

FOR THE GAZETTE.

TO BONAPARTE.

**MONARCH** of France, and (would be) of the world,  
How from thy glorious summit art thou hurl'd;  
In fullen majesty I see thee stand  
Like Satan, when he fell by high command:  
A blasted Pine of every branch bereft,  
Power was thy Heaven—thou extended far—  
Thy hand was death, thy cruel soul was war:  
Submission and defeat is now thy hell,  
Desp'ate as that, in which thy leader fell.  
But does no other passion tear thy heart,  
Set malice, envy, and revenge apart?  
Does not remembrance of thy former crimes  
Pierce thro' thy guilty harden'd soul some-  
times?  
The ghosts of slaughter'd thousands haunt thy  
dreams;  
The blood of innocence in numerous streams  
Roll in imagination all around  
Thy frighted walks, and dye the trembling  
ground.  
Listen to dying groans, to orphan's cries;  
To famine's steps, to widows' mourning sighs.  
When I reflect on what thy soul must feel,  
Unless compos'd of adamant or steel,  
Pity will enter, which you never knew,  
But soon retires—too kind a muse for you.  
Peace from the Earth thy schemes have ever  
driven,  
And Pluto like, attempt a war in Heaven.  
But the all-ruling Power that sunk him low,  
Makes thy presumptuous soul his greatness  
know;  
Rescues his chosen from thy dark designs,  
By the eternal wisdom brighter shines.  
Oh wretched Man the awful day's at hand,  
When at the great Tribunal you must stand,  
Thy sentence hear, justice thou cannot shun;  
Repent! or be eternally undone.

QUEBEC, MARCH 10.

The following Gentlemen, who were detained as Hostages in the Goal at Worcester, in the U. States, have arrived here by the way of New Brunswick, viz—

Capt. Zehender, De Waneville's Regt.  
Lt. and Adj. Steel, 89th Regt.  
Lieut. Carter, Royal Artillery.  
Mr. J. C. Green, Commissariat.

Eight Soldiers of the 103d regiment were brought to town from the Parish of Ecureuils last week, and imprisoned, charged with having committed murder and other crimes. A widow woman of the name of Godin was actually shot, and several persons were severely wounded, besides various depredations which were committed on the property of the inhabitants. The alleged offenders are in the power of the law; and we have no doubt, but proper measures will be taken to vindicate the honor of the Corps and the Army from a scandalous breach of Military discipline.

The liberality of the people of N. Brunswick, in the assistance they have afforded to the 2d Battalion of the King's Regiment, and to the detachment of Seamen, recently arrived at Quebec overland from that Province, deserves public thanks. The inhabitants of the City of St. John, alone, gave three hundred pounds for the hire of sleighs to carry the Seamen and Soldiers from that place to Fredericton; and the House of Assembly of the Province voted an equal sum (£300) to convey them on their route from Fredericton as far as it was possible for sleighs to proceed.

It is not only on this occasion, but on every other where the security of the Canadas was concerned, that we have observed the interest which the inhabitants both of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have taken in the event. Though placed at a distance from the scene of operations, they have uniformly viewed our cause as theirs, they have applauded our efforts, rejoiced in our successes, and

pitied our misfortunes.—One of the most renounce, not merely the influence, but the results of the present war, once which a powerful state may obtain over one of inferior force, but of interest between every British subject, in North America, binding us many; that, besides, it was conformable to one harmonious whole, ever able to the position which his majesty ready to render one another mutual had himself laid down in laying that service, and looking to the power and it was proper that great powers should wisdom of the British Empire for be separated by states less formidable. That on the side of the Pyrennes, honour of participating in the British the Independence of Spain, and the Name; a name which gives respect to the humblest of British subjects, nasty, were equally a condition sine qua non. That Austria should have a frontier in Italy, which might be settled by negotiation; that the boundaries of Piedmont must be a subject of discussion, as well as the general state of their carioles and fleighs, from the River du Loup to St. Roc. Several Gentlemen along the road presented refreshments to the Soldiers as they passed their houses, and had dinner prepared for the whole of the Officers.

FROM THE BOSTON GAZETTE.

IMPORTANT NOTE.

The speech of the Count Fontanes published a short time since in our papers, presented some of the outlines of such a Treaty of Peace as was in contemplation between the Allied Powers and France; but as the former were unwilling, at that time, to make any positive conditions in acquiescence to the particular views and wishes of the latter, they were accordingly charged with perfidy, and a breach of the established usages of civilized nations.—Since which, the Coalesced Powers have made a formal Declaration of the Basis, or *sine qua non*, on which, alone, Peace can be established. The following is the official Note.

Prospect of a General Peace in Europe.

FRANKFORT, NOV. 9, 1813.

M. de Count de Metternich informs me that the circumstances which have brought me to the Headquarters of the Emperor of Austria render it proper to make me the medium of reporting to his Majesty the Emperor the answer to his proposition made thro' the Count de Mexfeldt. M. the Count de Metternich and M. the Count de Nesselrode have requested me to say—

That the coalesced powers were bound to each other by indissoluble ties, in which their force consisted, and from which they would never

swerve. That the reciprocal engagements afforded to the 2d Battalion of the King's Regiment, and to the detachment of Seamen, recently arrived at Quebec overland from that Province, deserves public thanks.

