORN,
NEHEMIAH MERRITT.

Saint John, 9th October, 1802.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any just demands against Samuel Whitney, are requested to present their Accounts for payment, and all those indebted either by Book, Note or Bond, are requested to make immediate payment to save trouble.—He has on hand, for Sale at reduced prices, a handsome assortment of GOODS.—Also, a House, Store and Wharf, with the Ground on which the House, Store and Wharf stands on, running to low Water mark; and Also, a FARM at the Portage, about seven miles from this City, containing Two Hundred Acres, formerly known by the name of Vorce's Tavern, supposed to be the best stand in the Province for a Winter Tavern, where the whole Country must pass that way to and from St. John: The above will be Sold low, and the payment made easy to the purchaser.—For particulars inquire of

SAMUEL WHITNEY.

TAYLOR and PAYNE, Tailors and Habit-Makers,

RESPECTFULLY inform their Friends and Employers, they have joined in Company in their respective Business; who most respectfully acknowledge the favor they have both received from their Friends and Employers, in the line of their Business.—They flatter themselves, by their assiduous attention to their Business, to merit the favor of those Gentlemen and Ladies who shall honor them with their future commands.

N. B. Wanted one or two Journeymen Tailors who understand their Business perfectly, may have a constant Seat of Work, and the best wages given in this place.
Fredericton, 1st October, 1802.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of JOSHUA CURREY, late of Queen's County, deceased, are requested to present them properly attested within Eighteen Months from the date hereof, to either of the Subscribers—And all those indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to

RICHARD CURREY, or } Executors,
DAVID CURREY,

Waterborough, 21st October, 1802.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons who have any demands against the Estate of JAMES THAIN, of the County of King's, Province of New-Brunswick, deceased, are requested to send in their Accounts duly attested to either of the Subscribers, within Six Months from the date hereof.—And all those indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to them.

JOHN MOUNT,
JAMES GRIGOR, } Executors.

Saint John, 25th September, 1802.

NOW IN THE PRESS,
And Shortly will be Published,
By JACOB S. MOTT,
A HANDSOME EDITION OF
WESLEY'S HY
WITH ADDIT