That at the time of the Congress at Prague, an expectation of a continental peace was indulged, inasmuch as circumstances did not allow time to make arrangements for a more comprehensive treaty, but since that the intentions of all the allied powers, as well as those of England are known; and it is now useless to think of an armistice or of a negotiation which has not for its first principle a GENERAL PEACE: That the Allied sovereigns were unanimously agreed, (unanimement d'accord) that France ought to preserve its power and its preponderance in its integrity (dans son integrite) confining itself within its natural boundaries, which are the Rhine, the Alps, and the Pyrennes.

That the principle of the Independence of Germany was a condition sine qua non; that therefore France

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any just Demands against the Estate of the late Honorable WILLIAM HAZEN, Esq. deceased, are desired to render them forthwith, and all Persons indebted to the said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to—

EDWIN HAZEN, } Admin-  
WARD CHIPMAN, Jan. } strators.  
9th April, 1814.

ALL Persons are also strictly cautioned against TRESPASSING on the Lands belonging to the said Estate, as any one so doing, will be prosecuted to the utmost rigour of the Law.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons whatever are hereby cautioned against Trespassing on Lot No. 11, King's County, *Stirling's* Grant, and formerly the property of ARCHD. GILLIES—by cutting or carrying off Timber, Cordwood, Hoop-Poles, &c. &c. as in case of detection, they may rest assured of being prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the Law.

ISAAC OLIVE.

Carleton, April 9, 1814.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of the late DUNCAN MLEOD, Esq. of Fredericton, deceased, are hereby required to render the same duly attested; and all those who are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to—

JOHN MLEOD, } Executors.  
P. FRASER, }  
Fredericton, August 16, 1813.

NOTICE.

THOSE Creditors of MICHAEL HENNIGAR, senr. of this City, who are included in a License given by him to said Creditors, will please meet the Subscriber at the COFFEE HOUSE on MONDAY the 9th day of MAY next, to receive a Dividend of a certain Sum of Money, being the value of Lot No. 4, and half of Lot No. 5, on the Kennebec-kis, purchased at Auction by the Subscriber.

JASPER STYMEST.

Saint John, April 1, 1814.

JOHN KNUTTON.

Has Received by the Brig ALEXANDER, from GLASGOW, a large assortment of fashionable and other GOODS which he is now opening at his Store in Prince William Street; as they were purchased on the lowest terms he will sell them very cheap for Cash or Bills of Exchange.

AMONG WHICH ARE, PELISE CLOTHS, Cotton Cambrics, A variety of elegant Lenos, and Muslins of the newest patterns, Printed Calicos, Gingham, A variety of Shawls, Dimity, Mullinet, Counterpanes, Nankeens, Silk and Cotton Velvets, several kinds of Silks, Thread and Cotton Lace and Edgings, Lace Veils, Gloves, Mattresses, &c. Umbrellas and Parasols, Ladies and Childrens Hats of different kinds, Ladies Morocco and Kid Slippers, Linen Cambrics, Irish Linen, Cotton Shirting, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Rattinet, Shalloon, Cambrico, Durant, Bombazeen, Bombazeen, Wildbore, Black Crapes.  
St. John, 10th July, 1813.

To be sold at Public Auction, On Wednesday, the 20th day of APRIL next, at 12 o'clock, on the Premises;

THAT Valuable FARM the property of the late Widow FOWLER, including that part in possession of MONMOUTH FOWLER, lying on the Hammond River, French Village, (20 miles from St. John, and about 4 miles from Hampton Church) containing about 400 Acres, 60 cleared, of which about 25 is interval, in a high state of cultivation. There are on the Premises two good Farm-Houses and two new framed Barns, &c. Conditions of payment will be made known at the time of sale.  
Hampton, 18th March, 1814.

TO BE LET,

For one or more years, and immediate possession delivered,

THE FARM, FISHERY, and PLASTER QUARRIES, at Cape Gypsum or Martin's Head, in this County, distant 34 miles from the City, by the Road, and 15 leagues by Water.

The premises comprehend a sufficiency of Arable Pasture and Dyked Marsh lands, with suitable Buildings and fixtures, Live and Farming Stock, to accommodate one or more respectable Farmers, and offer very particular local advantages to any Person disposed to speculate in Ship-Building, the Herring and Cod Fishery, or Plaster Trade. Four Families at present reside at this place, which is 10 miles above the Eastern part of Quaco, and 15 below the first House in Shepody.

TO BE SOLD,

The SCHOONER ANN, burthen 42 Tons, in complete repair.

For particulars, enquire of EDWIN HAZEN.  
Portland, St. John, 2d April, 1814.

FOR SALE—BY

William Donald, & Son,

ONE Hundred and Forty Barrels RYE FLOUR.

19th January, 1814.

For Sale at the City Gazette Office,

And at the Shop of Mr. Wm. TILL, Hair-Dresser.

A FEW Copies of a small Book, entitled, "Drill and Instructions of the 104th, or New Brunswick Regiment of Foot; grounded upon, and explaining the Rules and Regulations for the Formation, Field Exercise and Movements of the Infantry, and the Regulations for the Exercise of Light Infantry."—By a Field Officer.—Price 2s.